THE MYSORE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, MARCH 22, 1879.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by the Judicial Commissioner, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 1st March 1879.

It is hereby notified that the Notification, dated the 3rd October 1878, published in the *Mysore Gazette* of the 26th October 1878, allowing all persons who are qualified or may qualify themselves for enrolment as 2nd Class Pleaders, and all persons who are practising under the authority of the Notification of the Government of India, No. 2606, dated 3rd December 1869, to continue to practise in the Courts of the Deputy Commissioner and Judicial Assistant Commissioner, will remain in force for six months only from 18th February 1879, the date of the issue of the Advocates and Pleaders' Rules published in the *Mysore Gazette* dated 22nd February 1879.

The 10th March 1879.

It is hereby notified with reference to the Notification dated 25th February 1879, published at page 175, Part II of the *Mysore Gazette* of the 1st March, fixing the examination of the Munsiffs for the 19th, 20th and 21st May 1879, that the examination will include Criminal Law, *i. e.*, Indian Penal Code and Criminal Procedure Code, a paper on which subject will be given on Wednesday the 21st May 1879.

The 15th March 1879.

The undermentioned has been enrolled as a Pleader of the 1st grade in the Courts of Mysore, under the Advocates and Pleaders' Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

E. S. Ramanada Iyer.

The 18th March 1879.

The undermentioned gentlemen have been enrolled as Advocates in the Court of the Judicial Commissioner of Mysore, under the Rules of 18th February 1879.

Mr. Alfred Wills. | Mr. James Thomas Morgan. | Mr. Ernest Barclay

The 18th March 1879.

Erratum to Notification dated 8th January 1879, published in Part II of the *Mysore Gazette* of the 18th idem.

In the second para *for* "By the Civil Courts" *read* "By all the Civil Courts."

The 19th March 1879.

The undermentioned gentlemen have been enrolled as Advocates in the Court of the Judicial Commissioner, under the Rules of 18th February 1879

Mr. Chittore Raja Rao.
" A. Rainasastri Narayan Sastri.
" Josiah Evers.
Mr. Alfred John Boyton.
" M. A. Krishnaiengar.

The 19th March 1879.

The undermentioned person has been enrolled as 1st Grade Pleader in the Courts of Mysore, under the Rules of 18th February 1879.

No.	Name.	where practising at present.
4	Mysore Krishnaiengar.	In the Courts of the Ashtagram Division.

The 20th March 1879.

The undermentioned gentleman has been enrolled as an Advocate in the Court of the Judicial Commissioner, under the Rules of 18th February 1879.

Mr. William Morgan.

INAM DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 31. *The 10th March* 1879.

It is hereby notified that the enquiry into the validity of the tenure on which the minor inams and the kayamgutta, jodi and inam villages are held in the Ashtagram Taluk will be made at Seringapatam by Mr. Syed Nasiruddin, Assistant Superintendent of Inam Settlements, from the 15th April to the 20th June 1879.

2. All parties interested in the inams in the above taluk are, therefore, hereby directed to appear before the Assistant Superintendent between the above dates, either in person or by agent, and to produce all sunnads and documents in support of their claims to the inams and villages, failing which the inams and villages will be attached from the 21st June 1879, and finally resumed after one year from that date.

No. 32. *The 10th March* 1879.

It is hereby notified that the enquiry into the validity of the tenure on which the minor inams and the kayamgutta, jodi and inam villages are held in the Nanjangúd Taluk will be made at Nanjangúd by Mr. B. Rajagopalaiya, Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Inam Settlements, from the 25th April to the 5th June 1879.

2. All parties interested in the inams in the above taluk are, therefore, hereby directed to appear before the Assistant Superintendent between the above dates, either in person or by agent, and to produce all sunnads and documents in support of their claims to the inams and villages, failing which their inams and villages will be attached from the 6th June 1879, and finally resumed after one year from

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

The 7th March 1879.

Mysore Abstract of Receipts and Disbursements for the Quarter ending 31st December 1878.

Heads of Receipts.		Total of last Return.	Month of October 1878.	Month of November 1878.	Month of December 1878.	Total up to Date.	Proportion of Budget Grants up to Date.
Land Revenue.	1. Land Revenue ...	30,45,110 12 6	1,95,131 0 0	1,69,053 3 0	6,94,001 9 3	41,03,296 8 9	60,00,000
	Total.....	30,45,110 12 6	1,95,131 0 0	1,69,053 3 0	6,94,001 9 3	41,03,296 8 9	60,00,000
Forest		45,288 2 6	4,043 15 5	14,390 12 1	1,63,491 3 7	2,27,214 1 7	3,75,000
Abkari		3,69,104 3 3	64,138 12 6	59,927 7 10	50,529 10 9	5,43,700 2 4	8,90,250
Assessed Taxes		1,24,085 4 4	7,725 15 4	5,675 4 8	27,418 13 6	1,64,905 5 10	3,09,000
Sayer Customs		2,12,369 5 5	12,923 13 9	18,038 0 4	37,060 2 6	2,80,391 6 0	3,57,000
Salt		3,332 1 10	127 14 1	172 1 4	182 8 1	3,811 9 4	6,750
Stamps...		2,70,203 10 4	26,659 14 5	44,204 2 8	4,802 0 8	4,01,869 12 1	4,00,500
Mint		6,196 1 1	... ...	... ...	... ...	6,196 1 1	...
Post Office		25,386 3 5	3,589 1 10	4,111 13 6	4,012 10 1	37,099 12 10	45,000
Law and Justice.	1. Court Fees ...	33,406 14 4	7,272 3 8	7,014 8 2	5,063 8 11	52,757 3 1	55,399
	2. Jail Receipts ...	4,340 2 0	388 2 7	214 14 5	492 9 8	5,435 12 8	14,923
	3. Registration Fees ...	20,191 8 11	3,754 3 2	3,911 13 9	2,961 7 11	30,819 1 9	22,678
	Total.....	57,938 9 3	11,414 9 5	11,141 4 4	8,517 10 6	89,012 1 6	93,000
Police		3,436 2 3½	376 11 0	625 9 10	441 1 0	4,879 8 1½	6,000
Local Force		202 5 3	12 0 0	3 0 0	5 9 0	222 14 3	3,000
Education ...	1. Schooling Fees ...	6,408 2 9	843 2 3	1,475 15 6	858 11 3	9,645 15 9	17,100
	2. Sale of Books ...	4,196 9 1	590 12 11	879 2 2	597 8 2	6,264 0 4	11,250
	3. Savings, Refunds and Fines ...	104 0 11	8 15 11	56 10 7	10 15 5	180 10 10	150
	Total.....	10,768 12 9	1,442 15 1	2,411 12 3	1,467 2 10	16,090 10 11	28,500
Interest		3,215 8 9	229 2 6	206 0 5	335 3 11	3,985 15 7	12,000
Miscellaneous		66,550 9 ½	10,911 5 10	9,263 13 3	14,032 0 5¾	1,00,757 12 7¼	66,750
Public Works Department ...	1. General Branch ...	4,605 1 8	423 13 5	537 1 5	1,781 13 9	7,347 14 3	
	2. State Railway ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	
	Total	4,605 1 8	423 13 5	537 1 5	1,781 13 9	7,347	
Famine Relief ...		31,677 11 4	5,858 4 8	7,294 7 0	2,414 14 11		
Total Revenue Rs.....		42,79,470 9 0	3,65,009 5 3	3,47,055 13 11	10,46,494 2		

HEADS OF DISBURSEMENTS.	Total of last month.	Month of October 1878.	Month of November 1878.	Month of December 1878.	Total up to Date.	Proportion of Budget Grants up to Date.
Interest	1,57,575 5 6	... ...	... ...	... ...	1,57,575 5 6	...
Refunds. 1. Land Revenue	569 15 4	... ...	... ...	48 0 7	617 15 11	8,760
2. Sayer	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	75
3. Forest	251 14 ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	251 14 ...	112
4. Abkari	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	60
5. Stamps	1,813 3 0	9 8 ...	913 2 0	226 1 8	2,961 14 8	3,225
6. Law and Justice... ...	5,607 3 2	493 4 0	643 14 0	1,834 3 4	8,578 8 6	10,628
7. Miscellaneous	1,069 11 1	43 ... 2	2,361 ... 5	122 13 6	3,596 9 2	1,890
Total.....	9,311 14 7	545 12 2	3,918 0 5	2,231 3 1	16,006 14 3	24,750
Land Revenue. 1. Commissioners of Divisions ...	57,577 8 2½	11,992 8 1	9,158 0 0	9,179 1 3	87,907 1 6½	84,404
2. Dy. Commissioners of Districts.	1,13,103 15 0	17,959 15 11	17,779 2 5½	17,990 11 10½	1,66,836 13 3	1,61,830
3. Assistant do ...	40,642 12 1	7,524 8 11½	5,478 10 2½	5,369 12 2	59,015 11 5	72,435
4. Taluk and Village ...	1,63,405 4 2¾	29,057 8 ½	24,271 1 11	22,256 3 11	2,38,990 2 1½	2,60,659
5. Coffee Halat	316 0 6	... ...	... ...	... ...	316 0 6	671
6. Inam	32,097 6 8	5,345 8 9	5,999 4 11	5,435 10 2	48,877 14 6	47,676
7. Revenue Survey... ...	1,29,535 5 4	20,817 2 4	13,632 6 8	27,777 13 4	1,91,782 11 8	2,44,676
8. Process Establishment ...	239 15 1	25 8 0	55 7 5	33 0 0	353 14 6	740
9. Miscellaneous	23,372 1 5½	6,946 14 11	3,010 14 10½	7,599 1 10	40,929 1 1	34,411
Total.....	5,60,313 4 6¾	99,669 11 0	79,385 0 5½	95,641 6 6½	8,35,009 6 6¾	9,07,502
Forests ... 1. Conservancy and Working ...	24,566 10 0	... ...	... ...	33,501 13 3	58,068 7 3	90,000
2. Establishments	59,785 2 6	9,550 8 1	9,447 6 9	9,119 1 0	87,902 2 4	90,000
Total.....	84,351 12 6	9,550 8 1	9,441 6 9	42,620 14 3	1,45,970 9 7	1,80,000
Abkari—Excise on Spirits and Drugs ...	23,819 3 6½	4,112 8 3	3,205 2 10½	1,039 6 3	31,676 4 11	27,000
Sayer Customs	14,810 6 6	2,414 9 8	2,499 5 3	2,005 3 1	22,419 8 6	28,500
Salt	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	...
Stamps... ...	8,104 5 6	1,189 0 5	2,401 13 5½	1,082 6 2	12,777 3 6½	12,750
Mint	... ...	88 10 9	... ...	... ...	88 10 9	...
Post Office	80,725 14 9	13,375 2 9	12,671 8 5	12,764 0 0	1,19,536 9 11	1,26,000
Total.....	1,27,959 14 3½	21,179 15 10	20,777 14 0	17,580 9 6	1,87,496 5 7½	1,94,250
Administration & Public Departments. 1. Pay of Officers	8,015 14 6	8,996 10 8	8,967 11 10	9,000 0 0	92,980 5 0	90,750
2. Chief Commissioner's Establishment ...	9,752 14 10	8,939 10 6	8,821 15 5	9,451 8 3	81,526 1 0	87,680
3. Deputy Accountant General's Establishment	15,273 14 0	2,584 0 9	2,709 0 1	2,468 15 11	23,035 14 9	22,510
4. Treasury Establishment ...	16,321 0 6	2,644 7 6	3,069 5 5	2,549 5 7	24,584 3 0	23,268
5. Money Order do ...	727 6 11	111 14 0	118 0 0	120 6 10	1,077 13 9	1,200
6. Residency do ...	1,254 5 10	199 4 10	513 5 0	266 0 10	2,233 0 6	2,892
7. Mysore Gazette Office ...	1,277 15 0	209 2 0	210 5 6	200 0 0	1,897 4 6	1,875
8. Palace Charges	5,78,768 10 5	7,549 5 4	83,725 6 0	53,301 1 6	7,23,342 7 3	7,59,825
Total.....	7,34,390 4 0	31,294 7 7	1,07,631 15 3	77,357 6 11	9,50,667 1 9	9,90,000
Minor Departments. 1. Museum	1,300 3 11	177 0 8	190 13 4	194 5 10	1,862 7 9	2,892
2. Topographical Survey ...	29,607 15 1	7,762 14 4	5,919 11 0	7,208 6 2	50,498 14 7	75,025
3. Botanical Gardens	7,836 10 7	1,046 0 6	1,097 7 5	905 10 9	10,885 13 3	11,388
4. Cinchona Plantation ...	413 10 3	87 13 4	94 14 0	93 8 0	689 13 7	1,125
5. Government Experimental Farm.	2,667 11 10	450 0 0	450 0 0	450 0 0	4,017 11 10	3,600
Total.....	41,825 3 8	9,523 12 10	7,752 13 9	8,851 14 9	67,954 13 0	94,543

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HEADS OF DISBURSEMENTS.		Total of last month.	Month of October 1878.	Month of November 1878.	Month of December 1878.	Total up to Date.	Proportion of Budget Grants up to Date.
Law and Justice.	1. Judicial Commissioner's Court ...	35,943 0 6	5,796 7 6	5,761 12 3	5,810 7 11	53,311 12 2	53,321
	2. Commissioners' Courts	11,612 5 1	3,347 15 1	2,970 9 9	2,483 9 1	19,519 7 0	21,186
	3. Sessions Judges ...	3,013 1 0	... ...	... ...	... ...	3,013 1 0	...
	4. Dy. Commissioners' Courts ...	16,572 15 0	2,809 3 10	2,601 6 7	2,789 8 7	24,773 2 0	25,810
	5. Assistant do do ...	39,346 9 10	6,320 2 11	6,516 8 4	6,150 5 2	58,333 10 3	61,249
	6. Munsiffs' Courts ...	57,769 2 2	9,343 0 5	9,383 6 0	9,081 11 11	85,577 4 6	93,168
	7. Small Cause Court ...	12,006 5 3	1,976 12 4	1,972 14 3	1,976 12 4	17,932 12 2	18,082
	8. Magistrates' do ..	13,852 3 1	2,478 12 11	2,274 8 11	2,305 9 4	20,911 2 3	20,937
	9. Sar-Amin's do ...	10,769 5 10	1,776 10 11	1,736 0 7	1,638 5 4	15,920 6 8	16,269
	10. Registry of Assurances	12,001 4 2	2,653 14 10	2,366 11 0	2,041 14 4	19,068 12 4	16,589
	11. Jails	1,84,296 4 10½	39,109 2 9½	35,864 5 ½	22,006 3 5½	2,81,276 0 2	1,47,376
	12. Moiety of Land Revenue Charges ...	2,75,785 4 11¼	46,543 5 1	40,859 1 9½	38,183 5 8½	4,01,371 1 6¼	4,32,013
	Total.....	6,72,967 13 8¾	1,22,160 8 7½	1,11,407 4 6	94,472 13 2	10,01,008 8 ½	9,06,000
Police...	1. Dy. Inspector General's Office ...	4,770 9 2	707 10 8	727 14 2	708 12 1	6,914 14 1	15,783
	2. Cantonment (⅓) Bangalore	18,038 4 9	2,934 9 4	5,076 8 1	2,989 11 8	29,039 1 10	30,810
	3. Executive Rural Police...	2,67,015 4 5½	41,142 9 10	39,545 8 10	38,926 15 0	3,86,630 6 1½	4,21,407
	Total.....	2,89,824 2 4½	44,784 13 10	45,349 15 1	42,625 6 9	4,22,584 6 ½	4,68,000
Education ...	1. Direction ...	9,019 10 7	1,190 0 0	1,230 0 0	1,200 0 0	12,639 10 7	12,000
	2. Inspection ...	8,968 11 0	2,494 10 8	1,506 8 0	1,166 8 0	14,136 5 8	14,000
	3. Central College and High Schools ...	26,149 1 4	7,252 15 10	5,216 5 0	4,946 13 11	43,565 4 1	44,628
	4. District & Taluk English Schools ...	10,794 13 3	1,794 5 1	1,787 11 4	1,851 8 0	16,228 5 8	16,797
	5. Taluk Vernacular do...	21,779 3 3	3,634 1 0	3,664 12 1	3,761 6 7	32,839 6 11	36,975
	6. Book Department ...	4,476 0 7	334 1 9	408 13 0	261 14 2	5,480 13 6	17,700
	7. General	1,578 5 2	681 1 9	1,091 1 11	887 14 3	4,238 7 1	8,250
	8. Grants-in-aid Schools ...	23,630 0 0	3,862 8 0	3,999 8 0	4,038 8 0	35,530 8 0	36,000
	Total.....	1,06,395 13 2	21,243 12 1	18,904 11 4	18,114 8 11	1,64,658 13 6	1,86,750
Muzrayi.—Religious & Charitable Institutions.		1,34,425 1 10	16,873 0 11	19,913 0 11	22,846 9 10	1,94,057 13 6	2,19,000
Medical Services.	1. Medical Establishments.	36,205 14 3	11,885 4 1	12,398 12 4	10,623 3 7	71,113 2 3	68,834
	2. Hospitals & Dispensaries.	43,099 10 5	7,562 6 11	8,405 14 10	5,882 0 5	64,950 0 7	67,666
	Total.....	79,305 8 8	19,447 11 0	20,804 11 2	16,505 4 0	1,36,063 2 10	1,36,500
Stationery and Printing		30,797 1 3	2,158 0 7	3,394 6 6	4,744 15 7	41,094 7 11	56,250
Allowances and Assignments under Treatics and Engagements		12,56,662 15 5	2,08,382 7 7	1,05,461 7 1	3,14,682 15 1	18,85,189 13 2	19,20,750
Miscellaneous ...	1. Travellers' Bungalows .	7,441 12 4	1,317 10 8	1,284 8 4	1,246 1 4	11,290 0 8	
	2. Other Charges. ...	20,510 5 5	2,783 14 3	6,428 13 5	3,246 3 4	32,969 4 5	
	Total.....	27,952 1 9	4,101 8 11	7,713 5 9	4,492 4 8	44,259	

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HEADS OF DISBURSEMENTS.		Total of last month.	Month of October 1878.	Month of November 1878.	Month of December 1878.	Total up to Date.	Proportion of Budget Grants up to Date.
Superannuation, Compassionate and Charitable Grants.	1. Superannuation Pensions	47,363 8 7	11,026 8 2½	7,140 10 6	8,083 14 6	73,614 9 9½	86,711
	2. Charitable Allowances and Gratuities ...	20,134 14 10	3,627 13 3	2,504 7 8	3,014 7 9	14,481 11 6	50,539
	Total	67,498 7 5	14,654 5 5½	9,645 2 2	11,098 6 3	1,02,896 5 3½	1,37,250
Mysore Local Force.	1. Horse	2,10,568 9 0	25,669 4 3	34,938 0 10	34,835 1 10	3,16,010 15 11	3,44,800
	2. Foot	1,29,574 4 2	21,437 5 9	21,136 2 5	21,018 11 0	1,93,166 9 4	1,98,738
	3. Office Establishments. ...	14,076 13 1	2,086 15 3	1,872 6 6	2,023 0 10	20,059 3 8	34,944
	4. Stores	3,274 11 4	561 0 2	540 7 4	541 0 0	4,917 2 10	7,387
	5. Superannuation Allowances	39,707 7 3	6,380 7 4	6,433 6 11	6,511 6 8	59,032 12 2	62,881
	Total	3,97,201 14 10	66,135 0 9	68,920 8 0	64,929 4 4	5,03,186 11 11	6,48,750
Public Works Department.	General Branch ...	5,34,795 8 2	91,540 15 6	95,722 4 7	87,533 15 5	8,09,591 11 8	
	Mysore State Railway ...	2,333 15 1	22 0 0	587 14 1	2,047 2 9	4,990 15 11	11,13,000
	Total	5,37,129 7 3	91,562 15 6	96,310 2 8	89,580 2 2	8,14,582 11 7	11,13,000
Famine Relief.	1. Famine Relief Kitchens ...	98,017 10 7	11,394 5 0	9,132 1 7	5,435 4 4	1,23,979 5 6	
	2. Allowances to Officers and Establishment ...	1,44,104 1 0	11,010 8 8	9,230 15 5	7,156 1 7	1,71,501 15 8	
	3. Village Relief ...	1,18,746 14 0	5,000 0 0	4,598 2 11	... ...	1,28,345 0 11	
	4. Famine Batta ...	29,523 8 8	2,669 14 11	236 5 1	52 1 2	32,481 13 10	
	5. Compensation for dearness of grain to Local Force...	51,458 15 1	2,284 0 0	2,596 8 0	838 8 0	57,177 15 1	
	6. Miscellaneous ...	8,867 11 6	... ...	... ...	562 6 0	9,430 1 6	
	7. Famine Relief Works ...	12,409 6 0	... ...	... ...	793 10 0	13,203 0 0	
	Total	4,63,128 2 10	32,358 7 7	25,894 1 0	14,837 15 1	5,36,218 10 6	...
Total Charges Rs.....		57,79,017 5 7½	8,15,627 0 4	7,58,634 14 9½	9,43,214 0 10½	82,96,493 5 7½	82,45,543

Explanation of Differences between Actuals and Estimates.

RECEIPTS.—*Land Revenue.*—The apparent deficiency under this head is more than made up by the receipts in January and February, which, if added, make a total of Rs. 75,00,000 from April 1878, the total estimate for the year ending March 1879 is 80 lakhs.

DISBURSEMENTS.—*Land Revenue.*—"Commissioners of Divisions." The increase was caused by the disbursement of arrears of pay, and under "Deputy Commissioners" by adjustment of furlough allowance. *Abkari.*—Purchase of spirits under revised arrangements explains the increase.

Law and Justice.—Under "Jails," owing to a continuance of high prices, the charge appears more than estimate.

ANNUAL SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNT.

To—The Officers in charge of the District Treasuries, Circular No. 1415, *dated* 15*th March* 1879.

Requests that District Treasury Officers will be good enough to furnish this Office by the 15th April ...t with the "Dead Accounts" and Annual Return of Savings Bank transactions for the year 1878-79, ...d down in paras 39, 40 and 44 of Chapter 18 of Part II of the Civil Account Code. Care should to note the occupation of each depositor.

PERMANENT ADVANCES.

Circular No. 1416, *dated* 14*th March* 1879.

The Deputy Accountant General has the honor to request that all officers who hold permanent advances will be good enough to furnish their annual acknowledgments in the following form by the 1st April proximo :—

Amildars will submit their certificates to the District Treasury Officer who will forward a list of them to this Office.

FORM.

I certify that I hold a permanent advance of Rs. _____ on account of

H. HUDSON,
Dy. Accts. General in Mysore.

REVENUE SURVEY AND SETTLEMENT DEPT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 234. *The* 11*th March* 1879.

Notice is hereby given for general information that the Survey settlement of the Harihalli Taluk of the Hassan District of the Ashtagram Division will commence about the 20th instant.

J. W. M. ANDERSON,
Offg. Supt., Mysore Rev. Survey.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 316. *The* 19*th March* 1879.

Honorary Surgeon F. B. Pereira of the Bowring Civil Hospital, is granted sixty days' privilege leave from 5th April next, or such date as he may avail himself of the same.

P. G. FITZ GERALD,
Dy. Surgeon Genl., I. M. D.,
Mysore Dn. & Ceded Dists.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 19*th March* 1879.

Notice is hereby given that D. Sétu Rao, Bakshi of the Chief Commissioner's Treasury, is accused of the offence of criminal breach of trust as a public servant under section 409, Indian Penal Code, in respect of certain moneys at the Treasury in his charge, and that he has absconded. The warrant issued for his apprehension at Bangalore has been returned unexecuted.

All Police Officers and Magistrates in the Province of Mysore are hereby requested to use their utmost endeavours in arresting the said individual.

PROCLAMATION.

The 20*th March* 1879.

Whereas D. Sétu Rao,* Khajana Bakshi of the Chief Commissioner's Treasury at Bangalore, is, under section 409 of the Indian Penal Code, accused of the offence of criminal breach of trust as a public servant in respect of moneys in his charge at the said Treasury, and whereas said D. Sétu Rao has absconded since the night of the 17th instant ; it is hereby notified for public information that a reward of Rs. 100 will be paid by Government to any person or persons who may give such information as will lead to the apprehension of the said individual.

* Described below.

Name—D. Sétu Rao. *Caste*—Madhva Brahman. *Probable Age*—57. *Residence*—Siddikatt of the Town of Bangalore. *Complexion*—Fair. *Height*—Moderate.

L. RICKETTS
Dy. Commr. & M

TUMKUR DISTRICT.

The 14th February 1879.

Table of Diet for all Classes of Native Prisoners in Túmkúr.

	A scale for men sentenced to more than two years' rigorous imprisonment.							B scale for men sentenced to more than six months and up to two years' rigorous imprisonment.							Men sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for six months and under.							Simple, women, and under-trial.							Juvenile Prisoners.						
	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.
	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.
Rice ...	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	10	0	0	0	10	0
Ragi ...	26	13	26	13	26	13	26	24	12	24	12	24	12	24	24	12	24	12	24	12	24	20	20	20	20	20	20	0	20	10	20	0	20	10	20
Dal or ballar ...	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	2	2	2
Meat (with bone)	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	0	3	0	3	0	3	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0
Tyre ..	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	8	0	0	5	0	0	0	5	0
Gingelly oil ...	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	0	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$
Ghee ...	$\frac{3}{8}$	0	$\frac{3}{8}$	0	$\frac{3}{8}$	0	0	$\frac{3}{8}$	0	$\frac{3}{8}$	0	$\frac{3}{8}$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	0
Tamarind ..	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$
Salt ...	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
Curry powder ...	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$
Onions ...	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
Garlic ...	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{64}$	$\frac{1}{64}$	$\frac{1}{64}$	$\frac{1}{64}$	$\frac{1}{64}$	$\frac{1}{64}$	$\frac{1}{64}$
Vegetables ...	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Firewood* ...	$1\frac{1}{2}$ or 2 lbs. daily.							$1\frac{1}{2}$ or 2 lbs. daily.							$1\frac{1}{2}$ or 2 lbs. daily.							$1\frac{1}{2}$ or 2 lbs. daily.							$1\frac{1}{2}$ or 2 lbs. daily.						

Men who do not get meat to get 4 oz. of dál and 8 drachms of ghee on meat days, 2 drachms of salt to be issued powdered and eaten when sprinkled over the food.
*Where closed fire places are in use 1½ lbs of firewood will be served out, where open fire places, 2 lbs.
Men who do not eat meat to get 3 oz. of dál and 8 drachms of ghee on meat days.
Women and juveniles to get tyre if sentenced over six months, under-trial prisoners tyre and meat if over 2 months in confinement.
Rice may be given entirely to any under-trial prisoner unaccustomed to ragi and to any one whom ragi disagrees with, at recommendation of Medical Officer.
Juveniles under 14 years to get 16 oz. of grain and two oz. of meat.

B. SRINIVASAIENGAR,
Officer in charge of Jail.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDICIAL ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER, TUMKUR.

The 28th day of February 1879.

Before B. Srinivasaiengar, Esq., Judicial Assistant.

Miscellaneous Case No. 9 *of* 1879.

Shanbhog Rudrappa of Hulikunte .. .. Applicant and the Judgment-debtor.

Versus

Hagalvadi Rudrappa .. .. .. Respondent and Decree-holder.

ORDER.—The Court having examined the applicant, the said Shanbhog Rudrappa of Hulikunte, in the presence of the said decree-holder, and such of the other creditors as appeared, as to his circumstances and as to his future means of payment, and having heard the decree-holder and such of the creditors as did so appear, hereby declares, under the provisions of section 351 of the Code of Civil Procedure, the said Shanbhog Rudrappa of Hulikunte be an insolvent, and entitled to the benefit of Chapter XX of the Code of Civil Procedure.

2. The Court further declares that the 28th day of March 1879 is fixed for the creditors mentioned in the schedule attached to the application of the said Shanbhog Rudrappa of Hulikunte, and other persons, if any, alleging themselves to be creditors of the insolvent, to appear and under section 352 of the Code of Civil Procedure to produce evidence as to the amount and particulars of their respective and pecuniary claims against him.

3. G. Venkatachalaiya, the Agent of the Túmkúr Savings' Bank, is hereby appointed receiver of the property of the insolvent, and as such property has already been attached at the instance of the decree-holder except the outstanding debts, the Court directs that the receiver be placed in possession of the property under attachment, and that the insolvent be discharged under section 355 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Given under my hand and the seal of this Court this the 28th day of February 1879.

B. SRINIVASAIENGAR,
Judl. Asstt. Commr.

ASHTAGRAM DIVISION.

No. 1215. *The 24th February* 1879.

Tiruvengada Chetti, Mestri, Hassan District, is granted one month's sick leave under section 4, Supplement F. of the Civil Leave Code, from 5th January 1879.

Madhava Rao, Maramat Mutsaddi, is appointed to act as Mestri, during the absence of Tiruvengada Chetti.

Krishnappa, Maramat Mutsaddi, Belur Taluk, is granted two months' sick leave under section 4, Supplement F. of the Civil Leave Code, from 29th December 1878.

Narnappa, Volunteer, is appointed to act as Maramat Mutsaddi, *vice* Krishnappa on leave.

A. C. HAY,
Commissioner.

CHITALDROOG DISTRICT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st February 1879.

Adverting to Notification dated 31st October 1878, published in Part II of the *Mysore Gazette* 9th November 1878, page 764, inviting tenders for the supply by contract of all articles of diet

required for the use of the prisoners confined in the Chitaldroog District Jail, it is hereby notified that the period for which the above articles, &c., is to be supplied, has been altered from the calendar year, *viz.*, from 1st January to 31st December 1878, to the official year, namely from 1st April 1879 to 31st March 1880, both days inclusive, and that tenders will be received up to 25th March 1879.

2. No tenders will be received after the date above named.

3. Tenders to be superscribed "Tenders for the supply of provisions for the Chitaldroog District Jail."

4. No tenders will be received unless accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 100 in cash or currency notes.

5. Tenders will be opened by the Officer in charge of the Chitaldroog Jail at his Office on the date above named in the presence of such tenderers, who may choose to attend.

6. All tenders must specify the rate per convict per diem of the following classes :—

B. Class.

		Rs.	As.	P.
(1.)	For men sentenced to more than 6 months and up to two years' rigorous imprisonment ..			
(2.)	Do 6 months and under ..			
(3.)	Simple, women and under trial			
(4.)	Juvenile prisoners.			

7. The rates tendered must, besides the articles specified in the undermentioned diet scales, include Hospital diet, extras to sick, and perishable articles, lamp oil, lanterns, and repairing the same, *sigekayi* for bathing purposes, all repairs, and tinning of copper utensils, brooms, bamboos for making baskets and mats, firewood, pots, milk, bread, sugar, &c., required for children and female convicts, sulphur for fumigating cells, fullers earth and all other sundry articles, exclusive of clothing, required to be supplied regularly for the use of the prisoners.

8. The Officer in charge of the Jail reserves to himself the right of rejecting any tender without assigning any reason for so doing.

9. The deposit of the successful competitor will be retained, and will be forfeited if he fails to execute the contract bond, or to furnish security to the amount of Rs. 200 in cash or Government bond within one week from the date of the acceptance of his contract being made known to him.

10. No advance of cash will be made to the contractor. Payment for the articles supplied will be made by the Jail Officer, Chitaldroog Jail, as soon as possible after the 1st of each month.

11. A store room will be made over to the contractor in which he can keep all non-perishable articles. Perishable articles, such as meat, &c., must be in the jail by 6 A M. daily.

12. The contract must not be sublet.

13. A fine not exceeding Rs. 50 will be levied at the discretion of the Jail Officer of the Chitaldroog Jail for any infringement of the stipulations of the contract or for the supply of any inferior articles, and if frequently violated, the contract may be annulled, and the security confiscated to Government.

14. The decision of the Jail Officer of the Chitaldroog District to be final in all questions of infringement of contract. The contractor will be bound to purchase vegetables from the jail garden, whenever procurable, for the use of the prisoners at a fixed rate of 4 pies per lb.

15. Any further information can be obtained by applying to the Jail Officer.

Table of Diet for all Classes of Native Prisoners.

	A Scale for men sentenced to more than two years' rigorous imprisonment.							B Scale for men sentenced to more than six months and up to two years' rigorous imprisonment.							Men sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for six months and under.							Simple, women and under-trial.							Juvenile Prisoners.						
	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.
	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.
Rice	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	10	0	0	0	10	0
Ragi	26	13	26	13	26	13	26	24	12	24	12	24	12	24	24	12	24	12	24	12	24	20	20	20	20	20	20	0	20	10	20	20	20	10	20
Dál or ballar ...	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Meat (with bone) ...	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	0	3	0	3	0	3	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0
T ...	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	8	0	0	5	0	0	0	5	0
G ...	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	0	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$
Ghee ...	$\frac{3}{8}$	0	$\frac{3}{8}$	0	$\frac{3}{8}$	0	0	$\frac{3}{8}$	0	$\frac{3}{8}$	0	$\frac{3}{8}$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	0
Tamarind ...	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$
Salt ...	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
ry powder ...	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$
... ...	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
... ...	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{1}{64}$	$\frac{1}{64}$	$\frac{1}{64}$	$\frac{1}{64}$	$\frac{1}{64}$	$\frac{1}{64}$	$\frac{1}{64}$
.. ...	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
...	1½ or 2 lbs. daily.							1½ or 2 lbs. daily.							1½ or 2 lbs. daily.							1½ or 2 lbs. daily.							1½ or 2 lbs. daily.						

M. MUDDUKRISHNA NAIDU, *Officer in charge of Jail.*

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

The 10th March 1879.

Descriptive Roll of a convict escaped on Saturday the 8th March 1879, from the gang of convicts employed in the Shimoga Town Municipality. Jail No. 6057. *Name*—Lalaiya. *Father's name*—Lalaiya. *Residence*—Nanjapur, Shimoga Taluk. *Caste*—Lambani. *Profession*—Cooly. *Age*—25 years. *Height*—5 feet and 2 inches. *Crime*—Theft. *Date of Sentence*—6th February 1879. *Term of Sentence*—2 years' rigorous imprisonment. *Awarding Court*—Shimoga District Magistrate. *Descriptive marks*—A strong-made man of dark color and light-brown eyes, a large ulcer in the upper and anterior part of left thigh, pits of small-pox slightly marked on the face, a large glazed scar on the left shin and one ditto on the right thigh; is circumcised.

RAMASWAMAIENGAR,
For Supt. of Shimoga Jail.

SEASON REPORTS FOR THE MONTH OF FEBRUARY 1879.

Kolar District.

Rain-fall.—The average rain-fall during the month was 12 inches and 63 cents. The season is hopeful. Prices decreasing.

Lands.—Lands assessed at Rs. 118—13—3 were taken up, while none were relinquished.

Crops.—Sown; Vaisak paddy, sugar-cane and chillies. Harvested; horse-gram, inferior sesamum ballar, tuvar, sugar-cane and poppy seed. Standing crops; Vaisak paddy, chillies and sugar-cane.

Health.—Fevers still continue. There were more deaths in January than in February as shewn below:—

Mortality—

		In Jan.	In Feb.
From	Small-pox	1	1
„	Fever	349	237
„	Bowel-complaints	10	7
„	Accidents	9	11
„	Other diseases	123	140
		492	396

Casualties—

	In Jan.	In Feb.
Cows and bulls	220	214
Buffaloes	76	68
Sheep and goats	2,842	3,474
Horses	5	5
Asses	42	14
	3,185	3,775

Prices.—*Vide* para 1.

P. N. PURNAIYA,
For Dy. Commissioner.

Túmkúr District.

Rain-fall.—The quantity of rain gauged at the District head-quarters during the month under report was 1 inch and 55 cents.

Weather.—The weather was warm and occasionally cloudy.

...s.—State of crops favorable. The crops harvested were paddy in the Túmkúr and Korata-... horse-gram, ballar, dál and sugar-cane in the Maddagiri Taluk; and Bengal-gram in the ... and Honnavalli Taluks.

Public health.—The public health has been on the whole good, though fever was prevalent. The number of deaths amongst the population of the District was 375 against 554 shewn in the previous month.

Cattle.—The mortality among cattle amounted to 175 against 194 shewn in the month of January 1879.

Lands.—Lands yielding an assessment of Rs. 132—2—11 were taken up for cultivation during the month under review, and no razinamas were tendered.

Prices.—The prices of the staple grains were fluctuating during the month.

B. SRINIVASAIENGAR,
For Dy. Commr.

Abstract of Meteorological Reports received from Head-Quarters of Districts in the Province of Mysore, from 16th to 28th February 1879.

DISTRICT.	Thermometer. *Averages for the half month.*						Thermometer.		Rain.		Wind.
	9-30 A. M.			3-30 P. M.							
	Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.	Difference.	Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.	Difference.	Maximum.	Minimum.	Inches.	Cents.	
Kolar	73	67	6	84	77	7	87	70	...	39	
Túmkúr ...	77	67	10	82	71	11	92	66	1	55	S.W. E.N.N. E.
Mysore	77	68	9	90	69	21	93	65	...	...	E. N. E. S.
Hassan	...	60	...	...	63	...	92	63	...	20	N. E. S. W.
Shimoga	79	...	...	85	...	...	...	...	...	$12\frac{3}{4}$	N. E.
Kádur ...	84	67	17	83	66	17	87	51	...	94	N. E.
Chitaldroog ...	82	...	...	89	...	...	...	...	...	20	E.

Deaths registered in the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore for the Week ending 21*st February* 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males. .. 72,236 / Females.. 70,277 } Total.... 142,513

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	...	...
Fevers	13	6	19
Bowel-complaints ...	4	4	8
Suicide	...	...	..
Wounding	...	...	...
Accident	...	...	...
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	...	...	...
All other Causes ...	15	12	27
Total.....	32	22	54
Births during the Week ...	27	29	56

Deaths registered in the Town of Mysore for the Week ending 21*st February* 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males .. 29,081 / Females .. 28,734 } Total.... 57,815

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	...	...
Fevers	9	5	14
Bowel-complaints	4	3	7
Suicide	...	...	...
Wounding	...	...	...
Accident	...	...	...
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts ...	...	...	...
All other Causes	...	...	...
Total.....	13	8	2[illegible]
Births during the Week ...	7		

Deaths registered in the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore for the Week ending 28th Feb. 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males .. 72,236 / Females .. 70,277 } Total.... 142,513

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	..	...
Fevers	11	7	18
Bowel-complaints	4	3	7
Suicide	...	...	...
Wounding	...	...	...
Accident	...	...	...
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts. ...	...	...	...
All other causes	11	20	31
Total.....	26	30	56
Births during the week ...	20	18	38

11th March 1879.

Deaths registered in the Town of Mysore for the Week ending 28th February 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males .. 29,081 / Females .. 28,734 } Total.... 57,815

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	...	...
Fevers	3	3	6
Bowel-complaints	5	7	12
Suicide	...	...	...
Wounding	...	...	..
Accident	...	...	...
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts. ...	...	...	...
All other causes	...	...	...
Total.....	8	10	18
Births during the week. ...	4	3	7

P. G. FITZ GERALD,
Dy. Surgeon General, I. M. D.,
Mysore Dn. & C. D.

COMMISSARIAT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The 6th February 1879.

Sealed tenders in the form used in the Commissariat Department (blank forms whereof can be had on application at the Commissariat Office at Húnsúr), will be received up to 12 o'clock on the 31st day of March 1879, by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Húnsúr, for the purchase by contract of the articles mentioned in the subjoined schedule.

2. Tenders will be opened by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Húnsúr, in the presence of those interested who may choose to attend.

3. Each tender must be accompanied by the deposit (in cash or currency notes) shewn in the schedule, and in default of such deposit the tender will be rejected, nor will any tender be received after the time fixed for the opening of tenders.

4. No person making a tender shall be allowed to withdraw his tender for the space of sixty days from the date thereof, and in the event of his so doing, he will be considered as having committed a breach of his contract, and will be held responsible for all damages which Government may sustain thereby.

5. Tenders should be superscribed "Tenders for purchase of Hides."

6. All needful information may be had on application at the Commissariat Office at Húnsúr.

7. Every tender not made in the required form will be rejected.

8. The Commissary General reserves to himself the right of rejecting tenders without assigning any reason for so doing.

9. The successful competitors will be required to pay the value of the stamped paper on which their ntract agreements are made out, according to the scale in clause 16, Schedule 1 of the General Stamp XVIII of 1869.

SCHEDULE.

Description of Articles to be purchased,	Probable Quantity or Number.	Period of delivery, specifying quantities.	Places of delivery, and by whom to be taken.	Amount of Deposit in Cash or Currency Notes.	Amount of Security in Cash, Currency Notes, or Government Promissory Notes.	Compensation to be paid to Government for each breach of Contract.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Hides of Amrut Mahal Cattle.	No. 700, but no number can be guaranteed.	Between 1st April 1879 and 31st March 1880 at such times and intervals as may suit the purchaser, to be arranged at the time of acceptance of tender.	Húnsúr. Tarikere. Hassan. Gubbi. Channagiri. Delivery to be taken by the purchaser or his agents from the officer in charge or from the Darogas of the Department.	One hundred rupees.	Twenty per cent on the value of seven hundred hides, at the rate of accepted tender.	Not exceeding Rs. Twenty.

By Order of the Commissary General,

R. HUNTER, *Captain*,
For Officer in charge Amrut Mahal.

The 14th February 1879.

Sealed tenders in the form used in the Commissariat Department (blank forms whereof can be had on application at the Commissariat Office at Bangalore) will be received up to 1 o'clock on the 25th day of March 1879, by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bangalore, for the supply by contract of the articles mentioned in the subjoined schedule.

Tenders will be opened by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bangalore in the presence of those interested who may choose to attend.

Each tender must be accompanied by the deposit (in cash or currency notes) shewn in the schedule, and in default of such deposit, the tender will be rejected, nor will any tender be received after the time fixed for the opening of tenders.

No person making a tender shall be allowed to withdraw his tender for the space of 60 days from the date thereof, and in the event of his so doing, he will be considered as having committed a breach of his contract, and will be held responsible for all damages which Government may sustain thereby.

Tenders should be superscribed "Tenders for Wheat for the Government Bakery at Bangalore."

All needful information may be had on application at the Commissariat Office at Bangalore.

Every tender not made in the required form will be rejected.

The Commissary General reserves to himself the right of rejecting tenders without assigning any reason for so doing.

The successful competitors will be required to pay the value of the stamped paper on which their contract agreements are made out, according to the scale in clause 16, Schedule 1 of the General Stamp Act XVIII of 1869.

SCHEDULE.

Description of Articles to be supplied.	Probable Quantity or Number.	Period of delivery, specifying Quantities.	Place of delivery, and to whom to be made.	Amount of Deposit in Cash or Currency Notes.	Amount of Security in Cash, Currency Notes, or Government Promissory Notes.	Compensation to be paid to Government for each breach of Contract.
Purchase of Reserve Stock. Wheat of the following three kinds, picked thoroughly and clean of the first quality, free from grit and dust. Wheat, Dharwar ... Do Jhow ... Do Gangajelly ...	lbs. 300,000 300,000 300,000	To be delivered on the 1st of each month, 25,000 lbs. Dharwar, 25,000 lbs. Jhow, and 25,000 lbs. Gangajelly from 1st July 1879 to 30th June 1880, or in such quantities as may be required with reference to the strength of the troops in Garrison.	To be delivered at the Steam Bakery, Bangalore, free of all extra charges, to the Superintendent. Contractor to maintain at all times a working stock equal to 45 days' consumption subject to inspection of the Commissariat Officer.	Rs. 3,600	At 20 per cent on the value of the articles contracted for. To be exchanged if required at any time during the term of contract for a reserve stock equal to three months' consumption under the condition specified in paragraph 650 of the Commissariat Code, 3rd edition; upon one month's notice to the contractors.	Not exceeding 50 Rupees.

The successful tenderer must, within three days from date of receiving intimation that his tender has been accepted, lodge security of the nature and amount mentioned in column 6, failing which his deposit shall be confiscated.

The 20th February 1879.

Sealed tenders in the form used in the Commissariat Department (blank forms whereof can be had on application at the Commissariat Office at Bangalore), will be received up to 1 o'clock on the 25th day of March 1879, by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bangalore, for the supply by contract of the articles mentioned in the subjoined schedule.

Tenders will be opened by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bangalore in the presence of those interested who may choose to attend.

Each tender must be accompanied by the deposit (in cash or currency notes) shewn in the schedule, and in default of such deposit, the tender will be rejected, nor will any tender be received after the time fixed for the opening of tenders.

No person making a tender shall be allowed to withdraw his tender for the space of 60 days from the date thereof, and in the event of his so doing, he will be considered as having committed a breach of his contract, and will be held responsible for all damages which Government may sustain thereby.

Tenders should be superscribed "Tenders for Line Gear, &c., for Mounted Corps at Bangalore."

All needful information may be had on application at the Commissariat Office at Bangalore.

Every tender not made in the required form will be rejected.

The Commissary General reserves to himself the right of rejecting tenders without assigning any reason for so doing.

The successful competitors will be required to pay the value of the stamped paper on which their agreements are made out, according to the scale in clause 16, Schedule 1 of the General Stamp of 1869.

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SCHEDULE.

Description of Articles to be supplied.	Probable Quantity or Number.	Period of delivery specifying Quantities.	Place of delivery, and to whom to be made.	Amount of Deposit in Cash or Currency Notes.	Amount of Security in Cash, Currency Notes, or Government Promissory Notes.	Compensation to be paid to Government for each breach of Contract.
				Rs.		
1. Bags, nose, gunny, according to sealed pattern. No.	3,052	To be supplied from 1st April 1879 to 31st March 1880, in such number as may be required.	At the Commissariat Stores to the Commissariat Officer or Serjeant in charge of Barrack Stores.	75	At 20 per cent on the value of the articles contracted for.	Not exceeding ten Rupees.
2. Dusters, according to sealed pattern. „	2,586			40		do
3. Jhuls or horse blankets, according to sealed pattern. „	403			25		do
4. Curry combs, according to pattern. „	303			10		do
5. Ropes, head with loop and hook, length 7 feet, exclusive of loop. „	2,250			325		do
Ropes, heel, length 15 feet, exclusive of loop. „	2,250					
Rollers with pad, the latter made of leather. „	220					
Eye fringes. „	403					
All according to pattern.						
6. Brushes, horse, according to pattern. „	1,698			75		do
7. Dubbing. lbs.	170			30		do

The ropes are to be made of hemp. And new patterns of line gear having been received, contractors are invited to inspect them before tendering.

The successful tenderer must, within three days from date of receiving intimation that his tender has been accepted, lodge security of the nature and amount mentioned in column 6, failing which his deposit shall be confiscated.

The 19th March 1879.

Fresh tenders will be received by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bangalore for the supply of beef to Hospitals during the year 1879-80, up to 1 o'clock on the 25th March 1879. Deposit to accompany each tender Rs. 50.

By Order of the Commissary General,

G. A. WALKER, *Colonel*,
Asstt. Commissary General.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore.—1879.

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THE MYSORE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, MARCH 29, 1879.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by the Judicial Commissioner, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

IN THE COURT OF THE JDUICIAL COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE AND COORG.

CIVIL SIDE.

Rule of Practice, No. 17, *dated* 19*th March* 1879.

Under section 652 of the Code of Civil Procedure, the Judicial Commissioner has framed and issues the following Rule for regulating the practice of the Courts in regard to the amount which may be deducted from the proceeds of the sale of property sold in execution of decree, as the expenses of sale, and paid to the officer conducting the sale under the orders of the Court, as his authorized commission.

Where the proceeds of sale do not exceed Rs. 500.	4 per cent.
Where they exceed Rs. 500 and do not exceed Rs. 5,000.	4 per cent on the first Rs. 500 and 2 per cent on the remainder.
Where they exceed Rs. 5,000.	At the above rate on the first Rs. 5,000 and 1 per cent on the remainder.

No further sum beyond this authorized commission, and the cost of conveyance of property to the place of sale, and the cost of publication of the proclamation under section 289 of the Code of Civil Procedure, shall be deducted from the sale proceeds.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 24*th March* 1879.

The undermentioned persons have been enrolled as 2nd grade Pleaders in the Courts of Mysore under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

Name.	Proposing to practise.
Yelahanka Gundappa. Dodballapur Sadasiva Rao. Yelahanka Devarappa. Anekal K. Venkatachar. Pulippaka Ramaiya. Jangamkota Subba Rao. Kolar Narasimhachar.	In the Courts of the Nundydroog Division.

The 25th March 1879.

The undermentioned gentleman has been enrolled as an Advocate in the Court of the Judicial Commissioner under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

Mr. Alfred Cooper Abbs.

The 25th March 1879.

The undermentioned persons have been enrolled as 2nd grade Pleaders in the Court of the Judicial Commissioner under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

No.	Name.	Proposing to practise.
8.	Malur Lakshmi Narsimmaiengar.	In the Courts of the Ashtagram Division.
9.	Budikote Gundappa.	In the Courts of the Nagar Division.
10.	Mangalore Mahomed Ali.	Do do.

J. D. SANDFORD,
Judicial Commissioner.

INAM DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 31. *The 10th March* 1879.

It is hereby notified that the enquiry into the validity of the tenure on which the minor inams and the kayamgutta, jodi and inam villages are held in the Ashtagram Taluk will be made at Seringapatam by Mr. Syed Nasruddin, Assistant Superintendent of Inam Settlements, from the 15th April to the 20th June 1879.

2. All parties interested in the inams in the above taluk are, therefore, hereby directed to appear before the Assistant Superintendent between the above dates, either in person or by agent, and to produce all sannads and documents in support of their claims to the inams and villages, failing which their inams and villages will be attached from the 21st June 1879, and finally resumed after one year from that date.

No. 32. *The 10th March* 1879.

It is hereby notified that the enquiry into the validity of the tenure on which the minor inams and the kayamgutta, jodi and inam villages are held in the Nanjangúd Taluk will be made at Nanjangúd by Mr. B. Rajagopalaiya, Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Inam Settlements, from the 25th April to the 5th June 1879.

2. All parties interested in the inams in the above taluk are, therefore, hereby directed to appear before the Assistant Superintendent between the above dates, either in person or by agent, and to produce all sannads and documents in support of their claims to the inams and villages, failing which their inams and villages will be attached from the 6th June 1879, and finally resumed after one year from that date.

R. A. COLE,
Supt. of Inam Settlements.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

UNPAID BALANCES OF PUBLIC WORKS CREDIT ORDERS ON THE 31ST MARCH.

To—The District Treasury Officers, Circular No. 1418, *dated 19th March* 1879.

Under instructions from the Comptroller General, the Deputy Accountant General has the honor to request Officers in charge of District Treasuries to be good enough to credit "Public Works Department" 1st March current with the unpaid balance remaining at the close of that day out of the Public Credit Orders, including that balance in the general cash balance of the Treasury.

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No. 6379. *The 24th March* 1879.

NEW GOVERNMENT OF INDIAN LOAN OF FIVE CRORES.

The following instructions of the Comptroller General are notified for the guidance of Treasury Officers in Mysore :—

From the Comptroller General, To the Collector / Deputy Commissioner of————(New Loan of Five Crores)

No. 3621; dated Calcutta, the 14th March 1879.

I have the honor to request that you will observe the following instructions with regard to the receipt of deposits and instalments on account of the loan of five crores of rupees, for which tenders are invited in the *Gazette Extraordinary* of the Government of India dated yesterday :—

1. All sums tendered at Government Treasuries as deposits on account of the loan now advertized are to be accepted : a receipt should be given in the following form.—

DEPOSIT ON ACCOUNT OF 4½ PER CENT LOAN, 1879.

* Name and address in full of depositor.

Received from*————the sum of Rs.————as a deposit on account of the 4½ per cent loan advertized in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary* of 13th March 1879.

————1879.

†————

Officer in charge of Treasury.

† Name of Treasury.

2. These deposits must be entered in a Register and carried to a separate sub-head in the Cash Account, *viz.*, "Deposits for Loan." As soon as it is quite certain that no more can be received in time for tenders to reach Calcutta on the 12th May, a copy of the Register should be despatched to the Comptroller General, Calcutta. The list should therefore reach Calcutta not later than the 14th of that month.

The list should be in the following form :—

DEPOSITS FOR LOAN, MARCH 1879.

No. of Deposit.	Name and Address of Depositor.	Amount deposited.
1 2 3 &c.	(Special care should be taken to fill in the address correctly.)	

3. Orders respecting the receipt of instalments of loan and the issue of Promissory Notes will be communicated to you hereafter.

4. You will observe that the course prescribed is exactly the same (altering only the dates) as was ordered in my letter No. 358, dated 27th May 1878, for the loan of that year.

FUNDS FOR PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

To—The District Treasury Officers, Circular No. 1419, *dated 24th March* 1879.

Under instructions from the Comptroller General, dated 15th March, the undersigned has the honor to inform Treasury Officers that from and after the 1st April 1879, funds will be supplied to the Public Works Department by means of Letters of Credit and not by Credit Orders. These letters of credit will not be charged off as a final payment to the Public Works Department as is now done with credit orders, but will be used as the limit up to which the officers named therein may draw cheques. The cheques will be charged in the *Treasury Cash Account* and should be accompanied by a list shewing the number, date and amount of each cheque.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS FOR REMITTANCES FROM COURTS.

To—The District Treasury Officers, Circular No. 1420, *dated 24th March* 1879.

With reference to the Judicial Commissioner's orders in Rule of Practice No. 15, dated 29th November 1878, para 3, the Deputy Accountant General has the honor to point out that when money is received at an Amildar's Court and thence paid into the Taluk Treasury, the acknowledgment for the sum should be given in the Register X by the Shroff and Amildar or Sheristadar who will both sign in the column. No remittance book is required in this case.

When money is received in other Courts and remitted to a Treasury, the acknowledgment in Register X must be given "by the person receiving the money for payment into the Treasury" as directed by the Rule of Practice. It will also be entered as heretofore in a remittance book with the signature of the Court Officer and be acknowledged in that book by the Treasury Officer.

H. HUDSON,
Dy. Accts. General in Mysore.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

The 27th March 1879.

The following Candidates from the Mysore Province have been declared to have passed the B. A. Degree Examination of the Madras University held in February 1879.

Second Class.

Rank.	Register No.		
22	35	D'Souza, J. F.	Central College, Bangalore, and Presidency College, Madras.

Third Class.

5	149	Ramaswami, K.	Maharaja's High School, Mysore and private study.
43	232	Venkatesaiya, S.	Central College, Bangalore.
57	31	Cress, S.	Maharaja's High School, Mysore.
59	110	Narasimhaiyangar, M. L.	Central College, Bangalore.
64	77	Krishnaiyangar, M. A.	Maharaja's High School, Mysore, and private study.

L. RICE,
Director of Public Instruction,
Mysore and Coorg.

BANGALORE MUNICIPALITY.

No. 17.

The 27th March 1879.

Proceedings of an Ordinary Meeting of the Committee of Municipal Commission held at their office premises No. 12 Residency Road, on Tuesday the 18th March 1879, at 7½ A. M.

President.

Dr. J. H. Orr, C. B.—*Present.*

Ex-Officio Members.

Present.—The Asstt. Superintendent of Police.
The Sar-Amin.
Absent.—The Asstt. Quarter Master Genl., M. D.
The Dy. Surgeon Genl., I. M. D.
The Executive Engr., Nundydroog Dn.
The District Engineer.

Municipal Commissioners of Divisions.

No. 1, *Alsur Division.*

Present.—Mr. V. Sadasiva Modaliar.
Absent.—Mr. P. Raju Modaliar.

No. 2, *Shule Division.*

Present.—Mr. A. Virasami Modaliar.
Absent.—Mr. Standish Lee.

No. 3, *Arab Lines and Fort Division.*

Present.—Captain P. Curley.
Absent.—Mr. Abdul Husen Saib.

No. 4, *General Bazar Division.*

Present.—Mr Abdul Kudus Khadri Khaji Saib.
Absent.—Mr. A. R. Sabhapati Modaliar.

No. 5, *Blackpalli Division.*

Present.—Mr. T. T. Leonard.
Absent.—Mr. B. Ramalingam.

No. 6, *High Ground Division.*

Present.—Major-Genl. C. G. Ottley.
Mr. G. G. Brown.

Statement of Accounts.

The progress report, account current, statement of cash balances and Assessor's accounts for February 1879, together with the mortuary report for the same period, are submitted and after examination are adopted.

Receipts.	Amount.	Disbursements.	Amount.
I. Octroi.... Class 1. Articles of food or drink to men or animals.	... ...	I Collections. 1. For octroi tax	407 11 4
„ 2. Animals for slaughter	210 0 0	2. „ Tax on houses, buildings and lands ...	375 2 0
„ 3. Fuel, lighting and washing... ...	... ...	3. „ Tax on professions and trades ...	10 0 0
„ 4. Building materials	41 9 0	4. „ Tax on horses, carriages, &c. ...	... ...
„ 5. Drugs, spices and gums	... ...	5. „ Tolls on carts and other vehicles ...	... ...
„ 6. Tobacco, betel and betel-nuts ...	2,708 11 3	6. Special taxes...	... ...
„ 7. Cloth	... ...	7. Rents assigned to Municipality ...	244 12 0
„ 8. Metals	... ...	II Head Office Charges	701 6 0
II. Tax on houses, buildings and lands	4,077 10 8	III. Public Works. 1. Supervision...	451 0 0
III. Tax on profession and trades or collection of liquor license fees	1,172 8 0	2. *a* Original Works	2,151 12 8
IV. Tax on horses, carriages, &c.	15 4 0	*b* Purchase of lands	... ...
V. Tolls on carts, carriages, &c.	... ...	*c* Compensation for houses, &c. ...	... ...
VI. Special taxes under Section II, Act VI of 1869. } Conservancy. ...	... ...	3. Repairs	607 14 6
VII. Rents ... 1. Nazul lands	... ...	IV. Police	1,428 9 11
2. Do shops	469 15 10	V. Education	... .
3. Serais	... .	VI. Charitable Grants. 1. Dispensary and Medical Charges ..	... .
4. Confiscated lands	.. ..	2. Vaccination	20 0 0
5. Compound or site tax	... ...	3. Asylums...	... ...
VIII. Gardens	... ...	VII. Conservancy	1,516 6 10
IX. Extra-ordinary. 1. Sale of houses and lands ...	... ...	VIII. Road watering	... ...
2. Loans	.. ..	IX. Lighting	665 7 6
3. Refunds and recoveries ...	... ...	X. Gardens. 1. Public Gardens	... ...
4. Interest on securities and loans ...	... ...	2. Nursery	7 0 0
5. Other items	... .	3. Farms	... ...
X. Fines	... ...	XI. Extraordinary. 1. Museums and Institute ...	... ...
XI. Pounds	7 2 9	2. Purchase of Government Notes ..	... ...
XII. Miscellaneous	29 13 6	3. Fairs and Exhibitions	... ...
XIII. Transfers and contributions	316 6 0	XII. Miscellaneous. 1. Repayment of loans ...	.. ..
... ...	... ...	2. Refund of excess collections ...	... .
		3. Cattle Pound charges	44 6 0
		4. Statistics and mortuary registration ...	90 0 0
		5. Other miscellaneous items... ...	358 9 0
		XIII. Reserve.	... ...
Total Rupees.....	9,049 1 0	Total Rupees.....	9,080 1 9
Cash Balance brought forward from last month's accounts..	9,387 7 8	To Cash Balance carried to next month's accounts ...	9,356 6 11
Total Rupees.....	18,436 8 8	Total Rupees.....	18,436 8 8

—Approved.

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Mortuary Register, Bangalore.

Statement of Births and Deaths within Cantonment Municipal Limits during the month of February 1879.

Causes of Deaths.	Europeans.		East Indians.		Musalmáns.		Hindus.		Native Christians.		Other Classes.		Buddhists.		Total.		Total in—		Difference.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Feb. 1879.	Jan. 1879.	Increase.	Decrease.
Cholera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Small-pox ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fevers ...	...	1	...	...	2	2	14	8	3	1	...	...	...	...	20	11	31	40	...	9
Bowel-complaints ...	1	1	...	1	3	...	5	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	11	6	17	19	...	2
Suicide	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wounding ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Accidents ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Causes—																				
Ascites ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...
Consumption ...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	6	...	...	...
Cold in the chest	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...
Convulsion ...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	4	4	8	...	...	...
Fits by child births	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	1	...	...	...	1	4	5	...	...	...
Lock-jaw ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...
Debility ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	4	1	...	8	...	...	...	5	9	14	...	...	...
Bright's disease...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Pulmonalis ...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Bronchitis ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	...	...
Still born ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...
Abscess ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...
Old age ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	2	4	6	...	...	...
Cough ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Premature birth	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...
Exhaustion ...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	..
Carbuncle ...	..	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...
Partus ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...
Anasarca ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Dropsy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...
Asthma ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Croup ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...
Feb. Cantt. Con.	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Total Other Causes.....	4	1	2	4	7	3	16	12	5	12	...	...	...	...	34	32	66	78	...	...
Total Deaths.....	6	2	2	5	12	5	35	22	10	15	...	...	...	...	65	49	114	137	...	11
ing the month ..	2	7	2	4	17	14	29	38	7	8	...	...	...	...	57	71	128	133	...	5

Abstract of Mortuary Report and Percentage of Births and Deaths on the Estimated Population 81,810.

Classes.	Births.		Difference.		Percentage of Births.		Deaths.		Difference.		Percentage of Deaths.	
	January 1879.	February 1879.	Increase.	Decrease.	January 1879.	February 1879.	January 1879.	February 1879.	Increase.	Decrease.	January 1879.	February 1879.
Europeans ...	7	9	2	...	·17	·21	4	8	4	...	·03	·19
East Indians ...	10	6	...	4	·41	·21	1	7	6	...	·01	·29
Musalmáns ...	30	31	1	...	·19	·206	14	17	3	...	·09	·11
Hindus ...	70	67	...	3	·13	·12	88	57	0	31	·16	·109
Native Christians	16	15	...	1	·19	·18	30	25	...	5	·36	·30
Buddhists ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Classes ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	133	128	3	8	·16	·15	137	114	13	36	·16	·13

Remarks.

There were 114 deaths during the month; 31 from fevers, 17 from bowel complaints, and 66 from other causes (detailed within in the previous page)

The number of deaths in February 1879 as compared with those in January 1879 and the corresponding month of last year were as follows :—

Of Europeans 8 against 4, Eurasians 7 against 1, Musalmáns 17 against 14, Hindus 57 against 88, and Native Christians 25 against 30, being 23 less than previous month and 92 below the total number of deaths registered in the corresponding month of last year.

Age.

Classes.	No. died during the month.	Under 1 year.	2 to 6 years.	6 to 12 do.	12 to 20 do.	21 to 30 do.	31 to 40 do.	41 to 50 do.	51 to 60 do.	Above 60 do.	Total.
Europeans ...	8	1	1	...	...	4	...	1	1	...	8
East Indians ...	7	2	2	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	7
Musalmáns ...	17	5	3	...	...	2	1	1	2	3	17
Hindus ...	57	11	2	2	5	3	9	4	6	13	57
Native Christians.	25	5	8	7	...	1	1	2	...	1	25
Buddhists ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Other Classes ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	114	24	16	9	5	13	11	9	9	18	114

Resolution.—Approved.

List of Agreements entered into by the President.

3. List of agreements entered into by the President during the month of February 1879.

No.	Subject.
1	Agreements executed by Kodappa for supplying metal for roads.
2	Agreement do do gravel for roads.

Resolution.—Approved.

List of Estimates sanctioned by the President.

4. List of Estimates sanctioned by the President during the month of February 1879.

Estimate No.	Names of Works.	Amount sanctioned.			Remarks.
19	Estimates for probable cost of providing stone caping to the walls of privies in the Cantonment.	200	0	0	
21	Estimates for probable cost of constructing Ukkada on the old Madras road	90	0	0	
	Total Rs.....	290	0	0	

Resolution.—Approved.

Grant of Land for Chief Constable's Quarters.

5. Read—Docket No. 987—205, dated 27th February 1879, from the Assistant Superintendent of Police, requesting the grant of a piece of land adjoining Ramaswami's temple at Dobbs' Petta for the erection of a Chief Constable's quarters.

Resolution.—As there are different claimants for separate portions of the piece of land now required, it is resolved that the Sar Amin be requested to prepare a compensation statement for the entire area of ground contained in the sketch plan with a view to the same being acquired possession of by the Municipality.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore refusing sanction to the lease of Octroi Contract.

6. Read—Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore No. 3473-74—Ml. 321, dated 22nd February 1879, conveying certain observations with reference to the collection of excise duties on tobacco, betel-nuts and betel leaves in the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore.

Resolution.—To be recorded.

Railway Bridge on Miller's Road.

7. Read—Letter No. 187—300, dated 26th February 1879, from the Chief Engineer of Mysore, with reference to the Railway Bridge on Miller's Road.

Resolution.—To be recorded.

Application for Ground.

8. Read—Application from Moulvi Jafir Ali Saib, soliciting the grant of the vacant piece of ground situated contiguous to his premises No. 15, in old Koracharapalyam, B Street.

Resolved.—That the small piece of ground in front of petitioner's premises be given to him as a special case free of cost.

Tenders for Slaughter House.

9. Read—Tenders for the slaughter house contract.

Resolved.—That the tender given in by Chaudri Mahomed Oosman Saib be accepted with the distinct understanding that he thereby foregoes all claim for any compensation he may be entitled during the time of his late contract consequent on the erection of a separate slaughter house for cattle and sheep for the use of the Military.

Application to open a Market for vending sheep.

10. Read—Application from Chaudri Nannubhayi requesting permission to open a market for the purpose of vending sheep, &c., on his vacant ground situated contiguous to the bullock slaughter house.

Resolution.—That as the Municipality have already established a market for the purpose of vending sheep, &c., it seems to the Commissioners inadvisable to establish another market for the same purpose; it is resolved therefore not to sanction the petitioner's application.

Construction of Pandals for public and religious purposes.

11. Read—Deferred Proceedings of last meeting with reference to the mahajar soliciting exemption of the provisions of Bye-law relating to the erection of pandals to those intended for public and religious purposes.

Resolution.—As information as to the rules obtaining with regard to this subject at Madras has not yet been received, it is resolved the final consideration of the matter be deferred until the next meeting.

Mrs. Lewis' application for exemption from House Assessment.

12. Read—Application from Mrs. D. M. Lewis, widow of late Conductor E. Lewis, soliciting exemption of house assessment on premises No. 2-6, Alfred Street.

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Resolved.—That Mrs. Lewis be informed that her application for exemption of house tax cannot be acceded to.

Proposed Bye-law for eradicating and destroying the Datura Stramonium.

13. Read—Letter from E. S. Smith, Esq., relating to proposed Bye-law for eradicating and destroying the growth of the Datura Stramonium plant within Municipal limits.

Resolved.—That Mr. Smith's letter pointing out that it is not competent for the Municipality to pass a Bye-law such as that now proposed be recorded.

J. H. ORR,
President, Cantt. Mun. Commn.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

PROCLAMATION.

The 20th March 1879.

Whereas D. Sétu Rao,* Khajana Bakshi of the Chief Commissioner's Treasury at Bangalore, is, under section 409 of the Indian Penal Code, accused of the offence of criminal breach of trust as a public servant in respect of moneys in his charge at the said Treasury, and whereas said D. Sétu Rao has absconded since the night of the 17th instant; it is hereby notified for public information that a reward of Rs. 100 will be paid by Government to any person or persons who may give such information as will lead to the apprehension of the said individual.

* Described below.

Name—D. Sétu Rao. *Caste*—Madhva Brahman. *Probable Age*—57. *Residence*—Siddikatta of the Town of Bangalore. *Complexion*—Fair. *Height*—Moderate.

L. RICKETTS,
Dy. Commr. & Magistrate.

TUMKUR DISTRICT.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDICIAL ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER.

The 28th day of February 1879.

Before B. Srinivasaiengar, Esq., Judicial Assistant.

Miscellaneous Case No. 9 *of* 1879.

Shanbhog Rudrappa of Hulikunte .. .. Applicant and the Judgment-debtor.

Versus

Hagalvadi Rudrappa .. .. .. Respondent and Decree-holder.

ORDER.—The Court having examined the applicant, the said Shanbhog Rudrappa of Hulikunte, in the presence of the said decree-holder, and such of the other creditors as appeared, as to his circumstances and as to his future means of payment, and having heard the decree-holder and such of the creditors as did so appear, hereby declares, under the provisions of section 351 of the Code of Civil Procedure, the said Shanbhog Rudrappa of Hulikunte be an insolvent, and entitled to the benefit of Chapter XX of the Code of Civil Procedure.

2. The Court further declares that the 28th day of March 1879 is fixed for the creditors mentioned in the schedule attached to the application of the said Shanbhog Rudrappa of Hulikunte, and other persons, if any, alleging themselves to be creditors of the insolvent, to appear, and under section 352 of the Code of Civil Procedure to produce evidence as to the amount and particulars of their respective and pecuniary claims against him.

2 7

3. G. Venkatachalaiya, the Agent of the Túmkúr Savings' Bank, is hereby appointed receiver of the property of the insolvent, and as such property has already been attached at the instance of the decree-holder except the outstanding debts ; the Court directs that the receiver be placed in possession of the property under attachment, and that the insolvent be discharged under section 355 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Given under my hand and the seal of this Court this the 28th day of February 1879.

B. SRINIVASAIENGAR,
Judl. Asstt. Commr.

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

The 10th March 1879.

Descriptive Roll of a convict escaped on Saturday the 8th March 1879, from the gang of convicts employed in the Shimoga Town Municipality. Jail No. 6057. *Name*—Lalaiya. *Father's name*—Lalaiya. *Residence*—Nanjapur, Shimoga Taluk. *Caste*—Lambani. *Profession*—Cooly. *Age*—25 years. *Height*—5 feet and 2 inches. *Crime*—Theft. *Date of Sentence*—6th February 1879. *Term of Sentence*—2 years' rigorous imprisonment. *Awarding Court*—Shimoga District Magistrate. *Descriptive marks*—A strong-made man of dark color and light-brown eyes, a large ulcer in the upper and anterior part of left thigh, pits of small-pox slightly marked on the face, a large glazed scar on the left shin and one ditto on the right thigh ; is circumcised.

RAMASWAMAIENGAR,
For Supt. of Shimoga Jail.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDICIAL ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER, SHIMOGA.

The 6th March 1879.

Insolvency Case No. 4 of 1879.

In the matter of Chapter XX of the Code of Civil Procedure, and in the matter of petition of Mailmane Devappa, Civil Prisoner, in Execution Case No. 247 of 1878.

ORDER.—The Court having examined the applicant, the said M. Devappa, in the presence of such of the creditors as appeared, as to his circumstances and as to his future means of payment, and having heard such of the creditors as did so appear, hereby declares under the provisions of section 351 of the Code of Civil Procedure, the said Mailmane Devappa to be an insolvent, and entitled to the benefit of the aforesaid Chapter XX of the Code of Civil Procedure, and orders his discharge from custody.

2. The Court further directs that the 9th April 1879 be fixed for the creditors mentioned in the schedule attached to the application of the said Devappa, and any other persons alleging themselves to be creditors of the insolvent, to appear under section 352 of the Code of Civil Procedure, and to produce evidence as to the amount and particulars of their respective claims against the aforesaid Devappa.

Insolvency Case No. 5 of 1879.

In the matter of Chapter XX of the Code of Civil Procedure, and in the matter of the petition of Appaji, prisoner in the Civil Debtors' Jail.

ORDER.—The Court having examined the applicant, the said Appaji, in the presence of such of the creditors as appeared, as to his circumstances and as to his future means of payment, and having heard such of the creditors as did so appear, hereby declares under the provisions of section 351 of the Code of Civil Procedure, the said Appaji to be an insolvent, and entitled to the benefit of the aforesaid Chapter XX of the Code of Civil Procedure, and orders his discharge from the Debtors' Civil Jail.

2. The Court further directs that the 9th April 1879 be fixed for the creditors mentioned in the schedule attached to the application of the said Appaji, and any other persons alleging themselves to be the creditors of the insolvent, to appear under section 352 of the Code of Civil Procedure, and to produce evidence as to the amount and particulars of their respective claims against the aforesaid Appaji.

3. The Court also directs that the Nazir of the Court be ordered to sell the property specified in the schedule, as receiver, and remit the proceeds of the same to this Court to be distributed among the creditors.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this the 13th day of March 1879.

C. CREESS,
Judicial Asstt. Commr.

SEASON REPORTS FOR THE MONTH OF FEBRUARY 1879.

Mysore District.

Rain.—Slight rain fell in three taluks; the total gauged was 1 inch and 73 cents.

Crops.—The standing sugar-cane crop is thriving. No seeds were sown during the month.

Health.—The public health was indifferent; fever prevailing. There were 491 deaths from all causes, 374 of which are ascribed to fever.

Cattle.—Eight hundred and seventy-four head of cattle died from various causes, including 287 carried off by murrain.

Prices.—Prices have a tendency to rise.

C. J. PEARSE,
Dy. Commr.

Chitaldroog District.

Weather.—The weather was sultry. Rain fell in four taluks of the District.

In some parts of the Dodéri Taluk, heavy showers of rain accompanied with hail-stones fell on the 22nd and 24th February. The average reading of the thermometer at the District head-quarters was 82° at 9-30 A. M., and 89° at 3-30 P. M.

Crops.—In two sammats of the Dodéri Taluk cheuna, navane, wheat and chillies were damaged owing to the storm of hail-stones which fell on the dates above referred to. The crops have, in certain parts of Davangere, Chitaldroog and Dodéri, suffered from the ravages of rats, and the extent of the damage thereby caused is reported to be from 1 to 4 annas in the rupee. The crops harvested during the month were white javari, chenna, wheat, horse-gram and avare. The remaining crops are reported to be healthy except paddy in the Hosdurga Taluk, where the crops are attacked with a disease called "Junny." Land paying an assessment of Rs. 5 was taken up for cultivation in the Budihal Taluk.

Health.—The health of the population was bad, fever being prevalent in many parts of the District. The deaths among the population were as detailed below :—

Fever	..	.. 300	Bowel complaint	..	.. 17
Small-pox	..	.. 0	Accident	..	.. 1
Dysentery	..	.. 0	Suicide	..	.. -
Diarrhœa	..	.. 0	Other causes	..	.. 3
Wound	..	.. -			
Snake-bite	..	.. 5			Total...

Cattle.—There was no epidemic disease among cattle, but the loss from other causes was 1,549 during the month under reference.

Prices.—In the early part of the month there was a slight rise in the prices of grain owing to the extensive exportation of grain to the Bellary District, but the prices had fallen subsequently, as below noted :—

Rice from 9 to 11½.
Ragi from 20 to 26.
Javari from 16 to 23.

NARNAPPA,
For Dy. Commissioner.

Kadur District.

Rain-fall.—Light showers fell in the Tarikere, Lakvalli, Chikmagalur and Banavar Taluks towards the end of the month.

The following table furnishes readings of the thermometer and quantity of rain gauged at the District head-quarters during the past and present months as contrasted with the month of February 1878 :—

January—1879, thermometer at 9-30 A. M.			73·13°,	at 3-30 P. M.		72·6°.	*Rain*,	3 Cents.
February	„	„	„	80· 9°,	„	79·3°.	„	94 „
Do	1878	„	„	63·12°	„	69·20°,	„	0 „

Crops.—No seeds were sown during the month.

Sugar-cane, Bengal-gram and horse-gram in the Tarikere Taluk, sugar-cane in the Lakvalli Taluk, sesamum and Bengal-gram in the Chikmagalur Taluk, bengal-gram, lamp-oil seed and sugar-cane in the Banavar Taluk, are reported on favorably. Bengal-gram, horse-gram and sugar-cane in the Tarikere Taluk, sugar-cane in the Lakvalli Taluk, onions, garlic, coriander seed, wheat, Bengal-gram and sugar-cane in the Chikmagalur Taluk, Bengal-gram, lamp-oil seeds in the Banavar Taluk are being harvested.

Health.—The health of the District has not been very good, fever and ague prevailing everywhere Small-pox also broke out in the Koppa Taluk though no deaths were reported from this cause.

The total mortality from all causes was 313 in this against 401 in the last month, and 532 in February 1878.

Live-stock.—The condition of live-stock is reported on favorably, the murrain or "kalbayi jvara," types prevailed in the Koppa Taluk.

The total mortality reported from all causes amounted 171 in this against 856 last month, and 910 in February 1878.

K. MAHOMED ALI,
For Offg. Dy. Commissioner.

COMMISSARIAT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The 6th February 1879.

Sealed tenders in the form used in the Commissariat Department (blank forms whereof can be had ...cation at the Commissariat Office at Húnsúr), will be received up to 12 o'clock on the 31st day of ...79, by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Húnsúr, for the purchase by contract of the articles the subjoined schedule.

2. Tenders will be opened by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Húnsúr, in the presence of those interested who may choose to attend.

3. Each tender must be accompanied by the deposit (in cash or currency notes) shewn in the schedule, and in default of such deposit the tender will be rejected, nor will any tender be received after the time fixed for the opening of tenders.

4. No person making a tender shall be allowed to withdraw his tender for the space of sixty days from the date thereof, and in the event of his so doing, he will be considered as having committed a breach of his contract, and will be held responsible for all damages which Government may sustain thereby.

5. Tenders should be superscribed "Tenders for purchase of Hides."

6. All needful information may be had on application at the Commissariat Office at Húnsúr.

7. Every tender not made in the required form will be rejected.

8. The Commissary General reserves to himself the right of rejecting tenders without assigning any reason for so doing.

9. The successful competitors will be required to pay the value of the stamped paper on which their contract agreements are made out, according to the scale in clause 16, Schedule 1 of the General Stamp Act XVIII of 1869.

SCHEDULE.

Description of Articles to be purchased.	Probable Quantity or Number.	Period of delivery, specifying quantities.	Places of delivery, and by whom to be taken.	Amount of Deposit in Cash or Currency Notes.	Amount of Security in Cash, Currency Notes, or Government Promissory Notes.	Compensation to be paid to Government for each breach of Contract.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Hides of Amrut Mahál Cattle.	No. 700, but no number can be guaranteed.	Between 1st April 1879 and 31st March 1880 at such times and intervals as may suit the purchaser to be arranged at the time of acceptance of tender.	Húnsúr. Tarikere. Hassan. Gubbi. Channagiri. Delivery to be taken by the purchaser or his agents from the officer in charge or from the Darogas of the Department.	One hundred rupees.	Twenty per cent on the value of seven hundred hides, at the rate of accepted tender.	Not exceeding Rs. Twenty.

By Order of the Commissary General,

R. HUNTER, *Captain*,
For Officer in charge Amrut Maha

The 21st March 1879.

Sealed tenders in the form used in the Commissariat Department (blank forms whereof can be had on application at the Commissariat Office at Bangalore), will be received up to 1 o'clock on the 2nd day of April 1879, by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bangalore, for the supply by contract of the articles mentioned in the subjoined schedule.

Tenders will be opened by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bangalore in the presence of those interested who may choose to attend.

Each tender must be accompanied by the deposit (in cash or currency notes) shewn in the schedule; and in default of such deposit, the tender will be rejected, nor will any tender be received after the time fixed for the opening of tenders.

No person making a tender shall be allowed to withdraw his tender for the space of 60 days from the date thereof, and in the event of his so doing, he will be considered as having committed a breach of his contract, and will be held responsible for all damages which Government may sustain thereby.

Tenders should be superscribed "Tenders for Hospital Clothing and Bedding for 1879—80."

All needful information may be had on application at the Commissariat Office at Bangalore.

Every tender not made in the required form will be rejected.

The Commissary General reserves to himself the right of rejecting tenders without assigning any reason for so doing.

The successful competitors will be required to pay the value of the stamped paper on which their contract agreements are made out, according to the scale in clause 16, Schedule 1 of the General Stamp Act XVIII of 1869.

SCHEDULE.

Description of Articles to be supplied.	Probable Quantity or Number.	Period of delivery specifying Quantities.	Place of delivery, and to whom to be made.	Amount of Deposit in Cash or Currency Notes.	Amount of Security in Cash, Currency Notes or Government Promissory Notes.	Compensation to be paid to Government for each breach of Contract.
Hire for stitching shirts, flannels No.	300	In such quantities as may be required from date on which contract sanctioned up to 31st March 1880.	To the Commissariat Hospital Stores.	Rupees. 70	At 20 per cent on the value of the articles contracted for.	Not exceeding 10 Rupees.
Do for trowsers ,,	250					
Pillows stuffed with cotton ,,	200					
Quilts stuffed with cotton without gingham ,,	100					
Slippers Pairs	350					

The successful tenderer must, within three days from date of receiving intimation that his tender has been accepted, lodge security of the nature and amount mentioned in column 6, failing which his deposit shall be confiscated.

The 24th March 1879.

Sealed tenders in the form used in the Commissariat Department (blank forms whereof can be had on application at the Commissariat Office at Bangalore), will be received up to 1 o'clock on the 2nd day of April 1879, by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bangalore, for the supply by contract of the articles mentioned in the subjoined schedule.

Tenders will be opened by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bangalore in the presence of those interested who may choose to attend.

Each tender must be accompanied by the deposit (in cash or currency notes) shewn in the schedule, and in default of such deposit, the tender will be rejected, nor will any tender be received after the time fixed for the opening of tenders.

No person making a tender shall be allowed to withdraw his tender for the space of 60 days from the date thereof, and in the event of his so doing, he will be considered as having committed a breach of his contract, and will be held responsible for all damages which Government may sustain thereby.

Tenders should be superscribed "Tenders for Country Carts for 40th Regiment N. I."

All needful information may be had on application at the Commissariat Office at Bangalore.

Every tender not made in the required form will be rejected.

The Commissary General reserves to himself the right of rejecting tenders without assigning any reason for so doing.

The successful competitors will be required to pay the value of the stamped paper on which their contract agreements are made out, according to the scale in clause 16, Schedule 1 of the General Stamp Act XVIII of 1869.

SCHEDULE.

Description of Articles to be supplied.	Probable Quantity or Number.	Period of delivery, specifying Quantities.	Place of delivery, and to whom to be made.	Amount of Deposit in Cash or Currency Notes.	Amount of Security in Cash, Currency Notes, or Government Promissory Notes.	Compensation to be paid to Government for each breach of Contract.
Carts, country (covered) with bullocks and drivers complete ...	No. 87	For the use of the Headquarters and Left Wing of the 40th Regiment N. I. proceeding from Bangalore to Mercara about the 8th April 1879. To be supplied three days previous to the march of the Regiment, subject to the approval of the Executive Commissariat officer at Bangalore.	To the Executive Commissariat officer at Bangalore for the use of the Regiment.	Rs. 50	At 20 per cent on the hire of the carts contracted for.	Not exceeding 50 Rs.
Carts, country (covered) with bullocks and drivers complete ...	142	For the use of the Right Wing, 40th Regiment N. I, proceeding from Bangalore to French Rocks about the 8th April 1879. To be supplied three days previous to the march of the Regiment, subject to the approval of the Executive Commissariat officer at Bangalore.	And from the French Rocks and Mercara to Bangalore for the 28th Regiment as a return trip, if required.	100	Do	

The successful tenderer must, within three days from date of receiving intimation that his tende has been accepted, lodge security of the nature and amount mentioned in column 6, failing which deposit shall be confiscated.

By Order of the Commissary General,

G. A. WALKER
Asstt. Com·

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore.—1879.

THE 33 2.59

MYSORE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, APRIL 5, 1879.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by the Judicial Commissioner, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 29th March 1879.

The undermentioned gentlemen have been enrolled as Advocates in the Court of the Judicial Commissioner under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

Mr. Mandyam Dhatti Narayan Iengar. Mr. Robert Atherton Phillips.

The 3rd April 1879.

The undermentioned gentlemen have been enrolled as Advocates in the Court of the Judicial Commissioner under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

Mr. Henry Charles Ross Johnson. Barrister-at-Law.
,, James William Hayes. Do

J. D. SANDFORD,
Judicial Commissioner.

INAM DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 31. *The 10th March* 1879.

It is hereby notified that the enquiry into the validity of the tenure on which the minor inams and the kayamgutta, jodi and inam villages are held in the Ashtagram Taluk will be made at Seringapatam by Mr. Syed Nasruddin, Assistant Superintendent of Inam Settlements, from the 15th April to the 20th June 1879.

2. All parties interested in the inams in the above taluk are, therefore, hereby directed to appear before the Assistant Superintendent between the above dates, either in person or by agent, and to produce all sannads and documents in support of their claims to the inams and villages, failing which their inams and villages will be attached from the 21st June 1879, and finally resumed after one year from that date.

No. 32. *The 10th March* 1879.

It is hereby notified that the enquiry into the validity of the tenure on which the minor inams the kayamgutta, jodi and inam villages are held in the Nanjangúd Taluk will be made at N gúd by Mr. B. Rajagopalaiya, Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Inam Settlements, from April to the 5th June 1879.

2. All parties interested in the inams in the above taluk are, therefore, hereby directed to appear before the Assistant Superintendent between the above dates, either in person or by agent, and to produce all sannads and documents in support of their claims to the inams and villages, failing which their inams and villages will be attached from the 6th June 1879, and finally resumed after one year from that date.

No. 33. *The 26th March* 1879.

It is hereby notified that the enquiry into the validity of the tenure on which the minor inams and the kayamgutta, jodi and inam villages are held in the Mysore Taluk will be made at Mysore by Mr. T. Srinivasaiengar, Assistant Superintendent of Inam Settlements, from the 5th May to the 4th July 1879.

2. All parties interested in the inams in the above taluk are, therefore, hereby directed to appear before the Assistant Superintendent between the above dates, either in person or by agent, and to produce all sannads and documents in support of their claims to the inams and villages, failing which their inams and villages will be attached from the 5th July 1879, and finally resumed after one year from that date.

R. A. COLE,
Supt. of Inam Settlements.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th March 1879.

Murugesam, Draughtsman, Assistant Engineer's Office, Hassan Channel District, was granted privilege leave for twenty-seven days from 5th February to 3rd March 1879, both days inclusive.

A. B. GATTERER,
Executive Engr., Cauvery Dn.

BANGALORE MUNICIPALITY.

No. 5. *The 4th April* 1879.

Memo of propositions to be laid before the Ordinary Meeting of the Town Municipal Commission to be held at their office premises, Bangalore Taluk Cutcherry, on Friday the 25th April 1879.

1. The usual monthly accounts and mortuary return for the month of March 1879.
2. Deferred propositions with reference to the alterations to be effected to Purnaiya's Reservoir.
3. Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore No. 4025—357, dated 26th March 1879, sanctioning the President's proposals to divide the Town of Bangalore into 5 instead of 3 Municipal Divisions.

J. H. ORR,
President, Town Muni. Commn.

NUNDYDROOG DIVISION.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st March 1879.

It is hereby notified for general information that, under the authority of the Chief Commissioner, the transfer of the undermentioned villages in certain hoblis of the Gudibanda Taluk, has been sanctioned temporarily :—

Transferred—	*Names of Villages.*
From Mandihalla To Somenhalli Hobli ..	1 Tippal Ballenhalli. 2 Pyalchinapanhalli. 3 Bichganhalli. 4 Bandarlahalli.

Transferred—		*Names of Villages.*
From Mandihalla To Gudibanda Hobli	..	1 Ullodu. 2 Geramaradahalli. 3 Nallagattahalli. 4 Yelakalrollahalli. 5 Chiknarapanhalli (Kayamgutta.)
From Gudibanda To Mandihalla Hobli		1 Siddaganhalli (Sarvamanyam.)
From Gudibanda To Nagargere Hobli	..	1 Srinivaspur. 2 Nottur. 3 Chikgnallehalli 4 Cholasettihalli. 5 Muddelhalli (Kayamgutta.) 6 Kodihalli (Do) 7 Naralihalli (Jodi.)
From Somenhalli To Gudibanda Hobli	..	1 Nimalpalli. 2 Kadahalli. 3 Maravehalli. 4 Adinarayanhalli. 5 Budareddihalli.
From Nagargere To Darinayikpalya Hobli	..	1 Manivala. 2 Narsipuradinne. 3 Hanumenhalli. 4 Nakalhalli. 5 Nulakadandahalli. 6 Sabbanhalli. 7 Mopurahalli.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Commr.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

PROCLAMATIONS.

The 31*st March* 1879.

Notice is hereby given that Subbanna,* late Registration Gumasta of the Bangalore Taluk, is accused of the offences of forgery of a valuable security and forgery for the purpose of cheating under sections 467 and 468 of the Indian Penal Code in respect of certain registration books and documents registered in the Bangalore Sub-Registry Office, and that he has absconded. The warrant issued for his apprehension having been returned unexecuted, his property has been attached.

* Described below.

All Police Officers and Magistrates are hereby requested to use their utmost endeavours in arresting or causing the arrest of the said individual.

Name—Subbanna. *Father's Name*—Chayapataiya. *Caste*—Smarta Brahman. *Probable Age*—38. *Residence*—Chik Pettah, Bangalore. *Complexion*—Fair. *Height*—Moderate. *General Remarks*—Is thin.

The 4th April 1879.

Adverting to this office proclamation dated 20th March 1879 published at page 261 of the *Mysore Gazette* dated 22nd idem, regarding the apprehension or furnishing of such information as shall lead to the apprehension of D. Sétu Rao, Khazána Bakshi of the Chief Commissioner's Treasury, it is hereby notified for the information of the public that the amount of reward therein offered is hereby raised to Rs. (1,000) one thousand.

L. RICKETTS
Dy. Commr. & Dist.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 22nd March 1879.

Notice is hereby given that a document described below is lying unclaimed with the Sub-Registrar of Yedatore since 12th December 1876, the date of registry.

The presenter of this document or his duly constituted agent is hereby called upon to appear before the Sub-Registrar of Yedatore and claim the said document within one month from the date of this notification, or the document will be destroyed as authorized in section 85 of the Indian Registration Act III of 1877.

Particulars of the document.—Document dated 30th November 1876, executed by Parvata Setti, son of Bherya Sidlinga Setti, in favor of Katte Malalvadi Amartur Venkatnarnappa, purporting to have sold to Venkatnarnappa for Rs. 200 the following property, *viz* :—

One cocoa and areca-nut garden, known as the "Dalasetti Tota," situated under the Bherya tank, measuring 11 kolagas, 3 ballas and 1 solige, assessed at Rs. 7—8—3, water cess included.

C. J. PEARSE,
Registrar.

The 2nd April 1879.

The Chief Commissioner having directed the cancelment of the existing contract from 16th May 1879, tenders for the contract of date toddy in the District of Mysore within the limits of the Ashtagram Division, commencing from 16th May 1879 to 31st March 1881, will be received by the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, up to 2 P. M. on 1st May 1879.

2. Each tender should distinctly state the sum which the applicant is prepared to give for the lease, and that he can furnish the required security *viz.*, Rs. 40,000 for the Mysore District, and should bear his full signature, and be carefully sealed superscribed "Tender for Toddy," and be addressed to Deputy Commissioner, if sent by post, must be duly registered.

3. Each tender to be accompanied by a deposit (in promissory or currency notes) of Rs. 2,000, which will be returned should the tender be rejected.

Acceptance of tender by Chief Commissioner will be intimated by 10th May 1879.

4. The principal terms of the contract will be as follows, *i.e.*, similar to terms of existing contract.

5. On the tender being accepted, the contractor will deposit the amount of the security mentioned in para 2, either in cash or Government promissory notes, to be held at the disposal of the Deputy Commissioner till the close of the contract.

6. The contract amount shall be paid by monthly instalments, and each such instalment shall be so paid that it may reach the District Treasury on or before the 15th day of the month following that for which it is due.

7. In the event of any default in the payment of these instalments, it shall be lawful for the Deputy Commissioner for the time being to order the farm to be taken under Government management at the risk of the contractor, or declare the lease forfeited, and to resell it at the contractor's risk and loss, and further to recover all arrears and loss by attachment and sale of his property, real and personal.

8. The contractor will be required to pay local cess of half an anna in every rupee of the amount of his contract, and in all cases of disputes between him and sub-lessees, applications shall be made on stamp paper in accordance with provisions of the Court Fees Act in force.

9. Toddy will be sold at fixed rates, and supplies of the same as well as of jaggory will be made akers, distillers, &c., as usual.

All shops shall be subject to mohatarfa and existing number will remain as heretofore, but l vendor shall obtain a license under the rules in force.

11. The contract bond will provide for the absolute transfer to the holders of occupied lands, on the survey settlement of the taluk in which they are situated, of all date trees standing thereon on the terms in force.

12. It shall be lawful to the revenue authorities to remove without payment of compensation date trees wherever situated, which in their opinion are prejudicial to cultivation or the security of tanks or channels, or necessary in connection with the Bangalore-Mysore Railway project.

13. The District authorities will exercise full control over Government date groves on waste lands, whether demarcated or not, in view to the prevention of injury to them by felling or by the indiscriminate tapping of the trees.

14. The supply of date leaves to the ryots where necessary will be regulated by the District authorities.

15. It shall also be competent to the District Magistrate to direct the closing of retail shops for the sale of toddy where such a measure is deemed necessary.

16. No compensation will be paid to the contractor for the exercise of all or any of the powers thus reserved.

17. Leases of toddy in inam, &c., villages will be taken for the same period and on the same conditions as those of the Government contract at proportionate rates.

18. The contract shall not be transferred in part or whole by sale or otherwise without the authority of the Local Government.

19. The Chief Commissioner reserves to himself the option of rejecting tenders without assigning any reason for so doing.

C. J. PEARSE,
Dy. Commissioner.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDICIAL ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER.

The 20th day of March 1879.

Before V. N. TIRUMALACHARI, Esq., Judicial Assistant Commissioner.

Miscellaneous Case No. 6 of 1879.

Applicant—Narnasetti.

Creditors.

1st.	Sidviranna.	5th.	Nanje Gauda.
2nd.	Murgenna.	6th.	Latchme Gauda.
3rd.	Sidlinganna.	7th.	Kapanaiya.
4th.	Nanjappa.	8th	Timme Gauda.

ORDER.—The Court having examined the applicant Narnappa, in the presence of the Pleader for 1st creditor and decree-holder, and the other creditors from 2nd to 8th not having appeared either in person or by pleader, though duly served with notice, as to his circumstances and as to his future means of payment, and having heard the decree-holder's Pleader, hereby declares, under the provisions of section 351 of the Code of Civil Procedure, the said applicant Narnappa be an insolvent, and entitled to the benefit of Chapter XX of the Civil Procedure Code.

The Court further declares that the 18th day of June 1879 is fixed for the creditors mentioned in the schedule attached to the application of the said Narnappa, and other persons, if any, alleging themselves to be creditors of the insolvent, to appear and under section 352 of the Code of Civil Procedure, to produce evidence as to the amount and particulars of their respective and pecuniary claims against him.

The property the applicant has placed at the disposal of the Court be sold by auction for the b of the creditor who has taken out execution against applicant.

V. N. TIRUMALACHA
Judicial Asst

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

The 10th March 1879.

Descriptive Roll of a convict escaped on Saturday the 8th March 1879, from the gang of convicts employed in the Shimoga Town Municipality. Jail No. 6057. *Name*—Lalaiya. *Father's name*—Lalaiya. *Residence*—Nanjapur, Shimoga Taluk. *Caste*—Lambani. *Profession*—Cooly. *Age*—25 years. *Height*—5 feet and 2 inches. *Crime*—Theft. *Date of Sentence*—6th February 1879. *Term of Sentence*—2 years' rigorous imprisonment. *Awarding Court*—Shimoga District Magistrate. *Descriptive marks*—A strong-made man of dark color and light-brown eyes, a large ulcer in the upper and anterior part of left thigh, pits of small-pox slightly marked on the face, a large glazed scar on the left shin and one ditto on the right thigh; is circumcised.

RAMASWAMAIENGAR,
For Supt. of Shimoga Jail.

Season Report of the Shimoga District for the Month of February 1879.

Rain.—The quantity of rain gauged in the several taluks of the district is as follows :—

	C.		C.
Shimoga	12¾	Shikarpur	32
Channagiri	44	Kavaledurga	30

The average reading of the thermometer at Shimoga was 78·5 at 9-30 A. M. and 73·47 at 3-30 P. M.
Crops.—Sugar-cane, pepper, Bengal-gram, horse-gram and other dry-crops are having [illegible].
Lands.—Lands assessed at Rs. 28—8—0 have been taken up for cultivation.
Health.—Fever is somewhat prevalent. Number of deaths is 867 against 977 in the previous month.
Cattle.—Casualties among cattle are 1,243 against 601 in the previous month.
Prices.—Stationary.

RAMASWAMAIENGAR,
For Dy. Commr.

Deaths registered in the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore for the Week ending 7th March 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males. .. 72,236 / Females.. 70,277 } Total.... 142,513

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	1	1
Small-pox	...	...	...
Fevers	12	10	22
Bowel-complaints ...	1	2	3
Suicide	...	...	..
Wounding	...	...	...
Accident	...	1	1
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	...	...	...
All other Causes ...	14	14	28
Total.....	27	28	55
uring the Week ...	34	19	53

Deaths registered in the Town of Mysore for the Week ending 7th March 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males ... 29,081 / Females .. 28,734 } Total. .. 57,815

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	...	...
Fevers	3	4	7
Bowel-complaints	8	3	11
Suicide	...	...	...
Wounding	...	...	...
Accident	...	...	...
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts ...	...	...	...
All other Causes	...	...	...
Total.....	11	7	18
Births during the Week ...	2	2	4

Deaths registered in the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore for the Week ending 14th March 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males .. 72,236 / Females .. 70,277

Total.... 142,513

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	..	...
Fevers	11	11	22
Bowel-complaints	4	4	8
Suicide	...	...	...
Wounding*	...	..	...
Accident	...	...	...
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	...	...	...
All other causes	16	26	32
Total.....	31	31	62
Births during the week ...	28	26	54

Deaths registered in the Town of Mysore for the Week ending 14th March 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males .. 29,081 / Females .. 28,734

Total.... 57,815

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	...	...
Fevers	3	3	6
Bowel-complaints	1	3	4
Suicide	...	...	...
Wounding	...	...	...
Accident	...	...	...
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	...	...	...
All other causes	...	...	...
Total.....	4	6	10
Births during the week. ...	3	4	7

31st *March* 1879.

P. G. FITZ GERALD,
Dy. Surgeon General, I. M D.,
Mysore Dn. &C. D.

COMMISSARIAT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The 31st *March* 1879.

Sealed tenders in the form used in the Commissariat Department (blank forms whereof can be had on application at the Commissariat Office at Bangalore), will be received up to 1 o'clock on the 10th day of April 1879, by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bangalore, for the supply by contract of the articles mentioned in the subjoined schedule.

Tenders will be opened by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bangalore in the presence of those interested who may choose to attend.

Each tender must be accompanied by the deposit (in cash or currency notes) shewn in the schedule; and in default of such deposit, the tender will be rejected, nor will any tender be received after the time fixed for the opening of tenders.

No person making a tender shall be allowed to withdraw his tender for the space of 60 days from the date thereof, and in the event of his so doing, he will be considered as having committed a breach of his contract, and will be held responsible for all damages which Government may sustain thereby.

Tenders should be superscribed "Tenders for Beef for Hospitals for 1879—80."

All needful information may be had on application at the Commissariat Office at Bangalore.

Every tender not made in the required form will be rejected.

The Commissary General reserves to himself the right of rejecting tenders without assigning any reason for so doing.

The successful competitors will be required to pay the value of the stamped paper on which contract agreements are made out, according to the scale in clause 16, Schedule 1 of the General Act XVIII of 1869.

Schedule.

Description of Articles to be supplied.	Probable Quantity or Number.	Period of delivery specifying Quantities.	Place of delivery, and to whom to be made.	Amount of Deposit in Cash or Currency Notes.	Amount of Security in Cash, Currency Notes or Government Promissory Notes.	Compensation to be paid to Government for each breach of Contract.
	lbs.	Daily in such quantities as may be required from date on which contract sanctioned to 31st March 1880.	To the Medical Officer at the several European and Native Hospitals daily at 6 A. M.	Rupees.	At 20 per cent on the value of the article contracted for.	
Beef best grass fed with bone.	10,200.			50		Not exceeding 20 Rupees.

The successful tenderer must, within three days from date of receiving intimation that his tender has been accepted, lodge security of the nature and amount mentioned in column 6, failing which his deposit shall be confiscated.

The 31st March 1879.

Sealed tenders in the form used in the Commissariat Department (blank forms whereof can be had on application at the Commissariat Office at Bangalore), will be received up to 1 o'clock on the 6th day of May 1879, by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bangalore, for the supply by contract of the articles mentioned in the subjoined schedule.

Tenders will be opened by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bangalore in the presence of those interested who may choose to attend.

Each tender must be accompanied by the deposit (in cash or currency notes) shown in the schedule, and in default of such deposit, the tender will be rejected, nor will any tender be received after the time fixed for the opening of tenders.

No person making a tender shall be allowed to withdraw his tender for the space of 60 days from the date thereof, and in the event of his so doing, he will be considered as having committed a breach of his contract, and will be held responsible for all damages which Government may sustain thereby.

Tenders should be superscribed "Tenders for Rice, &c., for Elephants for 1879-80."

All needful information may be had on application at the Commissariat Office at Bangalore.

Every tender not made in the required form will be rejected.

The Commissary General reserves to himself the right of rejecting tenders without assigning any reason for so doing.

The successful competitors will be required to pay the value of the stamped paper on which their contract agreements are made out, according to the scale in clause 16, Schedule 1 of the General Stamp Act VII of 1869.

Schedule.

Description of Articles to be supplied.	Probable Quantity or Number.	Period of delivery, specifying Quantities.	Place of delivery, and to whom to be made.	Amount of Deposit in Cash or Currency Notes.	Amount of Security in Cash, Currency Notes, or Government Promissory Notes.	Compensation to be paid to Government for each breach of Contract.
	lbs.	To be delivered on the 1st of each month in such quantities as may be required from date on which contract sanctioned to 31st March 1880.	At the Public Cattle Lines, to the Public Cattle Purveyor.	Rs.	At 20 per cent on the value of the articles contracted for.	
Rice 3rd sort for Elephants. ...	67,100			150		Not exceeding 20 rupees.
Oil, gingelly, for do	336					
Salt common for do and mules ...	1,560					

The successful tenderer must, within three days from date of receiving intimation that his tender has been accepted, lodge security of the nature and amount mentioned in column 5, failing which his deposit shall be confiscated.

By Order of the Commissary General,

G. A. WALKER, *Colonel*,
Asstt. Commissary General.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore.—1879.

THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, APRIL 12, 1879.

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☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by the Judicial Commissioner, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th April 1879.

The undermentioned person has been enrolled as 1st Grade Pleader in the Courts of Mysore under the Rules of 18th February 1879.

No.	Name.	Where practising at present.
5	Trivellore Subraya Modaliar.	Proposing to practise in the Courts of the Nundydroog Division.

J. D. SANDFORD,
Judicial Commissioner.

INAM DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 33.

The 26th March 1879.

It is hereby notified that the enquiry into the validity of the tenure on which the minor inams and the kayamgutta, jodi and inam villages are held in the Mysore Taluk will be made at Mysore by Mr. T. Srinivasaiengar, Assistant Superintendent of Inam Settlements, from the 5th May to the 4th July 1879.

2. All parties interested in the inams in the above taluk are, therefore, hereby directed to appear before the Assistant Superintendent between the above dates, either in person or by agent, and to produce all sannads and documents in support of their claims to the inams and villages, failing which their inams and villages will be attached from the 5th July 1879, and finally resumed after one year from that date.

R. A. COLE.
Supt. of Inam Se

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

PENSIONS AND GRATUITIES—LAST-PAY CERTIFICATES.

To All Heads of Offices in the Civil Department, Circular No. 1422, *dated 7th April* 1879.

I have the honor to invite attention to the Note to Rule 9, Chapter 4, of the Civil Account Code, and to request that to avoid delay in the payment of a pension newly sanctioned or a gratuity, a Last-Pay Certificate may be forwarded to this Office as prescribed, directly an order of the Chief Commissioner sanctioning a pension or gratuity is received by the Head of an Office.

Delay in complying with this rule may entail considerate hardship on persons who have already retired. I trust, therefore, that the transmission of the certificates may not be neglected or delayed.

H. HUDSON,
Dy. Accnt. General in Mysore.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

MONTHLY FORM C.

Deaths registered from different Causes in the Mysore Province during the month of October 1878.

Divisions.	Name of District.	Population according to Census of 1871.			Total Deaths from all Causes.			Ratio of Deaths per cent of Population from all Causes.			Number of Births registered.		
		Male	Female.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Nundydroog.	Bangalore District	414,543	413,811	828,354	425	395	820	·10	·10	·10	193	180	373
	Kolar do	309,685	309,269	618,954	241	226	467	·08	·07	·08	45	62	107
	Tumkur do	315,440	316,799	632,239	256	264	520	·08	·08	·08	40	39	79
	Total of the Division...	1,039,668	1,039,879	2,079,547	922	885	1,807	·09	·09	·09	278	281	559
Ashtagram.	Mysore District	467,562	475,625	943,187	453	256	709	·10	·05	·07	98	78	176
	Hassan do	313,683	326,194	639,877	256	146	402	·08	·04	·06	28	19	47
	Total of the Division...	781,245	801,819	1,583,064	709	402	1,111	·09	·05	·07	126	97	223
Nagar.	Shimoga District	258,446	240,530	498,976	594	423	1,017	·23	·17	·20	161	136	297
	Kadu do	184,978	177,487	362,465	224	180	404	·12	·10	11	38	39	77
	Chitaldroog do	271,587	259,773	531,360	221	179	400	·08	·07	·08	53	48	101
	Total of the Division...	715,011	677,790	1,392,801	1,039	782	1821	·15	·11	·13	252	223	475
	Total of the Province...	2,535,924	2,519,488	5,055,412	2,670	2,069	4,739	·10	·08	·09	656	601	1257
Coorg.	Coorg	94,454	73,858	168,312	328	224	552	·35	·30	·33	40	35	75

March 1879.

P. G. FITZ GERALD,
Deputy Surgeon General, I. M. D.,
Mysore Division & Ceded Districts.

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BANGALORE MUNICIPALITY.

No. 53. *The 5th April* 1879.

Memo of propositions to be laid before the Ordinary Meeting of the Cantonment Municipal Commission, to be held at their office premises, No. 12 Residency Road, on Tuesday the 22nd April 1879 at 7½ A. M.

1. The usual monthly accounts for the month of March 1879.
2. Remission and exemption of house tax.
3. List of agreements entered into by the President during the month of March 1879.
4. List of estimates sanctioned by the President during the month of March 1879.
5. Letter No. 1364, dated 24th March 1879, from the Agent and Manager, Madras Railway Company, in reply to the Resolution of the Municipal Commissioners, with reference to their suggestion for the removal of aloe hedge along the line of Railway within municipal limits.
6. Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 3838-39—Munl. 345, dated 17th March 1879, conveying certain observations on the budget estimates of receipts and disbursements of the Cantonment Municipal Commission for the official year 1879-80, together with President's explanation thereon.
7. Docket No. 22—2, dated 3rd April 1879, from the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, requesting information with reference to the slaughter-house contract and a piece of ground granted to Moolvi Jaffir Ali Saib free of cost.
8. Construction of pandal for public and religious purposes, the consideration of which was deferred at last meeting.
9. Proposal by the President to connect Kemp and Benson's cross roads by a level crossing over the Railway.

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J. H. ORR,
President, Cantt. Munl. Commrs.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

PROCLAMATIONS.

The 31st March 1879.

Notice is hereby given that Subbanna,* late Registration Gumasta of the Bangalore Taluk, is accused of the offences of forgery of a valuable security and forgery for the purpose of cheating under sections 467 and 468 of the Indian Penal Code in respect of certain registration books and documents registered in the Bangalore Sub-Registry Office, and that he has absconded. The warrant issued for his apprehension having been returned unexecuted, his property has been attached.

* Described below.

All Police Officers and Magistrates are hereby requested to use their utmost endeavours in arresting or causing the arrest of the said individual.

Name—Subbanna. *Father's Name*—Chayapataiya. *Caste*—Smarta Brahman. *Probable Age*—38. *Residence*—Chik Pettah. Bangalore. *Complexion*—Fair. *Height*—Moderate. *General Remarks*—Is thin.

The 4th April 1879.

Adverting to this office proclamation dated 20th March 1879 published at page 261 of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 22nd idem, regarding the apprehension or furnishing of such information as shall lead to the apprehension of D. Sétu Rao, Khazána Bakshi of the Chief Commissioner's Treasury, it is hereby notified for the information of the public that the amount of reward therein offered is hereby enhanced to Rs. (1,000) one thousand.

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L. RICE
Dy. Commr. &

The 9th April 1879.

In advertence to the Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 303 of the 8th ultimo, published in page 85 of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 15th idem, it is hereby notified, at the request of the Engineer-in-Chief, Mysore State Railway, that the width of the land required for the Mysore State Railway beyond Channapatna will average 90 to 100 feet; and therefore the average area to be taken up will be 8½ to 9 guntas per 100 feet of the Railway Line.

L. RICKETTS,
Dy. Commr.

SALE OF CATTLE AND CARTS AT GOVERNMENT FARM, BANGALORE.

The 7th April 1879.

Notice is hereby given that the undermentioned live stock and carts, the property of the Mysore Government, will be offered for sale by public auction at the Government Experimental Farm, Lal-Bagh road, on Friday 2nd May next, at 11 A. M.

Nineteen pairs of bullocks: a few pairs suited to light draught in private conveyances.
Ten platform carts, built on the Farm.
Two water carts with casks.

F. E. HARMAN, M. R. A. C., F. C. S.,
Superintendent, Govt. Farm.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 2nd April 1879.

The Chief Commissioner having directed the cancelment of the existing contract from 16th May 1879, tenders for the contract of date toddy in the District of Mysore within the limits of the Ashtagram Division, commencing from 16th May 1879 to 31st March 1881, will be received by the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, up to 2 P. M. on 1st May 1879.

2. Each tender should distinctly state the sum which the applicant is prepared to give for the lease, and that he can furnish the required security *viz.*, Rs. 40,000 for the Mysore District, and should bear his full signature, and be carefully sealed superscribed "Tender for Toddy," and be addressed to Deputy Commissioner, if sent by post, must be duly registered.

3. Each tender to be accompanied by a deposit (in promissory or currency notes) of Rs. 2,000, which will be returned should the tender be rejected.

Acceptance of tender by Chief Commissioner will be intimated by 10th May 1879.

4. The principal terms of the contract will be as follows, *i.e.*, similar to terms of existing contract.

5. On the tender being accepted, the contractor will deposit the amount of the security mentioned in para 2, either in cash or Government promissory notes, to be held at the disposal of the Deputy Commissioner till the close of the contract.

6. The contract amount shall be paid by monthly instalments, and each such instalment shall be so paid that it may reach the District Treasury on or before the 15th day of the month following that for which it is due.

7. In the event of any default in the payment of these instalments, it shall be lawful for the Deputy Commissioner for the time being to order the farm to be taken under Government management the risk of the contractor, or declare the lease forfeited, and to resell it at the contractor's risk and and further to recover all arrears and loss by attachment and sale of his property, real and personal.

The contractor will be required to pay local cess of half an anna in every rupee of the amount ...ct, and in all cases of disputes between him and sub-lessees, applications shall be made on ... accordance with provisions of the Court Fees Act in force.

... be sold at fixed rates, and supplies of the same as well as of jaggory will be made ..., as usual.

10. All shops shall be subject to mohatarfa and existing number will remain as heretofore, but each retail vendor shall obtain a license under the rules in force.

11. The contract bond will provide for the absolute transfer to the holders of occupied lands, on the survey settlement of the taluk in which they are situated, of all date trees standing thereon on the terms in force.

12. It shall be lawful to the revenue authorities to remove without payment of compensation date trees wherever situated, which in their opinion are prejudicial to cultivation or the security of tanks or channels, or necessary in connection with the Bangalore-Mysore Railway project.

13. The District authorities will exercise full control over Government date groves on waste lands, whether demarcated or not, in view to the prevention of injury to them by felling or by the indiscriminate tapping of the trees.

14. The supply of date leaves to the ryots where necessary will be regulated by the District authorities.

15. It shall also be competent to the District Magistrate to direct the closing of retail shops for the sale of toddy where such a measure is deemed necessary.

16. No compensation will be paid to the contractor for the exercise of all or any of the powers thus reserved.

17. Leases of toddy in inam, &c., villages will be taken for the same period and on the same conditions as those of the Government contract at proportionate rates.

18. The contract shall not be transferred in part or whole by sale or otherwise without the authority of the Local Government.

19. The Chief Commissioner reserves to himself the option of rejecting tenders without assigning any reason for so doing.

C. J. PEARSE,
Dy. Commissioner.

The 22nd March 1879.

Notice is hereby given that a document described below is lying unclaimed with the Sub-Registrar of Yedatore, since 12th December 1876, the date of registry.

The presenter of this document or his duly constituted agent is hereby called upon to appear before the Sub-Registrar of Yedatore and claim the said document within one month from the date of this Notification, or the document will be destroyed as authorized in section 85 of the Indian Registration Act III of 1877.

Particulars of the document.—Document dated 30th November 1876, executed by Parvata Setti, son of Bherya Sidlinga Setti, in favor of Katte Malalvadi Amartur Venkatnarnappa, purporting to have sold to Venkatnarnappa for Rs. 200 the following property, *viz* :—

One cocoa and areca-nut garden, known as the "Dalasetti Tota," situated under the Bherya tank, measuring 11 kolagas, 3 ballas and 1 solige, assessed at Rs. 7—8—3, water cess included.

The 29th March 1879.

Notice is hereby given that the undermentioned registered documents are lying unclaimed with the Sub-Registrar of Talkad for upwards of two years.

The presenters of these documents or their duly constituted agents or representatives are here called upon to appear before the Sub-Registrar of Talkad and claim the said documents within month from the date of this Notification, or the documents will be destroyed as authorized in sec of the Indian Registration Act III of 1877.

No.	Name and Residence of Executant.	Name and Residence of the Claimant.	Date of Presentation for Registration.	Date of Registration.	Nature and Value of Document.
193	Srikaryam Venkatachar of the Ahobala Matt, Narsipur.	(1) Chinnana. (2) Seshaiengar, Narsipur.	10—11—73	11—11—73	Lease of certain wet and dry lands for 7 years at an annual rental of Rs. 162—8—0.
3	Devamma, Talkad...	Nanjundaiya, Belakavadi..	3—4—74	6—4—74	Sale of certain wet lands in the Thotawadi village for Rs. 300—0—0.
20	Basa Linge Gauda, Kerahatti ...	Chinnana, Narsipur.	14—4—74	15—4—74	Lease of certain dry lands in the Ketahalli village for 5 years at an annual rental of Rs. 18, being price of 7 kandis of ragi.
81	Siddalingachari Sarvamanya, Megadahalli ...	Venkatachar, Srikarya Kartha of the Ahobala Matt, Narsipur.	27—6—76	27—6—76	Hypothecation of certain wet lands in the Megadahalli village for Rs. 182½ repayable within 5 years.
90	Venkatesaiya, Kempanapura.	Gundina Baramanna, Sravanbelagula.	7—7—74	9—7—74	Hypothecation of certain wet and dry lands in the Kempanapura village for Rs. 350 repayable within 1 month.
...	Aiyangarswami, Sosle Agrahar.	Sundara Sudarsanachar. Srirangarajpur.	2nd May 1870	...	Sale of a house situated at Srirangarasjpura for Rs. 150. This document was refused registration on seventh May 1870.

C. J. PEARSE,
Registrar.

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

The 10th March 1879.

Descriptive Roll of a convict escaped on Saturday the 8th March 1879, from the gang of convicts employed in the Shimoga Town Municipality. Jail No. 6057. *Name*—Lalaiya. *Father's name*—Lalaiya. *Residence*—Nanjapur, Shimoga Taluk. *Caste*—Lambani. *Profession*—Cooly. *Age*—25 years. *Height*—5 feet and 2 inches. *Crime*—Theft. *Date of Sentence*—6th February 1879. *Term of Sentence*—2 years' rigorous imprisonment. *Awarding Court*—Shimoga District Magistrate. *Descriptive marks*—A strong-made man of dark color and light-brown eyes, a large ulcer in the upper and anterior part of left thigh, pits of small-pox slightly marked on the face, a large glazed scar on the left shin and one ditto on the right thigh ; is circumcised.

RAMASWAMAIENGAR,
For Supt. of Shimoga Jail.

COORG.

NOTIFICATION.

IN THE CIVIL COURT OF THE SUBEDAR OF VIRARAJENDRAPET.

The 18th March 1879.

M. Ismal Saib of Virarajendrapet .. .. Plaintiff.

Versus.

Belathalli, son of Bengali Hakrodin of Virarajendrapet.. Defendant.

Notice is hereby given for general information that in satisfaction of the decree in O. S. No. 146 878, the right, title and interest of the Defendant in the undermentioned house and yard will be y public auction to the highest bidder at Virarajendrapet, in the 1st Assistant Superintendent's 1st May 1879.

Any claim to the said house and yard should be preferred to this Court before the date of sale.

Rupees 25 per centum of the amount bid should be deposited at the time of sale and the balance of the purchase money should be paid within 15 days, failing payment the land will again be put up for sale at the risk of the first purchaser.

Taluk.	Nad.	Name of Proprietor.	Description of Property.	Estimated area.	Boundaries. North.	South.	East.	West.	Annual assessment.	Remark shewing whether assessment is due, whether it is leased or mortgaged, &c., as far as the Court knows.
Coorg, Virarajendrapet of Yedenalknad Taluk.										
"										
"			Belathalli of Virarajendrapet.							
"			House No. 75, belonging to one Mussalman Belathalli in the Bengali Street of Virarajendrapet							
"			...							
"			Usman Saib's coffee garden.							
"			Lane leading to Dodatti Subanna's paddy field.							
"			Usman Saib's coffee garden.							
"			Road leading from Bengali street to Bittangal.							
"			2—0—0.							
"										Assessment Rs. 2—0—0 is due to Government for the year 1878—79.

H. G. THOMSON,
Superintendent.

Abstract of Meteorological Reports received from Head-Quarters of Districts in the Province of Mysore, from 1st to 15th March 1879.

DISTRICT.	Thermometer. Averages for the half month. 9-30 A. M. Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.	Difference.	3-30 P. M. Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.	Difference.	Thermometer. Maximum.	Minimum.	Rain. Inches.	Cents.	Wind.
Kolar * ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Túmkúr	77	67	10	82	71	11	91	64	...	44	N. E. & E.
Mysore ...	79	68	11	94	72	22	98	65	...	...	E. S. & S. W.
Hassan ...	...	59	..	...	64	...	94	65	...	15	N. E. & S. W.
Shimoga	83	...	...	92	...	...	...	...	...	...	N. E.;
Kadur	86	66	20	87	66	21	89	51	...	...	N. E. & S. W
Chitaldroog	89	...	...	90	...	...	...	...	...	...	E.

* Information not received.

Visitors to the Mysore Government Museum, Bangalore, during the month of March 1879, *were* 32,028 *in number, averaging, exclusive of Sundays,* 1,232 *daily.*

Signatures made in—									Total of Signatures.		Unable to sign, but tally kept.	Total of Visitors.	Unable to sign. No. of—		Total of Visitors.
English.		Tamil.	Telugu.	Kanarese.	Hindustani.	Mahratta.	Guzerati.	Malayalam.	Males.	Females.			Men & Boys.	Women and Girls.	
Europeans.	Natives.														
215	414	403	143	930	182	36	1	1	2,324	6	29,698	32,028	14,915	14,785	32,028

J. HOUSTON, M. D.,
Supt., Mysore Govt. Museum, Bangalore.

Deaths registered in the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore for the Week ending 21*st March* 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males .. 72,236 / Females .. 70,277 } Total.... 142,513

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	..	...
Fevers	14	6	20
Bowel-complaints	4	5	9
Suicide—	...	...	...
Wounding	...	..	...
Accident	2	1	3
Snkae-bite or killed by wild beasts.	...	...	...
All other causes	3	15	18
Total.....	23	27	50
Births during the week ...	35	22	57

Deaths registered in the Town of Mysore for the Week ending 21*st March* 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males .. 29,081 / Females .. 28,734 } Total.... 57,815

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	...	...
Fevers	14	8	22
Bowel-complaints	5	4	9
Suicide	...	...	...
Wounding	...	...	..
Accident	...	1	1
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	...	...	...
All other causes	...	...	...
Total.....	19	13	
Births during the week. ...	6	6	12

31*st March* 1879.

P. G. FITZ GERALD,
Dy. Surgeon General, I. M. D.,
Mysore Dn. & C. D.

COMMISSARIAT ADVERTISEMENT.

The 31*st March* 1879.

Sealed tenders in the form used in the Commissariat Department (blank forms whereof can be had on application at the Commissariat Office at Bangalore), will be received up to 1 o'clock on the 6th day of May 1879, by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bangalore, for the supply by contract of the articles mentioned in the subjoined schedule.

Tenders will be opened by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bangalore in the presence of those who may choose to attend.

Each tender must be accompanied by the deposit (in cash or currency notes) shewn in the schedule, and in default of such deposit, the tender will be rejected, nor will any tender be received after the time fixed for the opening of tenders.

No person making a tender shall be allowed to withdraw his tender for the space of 60 days from the date thereof, and in the event of his so doing, he will be considered as having committed a breach of his contract, and will be held responsible for all damages which Government may sustain thereby.

Tenders should be superscribed "Tenders for Rice, &c., for Elephants for 1879-80."

All needful information may be had on application at the Commissariat Office at Bangalore.

Every tender not made in the required form will be rejected.

The Commissary General reserves to himself the right of rejecting tenders without assigning any reason for so doing.

The successful competitors will be required to pay the value of the stamped paper on which their contract agreements are made out, according to the scale in clause 16, Schedule 1 of the General Stamp Act XVIII of 1869.

Schedule.

Description of Articles to be supplied.	Probable Quantity or Number.	Period of delivery, specifying Quantities.	Place of delivery, and to whom to be made.	Amount of Deposit in Cash or Currency Notes.	Amount of Security in Cash, Currency Notes, or Government Promissory Notes.	Compensation to be paid to Government for each breach of Contract.
	lbs.	To be delivered on the 1st of each month in such quantities as may be required from date on which contract sanctioned to, 31st March 1880.	At the Public Cattle Lines, to the Public Cattle Purveyor.	Rs.	At 20 per cent on the value of the articles contracted for.	Not exceeding 20 Rupees.
Rice, 3rd sort for Elephants, ...	67,100					
Oil, gingelly, for do	336			150		
Salt, common for do and mules ...	1,560					

The successful tenderer must, within three days from date of receiving intimation that his tender has been accepted, lodge security of the nature and amount mentioned in column 6, failing which his deposit shall be confiscated.

By Order of the Commissary General,

G. A. WALKER, C
Asst. Commiss

THE MYSORE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, APRIL 26, 1879.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by the Judicial Commissioner, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 15th April 1879.

The undermentioned person has been enrolled as 2nd Grade Pleader in the Courts of Mysore under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

No.	Name.	Where practising at present.
24.	Bindiganavale Vedantaiengar	.. Proposing to practise in the Courts of the Nagar Division.

The 19th April 1879.

The undermentioned persons have been enrolled as 2nd Grade Pleaders in the Courts of Mysore under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

25.	Dodballapur Bhima Rao	.. Proposing to practise in the Courts of the Nundydroog Division.
26.	C. Venkatsubbaiya	.. Do.
27.	Vakkaleri Krishna Rao	.. Do.
28.	Dodballapur Lakshminarasappa	.. Do.

J. D. SANDFORD,
Judicial Commissioner.

INAM DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 26th March 1879.

No. 33.

It is hereby notified that the enquiry into the validity of the tenure on which th and the kayamgutta, jodi and inam villages are held in the Mysore Taluk will be ma Mr. T. Srinivasaiengar, Assistant Superintendent of Inam Settlements, from the 5t July 1879.

2. All parties interested in the inams in the above taluk are, therefore, hereby directed to appear before the Assistant Superintendent between the above dates, either in person or by agent, and to produce all sannads and documents in support of their claims to the inams and villages, failing which their inams and villages will be attached from the 5th July 1879, and finally resumed after one year from that date.

The 16th April 1879.

No. 1.

It is hereby notified that the enquiry into the validity of the tenure on which the minor inams and the kayamgutta, jodi and inam villages are held in the Talkad Taluk will be made at the Kasba of Narsipur by Mr. B. Rajagopalaiengar, Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Inam Settlements, from the 15th May to the 15th July 1879.

2. All parties interested in the inams in the above taluk are, therefore, hereby directed to appear before the Assistant Superintendent between the above dates, either in person or by agent, and to produce all sannads and documents in support of their claims to the inams and villages, failing which, their inams and villages will be attached from the 16th July 1879, and finally resumed after one year from that date.

R. A. COLE,
Supt. of Inam Settlements.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

PROMPT SUBMISSION OF ACCOUNTS AND CASH BALANCE REPORTS.

Circular No. 1423, *dated* 21*st April* 1879.

The following orders of the Government of India are published, by order of the Chief Commissioner, for the information and guidance of Deputy Commissioners and District Treasury Officers in Mysore.

H. HUDSON,
Dy. Accts. General in Mysore.

Govt. of India, Financial Dept., Resolution No. 1478, dated Fort William, the 27th March 1879.

The President in Council now receives from Accountants General, by telegraph, returns of the principal revenues and expenditure, and of the cash balances, as soon after the end of each month as the figures can be ascertained.

2. The promptest possible receipt of these figures for all India is necessary that the Government may be acquainted with the contemporary condition of the finances.

3. An Accountant General cannot contribute the figures for all the treasuries in account with him until he receives them from the District Officers.

4. But District Officers seem not always to remember how much depends upon absolute punctuality on their part; consequently, defaults frequently occur, and the Government of India is needlessly deprived, by some trivial neglect in a few, perhaps, unimportant districts, of information which it is vital that it should possess.

The Local Governments are, therefore, requested to visit with severe displeasure any avoidable part of any District Officer in the despatch of his first and second lists of monthly pay-

ments with schedules and vouchers, together with the Cash Balance Report and the Cash Account with schedules and papers complete.

Each Accountant General will be directed to bring to the immediate notice of the Local Government any default in this matter by any of the District Officers in account with him.

Ordered, that this Resolution be communicated for information and guidance, to all Local Governments and Administrations, to the Comptroller General, and to all Accountants General and Deputy Accountants General in independent charge.

NUNDYDROOG DIVISION.

IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE OF THE NUNDYDROOG DIVISION.

Miscellaneous Application No. 35 *of* 1879.

In the matter of Chapter XX of the Code of Civil Procedure, and in the matter of the petition of Abbas, late a horse-dealer, but at present a rough-rider, but now under arrest.

Notice is hereby given that a petition with schedule attached was filed in this Court by the said Abbas, on the 28th day of February 1879, praying for the benefit of the provisions of the said Chapter XX of the Code of Civil Procedure, and to be declared insolvent under section 351 of the said Code, and that the matter of the above petition and schedule will be heard on Friday the 13th day of June 1879, at Bangalore, at 11 A. M., at which time the said insolvent is required to appear in person before this Court, and then and there abide such order as the Court shall make on his behalf; and that all persons claiming to be creditors of the said Abbas are at liberty to appear and oppose the said application.

Given under my hand and seal of the Court, this 21st day of April 1879.

T. CLARKE,
District Judge.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

PROCLAMATIONS.

The 4th April 1879.

Adverting to this office proclamation dated 20th March 1879 published at page 261 of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 22nd idem, regarding the apprehension or furnishing of such information as shall lead to the apprehension of D. Sétu Rao, Khazána Bakshi of the Chief Commissioner's Treasury, it is hereby notified for the information of the public that the amount of reward therein offered is hereby raised to Rs. (1,000) one thousand.

L. RICKETTS,
Dy. Commr. & Dist. Magistrate.

The 9th April 1879.

In advertence to the Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 303 of the 8th ultimo, published in page 85 of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 15th idem, it is hereby notified, at the request of the Engineer-in-Chief, Mysore State Railway, that the width of the land required for the Mysore State beyond Channapatna will average 90 to 100 feet; and therefore the average area to be taken be 8½ to 9 guntas per 100 feet of the Railway Line.

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270 270

The 19th April 1879.

Whereas a part of the defalcation in the Chief Commissioner's Treasury consists of twenty court fees stamp labels, of value a hundred rupees each, and no clue has been obtained regarding the same, it is hereby notified for public information that a reward of rupees one hundred will be paid by Government to any person or persons affording information leading to the recovery or detection of the said missing stamps.

L. RICKETTS,
Dy. Commr.

SALE OF CATTLE AND CARTS AT GOVERNMENT FARM, BANGALORE.

The 7th April 1879.

Notice is hereby given that the undermentioned live-stock and carts, the property of the Mysore Government, will be offered for sale by public auction at the Government Experimental Farm, Lal-Bagh road, on Friday 2nd May next, at 11 A. M.

Nineteen pairs of bullocks : a few pairs suited to light draught in private conveyances.
Ten platform carts, built on the Farm.
Two water carts with casks.

F. E. HAIMAN, M. R. A. C., F. C. S.,
Superintendent, Govt. Farm.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 29th March 1879.

Notice is hereby given that the undermentioned registered documents are lying unclaimed with the Sub-Registrar of Talkad for upwards of two years.

The presenters of these documents or their duly constituted agents or representatives are hereby called upon to appear before the Sub-Registrar of Talkad and claim the said documents within one month from the date of this Notification, or the documents will be destroyed as authorized in section 85 of the Indian Registration Act III of 1877.

No.	Name and Residence of Executant.	Name and Residence of the Claimant.	Date of Presentation for Registration.	Date of Registration.	Nature and Value of Document.
193	Srikaryam Venkatachar of the Ahobala Matt, Narsipur.	(1) Chinnana. (2) Seshaiengar, Narsipur.	10—11—73	11—11—73	Lease of certain wet and dry lands for 7 years at an annual rental of Rs. 162—8—0.
3	Devamma, Talkad...	Nanjundaiya, Belakavadi.	3—4—74	6—4—74	Sale of certain wet lands in the Thotawadi village for Rs. 300—0—0.
20	Basa Linge Gauda, Kerahatti ...	Chinnana; Narsipur.	14—4—74	15—4—74	Lease of certain dry lands in the Ketahalli village for 5 years at an annual rental of Rs. 18, being price of 7 kandis of ragi.
81	Siddalingachari, Sarvamanya Megadahalli ...	Venkatachar, Srikarya Kartha of the Ahobala Matt, Narsipur.	27—6—76	27—6—76	Hypothecation of certain wet lands in the Megadahalli village for Rs. 182½ repayable within 5 years.
90	Venkatesaiya, Kempanapura.	Gundina Baramanna, Sravanbelagula.	7—7—74	9—7—74	Hypothecation of certain wet and dry lands in the Kempanapura village for Rs. 350 repayable within 1 month.
	ngarswami, Agrahar.	Sundara Sudarsanachar, Srirangarajpur.	2nd May 1870	...	Sale of a house situated at Srirangarajpura for Rs. 150. This document was refused registration on seventh May 1870.

C. J. PEARSE,
Registrar.

SEASON REPORTS FOR THE MONTH OF MARCH 1879.

Kolar District.

Rain-fall.—The average rain-fall during the month was 42 cents; the season is hopeful; prices stationary.

Lands.—Lands assessed at Rs. 1,656—8—1 were taken up for cultivation, while those relinquished were 3,155—9—1.

Crops.—Seed sown during the month was sugar-cane. Vaisak paddy and sugar-cane are doing well, except where the former is drying for want of water, and destroyed by rats.

Health.—Fevers still continue. There were less deaths in March than in February, as is shewn below :—

		In Feb.	In March.
From	Small-pox	1	0
,,	Fevers	237	219
,,	Bowel-complaints	7	24
,,	Accidents	11	10
,,	Other diseases	140	114
		396	367

Casualties—

	In Feb.	In March.
Cows and bulls	214	211
Buffaloes	68	110
Sheep and goats	3,474	2,808
Horses	5	14
Asses	14	35
	3,775	3,178

Prices.—*Vide* para 1.

B. KRISHNAIENGAR,
Dy. Commissioner.

Kadur District.

Rain-fall.—Light showers fell in the Lakvalli and Koppa Taluks towards the end of the month.

The following table furnishes readings of the thermometer and quantity of rain gauged at the District head-quarters during the past and present months as contrasted with the month of March 1878.—

February	1879,	thermometer at 9-30 A. M.	80·9,,	at 3-30 P. M.	79·3..	*Rain*,	0	Inches.	94	Cents.
March	,,	,,	,,	86·13,	,,	86·30.	,,	0	,,	0	,,
Do	1878	,,	,,	87·21,	,,	91·14.	,,	2	,,	36	,,

Crops.—Sugar-cane was sown in the Chikmagalur Taluk.

Sugar-cane in the Tarikere, Lakvalli, Chikmagalur and Banavar Taluks is reported on favorably. Sugar-cane in the Lakvalli and Chikmagalur Taluks, sugar-cane and garlic in Banavar Taluk are b harvested.

Health.—The health of the District has not been very good. Fever and ague preva where. Small-pox has broken out in the Múdgere and Koppa Taluks.

The total mortality from all causes was 314 in this against 313 in the last month, and 538 in March 1878.

Live-stock.—The condition of live-stock is reported on favorably; the murrain of the kal bayi jvara type prevailed in the Koppa Taluk.

The total mortality reported from all causes amounted to 341 in this against 171 in the last month, and 589 in March 1878.

K. MAHOMED ALI,
Offg. Dy. Commissioner.

Abstract of Meteorological Reports received from Head-Quarters of Districts in the Province of Mysore, from 1st to 15th April 1879.

District.	Thermometer. Averages for the half month. 9-30 A. M. Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.	Difference.	3-30 P. M. Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.	Difference.	Thermometer. Maximum.	Minimum.	Rain. Inches.	Cents.	Wind.
Kolar	79	...	...	92	...	...	98	71	...	10	
Túmkúr ...	78	68	10	83	73	10	88	65	...	8	E.
Mysore	71	64	7	92	70	22	96	61	2	28	N. E. & S. W.
Hassan	...	62	...	...	66	...	95	68	1	55	S. W. W.
Shimoga ...	86	66	20	...	...	...	...	74	...	74	N. E. & S. W.
Kadur ...	88	67	21	89	67	22	90	50	1	29	N. E. & S. W.
Chitaldroog ...	88	...	...	90	...	...	...	...	...	40	N. E.

Deaths registered in the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore for the Week ending 28th March 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males. .. 72,236 / Females.. 70,277

Total. . . . 142,513

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	...	...
Fevers	9	6	15
Bowel-complaints ...	3	1	4
Suicide	...	...	..
Wounding	...	...	...
Accident	1	1	2
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	...	...	...
All other Causes ...	13	10	23
Total.....	26	18	44
Week ...	32	24	56

Deaths registered in the Town of Mysore for the Week ending 28th March 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males .. 29,081 / Females .. 28,734

Total. . . . 57,815

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	...	...
Fevers	5	12	17
Bowel-complaints	7	5	12
Suicide	...	...	...
Wounding	...	...	...
Accident	...	...	...
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts ...	...	...	...
All other Causes	...	...	...
Total.....	12	17	29
Births during the Week ...	8	5	13

Deaths registered in the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore for the Week ending 4th April 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males .. 72,236 / Females .. 70,277 }

272 272

Total.... 142,513

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	..	...
Fevers	10	5	15
Bowel-complaints	5	5	10
Suicide	...	...	...
Wounding	...	..	...
Accid	1	1	2
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	...	...	...
All other causes	13	13	26
Total.....	29	24	53
Births during the week ...	26	20	46

Deaths registered in the Town of Mysore for the Week ending 4th April 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males .. 29,081 / Females .. 28,734 }

Total.... 57,815

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	...	...
Fevers	5	3	8
Bowel-complaints	6	7	13
Suicide	...	...	...
Wounding	...	...	..
Accident	1	1	2
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	...	...	...
All other causes	...	...	...
Total.....	12	11	23
Births during the week. ...	5	2	7

18*th April* 1879.

P. G. FITZ GERALD,
Dy. Surgeon General, I. M. D.,
Mysore Dn. & C. D.

NOTICE.

The 19*th April* 1879.

The Executive Engineer, Bangalore Division, Madras Public Works Department, requires about 1,369 cubic yards of stone broken to $\frac{3}{4}$ inch cube for the New Road from Trinity Church to Agram Barracks.

Tenders for the supply at site per yard will be received up to noon of the 8th May 1879.

The supplier whose tender is accepted will be required to deposit Rs. 100 as security for the early and regular supply of the stone.

F. J. ROMILLY, *Lieut.*, R, E.,
Executive Engineer.

COMMISSARIAT ADVERTISEMENT.

The 31*st March* 1879.

Sealed tenders in the form used in the Commissariat Department (blank forms whereof can be had on application at the Commissariat Office at Bangalore), will be received up to 1 o'clock on the 6th day of May 1879, by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bangalore, for the supply by contract of the articles mentioned in the subjoined schedule.

Tenders will be opened by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bangalore in the presence of those interested who may choose to attend.

Each tender must be accompanied by the deposit (in cash or currency notes) shewn in the schec and in default of such deposit, the tender will be rejected, nor will any tender be received after the fixed for the opening of tenders.

No person making a tender shall be allowed to withdraw his tender for the space of 60 days from the date thereof, and in the event of his so doing, he will be considered as having committed a breach of his contract, and will be held responsible for all damages which Government may sustain thereby.

Tenders should be superscribed "Tenders for Rice, &c., for Elephants for 1879-80."

All needful information may be had on application at the Commissariat Office at Bangalore.

Every tender not made in the required form will be rejected.

The Commissary General reserves to himself the right of rejecting tenders without assigning any reason for so doing.

The successful competitors will be required to pay the value of the stamped paper on which their contract agreements are made out, according to the scale in clause 16, Schedule 1 of the General Stamp Act XVIII of 1869.

Schedule.

Description of Articles to be supplied.	Probable Quantity or Number.	Period of delivery, specifying Quantities.	Place of delivery, and to whom to be made.	Amount of Deposit in Cash or Currency Notes.	Amount of Security in Cash, Currency Notes, or Government Promissory Notes.	Compensation to be paid to Government for each breach of Contract.
	lbs.			Rs.		
Rice, 3rd sort, for Elephants. ...	67,100	To be delivered on the 1st of each month in such quantities as may be required from date on which contract sanctioned, to 31st March 1880.	At the Public Cattle Lines, to the Public Cattle Purveyor.	150	At 20 per cent on the value of the articles contracted for.	Not exceeding 20 Rupees.
Oil, gingelly, for do	336					
Salt, common for do and mules ...	1,560					

The successful tenderer must, within three days from date of receiving intimation that his tender has been accepted, lodge security of the nature and amount mentioned in column 6, failing which his deposit shall be confiscated.

By Order of the Commissary General,

G. A. WALKER, *Colonel,*
Asstt. Commissary General.

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POLICE DEPARTMENT.

REWARD OF RUPEES 500.

The 23rd April 1879.

A reward of Rupees five hundred is offered for such information as shall lead to the conviction of the parties concerned in the robbery of Her Majesty's Mail near Boppanhalli, Mysore Taluk, on the night of the 18th April 1879, which is reported to have contained the following Notes :—

Whole Notes.

B 59—33954 for Rs. 100	B 59—65168 for Rs. 100	J 4—92837 for Rs. 50
B 59—45220 do	B 59—66168 do	J 4—90832 do 50
B 59—38469 do	B 59—66169 do	B 59—32545 do 100
B 58—46548 do	J 10—27154 do	B 59—02213 do 20
J 10—14843 do	J 10—29147 do	B 54—37161 do 20
B 58—81970 do	B 59—66153 do	B 54—97036 do 20
J 10—23134 do	B 59—65167 do	B 56—14271 do 10
B 59—54763 do	B 59—56614 do	B 56—61182 do 10
B 59—54764 do	B 59—39490 do	B 59—59104 do 100
B 59—54765 do		Not known for do 20.

Half Notes.

Right halves.

B 59—24567 for Rs. 100	B 59—09883 for Rs. 100
B 59—24707 do	J 10—24765 do
B 58—72373 do	

Left half.

B 51—25457 for Rs. 500

Supplemental List of Currency Notes stolen from the Mail Bag, on the night of the 18th instant :—

Full Notes.

B 56—16381 for Rs. 10	J 9—24373 for Rs. 10	J 5—84221 for Rs. 20
B 54—97630 do 20	B 53—99069 do 10	B 40—85540 do 5
B 54—97535 do 20		

R. C. STEWART,
Ag. Dy. Inspector General of Police.

NOTICE.

The 3rd April 1879.

List of halves of Currency Notes reported to have been robbed in the Tumbinkatte Robbery Case :—

No.	Value.	No.	Value.
20516	50	37581	100
62492	100	13995	100
57321	100	10852	500
63017	100	47276	100
61219	100	9593	100
35652	100	9145	100
67568	100	62067	100
66819	100	65312	100
77773	100	32979	50
66833	100	92783	10

Other particulars are not available.

VIJIYARAGHAVALU NAIDU,
For Dy. Commr., Shimoga District.

LOST—

The following Currency Notes :—

No.	Value.	Claimant.
46900	100	Papaiya of Bhumanahalli at Basettihalli, Sidlagatta Taluk.
17893	100	
91225	100	
35647	100	
25094	100	

LOST—

The following full Currency Note :—

No.	Circle.	Value.	Claimant.
84695	Madras	100	Undavadi Narasinga Rao, Periyapatna Taluk.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore—1879

THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, MAY 3, 1879.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART II.

Notifications by the Judicial Commissioner, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th April 1879.

The undermentioned persons have been enrolled as 2nd Grade Pleaders in the Courts of Mysore under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

29.	Mysore Tammaiya	.. Proposing to practise in the Courts of the Ashtagram Division.
30.	C. Guru Rao	.. Do.
31.	S. A. Godfrey	.. Proposing to practise in the Courts of the Nundydroog Division.
32.	Yelandur Venkatnarsaiya	.. Do.
33.	Bellary Venkatramaiya	.. Do.
34.	Hebbur Ramadasaiya	.. Do.
35.	C. Lakshmipataiya	.. Do.
36.	Holavanahalli Narasimha Shastri	.. Do.
37.	Yeladur Krishna Rao	.. Do.
38.	D. Venkatramanaiya	.. Do.
39.	K. Malhari Rao	.. Do.

J. D. SANDFORD,
Judicial Commissioner.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

REWARD OF RUPEES 500.

The 23rd April 1879.

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Whole Notes.

B 59—33954	for Rs.	100	B 59—65168	for Rs.	100	J 4—92837	for Rs.	50
B 59—45220	do		B 59—66168	do		J 4—90832	do	50
B 59—38469	do		B 59—66169	do		B 59—32545	do	100
B 58—46543	do		J 10—27154	do		B 59—02213	do	20
J 10—14843	do		J 10—29147	do		B 54—37161	do	20
B 58—81970	do		B 59—66153	do		B 54—97036	do	20
J 10—23134	do		B 59—65167	do		B 56—14271	do	10
B 59—54763	do		B 59—56614	do		B 56—61182	do	10
B 59—54764	do		B 59—39490	do		B 59—59104	do	100
B 59—54765	do					Not known	for do	20.

Half Notes.

Right halves.		Left half.
B 59—24567 for Rs. 100	B 59—09883 for Rs. 100	B 51—25457 for Rs. 500
B 59—24707 do	J 10—24765 do	
B 58—72373 do		

Supplemental List of Currency Notes stolen from the Mail Bag, on the night of the 18th April 1879.

Full Notes.

B 56—16381 for Rs. 10	J 9—24373 for Rs. 10	J 5—84221 for Rs. 20
B 54—97630 do 20	B 53—99069 do 10	B 40—85540 do 5
B 54—97535 do 20		

R. C. STEWART,
Ag. Dy. Inspector General of Police.

INAM DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1. *The 16th April* 1879.

It is hereby notified that the enquiry into the validity of the tenure on which the minor inams and the kayamgutta, jodi and inam villages are held in the Talkad Taluk will be made at the Kasba of Narsipur by Mr. B. Rajagopalaiengar, Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Inam Settlements, from the 15th May to the 15th July 1879.

2. All parties interested in the inams in the above taluk are, therefore, hereby directed to appear before the Assistant Superintendent between the above dates, either in person or by agent, and to produce all sannads and documents in support of their claims to the inams and villages, failing which, their inams and villages will be attached from the 16th July 1879, and finally resumed after one year from that date.

R. A. COLE,
Supt. of Inam Settlements.

BANGALORE MUNICIPALITY.

No. 1. *The 29th April* 1879.

Proceedings of an Ordinary Meeting of the Cantonment Municipal Commission held at their office premises No. 12, Residency Road, on Tuesday the 22nd April 1879, at 7½ A. M.

President.

Dr. J. H. Orr, C. B.—*Present.*

Ex-Officio Members.

Present.—The Asstt. Quarter Master Genl., M. D.
Absent.—The Dy. Surgeon Genl., I. M. D.
The Executive Engr., Nundydroog Dn.
The Asstt. Superintendent of Police.
The District Engineer.
The Sar-Amin.

Municipal Commissioners of Divisions.

No. 1, *Alsur Division.*
Absent.—Mr. P. Raju Modaliar.
Mr. V. Sadasiva Modaliar.

No. 2, *Shule Division.*
Present.—Mr. A. Virasami Modaliar.
Mr. Standish Lee.

No. 3, *Arab Lines and Fort Division.*
Present.—Mr. Abdul Husen Saib.
Absent.—Captain P. Curley.

No. 4, *General Bazar Division.*
Present.—Mr. A. R. Sabhapati Modaliar.
Absent.—Mr. Abdul Kudus Khadri Khaji Saib.

No. 5, *Blackpalli Division.*
Present.—Mr. T. T. Leonard.
Absent.—Mr. B. Ramalingam.

No. 6, *High Ground Division.*
Present.—Mr. G. G. Brown.
Major-Genl. C. G. Ottley.

Statement of Accounts.

The progress report, account current, statement of cash balances and Assessor's accounts for March 1879, together with the mortuary report for the same period, are submitted and after examination are adopted.

Receipts.	Amount.	Disbursements.	Amount.
I. Octroi.... Class 1. Articles of food or drink to men or animals.	... ...	I Collections. 1. For octroi tax	401 15 0
„ 2. Animals for slaughter	210 0 0	2. „ Tax on houses, buildings and lands ...	384 13 0
„ 3. Fuel, lighting and washing... ...	... ...	3. „ Tax on professions and trades ...	10 0 0
„ 4. Building materials	35 13 0	4. „ Tax on horses, carriages, &c. ...	... ...
„ 5. Drugs, spices and gums	... ...	5. „ Tolls on carts and other vehicles ...	... ...
„ 6. Tobacco, betel and betel-nuts ...	3,056 9 3	6. Special taxes...	... ...
„ 7. Cloth	... ...	7. Rents assigned to Municipality ...	245 5 0
„ 8. Metals	... ...	II Head Office Charges	735 5 1
II. Tax on houses, buildings and lands	4,140 2 4	III. Public Works. 1. Supervision...	451 0 0
III. Tax on profession and trades or collection of liquor license fees	1,128 0 0	2. *a* Original Works	1,096 1 3
IV. Tax on horses, carriages, &c.	0 12 0	*b* Purchase of lands	500 ... ...
V. Tolls on carts, carriages, &c.	... ...	*c* Compensation for houses, &c. ...	... ...
VI. Special taxes under Section II, Act VI of 1869. Conservancy. ...	... ...	3. Repairs	359 9 2
VII. Rents ... 1. Nazul lands	... ...	IV. Police	2,832 7 9
2. Do shops	492 6 6	V. Education	... ...
3. Sérais	... .	VI. Charitable Grants. 1. Dispensary and Medical Charges ...	... .
4. Confiscated lands	.. ..	2. Vaccination	20 0 0
5. Compound or site tax	... ...	3. Asylums...	... ...
VIII. Gardens	... ...	VII. Conservancy	1,457 15 3
IX. Extra-ordinary. 1. Sale of houses and lands ...	.. ..	VIII. Road watering	... ...
2. Loans	... ...	IX. Lighting	613 15 6
3. Refunds and recoveries ...	... ...	X. Gardens. 1. Public Gardens	... ...
4. Interest on securities and loans ...	... .	2. Nursery	7 0 0
5. Other items	... ...	3. Farms	... ...
X. Fines	34 0 6	XI. Extraordinary. 1. Museums and Institute	... ...
XI. Pounds	50 8 0	2. Purchase of Government Notes ..	... ...
XII. Miscellaneous	592 9 2	3. Fairs and Exhibitions	... ...
XIII. Transfers and contributions	... ...	XII. Miscellaneous. 1. Repayment of loans	... ...
		2. Refund of excess collections ...	... ...
		3. Cattle Pound charges	68 1 0
		4. Statistics and mortuary registration ...	90 0 0
		5. Other miscellaneous items... ...	365 5 0
Total Rupees.....	9,740 12 9	XIII. Reserve.	478 9 3
To Cash Balance brought forward from last month's accounts...	9,356 6 11	Total Rupees.....	10,117 6 3
		To Cash Balance carried to next month's accounts ...	8,979 13 5
Total Rupees.....	19,097 3 8	Total Rupees.....	19,097 3 8

lution.—Approved.

Mortuary Register, Bangalore.

Statement of Births and Deaths within Cantonment Municipal Limits during the month of March 1879.

Causes of Deaths.	Europeans.		East Indians.		Musalmáns.		Hindus.		Native Christians.		Other Classes.		Buddhists.		Total.		Total in—		Difference.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	March 1879.	Feb. 1879.	Increase.	Decrease.
Cholera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	...
Small-pox ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Fevers ...	...	...	...	...	2	3	5	8	3	...	...	...	...	...	10	11	21	31	...	10
Bowel-complaints ...	...	...	...	...	1	1	7	6	3	3	...	...	...	...	11	10	21	17	4	...
Suicide	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wounding ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Accidents ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	...
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Causes—																				
Effusion in the brain ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...
Consumption ...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	5	...	...	...
Ascitis ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	4	...	...	...
Fits by child births	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	4	...	...	...
Old age ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	5	10	...	...	...
Debility ...	...	...	...	1	1	...	2	1	...	9	...	...	...	...	3	11	14	...	...	...
Convulsions ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	3	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	7	4	11	...	...	...
Scrofula ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...
Lock-jaw ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...
Anasarca ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	...	...
Still-born ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	3	...	...	...
Asthma ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...
Palsy ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Cough ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	3	...	...	...
Ulcerated throat	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Partus ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...
Abscess ...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...
Inanition ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...
Total Other Causes.....	1	2	3	3	3	4	15	19	7	11	...	...	...	...	29	39	68	66	...	...
Total Deaths.....	1	2	3	3	6	9	27	34	13	14	...	...	...	...	50	62	112	114	6	10
during the month ..	4	7	2	2	16	12	45	27	10	13	...	...	...	...	7	61	138	128	10	...

Abstract of Mortuary Report and Percentage of Births and Deaths on the Estimated Population 77,498.

Classes.	Births.		Difference.		Percentage of Births.		Deaths.		Difference.		Percentage of Deaths.	
	February 1879.	March 1879.	Increase.	Decrease.	February 1879.	March 1879.	February 1879.	March 1879.	Increase.	Decrease.	February 1879.	March 1879.
Europeans ...	9	11	2	...	·21	·26	8	3	...	5	·19	·07
East Indians ...	6	4	...	2	·21	·16	7	6	...	1	·27	·25
Musalmáns ...	31	28	...	3	·206	·19	17	15	...	2	·11	·100
Hindus ...	67	72	5	...	·12	·14	57	61	4	...	·109	·12
Native Christians	15	23	8	...	·18	·30	25	27	2	...	·30	·35
Buddhists ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Classes ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total...	128	138	15	5	·15	·17	114	112	6	8	·13	·14

Remarks.

There were 112 deaths during the month; 1 from cholera, 21 from fevers, 21 from bowel complaints, 1 from accident, and 68 from other causes (detailed in the previous page).

The number of deaths in March 1879 as compared with those in February 1879 and the corresponding month of last year were as follows :—

Of Europeans 3 against 8, Eurasians 6 against 7, Musalmáns 15 against 17, Hindus 61 against 57, and Native Christians 27 against 25, being 2 less than previous month and 51 below the total number of deaths registered in the corresponding month of last year.

Age.

Classes.	No. died during the month.	Under 1 year.	2 to 6 years.	6 to 12 do.	12 to 20 do.	21 to 30 do.	31 to 40 do.	41 to 50 do.	51 to 60 do.	Above 60 do.	Total.
Europeans ...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	3
East Indians ...	6	2	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	6
Musalmáns ...	15	2	...	1	4	4	1	...	...	3	15
Hindus ...	61	15	5	6	3	5	4	4	5	14	61
Native Christians.	27	4	7	8	2	1	2	1	1	1	27
Buddhists ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Other Classes ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	112	24	13	15	9	12	7	5	7	20	112

Resolution.—Approved.

The removal of aloe hedge along the line of Railway within Municipal Limits.

3. Read—Letter No. 1364, dated 24th March 1879, from the Agent and Manager, Madras Railway Company, in reply to the resolution of the Municipal Commissioners, with reference to their suggestion for the removal of aloe hedge along the line of Railway within Municipal limits.

Resolved.—That the attention of the Agent of the Madras Railway be called to section 63, Municipal Bye-laws, the provision of which Bye-law distinctly prohibits the growth of aloe hedge within Municipal limits.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner relating to the Budget Estimates of Receipts and Disbursements for the official year 1879—80.

4. Read—Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No: 3838-39—Ml. 345, dated 17th March 1879, conveying certain observations on the Budget Estimates of receipts and disbursements of the Cantonment Municipal Commission for the official year 1879—80, together with President's explanation thereon.

Resolution.—The Commissioners consider that the Chief Commissioner when taking exception to the further employment of the present Octroi Manager would seem to have been under the impression that the Manager was not fully exerting himself in the interest of the Municipality, in the hope that falling off in the collection would induce the Government to sanction these duties being again farmed out as previously. It appears to the Commissioners that the falling off shewn to have occurr-

with greater propriety be ascribed to the following causes, *viz.*, the impoverished condition of the lower classes, a diminished population and increased prices of these articles all directly resulting from the late severe famine ; they would beg to point out that the present Manager is not a dealer in tobacco and has, consequently, no power to diminish or restrict the sales of this article ; he is personally well aware that the decision of the Supreme Government prohibiting the farming out of Octroi duties is final, and as, moreover, his salary is dependent on, and regulated by the amount monthly realized by the sales of tobacco, &c., it is evident that it is to his interest that these sales should be as large as possible. As the present Manager is, moreover, thoroughly conversant with the working of the establishment, and is believed to have carried out his duties heretofore in a conscientious, independent and upright manner, the Commissioners would respectfully urge that he should be continued on in his present post.

With reference to para 14 of the Proceedings above quoted, it is resolved that a Sub-Committee be appointed to report as to how far Mr. Leonard's proposal to merge the establishment of the Sar-Amin's Office with that of the Head Office can be carried into effect, the Committee's report to be submitted at the next meeting of the Commissioners ; the Committee to be composed as follows :—

President.

Mr. S. Lee.

Members.

Mr. E. Pereira
„ T. T. Leonard.
„ V. Sadasiva Modaliar.
Mr. Abdul Husen Saib.
„ A. R. Sabhapati Modaliar.

Slaughter House Contract, and the free grant of land to Moulvi Jafir Ali Saib.

5. Read—Docket No. 22—2, dated 3rd April 1879, from the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, requesting information with reference to the slaughter house contract, and a piece of ground granted to Moulvi Jafir Ali Saib free of cost.

Resolved.—That the President should in reply to Secretary's docket No. 22—2, dated 3rd April 1879, point out that the slaughter house contract is not in any way connected with an Octroi on animals brought into Municipal limits for consumption. No Octroi duty of this description is levied, and the present contract merely provides for the contractor paying a fee to the Municipality for animals slaughtered in the Municipal slaughter houses. The President should, at the same time, point out that the piece of vacant ground given to Moulvi Jafir Ali was granted under the provisions of section 119 of the Bangalore Municipal Regulations of 1871 ; the section here quoted gives authority to the President on such terms as he may think fit to allow any building to be set forward for improving the line of any public street in which such building is situated. As the applicant was in this instance a poor man and unable to purchase the small piece of ground in front of his house, the matter was brought before the Commissioners with a view to be dealt with by them.

Erection of Pandals for religious or other purposes.

6. Construction of pandal for public and religious purposes, the consideration of which was deferred at last meeting.

Resolved.—That the following addition be made to Bye-law No. 65.

"That no fee be charged for pandals erected on occasions of public religious festivals."

Proposed Railway Crossing to connect Kemp and Benson's Cross Roads.

7. Proposed by the President to connect Kemp and Benson's Cross roads by a level crossing over the Railway.

Resolved.—That application be made to the Agent, Madras Railway, with a view of ascertaining whether the Railway Company would have any objection to allowing a level crossing to be made across the line of Railway for the purpose of connecting Kemp and Benson's Cross road.

J. H. Orr,
President, Cantt. Mun. Commr.

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NUNDYDROOG DIVISION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 24th April 1879.

Sessions for the Bangalore District will be held at Bangalore on the 19th May 1879 and following days.

The cases mentioned below are posted for trial.

Magisterial No.	Session No.	Names of Prisoners.	Names of Committing Magistrates.	Sections charged under—	Date of Committal.
9	9	Virappa and another ...	3rd Assistant Commissioner and 2nd Class Magistrate, Bangalore ...	409 & 471	26th March 1879.
7	10	Ranganna Mestri ...	District Magistrate, Bangalore ...	474	28th do.
30	11	Kyatha ...	2nd Assistant Commissioner and 1st Class Magistrate, Bangalore ...	302	2nd April 1879.
	12	Kote Hyder Abdul Rahim. ...	Town and Cantonment Magistrate ...	465, 468 and 471	4th do.
292	13	Shek Buran ...	Amildar and 2nd Class Magistrate, Bangalore ...	380 & 75	7th do.
219	14	Chikviranna ...	Cantonment 1st Class Magistrate ...	235 & 243	16th do.
220	15	Arnardarappa and 2 others ...	Do ...	468	16th do.

The Magistrates above named are hereby directed to cause all parties connected with the above noted cases to be in attendance at Bangalore before the Sessions Court on the 19th May 1879 at 11 A. M.

All cases committed prior to 19th May 1879 will be taken up for trial in addition to the above.

The 1st May 1879.

Sessions for the Kolar District will be held at Kolar, on the 6th May 1879 and following days.

The case mentioned below is posted for trial.

Magisterial No.	Session No.	Name of Prisoner.	Name of Committing Magistrate.	Section charged under—	Date of Committal.
30 of 1879.	1 of 1879.	Kamalachari.	Amildar and 3rd Class Magistrate, Srinivaspur Taluk.	304	30th April 1879.

The Magistrate above named is hereby directed to cause all parties connected with the above noted case to be in attendance at Kolar before the Sessions Court, on the 6th May 1879, at 10 A. M.

All cases committed prior to 6th May 1879 will be taken up for trial in addition to the above.

T. CLARKE,
Sessions Judge

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

PROCLAMATIONS.

The 4th April 1879.

Adverting to this office proclamation dated 20th March 1879 published at page 261 of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 22nd idem, regarding the apprehension or furnishing of such information as shall lead to the apprehension of D. Sétu Rao, Khazána Bakshi of the Chief Commissioner's Treasury, it is hereby notified for the information of the public that the amount of reward therein offered is hereby raised to Rs. (1,000) one thousand.

L. RICKETTS,
Dy. Commr. & Dist. Magistrate

The 19th April 1879.

Whereas a part of the defalcation in the Chief Commissioner's Treasury consists of twenty court fees stamp labels, of value a hundred rupees each, and no clue has been obtained regarding the same, it is hereby notified for public information that a reward of rupees one hundred will be paid by Government to any person or persons affording information leading to the recovery or detection of the said missing stamps.

L. RICKETTS,
Dy. Commr.

TUMKUR DISTRICT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th April 1879.

C. Krishna Rao, Acting Amildar and 3rd Class Magistrate of the Maddagiri Taluk, is invested by the District Magistrate of Túmkúr, with the powers described in clauses 1 and 2 of section 23 (*b*) of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

J. LACEY,
Dy. Commr. and Dist. Magistrate.

COORG.

NOTIFICATIONS.

IN THE COURT OF THE SUBEDAR OF VIRARAJENDRAPET.

The 19th April 1879.

M. Abdul Rahiman Saib of Virarajendrapet .. .. Plaintiff.

Versus

M. Husenbi, widow of Akbar Saib of Virarajendrapet .. Defendant.

Notice is hereby given for general information that in satisfaction of the decree in O. S. No. 35 of 1878, the right, title and interest of the defendant in the undermentioned immovable property will be sold by public auction to the highest bidder at Virarajendrapet, in the 1st Assistant Superintendent's Court, on 20th May, 1879.

Any claim to the said property should be preferred to this Court before the date of sale.

Rupees 25 per centum of the amount bid should be deposited at the time of sale and the balance of the purchase money should be paid within 15 days; failing payment the land will again be put up for sale at the risk of the first purchaser.

Taluk.	Nad.	Name of Proprietor.	Description of Property.	Estimated area.	Boundaries. North.	South.	East.	West.	Annual Assessment.	Remarks shewing whether assessment is due, whether it is leased or mortgaged, &c., as far as the Court knows.
Yadenalknad Taluk.	Virarajendrapet.	Husenbi, widow of Akbar Saib.	House No. 116, in the Bengali Street of Virarajendrapet, belonging to Akbar Saib, husband of Husenbi.	¼ acre.	Ditch or kadang of the garden of M. Adi Saib's and Miya Saib.	The road leading to Bittangal.	Hedge of the garden of M. Slayman.	Do	2—0—0.	No assessment is due. This property has been mortgaged to the Decree-holder.

H. G. THOMSON,
Superintendent.

IN THE COURT OF THE 1ST ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT OF COORG.

The 21st April 1879.

S. Arekaribasetti of Kodlipet .. .. .. Plaintiff.

Versus

S. Iranaiya of Agali village, Kodli Hobli .. .. Defendant.

Notice is hereby given for general information that in satisfaction of the decree in A. S. No. 10 of 1878, the right, title and interest of the defendant in the undermentioned immovable property will be sold by public auction to the highest bidder at the Yelsavirashime Taluk Court in Sanivarsante, on 24th May 1879.

Any claim to the said properties should be preferred to this Court before the date of sale.

Rupees 25 per centum of the amount bid should be deposited at the time of sale and the balance of the purchase money should be paid within 15 days; failing payment the land will again be put up for sale at the risk of the first purchaser.

Taluk.	Nad.	Name of Proprietor	Description of Property.	Estimated area.	Boundaries. North.	South.	East.	West.	Annual Assessment.	Remarks shewing whether assessment is due, whether it is leased or mortgaged, &c., as far as the Court knows.
Yelsavirshime.	Kodli Hobli.	S. Iranaiya.	1 Mattada gadde kolaga 7½.	...	Nanjaiya's mattada gadde on the	tBasavalingaiya's alekatte gadde on the	Aladamarada hola on the	Talekatte yeri on the	...	

2 C

Taluk.	Name of Proprietor.	Description of Property.	Estimated area.	Boundaries.				Annual Assessment.	Remarks shewing whether assessment is due, whether it is leased or mortgaged, &c., as far as the Court knows.
				North.	South.	East.	West.		
Yelsavirshime.	S. Iranaiya.	2nd. Aladamarada tundu.	...	Kugur Irappa's hola on the	Basavalingaiya's hola on the	Kugur Irappa's hola on the	Mattada gadde on the	...	
Do.	Do.	3rd. Tiled house No. 2, occupied by the Defendant.	...	Bagaiya's house on the	Basalingaiya's house on the	Small plantain garden onthe	Doda Nanjaiya's house on the	...	
Do.	Do.	4th. Back-yard.	...	Chennaiya's threshing floor on the	Nanjaiya's back-yard on the	Huli Agalu on the	Defendant's tiled house on the	...	
Do.	Do.	5th. Gorasina gadde kandaga 1 and $4\frac{1}{8}$ pieces of dry land attached.	...	Kere yeri on the	Hemavati river on the	Garajina Aladamara on the	Chaulare Kalumanti on the	...	
Do.	Do.	6th. Seven and a half kolagas of Nerlemarada Gadde kanduga and Sagu Tarimarada and Matti marada Holas,	...	Wet lands held by defendant on the	Hadi dodda kere on the	Kallala bilu on the	Basuri mara on the	...	

IN THE COURT OF THE 1ST ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT OF COORG.

The 21st April 1879.

S. Arekaribasetti of Kodlipet .. .. Plaintiff.

Versus

S. Iranaiya of Agali village, Kodli Hobli .. Defendant.

Notice is hereby given for general information that in satisfaction of the decrees in A. S. No. 18 of [illegible] the right, title and interest of the defendant in the undermentioned immovable properties will

be sold by public auction to the highest bidder at the Yelsavirashime Taluk Court in Sanivarsante, on 24th May 1879.

Any claim to the said properties should be preferred to this Court before the date of sale.

Rupees 25 per centum of the amount bid should be deposited at the time of sale and the balance of the purchase money should be paid within 15 days; failing payment the land will again be put up for sale at the risk of the first purchaser.

Taluk.	Name of Proprietor.	Description of Property.	Estimated area.	Boundaries. North.	Boundaries. South.	Boundaries. East.	Boundaries. West.	Annual Assessment.	Remarks showing whether assessment is due, whether it is leased or mortgaged, &c., as far as the Court knows.
Yelsavirshime.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Iranaiya's Gadde on the	Talemarada Gadde on the	Talekatte Gadde on the	Talekatte yeri on the	1—11—9.	...
Kodli Hobli.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Iranaiya's Mattada gadde on the	Devara Umbli gadde on the	Arale Marada Hola on the	Talekatte on the	3—6—5.	...
S. Iranaiya.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Mattada gadde on the	Gaudumbihola on the	Bagaiya's Hola on the	Palugunike Mara on the	...	...
1. Mattada Gadde, No. 13, assessed at Rs. 1—11—9, 2½ kolagas.	2. Talekatte gadde, kandugas No. 12, assessed at Rs. 3—6—5.	3. Arali Marada Vanti Hola.	4. Tiled house No. 2, with appurtenances and back-yard (plantain) 30 × 6 fathoms.	Iranaiya's house on the	Basavalingaiya's threshing floor on the	Iranaiya's back-yard on the	Dodda Nanjaiya's house on the	...	...

SEASON REPORTS FOR THE MONTH OF MARCH 1879.

Mysore District.

Rain.—Rain fell in some of the outlying taluks of the District. Five inches and 22 cents registered.

Crops.—No crops were sown, nor harvested, while the only standing crop—sugar-cane—is reported to be good.

Health.—Fever is still prevalent: the total number of deaths from all causes was 411 against 491 last month.

Cattle.—Four hundred and eleven head of cattle died from various causes including 137 ascribed to murrain.

Prices.—Almost stationary.

C. J. PEARSE,
Dy. Commissioner.

Shimoga District.

Rain.—The quantity of rain gauged in the several taluks of the District is as follows:—Shimoga 21¼ cents; Ságar 25 cents; Kavaledurga 20 cents.

The average reading of the thermometer at Shimoga was 84·22 at 9-30 A. M., and 93·12 at 3-30 P. M.

Crops.—Sugar-cane, Bengal-gram, chillies and pepper were harvested during the month. The standing crops are reported to be good.

Lands.—Lands assessed at Rs. 124—8—0 were newly taken up for cultivation against lands assessed at Rs. 1,507—15—4 relinquished.

Health.—Fever prevails throughout the District. Number of deaths is 651 against 867 in the previous month. In Sorab the fever was reported to be exceptionally virulent, and special medical aid was considered necessary. The Hospital Assistant at Ságar was directed to go to Sorab for the purpose.

Cattle.—The mortality among cattle is 976 against 1,243 in the previous month. Seven hundred and ten of the number are reported to have died in the Channagiri Taluk alone, owing to the prevalence of a disease called "Narda."

Prices.—Stationary.

V. N. NARASIMMAIENGAR,
Deputy Commissioner.

NOTICE.

The 19th April 1879.

The Executive Engineer, Bangalore Division, Madras Public Works Department, requires about 1,369 cubic yards of stone broken to ¾ inch cube for the New Road from Trinity Church to Agram Barracks.

Tenders for the supply at site per yard will be received up to noon of the 8th May 1879.

The supplier whose tender is accepted will be required to deposit Rs. 100 as security for the early regular supply of the stone.

F. J. ROMILLY, *Lieut.*, R. E.,
Executive Engineer.

COMMISSARIAT ADVERTISEMENT.

The 31st March 1879.

Sealed tenders in the form used in the Commissariat Department (blank forms whereof can be had on application at the Commissariat Office at Bangalore), will be received up to 1 o'clock on the 6th day of May 1879, by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bangalore, for the supply by contract of the articles mentioned in the subjoined schedule.

Tenders will be opened by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bangalore in the presence of those interested who may choose to attend.

Each tender must be accompanied by the deposit (in cash or currency notes) shewn in the schedule, and in default of such deposit, the tender will be rejected, nor will any tender be received after the time fixed for the opening of tenders.

No person making a tender shall be allowed to withdraw his tender for the space of 60 days from the date thereof, and in the event of his so doing, he will be considered as having committed a breach of his contract, and will be held responsible for all damages which Government may sustain thereby.

Tenders should be superscribed "Tenders for Rice, &c., for Elephants for 1879-80."
All needful information may be had on application at the Commissariat Office at Bangalore.
Every tender not made in the required form will be rejected.

The Commissary General reserves to himself the right of rejecting tenders without assigning any reason for so doing.

The successful competitors will be required to pay the value of the stamped paper on which their contract agreements are made out, according to the scale in clause 16, Schedule I of the General Stamp Act XVIII of 1869.

Schedule.

Description of Articles to be supplied.	Probable Quantity or Number.	Period of delivery, specifying Quantities.	Place of delivery, and to whom to be made.	Amount of Deposit in Cash or Currency Notes.	Amount of Security in Cash, Currency Notes, or Government Promissory Notes.	Compensation to be paid to Government for each breach of Contract.
	lbs.	To be delivered on the 1st of each month in such quantities as may be required from date on which contract sanctioned, to 31st March 1880.	At the Public Cattle Lines, to the Public Cattle Purveyor.	Rs.	150	At 20 per cent on the value of the articles contracted for. Not exceeding 20 Rupees.
Rice, 3rd sort, for Elephants. ...	67,100					
Oil, gingelly, for do	336					
Salt, common for do and mules ...	1,560					

The successful tenderer must, within three days from date of receiving intimation that his tender has been accepted, lodge security of the nature and amount mentioned in column 6, failing which his deposit shall be confiscated.

By Order of the Commissary General,

G. A. WALKER, *Colonel*,
Asstt. Commissary General.

Now ready.

FOURTH EDITION, officially revised and corrected to the 25th April 1879 ; *royal* 8*vo., limp covers, with copious Indices.*

THE CIVIL PENSION CODE, Re. 1-12 ; by post, Re. 1-15—The CIVIL LEAVE CODE, Re. 1-8 ; by post, Re. 1-10—The ACTING ALLOWANCE CODE, As. 12 ; by post, As. 14—Or, the THREE CODES IN ONE VOLUME, Rs. 3-8 ; by post, Rs. 3-14. PRINTED SLIPS containing alterations and additions will be available to the public quarterly at 8 as. per quarter.

Office of Superintendent of Government Printing, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore—1879.

THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, MAY 10, 1879.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by the Judicial Commissioner, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 28th April 1879.

The undermentioned persons have been enrolled as 2nd Grade Pleaders in the Courts of Mysore under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

40.	Melkote Ramanna	..	Proposing to practise in the Courts of the Ashtagram Division.
41.	Balakrishna Rao Bhimaji	..	Do.
42.	Ballapur Sinappa	..	Do.
43.	K. Venkatsubbaiya		Do.

The 1st May 1879.

With reference to para 3 of the Notification by the Judicial Commissioner, dated 14th January 1878, published at page 32 of the *Mysore Gazette* of the 19th idem, notice is hereby given that no periodical examination for 2nd Class Pleaders will hereafter be held at Bangalore, and that all persons desirous of being enrolled will be required to pass the Madras Test Examination for Pleaders in Munsiffs' Courts.

The 2nd May 1879.

The undermentioned persons have been enrolled as 2nd Grade Pleaders in the Courts of Mysore under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

44.	Nittore Hariyappa	..	Proposing to practise in the Courts of the Nagar Division.
45.	Hiremagalur Ramaswamaiengar	..	Do.
46.	Sirsi Seshagiri Rao	..	Do.
47.	Mysore A. Mallari Rao	..	Do.
48.	B. Krishnappa	..	Do.
49.	Adoni Krishna Rao	..	Do.

The 5th May 1879.

The undermentioned persons have been enrolled as 2nd Grade Pleaders in the Courts of Mysore under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

50.	Isvaraiya	Proposing to practise in the Courts of the Ashtagram Division.
51.	N. Venkatsubbaiya	Do.
52.	C. Ranganna	Do.
53.	Komaraiya	Do.

J. D. SANDFORD,
Judicial Commissioner.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

REWARD OF RUPEES 500.

The 23rd April 1879.

A reward of rupees five hundred is offered for such information as shall lead to the conviction of the parties concerned in the robbery of Her Majesty's Mail near Boppanhalli, Mysore Taluk, on the night of the 18th April 1879, which is reported to have contained the following Notes :—

Whole Notes.

B 59—33954	for Rs. 100	B 59—65168 for Rs. 100
B 59—45220	do	B 59—66168 do
B 59—38469	do	B 59—66169 do
B 58—46548	do	J 10—27154 do
J 10—14843	do	J 10—29147 do
B 58—81970	do	B 59—66153 do
J 10—23134	do	B 59—65167 do
B 59—54763	do	B 59—56614 do
B 59—54764	do	B 59—39490 do
B 59—54765	do	

J 4—92837	for Rs. 50
J 4—90832	do 50
B 59—32545	do 100
B 59—02213	do 20
B 54—37161	do 20
B 54—97036	do 20
B 56—14271	do 10
B 56—61182	do 10
B 59—59104	do 100
Not known	for do 20.

Half Notes.

Right halves.

B 59—24567	for Rs. 100
B 59—24707	do
B 58—72373	do
B 59—09883	for Rs. 100
J 10—24765	do

Left half.

B 51—25457 for Rs. 50

Supplemental List of Currency Notes stolen from the Mail Bag, on the night of the 18th April 1879.

Full Notes.

B 56—16381	for Rs.	10
B 54—97630	do	20
B 54—97535	do	20
J 9—24373	for Rs.	10
B 53—99069	do	10
J 5—84221	for Rs.	20
B 40—85540	do	5

R. C. STEWART,
Ag. Dy. Inspector General of Police.

INAM DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 16th April 1879.

No. 1.

It is hereby notified that the enquiry into the validity of the tenure on which the minor inams and vamgutta, jodi and inam villages are held in the Talkad Taluk will be made at the Kasba of by Mr. B. Rajagopalaiengar, Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Inam Settlements, from the to the 15th July 1879.

2. All parties interested in the inams in the above taluk are, therefore, hereby directed to appear before the Assistant Superintendent between the above dates, either in person or by agent, and to produce all sannads and documents in support of their claims to the inams and villages, failing which, their inams and villages will be attached from the 16th July 1879, and finally resumed after one year from that date.

R. A. COLE,
Supt. of Inam Settlements.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

MYSORE PROVINCIAL BUDGET OF 1879-80—GRANTS FOR CONTINGENT CHARGES.

To—Heads of Offices and Departments, Circular No. 1425, *dated 7th May* 1879.

The Deputy Accountant General has the honor to intimate the despatch this day of a copy of the Mysore Budget for the year 1879-80, and to request that Heads of Offices and Departments will be good enough to furnish him at an early date with a statement of the grants for ordinary contingent charges to be placed at the disposal of their subordinate officers, to be drawn by them from the Local Treasury on contingent abstracts during the year.

The statement should shew the amount of each grant as entered in the Budget in a separate figure and the relative allotment to each officer in adjoining columns without further details.

It may be noted that the Budget provides for the scale of salaries and establishments which existed before the revisions now in progress were determined on by the Local Government.

H. HUDSON,
Dy. Accts. General in Mysore.

BANGALORE MUNICIPALITY.

No. 274. *The 3rd May* 1879.

Memo of propositions to be laid before the Ordinary Meeting of the Cantonment Municipal Commission, to be held at their office premises, No. 12, Residency Road, on Tuesday the 20th May 1879, at 7½ A. M.

1. The usual monthly accounts for the month of April 1879.
2. Remission and exemption of house tax.
3. List of agreements entered into by the President during the month of April 1879.
4. List of estimates sanctioned by the President during the month of April 1879.
5. Letter No. 189—745, dated 28th April 1879, from the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, D. P. W., requesting the adjustment from Municipal Funds of the English furlough pay disbursed by the Public Works Department to Lieutenant Gaynor from 1st June to 20th September 1878.
6. Annual statements of accounts of receipts and disbursements for the official year 1878—7

J. H. ORR,
President, Cantt. Muni

Catalogue of Books registered in accordance with the provisions

	TITLE IN FULL.	Language in which the book is written.	Name of the Author, Translator, or Editor of the book or any part thereof.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name of firm of the printer and the name or firm of the publisher.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
Books.	ಯಾಜುಷಪ್ರಯೋಗ ಪಾರಿಜಾತ. Yájusha Prayóga Párijáta.	Sanskrit.	Apasthambha Muni.	Hindu Ceremonies.	Mysore Book Depôt Press, Bangalore.	V. B. Subbaiya, printer and publisher.
Books.	A Manual of Musketry Instruction for the Native Army of India, together with a few papers on Musketry subjects.	English and Hindustani.	Major A. W. O. Saunders Royal Scots Fusiliers, Chief Inspector of Musketry, Madras.	Manual of Musketry Instruction.	Caxton Press, South Parade, Bangalore.	Mr. T. T. Leonard, printer and publisher.
Books.	Rifle Exercise and Musketry Instruction, 1877.	Hindustani.	Syed Abdul Hai Subzwari.	Drill.	Firdusi Press, Bangalore.	Hafiz Syed Mahomed Saib, printer and publisher.
Pamphlets.	ಕಾಶೀಮೃತಿಮೋಕ್ಷ ನಿರ್ಣಯ. Kasi Mriti Móksha Nirnaya.	Sanskrit and Kanarese.	Suréshvarachárya. Translated by A. Sitarama Shastri.	Salvation at Benares.	Mysore Book Depôt Press, Bangalore.	V. B. Subbaiya, printer and publisher.

OFFICE OF THE CURATOR, GOVERNMENT LIBRARY,
BANGALORE, 2*nd April* 1879.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

PROCLAMATIONS.

The 4th April 1879.

Adverting to this office proclamation, dated 20th March 1879 published at page 261 of the *Mysore Gazette* dated 22nd idem, regarding the apprehension or furnishing of such information as shall lead to the apprehension of D. Sétu Rao, Khazána Bakshi of the Chief Commissioner's Treasury, it is hereby notified for the information of the public that the amount of reward therein offered is hereby raised to Rs. (1,000) one thousand.

L. RICKETTS,
Dy. Commr. & Dist. Magistrate.

The 19th April 1879.

Whereas a part of the defalcation in the Chief Commissioner's Treasury consists of twenty court fees stamp labels, of value a hundred rupees each, and no clue has been obtained regarding the same, it is hereby notified for public information that a reward of rupees one hundred will be paid by Government to any person or persons affording information leading to the recovery or detection of the said missing stamps.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 2nd May 1879.

The right of grazing the grass growing on the Bangalore Water Supply Catchment grounds divided into lots as shewn below, will be sold by public auction, at the Bangalore Sar Amin's Cutcherry, on the May, at 12 noon.

Lot, I.	Area 390 acres.	Lot IV.	Area 295 acres.
,, II.	Do 240 do.	,, V.	Do 325 do.
,, III.	Do 290 do.		

s of sale and other particulars may be obtained on application to the Sar Amin.

---

of Act XXV of 1867 during the Quarter ending 31st March 1879.

Date of issue from the Press or of the publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	1st, 2nd, or other number of edition.	No. of copies of which edition consists.	Whether printed or lithographed.	Price.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright or any portion thereof.	Whether copyright is secured or not.	Remarks.
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
10th December 1878.	230	Demy 8vo.	First Edition.	1,000	Printed.	1 10 0	...	...	
25th January 1879.	672	Do	Do	1,000	Printed and lithographed.	4 8 0 per copy.	Major A. W. C. Saunders, Lal-Bagh Road, Bangalore.	Secured on the 12th Feb. 1879.	
19th February 1879.	308	Demy 12mo.	Do	500	Lithographed.	2 4 0	Hafiz Syed Mahomed Saib, Proprietor, Firdusi Press, Cantonment, Bangalore.	Do 10th March 1879.	
1st December 1878	24	Demy 8vo.	Do	1,000	Printed.	0 2 6	V. B. Subbaiya, Alsur Pettah, Bangalore.	Do 10th January 1879.	

R. G. HODSON,
Offg. Director of Public Instruction.

J. P. GARRETT,
Curator, Mysore Govt. Library.

The 5th May 1879.

It is hereby notified for public information that the Madras Bank offers a reward of Rs. 200 for such information as will tend to the arrest of Kotay Hyder Mahomed Hoossain, who is charged with forgery, &c., and who is described as hereunder :—

Name—Kotay Hyder Mahomed Hoossain. *Residence*—Bangalore, formerly of Vaniambody. *Caste*—Mahomedan, Labbe. *Height*—About 5 feet 5 inches. *Color*—Dark. *Mark*—Pock-marked. *Other Marks*—Has a mole either on the outside of right or left eye, also a black mole on the tip of his nose. Wears a short beard and side locks. Moustaches clipped.

L. RICKETTS,
Dy. Commr.

The 3rd May 1879.

Descriptive Roll of a Convict escaped from the Central Jail Gardens on Saturday the 3rd May 1879.

Jail Number—1989. *Name and Father's Name*—Mara, son of Channa. *Place of Residence*—Manne of Nelamangala Taluk. *Caste and profession*—Balagai, Weaver. *Age and Height*—35 years, feet 5—5. *Crime, date and period of sentence*—Dacoity, 7 years from 8th November 1877. *Awarding Court*—Sessions Judge, Nundydroog Division. *Descriptive marks*—A small wart over centre of forehead. An irregular scar back of head near nape. *Remarks*—Had one iron ring on each leg.

A reward of Rs. 30 is offered for the recapture of the above prisoner.

J. HENDERSON, M. D.,
Supt., Central Jail

MYSORE DISTRICT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd May 1879.

A reward of Rs. 40 will be paid by Mr. H. B. Anthony, Sub-Assistant Conservator of Forests, for the discovery, undamaged, of his watch described below, which is said to have been stolen by his servant Paulion, (whose description is also sub-joined) on the 20th November 1878 at Nisana, Heggaddevankote Taluk.

DESCRIPTION OF WATCH.

Maker—Sanisbury, Clerkenwell, London.

Kind—Silver, open-faced English lever, with flat-face glass and flat-back.

Peculiar Marks—On the dial plate the name "H. Wells" engraved, and on the back on the brass plate on which the maker's name is engraved, the letter "H. A." *very lightly scratched.*

Chain— A peculiar shaped gilt chain; its links cube-shaped; no charms, but only one watch key attached to it.

DESCRIPTION OF SERVANT. *Name*, Paulion—*Residence*, Ranypettah, Madras—*Caste*, Christian—*Age*, 28 years—*Marks*, Oil-red color, a tattooed line on the forehead, dolls tattooed on both the forearms with Burmese tattoo; English figure tattooed on the right arm.

N. B.—This amends Notification published in the *Mysore Gazette* on the 3rd December 1878, (*Vide* page 4, Part II, *Mysore Gazette*, dated 4th January 1879.)

ABDUL RAHIMAN,
For Dy. Commr.

CHITALDROOG DISTRICT.

The 30th April 1879.

The depositors of the Mysore Government Savings' Bank, Chitaldroog District, are hereby informed that their Pass Books should be presented in the District Treasury for annual adjustment of interest due up to 31st March 1879.

M. MUDDUKRISHNA NAIDU,
Officer in charge of Treasury.

Visitors to the Mysore Government Museum, Bangalore, during the month of April 1879 *were* 31,631 *in number, averaging exclusive of Sundays* 1,216 *daily.*

Signatures made in—							Total of Signatures.		Unable to sign, but tally kept.	Total of Visitors.	Unable to sign. No. of—		Total of Visitors.
English.		Tamil.	Telugu.	Kanarese.	Hindustani.	Mahratta.	Males.	Females.			Men & Boys.	Women and Girls.	
Europeans.	Natives.												
274	481	447	150	805	182	38	2,339	38	29,254	31,631	15,720	13,534	31,631

J. HOUSTON, M. D.,
Supt., Mysore Govt. Museum.

POSTAL NOTICE.

The 8th May 1879.

Under instructions, the Postmaster begs to notify that on Sundays in future, no registered letter, parcel, insured nor value payable article will be received either at the Head Office or the Receiving Houses attached to it.

Official references and personal applications must be made at the Head Office between the hours of 7 and 8 A. M., and between noon and 5 P. M., and at the Receiving Houses from 10-30 A. M., to 5-30 P. M., except on Sundays when the offices will be closed.

S. CHRISTIAN,
Postmaster.

Now ready.

FOURTH EDITION, officially revised and corrected to the 25th April 1879 ; *royal* 8vo., *limp covers, with copious Indices.*

THE CIVIL PENSION CODE, Re. 1-12 ; by post, Re. 1-15—The CIVIL LEAVE CODE, Re. 1-8 ; by post, Re. 1-10—The ACTING ALLOWANCE CODE, As 12 by post, As. 14—Or, the THREE CODES IN ONE VOLUME, Rs. 3-8 ; by post, Rs. 3-14. PRINTED SLIPS containing alterations and additions will be available to the public quarterly at 8 as. per quarter.

Office of Superintendent of Government Printing, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore—1879.

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THE MYSORE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

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BANGALORE, SATURDAY, MAY 17, 1879.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by the Judicial Commissioner, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 1st May 1879.

With reference to para 3 of the Notification by the Judicial Commissioner, dated 14th January 1878, published at page 32 of the *Mysore Gazette* of the 19th idem, notice is hereby given that no periodical examination for 2nd Class Pleaders will hereafter be held at Bangalore, and that all persons desirous of being enrolled will be required to pass the Madras Test Examination for Pleaders in Munsiffs' Courts.

The 6th May 1879.

The undermentioned persons have been enrolled as 2nd Grade Pleaders in the Courts of Mysore under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

54.	Venkatnarasimhachar	..	Proposing to practise in the Courts of the Nundydroog Division.
55.	H. B. Atchuta Rao	..	Do.
56.	Yejamana Chikka Srinivasaiengar	..	Do.
57.	E. Deva Rao	..	Do.
58.	Devappanavara Vasudevappa	..	Do.
59.	Anur Singarachari	..	Do.
60.	T. Ramaswamaiengar	..	Do.
61.	Madanpalli Sitaramappa	..	Do.
62.	Velnadu Samanna	..	Do.
63.	Ballapur Sitaramappa	..	Do.
64.	Sidlagatta Venkat Rao	...	Do.
65.	E. Bhima Rao	..	Do.
66.	Sidlagatta Madhava Rao	..	Do.
67.	T. Narasimmaiya	..	Do.

The 9th May 1879.

The undermentioned gentleman has been enrolled as Advocate in the Court of the Judicial Commissioner of Mysore under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

Mr. C. G. Vasudevaiyer.

J. D. SANDI
Judicial C

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

REWARD OF RUPEES 500.

The 23rd April 1879.

A reward of rupees five hundred is offered for such information as shall lead to the conviction of the parties concerned in the robbery of Her Majesty's Mail near Boppanhalli, Mysore Taluk, on the night of the 18th April 1879, which is reported to have contained the following Notes :—

Whole Notes.

B 59—33954 for Rs. 100	B 59—65168 for Rs. 100	J 4—92837 for Rs. 50
B 59—45220 do	B 59—66168 do	J 4—90832 do 50
B 59—38469 do	B 59—66169 do	B 59—32545 do 100
B 58—46548 do	J 10—27154 do	B 59—02213 do 20
J 10—14843 do	J 10—29147 do	B 54—37161 do 20
B 58—81970 do	B 59—66153 do	B 54—97036 do 20
J 10—23134 do	B 59—65167 do	B 56—14271 do 10
B 59—54763 do	B 59—56614 do	B 56—61182 do 10
B 59—54764 do	B 59—59490 do	B 59—59104 do 100
B 59—54765 do		Not known for do 20.

Half Notes.

Right halves.

B 59—24567 for Rs. 100	B 59—09883 for Rs. 100
B 59—24707 do	J 10—24765 do
B 58—72373 do	

Left half.

B 51—25457 for Rs. 500

Supplemental List of Currency Notes stolen from the Mail Bag, on the night of the 18th April 1879.

Full Notes.

B 56—16381 for Rs. 10	J 9—24373 for Rs. 10	J 5—84221 for Rs. 20
B 54—97630 do 20	B 53—99069 do 10	B 40—85540 do 5
B 54—97535 do 20		

R. C. STEWART,
Ag. Dy. Inspector General of Police.

INAM DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1. *The 16th April* 1879.

It is hereby notified that the enquiry into the validity of the tenure on which the minor inams and the kayamgutta, jodi and inam villages are held in the Talkad Taluk will be made at the Kasba of Narsipur by Mr. B. Rajagopalaiengar, Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Inam Settlements, from the 15th May to the 15th July 1879.

2. All parties interested in the inams in the above taluk are, therefore, hereby directed to appear before the Assistant Superintendent between the above dates, either in person or by agent, and to produce all sanuads and documents in support of their claims to the inams and villages, failing which, their inams and villages will be attached from the 16th July 1879, and finally resumed after one year from that date.

No. 2. *The 12th May* 1879.

Whereas the Manager of the pagoda of Basavanna Devar at Basavapatna, Channagiri Taluk, has stated in a deposition before the Amildar, forwarded to this Office by the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District, with his Kanarese docket No. 1108, dated 19th March 1879, that title-deed No. 615 granted to the said pagoda for a wet inam land * situated in the village of Sringarabagh, Basavapatna Magani, Channagiri Taluk, has been lost ; it is hereby notified for general information, that the same is declared to be cancelled, and a duplicate one, bearing the same No. and date, has this day been issued through the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District.

	A. C.
*No. 38 =	·29
	Rs. As. P.
Assessment...	... 1 14 3

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No. 3. *The 15th May* 1879.

In supersession of this Office Notification No. 33 of the 26th March 1879, it is hereby notified for general information, that the investigation into the validity of the minor inams, and the kayamgutta, jodi and inam villages situated in the Mysore Taluk is postponed till further orders.

R. A. COLE,
Supt. of Inam Settlements.

BANGALORE MUNICIPALITY.

The 5th May 1879.

Copy of Proceedings of the Town Municipal Commission, at a meeting held on Friday the 25th April 1879, at 7½ A. M.

President.

Dr. J. H. Orr, C. B.—*Present.*

Ex-Officio Members.

Present.—The Amildar of Bangalore.
Absent.—The Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore Dist.
The Executive Engineer, Nundydroog Divn.
The Commissary of Ordnance.
The Surgeon to the Mysore Commission.

Municipal Commissioners.

1st Division, Balé Pettah.
Present.—Mr. B. Mari Gangaiya.
Mr. A. S. Raghavachar.

2nd Division, Manavarte Pettah.
Present.—Mr. A. Srinivasachar.
Mr. Khazi Abed Jaffar Saib.

3rd Division, Alsur Pettah.
Present.—Mr. C. Muttusami Naidu.
Absent.—Mr. V. P. Madhava Rao.

I. The usual monthly accounts for March 1879 are laid before the Board, read and duly passed.

Ordered—That the following cash account be submitted to the Deputy Accountant General in Mysore.

Cash Account Current of the Municipal Commission for the Town of Bangalore for the month of March 1879.

Receipt.	Amount.	Expenditure.	Amount.
Cash Balance brought forward from last month's account	6,487 8 9	I. Collection. 1. For octroi tax ...	209 7 7
I. Octroi. 2. Animals for slaughter.	9 2 0	I. Collection. 2. Mohatarfa tax on houses, buildings and lands, and for tax on professions and trades	154 10 3
I. Octroi. 6. Tobacco, betel-leaves and betel-nuts ...	1,528 4 6	I. Collection. 7. Rents assigned to Municipality	20 0 0
II. Mohatarfa, tax on houses, buildings and lands	1,934 7 7	II. Head Office charges ...	408 6 0
III. Mohatarfa, tax on professions and trades	3,187 14 7	III. Public Works. 1. Supervision ...	121 0 0
VII. Rents. 1. Nazul Lands ...	114 5 0	III. Public Works. 2. Original Works ...	2,958 4 3
VII. Rents. 2. do Shops ...	190 9 11	III. Public Works. *c.* Compensation for houses.	7 4 4
IX. Extraordinary. 3. Refunds & recoveries ...	725 4 6	III. Public Works. 3. Repairs ...	300 3 8
IX. Extraordinary. 5. Other items, Tobacco License.	3 0 0	IV. Police	4,502 12 1
X. Fines	1 13 0	VI. Charitable grants—2. Vaccination ...	23 4 10
XI. Pounds	41 7 0	VII. Conservancy	781 2 0
XII. Miscellaneous	647 7 6	IX. Lighting...	162 12 6
XIII. Fees from liquor licenses ...	527 0 0	X. Gardens	5 0 0
		XII. Miscellaneous 3. Cattle pound charges ...	10 2 3
Total Receipts during the month.. ...	8,910 11 7	XII. Miscellaneous 4. Statistics and mortuary registration...	30 0 0
		XII. Miscellaneous 5. Other Miscellaneous items... ...	152
Add Balance of last month.....	6,487 8 9	XIII. Extraordinary Public Works ...	2
		Total Rupees.....	
Grand Total Rs.....	15,398 4 4	To Cash Balance carried to next month's account...	
		Grand Total	

Mortuary Register, Bangalore.

Statement of Births and Deaths within the Town Municipal limits during the month of March 1879.

Causes of Deaths.	Europeans.		East Indians.		Musalmans.		Hindus.		Native Christians.		Other Classes.		Buddhists.		Total.		Total in—		Difference,	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	March 1879.	Feb. 1879.	Increase.	Decrease.
Cholera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Small-pox ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fevers ...	...	...	...	...	6	10	30	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	36	22	58	69	...	11
Bowel-complaints	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	4	7	...	3
Injuries. Suicide ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Injuries. Wounding ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
Injuries. Accident ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	5	...	5	...
Injuries. Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Causes—																				
Consumption ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	5	13	...	8
Convulsion ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	5	4	1	...
Dropsy ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	4	...	3
Lock-jaw ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	6	5	1	...
Asthma ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	5	6	...	1
Rheumatism ...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	2	8	5	3	...
Cough ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
Old age ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	5	6	12	...	6
Born dead ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	...
Croup ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	4	3	1	...
Ulcer ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	2	...
Travail ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3
Total Other Causes.....	...	...	...	...	3	2	19	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	22	22	44	56	10	22
Total Deaths.....	...	...	...	...	9	12	53	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	62	49	111	133	15	37
...hs during the month	...	...	...	...	13	4	47	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	42	102	105	...	3

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Abstract of Mortuary Report and Percentage of Births and Deaths on the Estimated Population, 60,703.

Classes.	Births.		Difference.		Percentage of Births.		Deaths.		Difference.		Percentage of Deaths.	
	February 1879.	March 1879	Increase.	Decrease.	February 1879.	March 1879.	February 1879.	March 1879.	Increase.	Decrease.	February 1879.	March 1879
Europeans	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
East Indians ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Musalmans ...	17	17	0	0	0	0	24	21	0	3	0	0
Hindus ...	88	85	0	3	0	0	109	90	0	19	0	0
Native Christians	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Classes ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Buddhists ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total.....	105	102	0	3	0	0	133	111	0	22	0	0

Remarks.

There were 111 deaths during the month; 58 from fever, 4 from bowel-complaints, 5 from injuries and 44 from other causes (as detailed in the previous page.)

The number of deaths in March 1879, as compared with those in February 1879, are as follows:—

Of Musalmans 21 against 24, Hindus 90 against 109, being 22 less than previous month, and 85 less than the corresponding month of last year.

Age.

Classes.	Number died during the month.	Born dead.	Under 1 year.	2 to 5 years.	6 to 12 do	12 to 20 years inclusive.	21 to 30 do	31 to 40 do	41 to 50 do	51 to 60 do	Above 60 years of age.	Total.
Europeans ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Indians ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Musalmans ...	21	...	4	3	...	1	2	4	3	1	3	21
Hindus ...	90	2	10	6	1	6	18	18	13	4	12	90
Native Christians ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Classes ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Buddhists ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	111	2	14	9	1	7	20	22	16	5	15	111

Resolution.—Approved.

II. Deferred propositions with reference to the alterations to be effected to Púrnaiya's Reservoir.

Resolution.—The Commissioners consider that the alterations proposed to be effected to Púrnaiya's Reservoir, will be from many points of view a very great improvement. This Reservoir in its present state is for a great portion of the year unserviceable even for a washing gunta, and from the foul and filthy condition of its water is a source of nuisance to the entire neighbourhood; the alteration now proposed will completely remedy these defects and meets therefore with the entire and unanimous approval of the Commissioners. It is resolved therefore that should the necessary sanction be obtained, that the work be put in hand at once, but as no provision has been made for this work in the Budget, it is proposed that sanction be asked to appropriate an amount sufficient for the purpose, from the sale proceeds of the Municipal Bandy-stand lately taken up by Government for the formation of the Railway.

III. Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 4025—357, dated 26th March 1879, sanctioning the President's proposals to divide the Town of Bangalore into 5 instead of 3 Municipal Divisions.

Resolution.—To be recorded.

I.—Additional Proposition.

Read—Letter from Mr. A. S. Raghavachar, Municipal Commissioner, No. I Division, pointing out that the Executive Engineer's duties in the Pettah are of such a nature as to require constant supervision by a responsible officer of the Board, that under present arrangements the Municipal Executive Engineer is precluded from devoting his whole time and attention to the requirements of the Pettah and suggesting that application should be made to the Chief Commissioner to appoint Mr. Gibson salary of Rs. 100 monthly, exclusively to the Pettah as Municipal Engineer.

Resolution.—The Commissioners entirely concur in the views expressed in the proposition now brought forward by Mr. Raghavachar, and they are satisfied from the experience of the past that the arrangements of having a single Engineer for both Cantonment and Pettah cannot secure, on the part of that officer, that constant attention to the wants and requirements of the latter that is so essentially necessary. They resolve therefore that application be made to the Chief Commissioner to appoint Mr. Gibson as Municipal Engineer of the Pettah on a salary of Rs. 100 monthly; the additional charge that will be thus incurred, they further consider, can be without difficulty met, should the recommendations of the Sub-Committee held on the 9th of May 1878, for the purpose of taking into consideration the introduction of additional taxes, meet with the approval of the Chief Commissioner.

J. H. ORR,
President, Town Muni. Commission.

NUNDYDROOG DIVISION.

NOTIFICATION.

The 14th May 1879.

Sessions for the Túmkur District will be held at Túmkúr on the 3rd June 1879 and following days.

The cases mentioned below are posted for trial.

Magisterial No.	Session No.	Names of Prisoners.	Committing Magistrates.	Sections charged under—	Date of Committal.
18	7	Chiktimma and 3 others.	Amildar and 2nd Class Magistrate, Kadaba Taluk	457 & 75	3rd March 1879.
4	10	Sunni and 4 do	Munsiff and 2nd Class Magistrate, Túmkúr	412 & 395	19th do.
10	11	Mara and 3 do	Amildar and 2nd Class Magistrate, Kadaba Taluk	395	21st do.
10	12	Tirumalgiri ...	Judicial Assistant and 1st Class Magistrate, Túmkúr	225	22nd do.
24	13	Tippiga and 2 others ...	Amildar and 2nd Class Magistrate, Kadaba Taluk	395	28th do.
33	14	Linga	Amildar and 2nd Class Magistrate, Túmkúr Taluk...	457 & 75	8th April 1879.
29	15	Bhima and another ...	Amildar and 2nd Class Magistrate, Kadaba Taluk	395	16th do.
7	16	Muradappa and another.	Munsiff and 2nd Class Magistrate, Túmkúr	109, 384	16th do.
15	17	Venkata and 5 others ..	District Magistrate, Túmkúr ..	395	17th do.
13	18	Venkata and 8 do ...	Do do	395	24th do.

The Magistrates above named are hereby directed to cause all parties connected with the above noted cases to be in attendance at Túmkúr before the Sessions Court on the 3rd June 1879 at 11 A. M.

All cases committed prior to 3rd June 1879 will be taken up for trial in addition to the above.

T. CLARKE,
Sessions Judge.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

PROCLAMATIONS.

The 4th April 1879.

Adverting to this office proclamation, dated 20th March 1879, published at page 261 of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 22nd idem, regarding the apprehension or furnishing of such information as shall lead to the apprehension of D. Sétu Rao, Khazána Bakshi of the Chief Commissioner's Treasury, it is hereby notified for the information of the public that the amount of reward therein offered is hereby raised to Rs. (1,000) one thousand.

L. RICKETTS,
Dy. Commr. & Dist. Magistrate.

The 19th April 1879.

Whereas a part of the defalcation in the Chief Commissioner's Treasury consists of twenty court fees stamp labels, of value a hundred rupees each, and no clue has been obtained regarding the same, it is hereby notified for public information that a reward of rupees one hundred will be paid by Government to any person or persons affording information leading to the recovery or detection of the said missing stamps.

The 5th May 1879.

It is hereby notified for public information that the Madras Bank offers a reward of Rs. 200 for such information as will tend to the arrest of Kotay Hyder Mahomed Hoossain, who is charged with forgery, &c., and who is described as hereunder :—

Name—Kotay Hyder Mahomed Hoossain. *Residence*—Bangalore, formerly of Vaniambody. *Caste*—Mahomedan, Labbe. *Height*—About 5 feet 5 inches. *Color*—Dark. *Mark*—Pock-marked. *Other Marks*—Has a mole either on the outside of right or left eye, also a black mole on the tip of his nose. Wears a short beard and side locks. Moustaches clipped.

L. RICKETTS,
Dy. Commr.

The 3rd May 1879.

Descriptive Roll of a Convict escaped from the Central Jail Gardens on Saturday the 3rd May 1879.

Jail Number—1989. *Name and Father's Name*—Mara, son of Channa. *Place of Residence*—Manne of Nelamangala Taluk. *Caste and profession*—Balagai, Weaver. *Age and Height*—35 years, feet 5—5. *Crime, date and period of sentence*—Dacoity, 7 years from 8th November 1877. *Awarding Court*—Sessions Judge, Nundydroog Division. *Descriptive marks*—A small wart over centre of forehead. An irregular scar back of head near nape. *Remarks*—Had one iron ring on each leg.

A reward of Rs. 30 is offered for the recapture of the above prisoner.

J. HENDERSON, M. D.,
Supt., Central Jail.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd May 1879.

A reward of Rs. 40 will be paid by Mr. H. B. Anthony, Sub-Assistant Conservator of Forests, for the discovery, undamaged, of his watch described below, which is said to have been stolen by servant Paulion, (whose description is also sub-joined) on the 20th November 1878 at Nisana gaddevankote Taluk.

DESCRIPTION OF WATCH.

Maker—Sainsbury, Clerkenwell, London.

Kind—Silver, open-faced English lever, with flat-face glass and flat-back.

Peculiar Marks—On the dial plate the name "H. Wells" engraved, and on the back on the brass plate on which the maker's name is engraved, the letter "H. A." *very lightly scratched.*

Chain— A peculiar shaped gilt chain ; its links cube-shaped ; no chairms, but only one watch key attached to it.

DESCRIPTION OF SERVANT—*Name*, Paulion—*Residence*, Ranypettah, Madras—*Caste*, Christian—*Age*, 28 years—*Marks* Oil-red color, a tattooed line on the forehead, dolls tattooed on both the fore-arms with Burmese tattoo ; English figure tattooed on the right arm.

N. B—This amends Notification published in the *Mysore Gazette* on the 3rd December 1878, (*Vide* page 4, Part II, *Mysore Gazette*, dated 4th January 1879.)

ABDUL RAHIMAN,
For Dy. Commr.

CHITALDROOG DISTRICT.

SALE NOTICE OF LAND.

The 9th May 1879.

1. It is hereby notified that all the rights of the present registered land-holder in the undermentioned lands attached in satisfaction of arrears of land revenue due by Jodidar Venkoba Rao of Malagondanhalli, a revenue defaulter, will be sold by public auction at the village of Malagondanhalli in the Davanagere Taluk of the Chitaldroog District, in presence of the Deputy Commissioner, on the 5th July 1879. The sale will commence at 11 A. M. at the Choultry in the village, and the lands will be knocked down to the highest bidder without reserve.

2. The current revenue payable by the purchaser on the lands for the years 1877-78—1878-79 is Rs. 1,610—1—10; as shewn in detail in the statement at foot.

3. Purchasers will be required to deposit 25 per cent of the purchase money at the time of sale, and where the remainder of the purchase money may not be paid within ——— days from the day of sale, the money so deposited shall be liable to forfeiture.

4. When such deposit shall not be made, nor the remaining purchase money paid up, the lands shall be re-sold at the expense and risk of the first purchaser.

5. Persons bidding at a sale may be required to state whether they bid on their own account or as agents, and in the latter case to deposit a written authority signed by their principals, otherwise their bids may be rejected.

6. The sale shall be stayed, if the defaulter, or any person acting on his behalf, or claiming an interest in the land, tenders the full amount of the arrears of revenue with the interest and other charges, provided such tender be made before sunset on the day previous to that appointed for the sale.

7. The sale of the property will not become absolute until the sale has been confirmed by the Commissioner.

8. Purchasers having completed the payment of the purchase money will, as soon as the sale has confirmed by Deputy Commissioner, be placed in immediate possession, and the lands will be regis-
the name of the purchaser and a certificate of sale signed and sealed by the Deputy Commis-
be granted to him. It is to be distinctly understood that the Government are not responsi-
of description or in estimated extent.

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9. Provided, parties deeming themselves aggrieved by the sale shall be at liberty to appeal to the Division Commissioner within thirty days from the day of sale, and the purchase shall be conditional on the final order in such appeal.

Taluk.	Village.	Name of Defaulter.	Description of land, whether Wet, Dry, or Garden, and Buildings, (if any) belonging to the Defaulter on it.	Field. No.	Field. Name.	Estimated Extent.	Assessment.	Amount (exclusive of arrears) payable by the Purchaser for the current year.
							Rs. A. P.	
Davangere	Malagondanhalli.	Jodidar Venkoba Rao-	Jodi Village of Malagondanhalli	...	...	...	1260	660 0 11 Arrears due for 1877—78
								950 0 11 Do for 1878—79
							Total...	1610 1 10

One mud house in which Venkoba Rao is living. Boundaries—cattle pound of Lakshmana Rao to the east; Coorg Ram Rao's house to the west; Lakshmana Rao's house front yard to the north; Lakshmana Rao's house to the south.

ABDUL KHADER,
Dy. Commissioner.

ANCHE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 74—56. *The 8th May* 1879.

The following Postal Notice received from the Postmaster General, Bombay, relating to the dates of despatch of the Homeward Mail Steamers from Bombay during the ensuing monsoon, is published for general information.

Spare copies of this Notice are forwarded to the Anche Mutsaddis for circulation to the public.

M. AMOORTHLINGUM,
Anche Bakshi.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Dated Bombay, 29th April 1879.

Beginning with Friday the 30th May 1879, the Homeward Mail Steamers will be despatched from Bombay during the ensuing monsoon on Fridays at 5-30 P. M., and the Mail Steamers for the Persian Gulf *viâ* Karachi and for Karachi will leave Bombay during the monsoon on Wednesdays and Saturdays commencing with Wednesday the 28th and Saturday the 31st May 1879 respectively: the particular attention of the public is invited to the necessity of protecting parcels during the approaching monsoon by coverings of good wax-cloth or other water-proof materials.

SEASON REPORTS FOR THE MONTH OF APRIL 1879.

Bangalore District.

Rain.—There were a few partial showers of rain during the month, from which the tanks rece- no perceptible increase of water.

Crops.—The crops are in good condition. Sugar-cane planted in some places, and in mc harvested.

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Health.—Fever and ague prevalent in a few places; otherwise the health of the people is good.

Mortality.—No accounts as yet received from the Taluks, *vide* instructions conveyed in Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 10382—207, dated 13th February 1879.

Cattle.—The loss among cattle numbered 916 against 872 in March. Of that number, 114 were killed by wild beasts.

Lands.—Lands assessed at Rs. 2,131—2—3 were taken up on cultivation; and lands assessed at Rs. 17,305—2—10 resigned.

L. RICKETTS,
Dy. Commr.—

Coorg.

Wet land.—Ploughing for the Kartika crop has commenced and in some parts of the Yelsavirshime Taluk seed is being sown. The vaisak crop is looking well.

Ragi.—Ragi fields are being manured.

Cardamoms.—Pods are forming.

Coffee.—The trees have generally blossomed well, and the prospects of crop are promising. The Mysore coolies have returned to their villages.

Mortality.—The number of deaths amongst the population of the Province was 273, against 736 in the same month of last year, and is classified as follows :—

Dysentery ..	..	..	12
Small-pox ..	..	..	3
Fever ..	..	..	251
Suicide ..	..	..	2
Accidents ..	..	..	1
Other diseases	..	..	4
Total....			273

Taluks.

Mercara ..	..	52
Padinalknad	..	29
Yedenalknad	..	24
Kiggatnad	..	23
Nanjarajpatna	..	68
Yelsavirshime	..	52

Towns.

Mahadeopet ..	..	11
Virarajendrapet ..	..	14
Total....		273

Of the above, there were 124 males, 87 females and 62 children of the following sects:—Christians 4; Coorgs 44; Hindus 198; Muhammadans 14; other Classes 13; total 273.

Cattle.—The mortality amongst the cattle was 541 against 442 in the same month of last year, and is classified as follows :—

Bulls 118; cows 134; calves 127; he buffaloes 65; she buffaloes 62; calves 35; total 541.

Market-rates.—Stationary.

Rain-fall.—Mercara.

		Inches.	Cents.
In April 1879.	..	0	77
Total Rain-fall ..	..	0	77

Somavarpete.

In April 1879.	..	0	59
Total Rain-fall ..	..	0	59

H. G. THOMSON,
Superintendent.

Abstract of Meteorological Reports received from Head-Quarters of Districts in the Province of Mysore, from 16th to 30th April 1879.

DISTRICT.	Thermometer. Averages for the half month. 9-30 A. M. Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.	Difference.	3-30 P. M. Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.	Difference.	Thermometer. Maximum.	Minimum.	Rain. Inches.	Cents.	Wind.
Kolar	84	...	...	97	...	...	102	72	...	...	N. E.
Túmkúr ...	82	76	6	88	78	10	93	66	...	5	N. E. & E.
Mysore*... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hassan	...	63	...	...	67	...	96	64	...	16	S. W. & W.
Shimoga ...	86	64	22	95	66	29	...	73	...	89	N. E. & S. W.
Kadur ...	88	68	20	89	69	20	89	51	...	52	N. E. & S. W.
Chitaldroog ...	90	...	...	94	...	...	...	...	...	...	N. E.

* Information not received.

Now ready.

FOURTH EDITION, officially revised and corrected to the 25th April 1879 ; *royal 8vo., limp covers, with copious Indices.*

THE CIVIL PENSION CODE, Re. 1-12 ; by post, Re. 1-15—The CIVIL LEAVE CODE, Re. 1-8 ; by post, Re. 1-10—The ACTING ALLOWANCE CODE, As. 12 by post, As. 14—Or, the THREE CODES IN ONE VOLUME, Rs. 3-8 ; by post, Rs. 3-14. PRINTED SLIPS containing alterations and additions will be available to the public quarterly at 8 as. per quarter.

Office of Superintendent of Government Printing, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

LOST—

The left halves of the following Currency Notes :—

No.		Circle.		Value.	Claimant.
B					
39	58909	Madras	..	5	M. V. Subba Rau, Proof Reader, Mysore Government Press.
,,	58910	Do	..	5	
,,	58911	Do	..	5	

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore.—1879.

THE MYSORE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, MAY 24, 1879.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by the Judicial Commissioner, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 1st May 1879.

With reference to para 3 of the Notification by the Judicial Commissioner, dated 14th January 1878, published at page 32 of the *Mysore Gazette* of the 19th idem, notice is hereby given that no periodical examination for 2nd Class Pleaders will hereafter be held at Bangalore, and that all persons desirous of being enrolled will be required to pass the Madras Test Examination for Pleaders in Munsiffs' Courts.

The 16th May 1879.

The undermentioned persons have been enrolled as 2nd Grade Pleaders in the Courts of Mysore under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

68.	P. Parthasaradaiengar	..	Proposing to practise in the Courts of the Nundydroog Division.
69.	S. Srinivasachari	..	Do.
70.	Oblachari	..	Do.
71.	E. Ossur Venkatachar	..	Do.
72.	Hussur Govindachar	..	Do.

The 19th May 1879.

The undermentioned person has been enrolled as Pleader of the 1st Grade in the Courts of Mysore under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

6. Mandyam Anji Srinivasaiengar .. Proposing to practise in the Courts of the Ashtagram Division.

J. D. SANDFORD,
Judicial Commissi

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

REWARD OF RUPEES 500.

The 23rd April 1879.

A reward of rupees five hundred is offered for such information as shall lead to the conviction of the parties concerned in the robbery of Her Majesty's Mail near Boppanhalli, Mysore Taluk, on the night of the 18th April 1879, which is reported to have contained the following Notes :—

Whole Notes.

B 59—33954 for Rs. 100	B 59—65168 for Rs. 100	J 4—92837 for Rs. 50
B 59—45220 do	B 59—66168 do	J 4—90832 do 50
B 59—38469 do	B 59—66169 do	B 59—32545 do 100
B 58—46548 do	J 10—27154 do	B 59—02213 do 20
J 10—14843 do	J 10—29147 do	B 54—37161 do 20
B 58—81970 do	B 59—66153 do	B 54—97036 do 20
J 10—23134 do	B 59—65167 do	B 56—14271 do 10
B 59—54763 do	B 59—56614 do	B 56—61182 do 10
B 59—54764 do	B 59—39490 do	B 59—59104 do 100
B 59—54765 do		Not known for do 20.

Half Notes.

Right halves.

B 59—24567 for Rs. 100	B 59—09883 for Rs. 100
B 59—24707 do	J 10—24765 do
B 58—72373 do	

Left half.

B 51—25457 for Rs. 500.

Supplemental List of Currency Notes stolen from the Mail Bag, on the night of the 18th April 1879.

Full Notes.

B 56—16381 for Rs. 10	J 9—24373 for Rs. 10	J 5—84221 for Rs. 20
B 54—97630 do 20	B 53—99069 do 10	B 40—85540 do 5
B 54—97535 do 20		

R. C. STEWART,
Ag. Dy. Inspector General of Police.

REVENUE SURVEY AND SETTLEMENT DEPT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 444. *The 15th May* 1879.

Captain A. H. Macintire, Assistant Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, availed himself of the privilege leave granted him in Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 277, dated 19th February 1879, published at page 70 of *Mysore Gazette* of the 22nd February 1879, on the 2nd February 1879, before noon, and returned to duty on the 11th March 1879, before noon.

W. C. ANDERSON,
Survey & Settlement Commr.

No. 406. *The 9th May* 1879.

Notice is hereby given for general information that the Survey settlement of the Magadi Taluk of Bangalore District of the Nundydroog Division will be commenced on or about the 25th instant.

J. P. GRANT,
Supt., Rev. Survey.

INAM DEPARTMENT.

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NOTIFICATIONS.

The 12th May 1879.

No. 2.

Whereas the Manager of the pagoda of Basavanna Devar at Basavapatna, Channagiri Taluk, has stated in a deposition before the Amildar, forwarded to this Office by the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District, with his Kanarese docket No. 1108, dated 19th March 1879, that title-deed No. 615 granted to the said pagoda for a wet inam land * situated in the village of Sringarabagh, Basavapatna Magani, Channagiri Taluk, has been lost; it is hereby notified for general information, that the same is declared to be cancelled, and a duplicate one, bearing the same No. and date, has this day been issued through the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District.

	A.	C.
*No. 38=		·29
	Rs.	As. P.
Assessment...	1	14 3

The 15th May 1879.

No. 3.

In supersession of this Office Notification No. 33 of the 26th March 1879, it is hereby notified for general information, that the investigation into the validity of the minor inams, and the kayamgutta, sodi and inam villages situated in the Mysore Taluk is postponed till further orders.

R. A. COLE,
Supt. of Inam Settlements.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

The 12th May 1879.

Statement of Local Cesses realized and allotted to Local Funds from 1st October 1878 to 31st March 1879.

No. I.—Local Cess levied on Land Revenue Collections.

Names of Districts.	One Anna in surveyed Taluks.			Half Anna in unsurveyed Taluks.		
	Amount of Cess.	76 per cent allotted to District Funds.	24 per cent allotted to Village School Fund.	Amount of Cess.	76 per cent allotted to District Fund.	24 per cent allotted to Village School Fund.
Bangalore ...	8,049 15 6	6,117 15 7	1,931 15 11	23,831 4 2	18,111 12 2	5,719 8 0
Kolar ...	4,026 8 5	3,060 2 7	966 5 10	23,776 4 11	18,069 15 11	5,706 5 0
Túmkúr ...	19,572 15 1	14,875 7 0	4,697 8 1	5,932 0 11	4,508 5 10	1,423 11 1
Shimoga ...	75,210 ... 11	57,159 10 4	18,050 6 7	26 12 1	20 5 4	6 6 9
Kadur ...	14,610 10 5	11,104 1 6	3,506 8 11	12,610 3 2	9,583 12 0	3,026 7 2
Chitaldroog ...	34,100 1 8	25,916 1 3	8,184 0 5	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Mysore ...	2,044 7 9	1,553 12 11	490 10 10	26,876 10 7	20,426 4 2	6,450 6 5
Hassan ...	5,524 ... 10	4,198 4 6	1,325 12 4	20,369 10 1	15,480 14 8	4,888 11 5
Total.....	1,63,138 12 7	1,23,985 7 8	39,153 4 11	1,13,422 13 11	86,201 6 1	27,221 7 10

No. II.—Local Cess levied on Abkari and Sayer Excise.

Names of Districts.	One Anna in surveyed Taluks.				Half Anna in unsurveyed Taluks.			
	Abkari.	Supari.	Total Cess.	76 per cent allotted to Local Fund General.	24 per cent allotted to Village School Fund.	Abkari.	Supari.	Total Cess.	76 per cent allotted to Local Fund General.	24 per cent allotted to Village School Fund.
Bangalore ...	9,101 6 0	8 0 11	9,109 6 11	6,923 2 8	2,186 4 3	2,661 11 1	3 10 4	2,665 5 5	2,025 10 1	639 10 11
Kolar ...	415 15 0	1 9 6	417 8 6	317 5 2	100 3 4	64 5 1	4 4 2	68 9 3	52 1 11	16 7 4
Túmkúr ...	321 7 9	513 15 8	835 7 5	634 15 3	200 8 2	3,048 7 1	100 4 5	3,148 11 6	2,393 0 5	755 11 1
Shimoga ...	890 4 6	0 0 0	890 4 6	676 9 10	213 10 8	1 5 0	0 0 0	1 5 0	0 15 11	0 5 1
Kadur ...	311 4 1	0 0 0	311 4 1	236 8 10	74 11 3	461 15 9	0 0 0	461 15 9	351 1 9	110 14 0
Chitaldroog ...	1,042 9 5	317 3 8	1,359 13 1	1,033 7 5	326 5 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Mysore ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	3,181 9 11	37 0 6	3,218 10 5	2,446 2 10	772 7 7
Hassan ...	33 6 5	3 0 5	36 6 10	27 11 0	8 11 10	266 9 0	45 15 8	312 8 8	237 8 6	75 0 2
Total.....	12,116 5 2	843 14 2	12,960 3 4	9,849 12 2	3,110 7 2	9,685 14 11	191 3 1	9,877 2 0	7,506 9 10	2,370 8 2

No. III.—Local Cess levied on Sayer Collections.

Names of Districts.	One Anna in surveyed Taluks.						Half Anna in unsurveyed Taluks.					
	Coffee.	Cardamom.	Supari.	Total Cess.	76 per cent allotted to District Funds.	24 per cent allotted to Village School Fund.	Coffee.	Cardamom.	Supari.	Total Cess.	76 per cent allotted to District Funds.	24 per cent allotted to Village School Fund.
Shimoga ...	6 10 4	38 10 6	8039 4 11	8084 9 9	6,144 4 10	1,940 4 11	0 0 0	0 0 10	209 13 6	209 14 4	159 8 4	50 6 0
Kadur ...	96 10 6	... 0 0	342 3 4	438 13 10	333 8 7	105 5 3	295 2 6	43 11 11	1,288 1 10	1,627 0 3	1,236 8 6	390 7 9
Hassan ...	46 2 5	... 0 0	0 0 0	46 2 5	35 1 3	11 1 2	233 5 10	... ...	... 0 0	233 5 10	177 3 9	56 0 1
Total.....	149 7 3	38 10 6	8381 8 3	8569 10 0	6,512 14 8	2,056 11 4	528 8 4	43 12 9	1,497 15 4	2,070 4 5	1,573 6 7	496 13 10

No. IV.— Local Cess under Miscellaneous Heads of Revenue.

Names of Districts.	One Anna in surveyed Taluks.			Half Anna in unsurveyed Taluks.		
	Amount of Cess.	76 per cent allotted to Local Fund General.	24 per cent allotted to Village School Fund.	Amount of Cess.	76 per cent allotted to Local Fund General.	24 per cent allotted to Village School Fund.
Bangalore	222 1 8	168 12 9	53 4 11	302 13 10	230 2 10	72 11 0
Kolar	6 9 8	5 0 4	1 9 4	83 9 4	63 8 4	20 1 0
Túmkúr	189 2 4	143 12 0	45 6 4	88 11 2	67 6 7	21 4 7
Shimoga	662 9 10	503 9 5	159 0 5	31 2 4	23 10 8	7 7 7
Kadur	788 7 8	599 3 11	189 3 9	274 2 1	208 5 5	65 12 8
Chitaldroog	391 11 0	297 10 11	94 0 1	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Mysore	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	4,178 7 11	3,175 10 6	1,002 13 5
ssan	49 4 1	37 6 11	11 13 2	347 14 4	264 6 5	83 7 11
Total.....	2,309 14 3	1,755 8 3	554 6 0	5,306 13 0	4,033 2 10	1,273 10 2

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No. V.—Abstract of Credits to Funds for the half year ending 31st March 1879.

Names of Districts.	District Funds.	Village School Funds.	Local Fund General.
Bangalore	24,229 11 9	10,603 7 0	9,347 12 9
Kolar	21,130 2 6	6,810 15 10	437 15 9
Túmkúr	19,383 12 10	7,144 1 4	3,239 2 3
Shimoga	63,483 12 10	20,428 0 0	1,204 13 11
Kadur	22,257 14 7	7,469 6 9	1,395 3 11
Chitaldroog	25,916 1 3	8,604 6 2	1,331 2 4
Mysore	21,980 1 1	8,716 6 3	5,621 13 4
Hassan	19,891 10 2	6,460 10 1	567 0 10
Total.....	2,18,273 3 0	76,237 5 5	23,145 1 1

H. HUDSON,
Dy. Acctt. General in Mysore.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th May 1879.

Mr. C. F. Gilbert, Assistant Engineer, Mysore State Railway, has been transferred from the late Famine Division to District III, Division II, of the Mysore State Railway.

The transfer is made in the interests of the public service.

W. HENDERSON,
Engineer-in-Chief, Mysore State Railway.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

U. C. S. EXAMINATIONS.—SPECIAL TESTS.

The 19th May 1879.

The following notice, received from the Commissioner for the U. C. S. Examinations, is published for general information.

R. G. HODSON,
Offg. Director of Public Instruction.

The Commissioner for the Uncovenanted Civil Service Examinations notifies that the next examination in the subjects prescribed for the Special Tests under the Revised Rules published under date the 29th July 1869 will be held on the 25th and following days of August next at the places given below :—

Berhampore.	Cuddapah.	Coimbatore.	Calicut.
Chicacole.	Bellary.	Ootacamund.	Tellicherry.
Vizagapatam.	Nellore.	Negapatam.	Mangalore.
Rajahmundry.	Chittur.	Tanjore.	Secunderabad.
Cocanada.	Madras.	Trichinopoly.	Trevandrum.
Guntoor.	Cuddalore.	Madura.	Cochin.
Masulipatam.	Salem.	Palamcottah.	Bangalore.
Kurnool.			

2. Candidates must send in their applications on printed forms, which may be obtained from all Tahsildars and Treasury Deputy Collectors, so as to reach the *Collectors of the Districts in which they desire to be examined* on or before the 14th of June next, after which date no applications will be received. All applications should be prepared in the *English* language.

3. Every application must be accompanied by the prescribed fee, as laid down in the following scale sanctioned by Government under date the 22nd April 1869 :—

	Rs.
I-A.—Judicial Test, Civil—Higher Grade	10
II-A.— Do. Criminal— do	7
III-A.—Revenue Test, General— do	7
I-B.—Judicial Test, Civil—Lower Grade	6
II-B.— Do Criminal— do	6
III-B.—Revenue Test, General— do	5
IV.— Do. Salt Department	5
V.— Do. Sea Customs Dept.	4
VI.—Account Test	5
VII-A.—Translation Test, Higher Grade	6
VII-B.— Do. Lower do	4
VIII-A.—Precis-Writing, Higher do	4
VIII-B.— Do Lower do	4
IX.—Pleaders in District Munsiffs' Courts	6

The above fee must be paid in *every* case without exception. *Fees paid by Candidates will not be returned to them or reserved for another examination.*

4. Each application must also be accompanied by the required Vaccination Certificate signed by a Medical Officer or Medical Subordinate of the rank given in the margin, shewing that the Candidate has been vaccinated or has had the small pox. In the case, however, of Candidates who produced such certificates at examinations held subsequent to the 31st December 1874, no further voucher of this description will be necessary.

Zillah Surgeon.
Sub-Assistant and Native Surgeon.
First and Second Apothecaries.
Superintendent of Vaccination.
Hospital Assistant.

5. Persons who have not been employed *continuously* in the Public Service since the 1st January 1859 (in grades other than that of Village Curnum, or Monegar, Peon, &c., which require a knowledge of reading and writing) will not be admitted to the Special Test Examinations unless they have passed the General Test or been exempted therefrom by special order of Government, or passed the University Entrance Examination ; and by G. O., 10th March 1871, no person will be admitted to the Special Tests in English who has not passed either the English or the Anglo-Vernacular branch of the General Test.

6. Candidates coming up for one or more Tests at the same time under General Rule I will submit a single application for all such Tests. As notified under date the 3rd September 1873, no Candidate will be permitted to take up any of the Judicial Tests together with Test III in either grade.

7. Candidates will not be allowed to appear for examination in Tests I-A, II-A, III-A, I-B, V, and VI in a vernacular language, unless specially permitted by an order of Government to do so. In the latter case, Candidates should quote in their applications the date and number of such order.

8. Candidates taking up Test I-A may, if they have done sufficiently well, and if the Commissioner permits, be passed for Pleaders in District Munsiffs' Courts.

9. As notified under date the 9th September 1874, Candidates will, except in cases where a ;gher minimum has already been fixed, be required to get at least one-fourth of the marks allotted to h paper in a Test, and half marks on the whole, to secure a pass.

feet 5—5. *Crime, date and period of sentence*—Dacoity, 7 years from 8th November 1877. *Awarding Court*—Sessions Judge, Nundydroog Division. *Descriptive marks*—A small wart over centre of forehead. An irregular scar back of head near nape. *Remarks*—Had one iron ring on each leg.

A reward of Rs. 30 is offered for the recapture of the above prisoner.

J. HENDERSON, M. D.,
Supt., Central Jail.

The 16th May 1879.

Notice to the party concerned for the withdrawal of the undermentioned registered document lying unclaimed in the Office of the Sub-Registrar of Kankanhalli.

The presenter of this document or his duly constituted agent or representative is hereby called upon to appear before the Sub-Registrar of Kankanhalli, and claim it within one month from the date of this Notification, and in the event of no claim being made within that time, the document will be destroyed as authorized in section 86 of the Indian Registration Act III of 1877.

No.	Name and residence of the executant.	Name and residence of the claimant.	Date of presentation for registration.	Date of registration.	Nature and value of the document.
1	Mudviramma, wife of Nagadavara Nanjundaiya, residing in Closepet.	Gurulingaiya, son of Neyanachari, residing in Kankanhalli.	28th March 1877.	28th March 1877.	Conveyance of a tiled house, bearing Municipal No. 134, situated in the village of Harohalli for Rs. 80.

N. KRISHNA RAO,
For Registrar.

CHITALDROOG DISTRICT.

SALE NOTICE OF LAND.

The 9th May 1879.

1. It is hereby notified that all the rights of the present registered land-holder in the undermentioned lands attached in satisfaction of arrears of land revenue due by Jodidar Venkoba Rao of Malagondanhalli, a revenue defaulter, will be sold by public auction at the village of Malagondanhalli in the Davanagere Taluk of the Chitaldroog District, in presence of the Deputy Commissioner, on the 5th July 1879. The sale will commence at 11 A. M. at the Choultry in the village, and the lands will be knocked down to the highest bidder without reserve.

2. The current revenue payable by the purchaser on the lands for the years 1877-78—1878-79 is Rs. 1,610—1—10, as shewn in detail in the statement at foot.

3. Purchasers will be required to deposit 25 per cent of the purchase money at the time of sale, and where the remainder of the purchase money may not be paid within ———— days from the day of sale, the money so deposited shall be liable to forfeiture.

4. When such deposit shall not be made, nor the remaining purchase money paid up, the lands shall be re-sold at the expense and risk of the first purchaser.

Persons bidding at a sale may be required to state whether they bid on their own account or and in the latter case to deposit a written authority signed by their principals, otherwise their ejected.

10. Candidates in the Police Department who may apply for examination in the judicial portion of the "*Police Test*" *alone* should submit their applications direct to the Superintendent of Police, *and not to the Collector of the District in which they are employed.* Candidates for this Test must have previously passed in departmental subjects and will be required to pay a fee of rupees 3.

11. Candidates should write their names, their fathers' names, and their house-names *distinctly* and *in full*, and give their addresses *in full* also. Applications received without the *village* names of the Candidates will be returned.

12. Candidates will not be admitted to the examination at any other place than that named in their applications, and no Candidate will be allowed to name more than one place. To prevent mistakes Candidates should submit their applications *direct to the Collectors of the Districts in which the stations at which they desire to be examined are situated.*

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

PROCLAMATIONS.

The 4th April 1879.

Adverting to this office proclamation, dated 20th March 1879, published at page 261 of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 22nd idem, regarding the apprehension or furnishing of such information as shall lead to the apprehension of D. Sétu Rao, Khazána Bakshi of the Chief Commissioner's Treasury, it is hereby notified for the information of the public that the amount of reward therein offered is hereby raised to Rs. (1,000) one thousand.

L. RICKETTS,
Dy. Commr. & Dist. Magistrate.

The 19th April 1879.

Whereas a part of the defalcation in the Chief Commissioner's Treasury consists of twenty court fees stamp labels, of value a hundred rupees each, and no clue has been obtained regarding the same, it is hereby notified for public information that a reward of rupees one hundred will be paid by Government to any person or persons affording information leading to the recovery or detection of the said missing stamps.

The 5th May 1879.

It is hereby notified for public information that the Madras Bank offers a reward of Rs. 200 for such information as will tend to the arrest of Kotay Hyder Mahomed Hoossain, who is charged with forgery, &c., and who is described as hereunder :—

Name—Kotay Hyder Mahomed Hoossain. *Residence*—Bangalore, formerly of Vaniambody. *Caste*—Mahomedan, Labbe. *Height*—About 5 feet 5 inches. *Color*—Dark. *Mark*—Pock-marked. *Other Marks*—Has a mole either on the outside of right or left eye, also a black mole on the tip of his nose. Wears a short beard and side locks. Moustaches clipped.

L. RICKETTS,
Dy. Commr.

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The 3rd May 1879. 294

Descriptive Roll of a Convict escaped from the Central Jail Gardens on Saturday the 3rd May 187

Jail Number—1989. *Name and Father's Name*—Mara, son of Channa. *Place of P*
Manne of Nelamangala Taluk. *Caste and profession*—Balagai, Weaver. *Age and Heig*

6. The sale shall be stayed, if the defaulter, or any person acting on his behalf, or claiming an interest in the land, tenders the full amount of the arrears of revenue with the interest and other charges, provided such tender be made before sunset on the day previous to that appointed for the sale.

7. The sale of the property will not become absolute until the sale has been confirmed by the Commissioner.

8. Purchasers having completed the payment of the purchase money will, as soon as the sale has been confirmed by Deputy Commissioner, be placed in immediate possession, and the lands will be registered in the name of the purchaser and a certificate of sale signed and sealed by the Deputy Commissioner will be granted to him. It is to be distinctly understood that the Government are not responsible for errors of description or in estimated extent.

9. Provided, parties deeming themselves aggrieved by the sale shall be at liberty to appeal to the Division Commissioner within thirty days from the day of sale, and the purchase shall be conditional on the final order in such appeal.

Taluk.	Village.	Name of Defaulter.	Description of land, whether Wet, Dry, or Garden, and Buildings, (if any) belonging to the Defaulter on it.	Field. No.	Field. Name.	Estimated Extent.	Assessment. Rs. A. P.	Amount (exclusive of arrears) payable by the Purchaser for the current year.
Davangere.	Malagondanhalli.	Jodidar Venkoba Rao.	Jodi Village of Malagondanhalli	...	...	...	1260	660 0 11 Arrears due for 1877—78 950 0 11 Do for 1878—79
							Total...	1610 1 10

One mud house in which Venkoba Rao is living. Boundaries—cattle pound of Lakshmana Rao to the east; Coorg Ram Rao's house to the west; Lakshmana Rao's house front yard to the north; Lakshmana Rao's house to the south.

ABDUL KHADER,
Dy. Commissioner.

SEASON REPORTS FOR THE MONTH OF APRIL 1879.

Túmkúr District.

Rain-fall.—Light showers of rain fell in all the taluks of the District, except in the Sira and Kunigal Taluks. The quantity gauged at the head-quarters of the District was only 13 cents during the month under report.

Weather.—Same as last month.

Crops.—State of crops is reported to be good. Paddy, sugar-cane and jola were harvested during the month in some of the taluks.

Health.—The health of the District is indifferent; fever and ague being still prevalent more or less everywhere. The number of deaths from all causes will be noted in the next season report as the information will not be available until the receipt of vital statistics from the taluks as per instructic conveyed in the Chief Commissioner's No. 272 of the 13th February 1879, published in the *Gazette* of the 22nd February 1879.

Cattle.—Mortality amongst the cattle during the month under reference was 220 against 211 in the previous month.

Lands.—Lands assessed at Rs. 2,104—8—8 were taken up for cultivation against lands of the value of Rs. 56,788—6—3 relinquished.

Prices of food-grain.—Stationary.

K. SESHADRI IYER,
Deputy Commissioner.

Shimoga District.

Rain.—The quantity of rain gauged in the several taluks of the District was as follows :—

	Inches.	Cents.		Inches.	Cents.
Shimoga.. ..	1	63¾	Shikarpur.. ..	0	99
Channagiri ..	0	40	Ságar	1	7
Honnali	0	5	Nagar	0	65
Sorab	0	0	Kavaledurga ..	0	20

The average reading of the thermometer at Shimoga was 86·3 at 9-30 A. M, and 95·03 at 3-30 P. M.

Crops.—The standing crops reported to be good.

Lands.—Lands assessed at Rs. 1,224—12—0 were newly taken up for cultivation against lands assessed at Rs. 14,245—8—0 relinquished.

Health.—Fever, ophthalmia and hooping cough were very general.

Cattle.—The reported mortality among cattle was 254. Cattle diseases "Naradu" in the Channagiri and "Dodroga" in the Nagar Taluk prevail.

Prices.—Prices exhibit an upward tendency owing to the rains holding off.

V. N. NARSIMMAIENGAR,
Deputy Commissioner.

Chitaldroog District.

Weather.—The weather was very close. Rain fell in 5 taluks, and the quantity gauged at head-quarters of the taluks was as follows :—

	Inches.	Cents.		Inches.	Cents.
Chitaldroog ..	0	40	Budihal	0	60
Davangere	0	50	Hosdurga	0	65
Hiriyur	0	10			

The average reading of the thermometer at the District head-quarters was 88·6 at 9-30 A. M., and 92·3 at 3-30 P. M.

Many of the small tanks are fast drying up and rain is much wanted to replenish them.

Crops.—The paddy and sugar-cane crops are reported to be healthy except in some parts where they have been attacked with disease; the loss thereby is said not to have exceeded two annas in each field. The crops harvested were paddy, navané and javari, and sugar-cane milled in some parts of Chitaldroog. No seeds were sown during the month, the ryots are waiting for more rain to plough their lands, and the rain appears to be keeping back.

Lands paying an assessment of Rs. 1,420—12—0 were taken up for cultivation, while lands paying a kandayam of Rs. 31,154—10—0 were thrown up. The cause of this large amount of razinamas tendered is attributed to the ryots being unable to cultivate their excess lands for want of sufficient cattle, labor and funds.

Health.—The health of the population was bad, fever and ague being the principal diseases which [illegible]d during the month. The new mortuary returns for the month of April have not yet been [illegible] and consequently the number of deaths is omitted in this return.

Cattle.—No epidemic diseases prevailed among cattle. Mouth and hoof diseases prevailed in some parts of the District. The number lost from various causes is reported to be 945.

Prices.—The prices were almost stationary.

ABDUL KHADER,
Dy. Commissioner.

Kadur District.

Rain.—Light showers fell in the Lakvalli, Koppa, Chikmagalur, Banavar and Múdgere Taluks during the month.

The following table furnishes readings of the thermometer and quantity of rain gauged at the District head-quarters during the past and present months as contrasted with the month of April 1878.

March 1879, thermometer at 9-30 A. M.	86·13,	at 3-30 P. M.	86·30.	*Rain*,	0	Inches.	0	Cents.
April	,,	,,	,,	88·15,	,,	89· 7.	,,	1	,,	81	,,
Do 1878,	,,	,,	85·26,	,,	88·0.	,,	2	,,	46¼	,,

Crops.—Gid ragi and paddy were sown in the Chikmagalur Taluk.

Sugar-cane in the Tarikere, Lakvalli and Chikmagalur Taluks, sugar-cane and Vaisak paddy in Banavar Taluk are doing well. Coffee plants have blossomed in the Taluks of Lakvalli, Koppa and Chikmagalur.

Sugar-cane in the Tarikere and Banavar Taluks is being harvested.

Health.—The health of the District has not been very good, fever and ague prevailing everywhere. Small-pox has broken out in the Koppa Taluk. The total mortality from all causes was—in this month against 314 in the last month, and 397 in April 1878.

Live-stock.—The condition of live-stock is reported on favorably. The murrain of the "kalbayi jvara" type prevailed in the Koppa Taluk; 514 head of cattle are reported to have died from all causes in this against 341 in the last month and 493 in April 1878.

J. LACEY,
Dy. Commissioner.

Deaths registered in the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore for the Week ending 11th April 1879.

Estimated Population: Males .. 72,236; Females .. 70,277. Total.... 142,513

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	..	...
Fevers	15	7	22
Bowel-complaints.	2	1	3
Suicide	...	...	...
Wounding	...	..	...
Accident	1	1	2
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	...	...	...
All other causes	10	9	19
Total.....	28	18	46
Births during the week ...	30	19	49

Deaths registered in the Town of Mysore for the Week ending 11th April 1879.

Estimated Population. Males .. 29,081; Females .. 28,734. Total.... 57,815

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	...	...
Fevers	5	9	14
Bowel-complaints	3	5	8
Suicide	...	...	...
Wounding	...	...	..
Accident	...	...	...
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	...	...	...
All other causes	...	...	...
Total.....	8	14	
Births during the week. ...	4		

Deaths registered in the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore for the Week ending 18th April 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males. .. 72,236 / Females.. 70,277 — Total.... 142,513

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	...	...
Fevers	15	9	24
Bowel-complaints ...	5	5	10
Suicide	...	...	..
Wounding	...	...	...
Accident	1	...	1.
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	...	...	...
All other Causes ...	13	15	28
Total.....	34	29	63
Births during the Week ...	36	33	69

19th *May* 1879.

J. HOUSTON, M. D., *Surgeon-Major,*
For Dy. Surgeon General, I. M. D.,
Mysore Dn. & C. D.

Deaths registered in the Town of Mysore for the Week ending 18th April 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males .. 29,081 / Females .. 28,734 — Total.... 57,815

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	...	...
Fevers	8	8	16
Bowel-complaints	3	3	6
Suicide	...	...	...
Wounding	...	...	...
Accident	2	...	2
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts ...	...	...	...
All other Causes	...	...	...
Total.....	13	11	24
Births during the Week ...	4	6	10

POSTAL NOTICE.

The 19th May 1879.

From and after the 27th May 1879, the Overland Mail will be despatched every Tuesday until further notice.

The Letter Box will be closed at 6½ P. M. precisely for the above.

S. CHRISTIAN,
Postmaster.

PRIVATE ADVERTISEMENT.

The 20th May 1879.

The Directors of the Bangalore Bank "Limited" hereby notify that Mr. M. W. Walker has been appointed Officiating Agent and Manager of the Bank from this date, and request that all communications regarding the business of the Bank may be addressed to him as Agent and Manager.

W. GARRATT,
President, Bangalore Bank "Ld."

Now ready.

FOURTH EDITION, officially revised and corrected to the 25th April 1879 ; *royal* 8vo., *limp covers, with copious Indices.*

THE CIVIL PENSION CODE, Re. 1-12 ; by post, Re. 1-15—The CIVIL LEAVE CODE, Re. 1-8 ; ost, Re. 1-10—The ACTING ALLOWANCE CODE, As. 12 by post, As. 14—Or, the THREE 'S IN ONE VOLUME, Rs. 3-8 ; by post, Rs. 3-14. PRINTED SLIPS containing alterations and will be available to the public quarterly at 8 as. per quarter.

ffice of Superintendent of Government Printing, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

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BANGALORE MUNICIPALITY.

The 23rd May 1879.

Memo of propositions to be laid before the next meeting of the Town Municipal Commission to be held at their office premises, Bangalore Taluk Cutcherry, on Friday the 30th May 1879 at 7¾ A. M.

I. The usual monthly accounts and mortuary return for the month of April 1879.

II. Schedule of fees proposed to be levied for Licenses, Registration, and permissions to be granted under section 240 of the Bangalore Municipal Regulations of 1871.

N. KRISHNA RAO,
For President, Town Municipal Commn.

NOTICE.

The 23rd May 1879.

Tenders (sealed with wax) for the undermentioned articles will be received by the Deputy Assistant Commissary of Ordnance up to noon on the 25th June 1879 at which time they will be opened.

Articles.		Rates for—	Quantity.	When to be supplied and in what instalments.
Parts I. P. Regt. Components	Mallets, wood No.	200	200	100 in August 1879. 100 in September 1879.
	Pins, wood, 2½ feet of Baubool ,,	...	20,000	5,000 in August 1879. 5,000 in September 1879. 5,000 in October 1879. 5,000 in November 1879.

N. B.—Tenderers will be held by the conditions specified in the notification in the *Fort Saint George Gazette* published on the 18th March 1879; samples of the articles required can be seen and Forms of Tender and all particulars regarding security, payment, &c., can be obtained at the Ordnance Department, Fort, between 8 A. M. and 4 P. M. on any day, except Sundays and Government Holidays.

F. CLARK,
Dy. Asstt. Commissary of Ordnance.

LOST—

The left halves of the following Currency Notes :—

No.		Circle.		Value.	Claimant.
B. 39	58909	Madras	..	5	M. V. Subba Rau, Proof Reader, Mysore Government Press.
,,	58910	Do	..	5	
,,	58911	Do	..	5	

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore.—1879.

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SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

No. 21 Published by Authority. of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, MAY 24, 1879.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Abstract of Season or Intermediate Reports for the Week ending 17th May 1879.

Bangalore District.—Slight showers in some Taluks. Sugar-cane and Vaisak paddy crops in good condition. Prospects favorable. Fever and ague slightly prevalent in some Taluks. Price of ragi has again risen, and that of rice remains stationary.

Kolar District.—The Vaisak paddy crop has been slightly damaged by the fall of hail during the previous week. Fevers still prevail. Prices stationary.

Tumkur District.—Not received.

Mysore District.—Fifty-six cents rain. Sugar-cane and cotton crops thriving. Public health good. Prices slightly risen.

Hassan District.—One inch forty-nine cents rain. The reaping of the Vaisak paddy crop is continued in the Hassan Taluk, while in the Attikuppa Taluk it is withering from insufficiency of water. Ague prevalent. The price of rice has risen, and that of ragi has fallen.

Shimoga District.—Ten cents rain. Vaisak paddy and sugar-cane are in a flourishing condition. The ryots are busily engaged in ploughing. Prospects good. Fever prevalent. Cattle are in good condition. Prices shew a tendency to rise.

Kadur District.—Thirty-seven cents rain at Chikmagalur. Rain also fell in other Taluks. The sugar-cane crop is thriving. Ryots are engaged in ploughing. Fever still prevails in parts of Lakvalli and Tarikere. Public health has improved. Prices stationary.

Chitaldroog District.—One inch thirty cents of rain at Chitaldroog, and heavy showers in the surrounding villages. Rain also fell in other Taluks. The remaining crops of paddy and sugar-cane are healthy in all parts of the District. Fever and ague prevalent in some parts. Prices have slightly risen owing to exportation.

Coorg.—Rain-fall 2 inches 93 cents. Agricultural prospects good. Fever again prevalent.

By Order,

C. RANGACHARLU,
Revenue Secretary.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore.—1879.

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THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, MAY 31, 1879.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by the Judicial Commissioner, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 20th May 1879.

The undermentioned persons have been enrolled as 2nd Grade Pleaders in the Courts of Mysore under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

73.	Aggundatha Krishnappa	.. Proposing to practise in the Courts of the Ashtagram Division.
74.	Kengal Sitaramaiya ..	Do.
75.	Venkatkrishnaiengar	Do
76.	Balachavadi Tirumalachar ..	Do
77.	Hirguppe Narsimmaiya ..	Do.
78.	A. Pandita Narsimmaiya ..	Do.
79.	Attikuppa Komandur Alasingarachar...	Do.
80.	Cannambadi Sitaramaiya ..	Do.
81.	Singaraju Subramaiya	Do.

The 27th May 1879.

The undermentioned gentleman has been enrolled as an Advocate in the Court of the Judicial Commissioner of Mysore under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

C. Ramachendra Rao Saheb.

The 27th May 1879.

The undermentioned person has been enrolled as 2nd Grade Pleader in the Courts of Mysore under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

82.	Ramanujachar	.. Proposing to practise in the Courts of the Ashtagram Division.

J. D. SANDFORD,
Judicial Commissioner.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDICIAL COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE AND COORG.

CRIMINAL SIDE.

Rule of Practice No. 12, *dated* 8*th May* 1879.

Under section 292 of the Code of Criminal Procedure and with the concurrence of the Chief Commissioner, the Judicial Commissioner has made and issues the following Rule for regulating the practice of all Criminal Courts subordinate to his Court.

1. On the payment into Court of a fine inflicted by sentence of the Court, or of any portion thereof, or on the levy of the fine or of any portion thereof by distress and sale, it shall be the duty of the Head Clerk of the Sessions or of the Magistrate's Court to give immediate information of the same to the Sessions Judge or Magistrate, who shall, at once, if the prisoner be in confinement, give information of the payment to the Officer in charge of the Jail or Lock-up in which the prisoner may be confined, with a note of the date on which the prisoner may be entitled to release, if he is not entitled to immediate release in consequence of the payment.

2. In the Register No. VIII an additional column No. 13A shall be added, entitled, "Date of information of payment to the Officer in charge of Jail."

3. The Clerk omitting to give the notice required by *paragraph* 1 *shall* be liable to dismissal.

J. D. SANDFORD,
Judl. Commr. & Inspr. Genl. of Jails.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

The 29*th May* 1879.

REWARD OF RUPEES 500.

Referred to in *Gazette* of 26th April, 3rd, 10th, 17th and 24th May 1879.
For J 10—"1"4843 for Rs. 100, *read* J 10—"2"4843 for Rs. 100.
For "Not known" for Rs. 20, *read* J 5—"84125" for Rs. 20.
For B 59—"2"4707 for Rs. 100, *read* B 59—"4"4707 for Rs. 100.

R. C. STEWART,
Ag. Dy. Inspector General of Police.

Deaths registered in the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore for the Week ending 25*th April* 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males. .. 72,236 / Females.. 70,277 } Total.... 142,513

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera ...	...	...	...
Small-pox ...	...	...	...
Fevers ...	13	18	31
Bowel-complaints ...	4	2	6
Suicide ...	...	...	..
Wounding ...	...	...	...
Accident ...	3	...	3
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	...	...	...
All other Causes ...	16	11	27
Total.....	36	31	67
Births during the Week ...	27	33	60

Deaths registered in the Town of Mysore for the Week ending 25*th April* 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males .. 29,081 / Females .. 28,734 } Total.... 57,815

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total
Cholera ...	...	...	...
Small-pox ...	...	...	...
Fevers ...	2	4	6
Bowel-complaints ..	4	6	10
Suicide ...	...	...	...
Wounding ...	...	...	...
Accident ...	...	1	1
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts ...	...	...	...
All other Causes ...	...	...	...
Total.....	6	11	17
Births during the Week ...	4	4	8

May 1879.

J. HOUSTON, M. D., *Surgeon-Major,*
For Dy. Surgeon General, I. M. D.,
Mysore Dn. & C. D.

INAM DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 12th May 1879.

No. 2.

Whereas the Manager of the pagoda of Basavanna Devar at Basavapatna, Channagiri Taluk, has stated in a deposition before the Amildar, forwarded to this Office by the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District, with his Kanarese docket No. 1108, dated 19th March 1879, that title-deed No. 615 granted to the said pagoda for a wet inam land * situated in the village of Sringarabagh, Basavapatna Magani, Channagiri Taluk, has been lost; it is hereby notified for general information, that the same is declared to be cancelled, and a duplicate one, bearing the same No. and date, has this day been issued through the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District.

*No. 38.—	A. C.
	·29
	Rs. As. P.
Assessment...	... 1 14 3

The 15th May 1879.

No. 3.

In supersession of this Office Notification No. 33 of the 26th March 1879; it is hereby notified for general information, that the investigation into the validity of the minor inams, and the kayamgutta, jodi and inam villages situated in the Mysore Taluk is postponed till further orders.

The 21st May 1879.

No. 4.

It is hereby notified that the enquiry into the validity of the tenure, on which the kayamgutta villages situated in the marginally noted Taluks of the Kolar District are held, will be made by the Superintendent of Inam Settlements, at the Kasba of Chikballapur, between the 10th and 25th June 1879.

Chikballapur.
Goribidnur.
Gummayikanpalya.
Gudibanda.

2. The holders of such villages, or their agents, are hereby directed to attend between the dates mentioned in the individual notices, which will be issued to them by the Inam Superintendent, and to produce all sannads and other documents in support of their claims to the villages, failing which their villages will be attached from the 26th June 1879, and finally resumed after one year.

R. A. COLE,
Supt. of Inam Settlements.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

U. C. S. EXAMINATIONS.—SPECIAL TESTS.

The 19th May 1879.

The following notice, received from the Commissioner for the U. C. S. Examinations, is published for general information.

R. G. HODSON,
Offg. Director of Public Instruction.

The Commissioner for the Uncovenanted Civil Service Examinations notifies that the next examination in the subjects prescribed for the Special Tests under the Revised Rules published under date the 29th July 1869 will be held on the 25th and following days of August next at the places given below:—

Berhampore.	Cuddapah.	Coimbatore.	Calicut.
Chicacole.	Bellary.	Ootacamund.	Tellicherry.
Vizagapatam.	Nellore.	Negapatam.	Mangalore.
Rajahmundry.	Chittur.	Tanjore.	Secunderabad.
Cocanada.	Madras.	Trichinopoly.	Trevandrum.
Guntoor.	Cuddalore.	Madura.	Cochin.
Masulipatam.	Salem.	Palamcottah.	Bangalore.
Kurnool.			

2. Candidates must send in their applications on printed forms, which may be obtained from all Tahsildars and Treasury Deputy Collectors, so as to reach the *Collectors of the Districts in which they desire to be examined* on or before the 14th of June next, after which date no applications will be received. All applications should be prepared in the *English* language.

3. Every application must be accompanied by the prescribed fee, as laid down in the following scale sanctioned by Government under date the 22nd April 1869 :—

		Rs.
I-A.—Judicial Test, Civil—Higher Grade	.. ..	10
II-A.— Do. Criminal— do	.. ..	7
III-A.—Revenue Test, General— do	.. ..	7
I-B.—Judicial Test, Civil—Lower Grade	.. ..	6
II-B.— Do Criminal— do	.. ..	6
III-B.—Revenue Test, General— do	.. ..	5
IV.— Do. Salt Department	.. ..	5
V.— Do. Sea Customs Dept.	.. ..	4
VI.—Account Test	.. ..	5
VII-A.—Translation Test, Higher Grade	.. ..	6
VII-B.— Do. Lower do	.. ..	4
VIII-A.—Precis-Writing, Higher do	.. ..	4
VIII-B.— Do Lower do	.. ..	4
IX.—Pleaders in District Munsiffs' Courts	.. ..	6

The above fee must be paid in *every* case without exception. *Fees paid by Candidates will not be returned to them or reserved for another examination.*

4. Each application must also be accompanied by the required Vaccination Certificate signed by a Medical Officer or Medical Subordinate of the rank given in the margin, shewing that the Candidate has been vaccinated or has had the small pox. In the case, however, of Candidates who produced such certificates at examinations held subsequent to the 31st December 1874, no further voucher of this description will be necessary.

Zillah Surgeon.
Sub-Assistant and Native Surgeon.
First and Second Apothecaries.
Superintendent of Vaccination.
Hospital Assistant.

5. Persons who have not been employed *continuously* in the Public Service since the 1st January 1859 (in grades other than that of Village Curnum, or Monegar, Peon, &c., which require a knowledge of reading and writing) will not be admitted to the Special Test Examinations unless they have passed the General Test or been exempted therefrom by special order of Government, or passed the University Entrance Examination ; and by G. O., 10th March 1871, no person will be admitted to the Special Tests in English who has not passed either the English or the Anglo-Vernacular branch of the General Test.

6. Candidates coming up for one or more Tests at the same time under General Rule I will submit a single application for all such Tests. As notified under date the 3rd September 1873, no Candidate will be permitted to take up any of the Judicial Tests together with Test III in either grade.

7. Candidates will not be allowed to appear for examination in Tests I-A, II-A, III-A, I-B, V, and VI in a vernacular language, unless specially permitted by an order of Government to do so. In the latter case, Candidates should quote in their applications the date and number of such order.

8. Candidates taking up Test I-A may, if they have done sufficiently well, and if the Commissioner permits, be passed for Pleaders in District Munsiffs' Courts.

9. As notified under date the 9th September 1874, Candidates will, except in cases where a higher minimum has already been fixed, be required to get at least one-fourth of the marks allotted to each paper in a Test, and half marks on the whole, to secure a pass.

10. Candidates in the Police Department who may apply for examination in the judicial portion of the "*Police Test*" *alone* should submit their applications direct to the Superintendent of Police, *and not to the Collector of the District in which they are employed.* Candidates for this Test must have previously passed in departmental subjects and will be required to pay a fee of rupees 3.

11. Candidates should write their names, their fathers' names, and their house-names *distinctly* and *in full*, and give their addresses *in full* also. Applications received without the *village* names of the Candidates will be returned.

12. Candidates will not be admitted to the examination at any other place than that named in their applications, and no Candidate will be allowed to name more than one place. To prevent mistakes Candidates should submit their applications *direct to the Collectors of the Districts in which the stations at which they desire to be examined are situated.*

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

PROCLAMATIONS.

The 4th April 1879.

Adverting to this office proclamation, dated 20th March 1879, published at page 261 of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 22nd idem, regarding the apprehension or furnishing of such information as shall lead to the apprehension of D. Sétu Rao, Khazána Bakshi of the Chief Commissioner's Treasury, it is hereby notified for the information of the public that the amount of reward therein offered is hereby raised to Rs. (1,000) one thousand.

L. RICKETTS,
Dy. Commr. & Dist. Magistrate.

The 19th April 1879.

Whereas a part of the defalcation in the Chief Commissioner's Treasury consists of twenty court fees stamp labels, of value a hundred rupees each, and no clue has been obtained regarding the same, it is hereby notified for public information that a reward of rupees one hundred will be paid by Government to any person or persons affording information leading to the recovery or detection of the said missing stamps.

The 5th May 1879:

It is hereby notified for public information that the Madras Bank offers a reward of Rs. 200 for such information as will tend to the arrest of Kotay Hyder Mahomed Hoossain, who is charged with forgery, &c., and who is described as hereunder :—

Name—Kotay Hyder Mahomed Hoossain. *Residence*—Bangalore, formerly of Vaniambody. *Caste*—Mahomedan, Labbe. *Height*—About 5 feet 5 inches. *Color*—Dark. *Mark*—Pock-marked. *Other Marks*—Has a mole either on the outside of right or left eye, also a black mole on the tip of his nose. Wears a short beard and side locks. Moustaches clipped.

The 28th May 1879.

Notice is hereby given that a reward of Rs. 50 will be given for information leading to the discovery of the under described convict, who effected his escape from the Chattram at Channapatna, on the night of the 18th instant.

Jail No.—1768. *Name*—Gavisidda. *Father's name*—Sidda. *Place of Residence*—Rampur, Closepet Taluk. *Caste*—Balagai. *Age*—20 years. *Height*—5 feet 2½ inches. *Crime*—House-breaking and theft, and escape from lawful custody. *Sentence*—4 years and 7 months from 11th October 1877. *Awarding Court*—Closepet Sub-Division Officer. *Descriptive marks*—Faint marks over cheeks and nose, white specks below left collar bone. *Remarks*—Iron ring on left leg and ring and chain on right leg. *Jail dress marked* 1768.

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The 24th May 1879.

Statement shewing the particulars of Chattrams and Musafarkhanas in the Bangalore District, for which grants of lands have been made under the Rules prescribed in Chief Commissioner's Circular No. 15 of 28th July 1846.

Number.	Taluk.	The place where Chattrams or Musafarkhanas are situated.	Name of the Inamdar.	Inam Land.								Amount of Jodi.			Remarks.
				Dry.				Wet.		Garden.		Total.			
1	Hoskote.	1. Kasba Hoskote...	Khaji Saib Ali Saib ...	12	0	0	0					12	0	0	0	8	12	0	
		2. Hulur hobli Tavarekere,	Channappa ...	12	0	0	0					12	0	0	0	8	12	0	
		3. Kadagodi Hobli, Channasandra...	Mohadin Sabi...	10	0	0	0					10	0	0	0	8	12	0	
			Total.....	34	0	0	0					34	0	0	0	26	4	0	
2	Dodballapur...	1. Kengeri ...	Kollam Venkat Rao...	62	4	14	0					62	4	14	0	22	11	1	
3	Nelamangala...	1. Makli Ramaiyana Chattra...	Ramaiya ...	Acre. 158		Gunta. 38	A. 8	G. 16	A. 1	G. 19	A. 168	G. 33		9	0	0			
		2. Sompur or Dobbs' Pete.	Narasappa ...	181		5	55	34	4	38	241	37		8	12	0			
			Total.....	340		3	64	10	6	17	410	30		17	12	0			
4	Anekal ...	1. Indlabale ...	Chelvaiengar...	4	6	8	0					4	6	8	0	4	8	0	
		2. Balur ...	Do ...	4	19	15	4					4	19	15	4	4	6	3	
		3. Gonigattapur...	Subramannya Shastri...	13	10	0	0					13	10	0	0	8	8	0	
		4. Ragihalli ...	Ekambrasavuji and Giriyappa Chetti...	15	0	0	0					15	0	0	0	8	8	0	
			Total.....	37	16	7	4					37	16	7	4	25	14	3	

L. RICKETTS,
Dy. Commr.

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KADUR DISTRICT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st April 1879.

SALE OF COFFEE JUNGLES.

Notice is hereby given that the temporary right of occupancy (subject to such conditions as may be fixed hereafter for coffee grants generally) of the undermentioned jungles applied for for coffee cultivation, will be sold by public auction at 11 A. M. on the 1st July 1879, at Chikmagalur, before the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Coffee Department, Kadur District.

The highest bidder should, immediately after the sale is knocked down, pay 25 per cent of th purchase money, and the remainder within 15 days from the date of sale; in default the lands will be re-sold at the risk of the defaulter, who will have to make good any deficiency at the second sale, but will not be entitled to any increase that may accrue at the same time.

Any one bidding for another person must produce authority for doing so from that person.

Darkhast No.	Name of Darkhastdar.	Name and Situation of Jungle.	Boundaries.	Extent. Acres.	Guntas.	Square yards.	Remarks.
	Manje Gauda	Ichalli uduve, Halekere village, Vurbanji phirka, Banakal Hobli, Múdgere Taluk.	East.—Coffee Uduve belonging to Hulikere village. West.—Husedalu and Hara (a plain). North.—Uduve belonging to Madekere village. South.—The land of the Bairavalli. Mr. Rolland's coffee garden. ...	13	31	9	This is a land which was in dispute between Manje gauda, Kenchegauda, and decided by the Survey Superintendent as sarkari jungle and is to be sold by public auction.
	Hajam Komara.	Mullachikkana Gollara uduve. Hemanthi village, Vurbanji Phirka, Banakal Hobli, Múdgere Taluk.	East.—Plain below maggada gudde. West.—Dodda halla running from Vurbanji. North.—Hillock, near Hasaramunni kyathige. South.—Hallagere hillock. ...	0	15	105	
	Monthi Patel, Ramé Gauda, Joganna village, Kasavalalu Phirka.	Sukarika Huthal land, Kasavalu village, Múdgere Hobli, Múdgere Taluk.	East.—A trench, honne tree and buragada tree. West.—Thinnevathu, mathi tree and a gochlu tree. North.—A trench, muthagada tree and a honne tree. South.—Neral or jumblum tree near the boundary. ...	5	23	17	

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Darkhast No.	Name of Darkhastdar.	Name and Situation of Jungle.	Boundaries.	Extent. Acres.	Guntas.	Square yards.	Remarks.
	Máre Gauda of Hallur.	The land of Hunthul Bilgodu Matt, Hallur village, Kasavalalu Phirka, Múdgere Hobli, Múdgere Taluk.	East.—Waste land, Bainaguda and field of this village, mango tree and a neral or jumblum tree. West.—Mango tree near the way of Mr. Rolland's estate. North.—Stone building called Vaddar Thimma, mango tree near haravu, and nandi trees 4 yards from each other. South.—Stone steps. ...	2	8	104	
	Balagai Bittigana Linga.	The land named Holagere Hithlu, Hemavathi village, Banakal Hobli, Múdgere Taluk.	East.—Nillisuva kallumatti tree. West.—Old Holgere, thavarke tree. North.—A trench, old trench. South.—Halla called Thasana field. ...	1	6	66	
	Masthi Putte Gauda.	Masthi Katte Uduve, old Katte village, Múdgere Hobli, Múdgere Taluk.	East.—A trench, Putte gauda's patta No. 66, called Hoskere Uduve trench. West.—Way to the village. North.—Anne gauda's hitlu trench. South.—Kodge Bairappana uduve trench.	4	11	59	
64—49	Kopla Surappa.	Malé Mukki jungle, Kalagur village, Kalasada Magni, Múdgere Taluk	East.—A trench near Bilegudde. West.—Bilegudde called Unagolu. North.—Malé makki. a trench. South.—Annekere Hamde. ...	7	34	106	
	Linge Gauda of Chikana village.	The jungle called Bandi Holé, Dasarahalli village, Bendaga Magni, Chikmagalur Taluk.	East.—Mango tree belonging to Tirumala Chetti and boundary stones belonging to the coffee estate of bálle halli bitthuma. West.—Way to stream and plain. North.—Bachà kudina katte Ama. South.—Plain of Gundi Holé. ...	4	14	33	

K. MAHOMED ALI,
Offg. Dy. Commissioner.

CHITALDROOG DISTRICT.

SALE NOTICE OF LAND.

The 9th May 1879.

1. It is hereby notified that all the rights of the present registered land-holder in the undermen- lands attached in satisfaction of arrears of land revenue due by Jodidar Venkoba Rao of Mala- a revenue defaulter, will be sold by public auction at the village of Malagondanballi in ere Taluk of the Chitaldroog District, in presence of the Deputy Commissioner, on the 5th

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July 1879. The sale will commence at 11 A. M. at the Choultry in the village, and the lands will be knocked down to the highest bidder without reserve.

2. The current revenue payable by the purchaser on the lands for the years 1877-78—1878-79 is Rs. 1,610—1—10, as shewn in detail in the statement at foot.

3. Purchasers will be required to deposit 25 per cent of the purchase money at the time of sale, and where the remainder of the purchase money may not be paid within ———— days from the day of sale, the money so deposited shall be liable to forfeiture.

4. When such deposit shall not be made, nor the remaining purchase money paid up, the lands shall be re-sold at the expense and risk of the first purchaser.

5. Persons bidding at a sale may be required to state whether they bid on their own account or as agents, and in the latter case to deposit a written authority signed by their principals, otherwise their bids may be rejected.

6. The sale shall be stayed, if the defaulter, or any person acting on his behalf, or claiming an interest in the land, tenders the full amount of the arrears of revenue with the interest and other charges, provided such tender be made before sunset on the day previous to that appointed for the sale.

7. The sale of the property will not become absolute until the sale has been confirmed by the Commissioner.

8. Purchasers having completed the payment of the purchase money will, as soon as the sale has been confirmed by Deputy Commissioner, be placed in immediate possession, and the lands will be registered in the name of the purchaser and a certificate of sale signed and sealed by the Deputy Commissioner will be granted to him. It is to be distinctly understood that the Government are not responsible for errors of description or in estimated extent.

9. Provided, parties deeming themselves aggrieved by the sale shall be at liberty to appeal to the Division Commissioner within thirty days from the day of sale, and the purchase shall be conditional on the final order in such appeal.

Taluk.	Village.	Name of Defaulter.	Description of land, whether Wet, Dry, or Garden, and Buildings, (if any) belonging to the Defaulter on it.	Field... No.	Field... Name.	Estimated Extent.	Assessment.	Amount (exclusive of arrears) payable by the Purchaser for the current year.
							Rs. A. P.	
Davangere.	Malagondanhalli.	Jodidar Venkoba Rao.	Jodi Village of Malagondanhalli	...	...	...	1260	660 0 11 Arrears due for 1877—78 950 0 11 Do for 1878—79
							Total...	1,610 1 10

One mud house in which Venkoba Rao is living. Boundaries—cattle pound of Lakshmana Rao to the east; Coorg Ram Rao's house to the west; Lakshmana Rao's house front yard to the north; Lakshmana Rao's house to the south.

ABDUL KHADER,
Dy. Commissioner.

2 o

Season Report of the Kolar District for the month of April 1879.

Rain-fall.—There was no rain during this month; the season however is hopeful, and prices remain stationary.

Lands.—Lands assessed at Rs. 691—10—0 were newly taken up for cultivation, while those relinquished amounted to Rs. 46,861—3—0.

Crops.—No seeds were sown during the month. The early sown Vaisak paddy only was harvested in some Taluks of the District.

Health.—Health tolerably good. Fevers prevail.

Mortality.—The mortality will be shewn separately in the new forms received therefor.

Cattle.—

	In March.	In April.
Cows and bulls	211	110
Sheep and goats	2,808	796
Horses	14	6
He and she buffaloes	110	33
Asses	35	8
Total....	3,178	953

Prices.—*Vide* para 1.

B. KRISHNAIENGAR,
Dy. Commissioner.

Abstract of Meteorological Reports received from Head-Quarters of Districts in the Province of Mysore, from 1st to 15th May 1879.

DISTRICT.	Thermometer. Averages for the half month. 9-30 A. M. Dry bulb.	9-30 A. M. Wet bulb.	9-30 A. M. Difference.	3-30 P. M. Dry bulb.	3-30 P. M. Wet bulb.	3-30 P. M. Difference.	Thermometer. Maximum.	Thermometer. Minimum.	Rain. Inches.	Rain. Cents.	Wind.
Kolar	87	...	...	98	...	...	99	79	...	49	E. & N. E.
Túmkúr ...	84	73	11	90	79	11	91	69	...	83½	S. E. & S. W.
Mysore*... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hassan	65	...	...	68	...	...	90	70	2	55	N. E. & S. W.
Shimoga ...	88	...	...	95	...	...	..	81	...	62	N. E.
Kadur ...	82	70	12	83	70	13	90	58	1	59	N. E. & S. W.
Chitaldroog ...	89	...	...	92	...	...	...	...	...	92½	W. & S. W.

* Information not received.

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NOTICE.

The 23rd May 1879.

Tenders (sealed with wax) for the undermentioned articles will be received by the Deputy Assistant Commissary of Ordnance up to noon on the 25th June 1879 at which time they will be opened.

Articles.		Rates for—	Quantity.	When to be supplied and in what instalments.
Tents I. P. Regt. Components	Mallets, wood No.	200	200	100 in August 1879. 100 in September 1879.
	Pins, wood, 2½ feet of Baubool ,,	...	20,000	5,000 in August 1879. 5,000 in September 1879. 5,000 in October 1879. 5,000 in November 1879.

N. B.—Tenderers will be held by the conditions specified in the notification in the *Fort Saint George Gazette* published on the 18th March 1879; samples of the articles required can be seen and Forms of Tender and all particulars regarding security, payment, &c., can be obtained at the Ordnance Department, Fort, between 8 A. M. and 4 P. M. on any day, except Sundays and Government Holidays.

F. CLARK,
Dy. Asstt. Commissary of Ordnance.

PRIVATE ADVERTISEMENT.

The 20th May 1879.

The Directors of the Bangalore Bank "Limited" hereby notify that Mr. M. W. Walker has been appointed Officiating Agent and Manager of the Bank from this date, and request that all communications regarding the business of the Bank may be addressed to him as Agent and Manager.

W. GARRATT,
President, Bangalore Bank "Ld."

Now ready.

FOURTH EDITION, officially revised and corrected to the 25th April 1879; *royal* 8*vo., limp covers, with copious Indices.*

THE CIVIL PENSION CODE, Re. 1-12; by post, Re. 1-15—The CIVIL LEAVE CODE, Re. 1-8; by post, Re. 1-10—The ACTING ALLOWANCE CODE, As. 12 by post, As. 14—Or, the THREE CODES IN ONE VOLUME, Rs. 3-8; by post, Rs. 3-14. PRINTED SLIPS containing alterations and additions will be available to the public quarterly at 8 as. per quarter.

Office of Superintendent of Government Printing, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

LOST—

The left halves of the following Currency Notes:—

No.	Circle.	Value.	Claimant.
B 39 58909	Madras ..	5	M. V. Subba Rau, Proof Reader, Mysore Government Press.
,, 58910	Do ..	5	
,, 58911	Do ..	5	

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore.—1879.

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THE MYSORE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, JUNE 7, 1879.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by the Judicial Commissioner, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 28th May 1879.

The undermentioned persons have been enrolled as 2nd Grade Pleaders in the Courts of Mysore under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

83.	S. Ramaswamaiengar	.. Proposing to practise in the Courts of the Nundydroog Division.
84.	Koté Surappa	.. Do.
85.	S. Rangaswamaiengar	.. Do.

The 31st May 1879.

The undermentioned persons have been enrolled as 2nd Grade Pleaders in the Courts of Mysore under the Rules of 18th February 1879.

No.	Names.	Where practising at present.
86.	Kothapettah Sadasiva Rao	.. Proposing to practise in the Courts of the Ashtagram Division.
87.	M. Ramanna	.. Do.
88.	Belur Kesavadasaiengar	.. Do.
89.	M. Srinivasa Gopalachari	.. Do.
90.	Narsipur Venkatramaiya	.. Do.
91.	Melkote Tiruvengadachari	.. Do.
92.	Attikuppa Pandit Ramaiya	.. Do.
93.	N. Subba Rao	.. Do.
94.	C. Srinivasaiengar	.. Do.

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The 2nd June 1879.

The undermentioned persons have been enrolled as 2nd Grade Pleaders in the Courts of Mysore under the Rules of 18th February 1879.

No.	Names.	Where practising at present.
95.	Mangalore Abdul Khadar	.. Proposing to practise in the Courts of the Nagar Division.
96.	Chitaldroog Srinivas Rao	.. Do.
97.	B. Lakshminarnappa	.. Do.
98.	P. Seshagiri Rao	.. Do.
99.	Belur Krishnaiengar	.. Proposing to practise in the Courts of the Nundydroog Division.

The 5th June 1879.

The undermentioned gentlemen have been enrolled as Advocates in the Court of the Judicial Commissioner of Mysore under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

Mr. Phillip Brodie Gordon.
Mr. Laurie Gordon.

J. D. SANDFORD,
Judicial Commissioner.

INAM DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 4. *The 21st May* 1879.

It is hereby notified that the enquiry into the validity of the tenure, on which the kayamgutta villages situated in the marginally noted Taluks of the Kolar District are held, will be made by the Superintendent of Inam Settlements, at the Kasba of Chikballapur, between the 10th and 25th June 1879.

Chikballapur.
Goribidnur.
Gumnayakanpalya.
Gudibanda.

2. The holders of such villages, or their agents, are hereby directed to attend between the dates mentioned in the individual notices, which will be issued to them by the Inam Superintendent, and to produce all sannads and other documents in support of their claims to the villages, failing which their villages will be attached from the 26th June 1879, and finally resumed after one year.

No. 5. *The 2nd June* 1879.

With reference to this Office Notification No. 3 of the 15th May 1879, it is hereby notified, for public information, that the investigation into the validity of the tenure, on which the minor inams and the kayamgutta, jodi and inam villages are held in the Mysore Taluk, will be made at Mysore, by Mr. Syed Nasirudin, Assistant Superintendent of Inam Settlements, from the 1st to the 31st July 1879.

2. All parties interested in the inams in the above Taluk are therefore hereby directed to appear before the Assistant Superintendent between the above dates, either in person or by agent, and to produce all sannads and documents in support of their claim to the inams and villages, failing which their inams and villages will be attached from the 1st August 1879, and finally resumed after one year from that date.

R. A. COLE,
Supt. of Inam Settlements.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

U. C. S. EXAMINATIONS.—SPECIAL TESTS.

The 19th May 1879.

The following notice, received from the Commissioner for the U. C. S. Examinations, is published for general information.

R. G. HODSON,
Offg. Director of Public Instruction.

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The Commissioner for the Uncovenanted Civil Service Examinations notifies that the next examination in the subjects prescribed for the Special Tests under the Revised Rules published under date the 29th July 1869 will be held on the 25th and following days of August next at the places given below :—

Berhampore.	Cuddapah.	Coimbatore.	Calicut.
Chicacole.	Bellary.	Ootacamund.	Tellicherry.
Vizagapatam.	Nellore	Negapatam.	Mangalore.
Rajahmundry.	Chittur.	Tanjore.	Secunderabad.
Cocanada.	Madras.	Trichinopoly.	Trevandrum.
Guntoor.	Cuddalore.	Madura.	Cochin.
Masulipatam.	Salem.	Palamcottah.	Bangalore.
Kurnool.			

2. Candidates must send in their applications on printed forms, which may be obtained from all Tahsildars and Treasury Deputy Collectors, so as to reach the *Collectors of the Districts in which they desire to be examined* on or before the 14th of June next, after which date no applications will be received. All applications should be prepared in the *English* language.

3. Every application must be accompanied by the prescribed fee, as laid down in the following scale sanctioned by Government under date the 22nd April 1869 :—

	Rs.
I-A.—Judicial Test, Civil—Higher Grade	10
II-A.— Do. Criminal— do	7
III-A.—Revenue Test, General— do	7
I-B.—Judicial Test, Civil—Lower Grade	6
II-B.— Do Criminal— do	6
III-B.—Revenue Test, General— do	5
IV.— Do. Salt Department	5
V.— Do. Sea Customs Dept.	4
VI.—Account Test	5
VII-A.—Translation Test, Higher Grade	6
VII-B.— Do. Lower do	4
VIII-A.—Precis-Writing, Higher do	4
VIII-B.— Do Lower do	4
IX.—Pleaders in District Munsiffs' Courts	6

The above fee must be paid in *every* case without exception. *Fees paid by Candidates will not be returned to them or reserved for another examination.*

4. Each application must also be accompanied by the required Vaccination Certificate signed by a Medical Officer or Medical Subordinate of the rank given in the margin, shewing that the Candidate has been vaccinated or has had the small pox. In the case, however, of Candidates who produced such certificates at examinations held subsequent to the 31st December 1874, no further voucher of this description will be necessary.

Zillah Surgeon.
Sub-Assistant and Native Surgeon.
First and Second Apothecaries.
Superintendent of Vaccination.
Hospital Assistant.

5. Persons who have not been employed *continuously* in the Public Service since the 1st January 1859 (in grades other than that of Village Curnum, or Monegar, Peon, &c., which require a knowledge of reading and writing) will not be admitted to the Special Test Examinations unless they have passed the General Test or been exempted therefrom by special order of Government, or passed the University Entrance Examination ; and by G. O., 10th March 1871, no person will be admitted to the Special Tests in English who has not passed either the English or the Anglo-Vernacular branch of the General Test.

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BANGALORE DISTRICT.

PROCLAMATIONS.

The 4th April 1879.

Adverting to this office proclamation, dated 20th March 1879, published at page 261 of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 22nd idem, regarding the apprehension or furnishing of such information as shall lead to the apprehension of D. Sétu Rao, Khazána Bakshi of the Chief Commissioner's Treasury, it is hereby notified for the information of the public that the amount of reward therein offered is hereby raised to Rs. (1,000) one thousand.

L. RICKETTS,
Dy. Commr. & Dist. Magistrate.

The 19th April 1879.

Whereas a part of the defalcation in the Chief Commissioner's Treasury consists of twenty court fees stamp labels, of value a hundred rupees each, and no clue has been obtained regarding the same, it is hereby notified for public information that a reward of rupees one hundred will be paid by Government to any person or persons affording information leading to the recovery or detection of the said missing stamps.

L. RICKETTS,
Dy. Commr.

No. 137. *The 28th May* 1879.

It is hereby notified to depositors in the Mysore Government Savings' Bank, Bangalore, that their Pass Books should be presented on an early date at the Bangalore District Treasury for adjustment of annual interest up to 31st March 1879.

N. KRISHNA RAO,
Treasury Officer.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

No. 23 Published by Authority. of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, JUNE 7, 1879.

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OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Abstract of Season or Intermediate Reports for the Week ending 31*st May* 1879.

Bangalore District.—One inch thirty-eight cents rain at Bangalore. Vaisak paddy crops are being harvested in some places. Ploughing continues. Prospects favorable. Fever and ague prevalent. Prices slightly risen.

Kolar District.—Sixty cents of rain at head-quarters. Lands are being ploughed for dry cultivation. Prospects promising. Fever still prevalent. Prices stationary.

Tumkur District.—Twenty-four cents rain. Prospects of season and public health good.

Mysore District.—Sixty cents rain. The sugar-cane crops are thriving. Castor oil seed, jola, ragi, harka and tuvar have been sown. Prospects of season and public health good. Prices stationary.

Hassan District.—One inch seventy-one cents of rain at Hassan. Gid ragi and paddy are being sown. The seedlings of both are thriving. Fever, &c., prevalent in the Hassan, Arkalgúd, Attikuppa and Haranhalli Taluks, and dysentery in the last mentioned Taluk. The public health elsewhere is good. The only change in the market is a fall in the price of rice by ½ seer per rupee.

Shimoga District.—One inch nine cents of rain. The Vaisak paddy crop is being cut. The sugar-cane crop is thriving. Ploughing is continued. The monsoon set in rather early and heavy showers of rain have fallen. Tanks have received a good supply of water. Fever and bowel-complaints prevalent.

Kadur District.—One inch forty cents rain at Chikmagalur. There was plenty of rain throughout the District. Paddy is being sown in the Malnad Taluks, and fields are being ploughed in the Maidan Taluks. Gid ragi promises a good crop. Fever still prevails in some parts of the Lakvalli Taluk. Prices stationary.

Chitaldroog District.—Twenty-one and half cents of rain. Paddy, navane and javari were harvested. Ploughing operations have commenced in all parts of the District. Prospects of season improving. Fever and ague prevail in many parts.

Coorg.—Ten inches two cents. Agricultural prospects good. Fever still prevalent.

By Order,

C. RANGACHARLU,
Revenue Secretary.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore—1879.

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HASSAN DISTRICT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 28th May 1879.

Persons holding Pass Books for money deposited in the Savings' Bank of this District Treasury are requested to present them at an early date to the undersigned for the adjustment of interest due up to 31st March 1879.

V. N. TIRUMALACHARI,
Officer in charge of Treasury.

The 29th May 1879.

Notice is hereby given, that a document registered as No. 67, particulars of which are given below, is lying unclaimed in the Office of the Sub-Registrar of Haranhalli Taluk, and if the presenter or his duly constituted agent or representative does not appear before the Sub-Registrar of that Taluk and claim it within one month from the date of this Notification, the document will be destroyed under section 85 of the Indian Registration Act III of 1877.

Name and Residence of the Executant.	Name and Residence of the Claimant.	Date of the Document.	Date of presentation for Registration.	Nature and Value of the Document.
Gangamali, wife of Naga, residing at Hurigalvadi Village, Gandasi Hobli, Haranhalli Taluk.	Kále gauda, son of Budde gauda at Nagarahalli, Haranhalli Taluk.	25th January 1877.	25th January 1877.	Deed of sale for Rs. 100, of a house of 7 ankanas and a thrashing floor together with a backyard, measuring in all 15 × 12 yards, situated in the Village of Hurigalvadi, Haranhalli Taluk.

P. N. KRISHNAMURTI,
Offg. Registrar.

KADUR DISTRICT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st April 1879.

SALE OF COFFEE JUNGLES.

Notice is hereby given that the temporary right of occupancy (subject to such conditions as may be fixed hereafter for coffee grants generally) of the undermentioned jungles applied for for coffee cultivation, will be sold by public auction at 11 A. M. on the 1st July 1879, at Chikmagalur, before the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Coffee Department, Kadur District.

The highest bidder should, immediately after the sale is knocked down, pay 25 per cent of the purchase money, and the remainder within 15 days from the date of sale; in default the lands will be re-sold at the risk of the defaulter, who will have to make good any deficiency at the second sale, but will not be entitled to any increase that may accrue at the same time.

Any one bidding for another person must produce authority for doing so from that person.

Darkhast No.	Name of Darkhastdar.	Name and Situation of Jungle.	Boundaries.	Extent. Acres.	Guntas.	Square yards.	Remarks.
	Manje Gauda	Ichalli Uduve, Halekere village, Vurbanji phirka, Banakal Hobli, Múdgere Taluk.	East.—Coffee Uduve belonging to Hulikere village. West.—Husedalu and Hara (a plain). North.—Uduve belonging to Madekere village. South.—The land of the Bairavalli. Mr. Rolland's coffee garden. ...	13	31	9	This is a land which was in dispute between Manje Gauda, Kenche Gauda, and decided by the Superintendent as sarkari jungle and is to be sold by public auction.
	Hajam Komara.	Mullachikkana Gollara uduve. Hemanthi village, Vurbanji Phirka, Banakal Hobli, Múdgere Taluk.	East.—Plain below maggada gudde. West.—Dodda halla running from Vurbanji. North.—Hillock, near Hasaramunni kyathige. South.—Hallagere hillock. ...	0	15	105	
	Monthi Patel, Ramé Gauda, Jogannana village, Kasavalalu Phirka.	Sukarika Huthal land, Kasavalu village, Múdgere Hobli, Múdgere Taluk.	East.—A trench, honne tree and buragada tree. West.—Thinnevattu, matti tree and a gochlu tree. North.—A trench, muttagada tree and a honne tree. South.—Neral or jumblum tree near the boundary. ...	5	23	17	
	Máre Gauda of Hallur.	The land of Hunthul Bilgodu Matt, Hallur village, Kasavalalu Phirka, Múdgere Hobli, Múdgere Taluk.	East.—Waste land, Bainaguda and field of this village, mango tree and a nerali or jumblum tree. West.—Mango tree near the way of Mr. Rolland's estate. North.—Stone building called Vaddar Thimma, mango tree near haravu, and nandi trees, 4 yards from each other. South.—Stone steps. ...	2	8	104	
	Balagai Bittigana Linga.	The land named Holagere Hithlu, Hemavathi village, Banakal Hobli, Múdgere Taluk.	East.—Nillisuva kallumatti tree. West.—Old Holgere, thavarke tree. North.—A trench, old trench. South.—Halla called Thasana field. ...	1	6	66	
	Masthi Putte Gauda.	Masthi Katte Uduve, old Katte village, Múdgere Hobli, Múdgere Taluk.	East.—A trench, Putte Gauda's patta No. 66, called Hoskere Uduve trench. West.—Way to the village. North.—Anne Gauda's hitlu trench. South.—Kodge Bairappana uduve trench.	4	11	59	

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Darkhast No.	Name of Darkhastdar.	Name and Situation of Jungle.	Boundaries.	Extent. Acres.	Guntas.	Square yards.	Remarks.
64—49	Kopla Surappa.	Malé Mukki jungle, Kalagur village, Kalasada Magni, Múdgere Taluk	East.—A trench near Bilegudde. West.—Bilegudde called Unagolu. North.—Malé makki. a trench. South.—Annekere Hamde.	7	34	106	
	Linge Gauda of Chikana village.	The jungle called Bandi Holé, Dasarahalli village, Bendaga Magni, Chikmagalur Taluk.	East.—Mango tree belonging to Tirumala Chetti and boundary stones belonging to the coffee estate of bále halli bitthuma. West.—Way to stream and plain. North.—Bacha kudina katte Ama. South.—Plain of Gundi Holé.	4	14	33	

K. MAHOMED ALI,
Offg. Dy. Commissioner.

ANCHE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 31st May 1879.

No. 134—100.

The following Postal Notice, dated the 19th May 1879, received from the Postmaster General, Bombay, is published for general information.

Spare copies of this Notice are forwarded to the Anche Mutsaddis for circulation.

M. AMOORTHLINGUM,
Anche Bakshi.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Dated Bombay, 19th May 1879.

Several instances have lately occurred of addressees in England refusing to receive Overland Parcels despatched from India owing to British custom duty being charged on them. The Directors of the P. and O. Company have determined not to pay the duty in future until they receive instructions from the addressees to do so. This will cause delay to parcels on which duty is charged, and it is requested that persons sending parcels containing dutiable articles, such as jewellery, tobacco, &c., &c., will inform the addressees beforehand, and ask them to intimate to the Head Office of the P. and O. Company, 122 Leadenhall Street, London, E. C., that they are ready to pay the duty. Otherwise the parcels will be detained pending the receipt of such intimation, and in the event of payment being refused, the parcels will not be delivered.

NOTICE.

The 23rd May 1879.

Tenders (sealed with wax) for the undermentioned articles will be received by the Deputy Assistant Commissary of Ordnance up to noon on the 25th June 1879 at which time they will be opened.

Articles.			Rates for—	Quantity.	When to be supplied and in what instalments.
Tents I. P. Regt. Components	Mallets, wood	No.	200	200	100 in August 1879. 100 in September 1879.
	Pins, wood, 2½ feet of Baubool	„	...	20,000	5,000 in August 1879. 5,000 in September 1879. 5,000 in October 1879. 5,000 in November 1879.

N. B.—Tenderers will be held by the conditions specified in the notification in the *Fort Saint George Gazette* published on the 18th March 1879; samples of the articles required can be seen and Forms of Tender and all particulars regarding security, payment, &c., can be obtained at the Ordnance Department, Fort, between 8 A. M. and 4 P. M. on any day, except Sundays and Government Holidays.

F. CLARK,
Dy. Asstt. Commissary of Ordnance.

Now ready.

FOURTH EDITION, officially revised and corrected to the 25th April 1879; *royal* 8vo., *limp covers, with copious Indices.*

THE CIVIL PENSION CODE, Re. 1-12; by post, Re. 1-15—The CIVIL LEAVE CODE, Re. 1-8; by post, Re. 1-10—The ACTING ALLOWANCE CODE, As. 12 by post, As. 14—Or, the THREE CODES IN ONE VOLUME, Rs. 3-8; by post, Rs. 3-14. PRINTED SLIPS containing alterations and additions will be available to the public quarterly at 8 as. per quarter.

Office of Superintendent of Government Printing, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore.—1879.

THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, JUNE 14, 1879.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART II

Notifications by the Judicial Commissioner, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 10th June 1879.

The undermentioned gentleman has been enrolled as an Advocate in the Court of the Judicial Commissioner of Mysore under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

Mr. Robert F. Grant.

The 10th June 1879.

The undermentioned persons have been enrolled as 2nd Grade Pleaders in the Courts of Mysore under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

160. G. Arnachalla Shastri .. Proposing to practice in the Courts of the Nundydroog Division.

161. A. Ramaswami Iyer .. Do.

J. D. SANDFORD,
Judicial Commissioner.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 6th June 1879.

REWARD OF RUPEES 200.

A reward of Rs. 200 will be given to any person who shall furnish such information as will lead to the capture and conviction of the gang of robbers who committed the following dacoities on the Shimoga road :—

Place of occurrence.	Date of occurrence.	Names of parties robbed.	Value of property reported to have been robbed.
Chiknayakanhalli Taluk..			
1 Near Konankaval ...	8th May 1879 ...	Timmaiya of Gandasi ...	Rs. 1,500 0 0
1 Near Dodguni ...	9th do ...	Lakshmipataiya and Shanbhog Durgappa of the Budihal Taluk.	Rs. 865 13

The 7th June 1879.

Referring to Police Notification in Part II of the *Mysore Gazette*, page 339 of the 26th April 1879, it is hereby notified for information that the following notes lost in the robbery of Her Majesty's Mail near Bopanahalli, Mysore Taluk, on the night of 18th April 1879, have been recovered:—

Whole Notes.

B 59—33954	for Rs.	100	B 59—66153	for Rs.	100	B 54—97036	for Rs.	20
B 59—38469	do	100	B 59—65167	do	100	B 56—14271	do	10
B 58—46548	do	100	B 59—56614	do	100	B 56—61182	do	10
J 10—24843	do	100	B 59—39490	do	100	J 5—84125	do	20
B 59—54764	do	100	J 4—92837	do	50	B 56—16381	do	10
B 59—54765	do	100	J 4—90832	do	50	B 53—99069	do	10
J 10—27154	do	100	B 57—02213	do	20	J 5—84221	do	20
J 10—29147	do	100	B 54—37161	do	20			

Half Notes.

Right halves.

						Left half.		
B 59—24567	for Rs.	100	B 59—09883	for Rs.	100	B 51—25457	for Rs.	500.
B 59—44707	do	100	J 10—24765	do	100			
B 58—72373	do	100						

The following Notes remain unrecovered:—

B 59—45220	for Rs.	100	B 59—66168	for Rs.	100	B 54—97630	for Rs.	20
B 58—81970	do	100	B 59—66169	do	100	B 54—97535	do	20
J 10—23134	do	100	B 59—32545	do	100	J 9—24373	do	10
B 59—54763	do	100	B 59—59104	do	100	B 40—85540	do	5
B 59—65168	do	100						

R. C. STEWART,
Ag. Dy. Inspector General of Police.

INAM DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 21st May 1879.

No. 4.

It is hereby notified that the enquiry into the validity of the tenure on which the kayamgutta villages situated in the marginally noted Taluks of the Kolar District are held, will be made by the Superintendent of Inam Settlements, at the Kasba of Chikballapur, between the 10th and 25th June 1879.

Chikballapur.
Goribidnur.
Gumnayakanpalya.
Gudibanda.

2. The holders of such villages, or their agents, are hereby directed to attend between the dates mentioned in the individual notices, which will be issued to them by the Inam Superintendent, and to produce all sannads and other documents in support of their claims to the villages, failing which their villages will be attached from the 26th June 1879, and finally resumed after one year.

The 2nd June 1879.

No. 5.

With reference to this Office Notification No. 3 of the 15th May 1879, it is hereby notified, for public information, that the investigation into the validity of the tenure on which the minor inams and the kayamgutta, jodi and inam villages are held in the Mysore Taluk, will be made at Mysore by Mr. Syed Nasruddin, Assistant Superintendent of Inam Settlements, from the 1st to the 31st July 1879.

2. All parties interested in the inams in the above taluk are therefore hereby directed to appear before the Assistant Superintendent between the above dates, either in person or by agent, and to produce all sannads and documents in support of their claim to the inams and villages, failing which their ms and villages will be attached from the 1st August 1879, and finally resumed after one year from date.

R. A. COLE,
Supt. of Inam Settlements.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

PERMANENT ADVANCES.

Circular No. 1427, *dated* 11*th June* 1879.

The Deputy Accountant General has the honor to invite the attention of the Officers and Heads of Departments marginally named to his Circular No. 1416, published in the *Mysore Gazette* of the 22nd March 1879, and to request that the annual acknowledgment of Permanent Advances therein called for may be furnished at once.

Bangalore.

Principal of the Central College.
Principal of the Engineering School.
Surgeon Major, Pettah Civil Dispensary.
Superintendent, Central Jail.
Sar Amin, Bangalore.
Munsiff, Closepet.
Amils, for Lock-ups.

Kolar.

Deputy Commissioner.
Amils, for Contingencies and Lock-ups.
Assistant Apothecary.
Munsiff, Chikballapur.

Tumkúr.

Assistant Commissioner, Chiknayakanhalli.
Munsiff, Koratagere.
Superintendent of the Jail.
Assistant Apothecary.
Amils, for Lock-ups.

Shimoga.

District Surgeon.
Amils, for Contingencies and Lock-ups.
Munsiffs of Anantapur and Shikarpur.
Assistant Conservator.

Kadur.

Deputy Commissioner.
Amils, for Contingencies and Lock-ups.
Superintendent of the Jail.
Munsiff of Kadur Sub-Division.
Assistant Apothecary.

Chitaldroog.

Superintendent of the Jail.

Mysore.

Surgeon Major, Ashtagram Division.
Assistant Commissioner in charge of Palace duties.
Deputy Commissioner.
Assistant Commissioner.
Assistant Commissioner, Nanjangúd.
Commissioner of the Division.
Inspector of Schools (Director of Public Instruction).
Munsiff, Mysore Sub-Division.
Principal, Raja's School.
Amils, for Lock-ups.

Hassan.

Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.
Assistant Commissioner, Kikkeri Sub-Division.
Assistant Conservator of Forests.
Assistant Apothecary.

H. HUDSON,
Dy. Acctt. General in Mysore.

BANGALORE MUNICIPALITY.

No. 607. *The* 9*th June* 1879.

Memo of propositions to be laid before the Ordinary Meeting of the Cantonment Municipal-Commission, to be held at their office premises No. 12, Residency Road, on Tuesday the 24th June 1879, at 7½ A. M.

1. The usual monthly accounts for the month of May 1879.
2. Remission and exemption of house tax.
3. List of agreements entered into by the President during the month of May 1879.
4. List of estimates sanctioned by the President during the month of May 1879.
5. Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 652-53—Ml. 52, dated 27th May 1879, conveying certain suggestions for modification of Bye-law No. 65, relating to erection of pandals.

J. H. ORR,
President, Cantt. Muni. Comm.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

PROCLAMATION.

The 19th April 1879.

Whereas a part of the defalcation in the Chief Commissioner's Treasury consists of twenty court fees stamp labels, of value a hundred rupees each, and no clue has been obtained regarding the same, it is hereby notified for public information that a reward of rupees one hundred will be paid by Government to any person or persons affording information leading to the recovery or detection of the said missing stamps.

L. RICKETTS,
Dy. Commr.

The 11th June 1879.

It is hereby notified that the right of cutting grass in the Cubbon Park, the Government House compound, and in the grounds adjoining to the Maha Raja's Palace, will be sold to the highest bidder at public auction to be held in the Cubbon Park, on Wednesday the 25th June. The sale will commence at 8 o'clock. A. M.

The grass will be sold in three convenient lots with the right of cutting till the 31st December 1879.

For further particulars, apply to Mr. Battersby, Sub-Overseer at the Park, or to the undersigned.

J. CAMERON,
Supt., Govt. Gardens.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 5th June 1879.

Open tenders will be received by the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, for the lease, till 31st March 1880, of the undermentioned Forest produce, either for the whole District or for Taluks separately.

2. The Deputy Commissioner reserves to himself the right to reject any offer without assigning any reason.

3. The lease amount will be payable $\frac{1}{3}$ on acceptance of tender, $\frac{1}{3}$ on 1st September, $\frac{1}{3}$ on 1st January 1880; failure to pay up any instalment may be declared by Deputy Commissioner as cancelment of contract.

1. Gallnuts, *viz.*, alalekayi and tarekayi.
2. Soapnuts.
3. Amrayi (within the limits of Unreserved Forests).
4. Other jungle produce.

C. J. PEARSE,
Dy. Commr.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDICIAL ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER, MYSORE.

Miscellaneous No. 87 *of* 1879.

In the matter of Chapter XX of the Code of Civil Procedure, and in the matter of the petition of Madasetti and Chendraiya, residing at Narsipur, Talkad Taluk

ORDER.—The Court having examined the applicants, the said Madasetti and Chendraiya, in the presence of such of the creditors as appeared, as to their circumstances and as to their future means of payment, and having heard such of the creditors as did so appear, hereby declares, under the provisions of section 351 of the Code of Civil Procedure, the said Madasetti and Chendraiya to be insolvents, and entitled to the benefit of the provisions of the aforesaid Chapter XX of the Code of Civil Procedure and orders their discharge from custody.

T. NARAHARI RAO,
Judl. Asstt. Commissioner.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th June 1879.

Notice is hereby given that a document registered as No. 51, particulars of which are given below is lying unclaimed in the Office of the Sub-Registrar of Maharajandurga, and if the presenter or his duly constituted agent or representative does not appear before the said Sub-Registrar and claim it within one month from the date of this Notification, the document will be destroyed under section 85 of the Indian Registration Act III of 1877.

Name and Residence of the Executant.	Name and Residence of the Claimant.	Date of the Document.	Date of presentation for Registration.	Nature and Value of the Document.
Mante Gauda, son of Sanne Gauda, a cultivator at Vaduru, Ballu Hobli, Manjarabad Taluk.	Basave Gauda, son of Malle Gauda, residing at Vaduru, in the Manjarabad Taluk.	2nd August 1876.	3rd August 1876.	By this deed it was settled that the executant is to keep for himself the 1st and 2nd pieces valued at Rs. 40 and make over the 3rd piece of the land valued at Rs. 10 to the claimant, situated in the village of Vaduru, Manjarabad Taluk. No. Measuring. Assessed at Rs. 1. Karadi Gadde...180 5 kudos 7½ manas 2—2—11 2. Divarike Marada Gadde ... 94 3 „ 12 „ 2—5— 2 3. Kodé Gadde ... 81 2 „ 13 „ 4—5—10

P. N. KRISHNA MURTI,
Offg. Registrar.

KADUR DISTRICT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st April 1879.

SALE OF COFFEE JUNGLES.

Notice is hereby given that the temporary right of occupancy (subject to such conditions as may be fixed hereafter for coffee grants generally) of the undermentioned jungles applied for for cultivation, will be sold by public auction at 11 A. M. on the 1st July 1879, at Chikmagalur, before Assistant Commissioner in charge of Coffee Department, Kadur District.

The highest bidder should, immediately after the sale is knocked down, pay 25 per cent of the purchase money, and the remainder within 15 days from the date of sale; in default the lands will be re-sold at the risk of the defaulter, who will have to make good any deficiency at the second sale, but will not be entitled to any increase that may accrue at the same time.

Any one bidding for another person must produce authority for doing so from that person.

Darkhast No.	Name of Darkhastdar.	Name and Situation of Jungle.	Boundaries.	Extent. Acres.	Guntas.	Square yards.	Remarks.
	Manje Gauda	Ichalli Uduve, Halekere village, Vurbanji phirka, Banakal Hobli, Múdgere Taluk.	East.—Coffee Uduve belonging to Hulikere village. West.—Husedalu and Hara (a plain). North.—Uduve belonging to Madekere village. South.—The land of the Bairavalli Mr. Rolland's coffee garden. ...	13	31	9	This is land which was in dispute between Manje Gauda, Kenche Gauda, and decided by the Survey Superintendent as sarkari jungle and is to be sold by public auction.
	Hajam Komara.	Mullachikkana Gollara uduve. Hemanthi village, Vurbanji Phirka, Banakal Hobli, Múdgere Taluk.	East.—Plain below maggada gudde. West.—Dodda halla running from Vurbanji. North.—Hillock, near Hasaramunni kyathige. South.—Hallagere hillock. ...	0	15	105	
	Monthi Patel, Ramé Gauda, Joganna village, Kasavalalu Phirka.	Sukarika Huthal land, Kasavalu village, Múdgere Hobli, Múdgere Taluk.	East.—A trench, honne tree and buragada, tree. West.—Thinnevattu, matti tree and a gochlu tree. North.—A trench, muttagada tree and a honne tree. South.—Neral or jumblum tree near the boundary. ...	5	23	17	
	Máre Gauda of Hallur.	The land of Hunthul Bilgodu Matt, Hallur village, Kasavalalu Phirka, Múdgere Hobli, Múdgere Taluk.	East.—Waste land, Bainaguda and field of this village, mango tree and a nerali or jumblum tree. West.—Mango tree near the way of Mr. Rolland's estate. North.—Stone building called Vaddar Timma, mango tree near haravu, and nandi trees, 4 yards from each other. South.—Stone steps. ...	2	8	104	
	Balagai Bittiganna Linga.	The land named Holagere Hithlu, Hemavathi village, Banakal Hobli, Múdgere Taluk.	East.—Nillisuva kallumatti tree. West.—Old Holgere, thavarke tree. North.—A trench, old trench. South.—Halla called Thasana field. ...	1	6	66	

Darkhast No.	Name of Darkhastdar.	Name and Situation of Jungle.	Boundaries.	Extent. Acres.	Guntas.	Square yards.	Remarks.
	Masti Putte Gauda.	Masti Katte Uduve, old Katte village, Múdgere Hobli, Múdgere Taluk.	East.—A trench, Putte Gauda's patta No. 66, called Hoskere Uduve trench. West.—Way to the village. North.—Anne Gauda's hitlu trench. South.—Kodge Bairappana uduve trench.	4	11	59	
64—49	Kopla Surappa.	Malé Mukki jungle, Kalagur village, Kalasada Magni, Múdgere Taluk	East.—A trench near Bilegudde. West.—Bilegudde called Unagolu. North.—Malé makki, a trench. South.—Annekere Hande. ...	7	34	106	
	Linge Gauda of Chikana village.	The jungle called Bandi Holé, Dasarahalli village, Bendaga Magni, Chikmagalur Taluk.	East.—Mango tree belonging to Tirumala Chetti and boundary stones belonging to the coffee estate of Bále halli Bitthuma. West.—Way to stream and plain. North.—Bacha kudina katte Ama. South.—Plain of Gundi Holé. ...	4	14	33	

K. MAHOMED ALI,
Offg. Dy. Commissioner.

COORG.

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th May 1879.

Notice is hereby given for general information that the building site situated within the municipal limits of Mahadeopet (Mercara), registered in the name of the Secretary to the Coffee Planters' Association, and bounded as follows—

North—Civil Dispensary, formerly Native Travellers' Bungalow and Soldiers' Shed,
South—Mysore Ramanna's buildings, formerly Bandy-stand,
East—Basel Mission house, formerly Mr. Allen's compound,
West—Jayasingh's house, formerly waste land,

Area 31,025 square feet,
$\frac{2}{3}$rds of an acre,

having been resigned to Government, the grant dated 4th November 1863, Chief Commissioner's No. 31, which is alleged to have been lost, is hereby cancelled.

H. G. THOMSON,
Superinten

Season Report of the Mysore District for the Month of April 1879.

Rain.—Rain fell in all the Taluks, except Chamrajnagar and Yedatore. The aggregate quantity registered was 14 inches and 58 cents.

Crops.—Cholam, gingelly oil seed, tuvar, sugar-cane and castor oil seed were sown during the month; some suffering from want of rain were recovered by rains in May. No crops were harvested.

Health.—The health of the population was good.

Cattle.—Murrain was prevalent in the Mysore, Periyapatna, Yedatore and Malvalli Taluks. The mortality amongst cattle was 1,097, of which 201 are ascribed to murrain and 125 killed by wild beasts.

Prices.—Prices rose slightly owing to rain holding off. First sort rice was sold at 10 seers, 2nd sort at 10 seers and 8 chittaks, ragi at 28 seers, and horse-gram at 24 seers the rupee.

C. J. PEARSE,
Dy. Commr.

Season Report of the Chitaldroog District for the Month of May 1879.

Weather.—Pleasant. Rain fell in all the Taluks of the District; the quantity gauged at head-quarters of each Taluk was as follows:—

	Inches.	Cents.		Inches.	Cents.
Chitaldroog	9	67¾	Hiriyur ..	7	85
Davangere	6	48	Budihal ..	7	80
Kankuppa	6	36¼	Hosdurga ..	8	95
Dodéri	5	40	Pavagada ..	10	20

Some of the tanks breached in the Hiriyur, Davangere and Pavagada Taluks, owing to the heavy showers of rain which fell on the 20th and 21st May 1879.

The average reading of the thermometer at the District head-quarters was 84·22 at 9-30 A. M., and 87·38 at 3-30 P. M.

One hundred and ninety-six large and five hundred and fifty small tanks received a fair supply of water.

Crops.—The paddy crops are reported to be in good condition, and the crops harvested during the month were paddy, javari and navane.

The seeds sown during the month were javari, castor, gingelly, dál, paddy, black and green-gram and sajje.

Lands paying an assessment of Rs. 2,638—4—0 were newly taken up for cultivation, while lands paying a kandayam of Rs. 1,396—2—0 were resigned.

Health.—The health of the population was bad. Fever and ague prevailed in many parts of the District. In consequence of the non-receipt of the mortuary return for May from the Taluks, the number of deaths cannot be given.

Cattle.—No epidemic diseases prevailed among cattle. The number lost by various other diseases is reported to be 1,674.

Prices.—The average price of grain sold in the markets was as follows:—Rice 10 to 11, ragi 20 to 23, javari 16 seers per rupee.

M. MUDDUKRISHNA NAIDU,
For Dy. Commr.

Visitors to the Mysore Government Museum, Bangalore, during the month of May 1879, *were* 24,993 *in number, averaging, exclusive of Sundays,* 926 *daily.*

Signatures made in—									Total of Signatures.		Unable to sign but tally kept.	Total of Visitors.	Unable to sign. No. of—		Total of Visitors.
English.		Tamil.	Telugu.	Kanarese.	Hindustani.	Mahratta.	Marvadi.	Guzarati.	Males.	Females.			Men and Boys.	Women and Girls.	
Europeans.	Natives.														
236	548	447	106	1,075	171	46	6	3	2,598	40	22,355	24,993	11,742	10,613	24,9

J. HOUSTON, M. D.,
Supt., Mysore Govt. Museum.

NOTICE.

The 23rd May 1879.

Tenders (sealed with wax) for the undermentioned articles will be received by the Deputy Assistant Commissary of Ordnance up to noon on the 25th June 1879 at which time they will be opened.

Articles.			Rates for—	Quantity.	When to be supplied and in what instalments.
Tents I. P. Regt. Components	Mallets, wood	No.	200	200	100 in August 1879. 100 in September 1879.
	Pins, wood, 2½ feet of Baubool	„	...	20,000	5,000 in August 1879. 5,000 in September 1879. 5,000 in October 1879. 5,000 in November 1879.

N. B.—Tenderers will be held by the conditions specified in the notification in the *Fort Saint George Gazette* published on the 18th March 1879; samples of the articles required can be seen and forms of tender and all particulars regarding security, payment, &c., can be obtained at the Ordnance Department, Fort, between 8 A. M. and 4 P. M. on any day, except Sundays and Government Holidays.

F. CLARK,
Dy. Asstt. Commissary of Ordnance.

Now ready.

FOURTH EDITION, officially revised and corrected to the 25th April 1879; *royal* 8*vo., limp covers, with copious Indices.*

THE CIVIL PENSION CODE, Re. 1-12; by post, Re. 1-15—The CIVIL LEAVE CODE, Re. 1-8; by post, Re. 1-10—The ACTING ALLOWANCE CODE, As. 12; by post, As. 14—Or, the THREE CODES IN ONE VOLUME, Rs. 3-8; by post, Rs. 3-14. PRINTED SLIPS containing alterations and additions will be available to the public quarterly at 8 as. per quarter.

Office of Superintendent of Government Printing, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore.—1879.

THE 137 315

MYSORE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, JUNE 21, 1879.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by the Judicial Commissioner, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 12th June 1879.

The undermentioned persons have been enrolled as 2nd Grade Pleaders in the Courts of Mysore under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

102.	N. Sundarachar	.. Proposing to practise in the Courts of the Ashtagram Division.
103.	Gedangi C. Venkatsubbaiya	.. Do.
104.	Benkipur Yadava Rao	.. Proposing to practise in the Courts of the Nagar Division.
105.	Swami Rao Mahadev, Nadigar	.. Do.
106.	D. Shamanna	.. Proposing to practise in the Courts of the Nundydroog Division.
107.	H. Surasastri	.. Do.

J. D. SANDFORD,
Judicial Commissioner.

INAM DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 4. *The 21st May* 1879.

It is hereby notified that the enquiry into the validity of the tenure on which the kayamgutta villages situated in the marginally noted Taluks of the Kolar District are held, will be made by the Superintendent of Inam Settlements, at the Kasba of Chikballapur, between the 10th and 25th June 1879.

Chikballapur.
Goribidnur.
Gumnayakanpalya.
Gudibanda.

2. The holders of such villages, or their agents, are hereby directed to attend between the dates mentioned in the individual notices, which will be issued to them by the Inam Superintendent, and to produce all sannads and other documents in support of their claims to the villages, failing which the villages will be attached from the 26th June 1879, and finally resumed after one year.

No. 5. *The 2nd June* 1879.

With reference to this Office Notification No. 3 of the 15th May 1879, it is hereby notified, for public information, that the investigation into the validity of the tenure on which the minor inams and the kayamgutta, jodi and inam villages are held in the Mysore Taluk, will be made at Mysore by Mr. Syed Nasruddin, Assistant Superintendent of Inam Settlements, from the 1st to the 31st July 1879.

2. All parties interested in the inams in the above taluk are therefore hereby directed to appear before the Assistant Superintendent between the above dates, either in person or by agent, and to produce all sannads and documents in support of their claim to the inams and villages, failing which their inams and villages will be attached from the 1st August 1879, and finally resumed after one year from that date.

R. A. COLE,
Supt. of Inam Settlements.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 34. *The 16th June* 1879.

Under advice from the Assistant Accountant General in charge of Money Order Department, Bombay, the District Treasury Officers in Mysore are informed that the Money Order Office at Mohableshwar in the Bombay Presidency was closed on the 15th June, 1879, and will be re-opened on the 10th October next. Money Orders already drawn on that Treasury and remaining unpaid will be cashed at Satara.

H. HUDSON,
Controller, Money Order Offices,
Mysore Circle.

BANGALORE MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

The 13th June 1879.

It is hereby notified, under the provisions of section 190 of the Bangalore Municipal Regulations of 1871, for the information of the Native community of the Town of Bangalore, that the burning and burial ground situated to the east of Mavalli Tank is from and after the date of this certificate closed, and the public are strictly warned from causing any interment or cremation to be made therein. In lieu of the aforesaid ground, the burning and burial ground, as described below, has been established for use and which ground has also been portioned off, in convenient lots, for the different castes, and the Settis and Yajamans will be held responsible for any misappropriation of the sites thus defined:

On the North by Sunakal Tank.
" " South by Gurusami's field.
" " East by a rock and chunam kiln.
" " West by fields belonging to Balappa, Ramasami and Mutanna.

The 18th June 1879.

Memo of propositions to be laid before the next meeting of the Town Municipal Commission to be held at their office premises, Bangalore Taluk Cutcherry, on Saturday the 28th June 1879.

1. The usual monthly accounts and mortuary return for the month of May 1879.

Sub-Committee's report as to the fees to be levied for licenses, registration, and permissions to under section 240 of the Bangalore Municipal Regulations of 1871.

3. Chief Commissioner's official memorandum No. 798—92, dated 5th June 1879, forwarding for consideration a petition from the Tarag Pettah merchants on the subject of effecting certain changes in the present Sayer taxation.

J. H. ORR,
President, Town Municipal Comm.

The 30th May 1879.

Copy of Proceedings of the Town Municipal Commission, at a meeting held on Friday the 30th May 1879, at 7¾ A. M.

Offg. President.
L. Ricketts, Esq.—*Present.*

Ex-Officio Members.

Present.—The Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore Dist.
Absent.—The Executive Engineer, Nundydroog Divn.
The Commissary of Ordnance.
The Surgeon to the Mysore Commission.
The Amildar of Bangalore.

Municipal Commissioners.

1st Division, Balé Pettah.

Present.—Mr. B. Mari Gangaiya.
Mr. A. S. Raghavachar.

2nd Division, Manavarte Pettah.

Present.—Mr. A. Srinivasachar.
Mr. Khazi Abed Jaffar Saib.

3rd Division, Alsur Pettah.

Present.—Mr. C. Muttusami Naidu.
Absent.— Mr. V. P. Madhava Rao.

I. The usual monthly accounts and mortuary return for April 1879 are laid before the Board, read and duly passed.

Ordered—That the following cash account be submitted to the Deputy Accountant General in Mysore.

Cash Account Current of the Municipal Commission for the Town of Bangalore for the month of April 1879.

Receipt.	Amount.			Expenditure.	Amount.		
Cash Balance brought forward from last month's account.	5,523	12	1	I. Collection. 1. For octroi tax ...	209	6	5
I. Octroi. 6. Tobacco, betel-leaves and betel-nuts ...	1,684	7	4	2. Mohatarfa tax on houses, buildings and lands, and for tax on professions and trades	160	3	0
II. Mohatarfa, tax on houses, buildings and lands	1,173	8	3	7. Rents assigned to Municipality ...	20	7	3
III. Mohatarfa, tax on professions and trades	1,457	4	2	II. Head Office charges ...	414	9	7
VII. Rents. 1. Nazul Lands ...	22	8	0	III. Public Works. 1. Supervision ...	121	1	10
2. do Shops ...	180	5	3	3. Repairs ...	356	13	6
IX. Extraordinary. 5. Other items, Tobacco License.	21	12	0	IV. Police	1,367	2	3
				VI. Charitable grants—2. Vaccination ...	20	7	4
				VII. Conservancy	802	15	9
				IX. Lighting...	162	12	6
X. Fines	3	15	8	X. Gardens	5	0	0
XI. Pounds	32	12	10	XII. Miscellaneous 3. Cattle pound charges ...	10	14	6
XII. Miscellaneous	49	1	6	4. Statistics and mortuary registration...	30	0	0
XIII. Fees from liquor licenses ...	1,201	0	0	5. Other miscellaneous items... ...	149	6	11
				XIII. Extraordinary Public Works ...	27	0	0
Total Receipts during the month.. ...	5,826	11	0	Total Rupees.....	3,858	4	10
Add Balance of last month.....	5,523	12	1	To Cash Balance carried to next month's account.....	7,492	2	
Grand Total Rs.....	11,350	7	1	Grand Total Rs.....	11		

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Mortuary Register, Bangalore.

Statement of Births and Deaths within the Town Municipal limits during the month of April 1879.

Causes of Deaths.	Europeans.		East Indians.		Musalmans.		Hindus.		Native Christians.		Other Classes.		Buddhists.		Total.		Total in—		Increase.	Difference. Decrease.
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	April 1879.	March 1879.		
Cholera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Small-pox ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fevers ...	...	...	...	...	6	6	38	24	...	2	...	...	...	...	44	32	76	58	16	...
Bowel-complaints	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	6	4	2	...
Injuries. Suicide ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Injuries. Wounding ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Injuries. Accident ...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	6	5	1	...
Injuries. Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Causes—																				
Consumption ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	4	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	5	10	5	5	...
Convulsions ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	4	5	...	1
Dropsy ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	...
Lock-jaw ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	9	6	3	...
Asthma ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	4	5	...	1
Rheumatism ...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	8	...	6
Old age ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	7	14	6	8	...
Born dead ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	2	...	1
Croup ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	5	4	1	...
Ulcer ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2
Total Other Causes.....	...	...	...	...	2	1	21	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	27	51	44	13	11
Total Deaths.....	...	...	...	...	11	8	65	53	...	2	...	...	...	...	76	63	139	111	37	11
of Births during the month	...	...	...	...	11	11	65	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	76	57	133	102	31	...

Abstract of Mortuary Report and Percentage of Births and Deaths on the Estimated Population, 58,573.

Classes.	Births.		Difference.		Percentage of Births.		Deaths.		Difference.		Percentage of Deaths.	
	March 1879.	April 1879.	Increase.	Decrease.	March 1879.	April 1879.	March 1879.	April 1879.	Increase.	Decrease.	March 1879.	April 1879.
Europeans ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
East Indians ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Musalmans ...	17	22	5	0	·25	·33	21	19	0	2	·32	·29
Hindus ...	85	111	26	0	·15	·21	90	118	28	0	·17	·23
Native Christians	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	·30
Other Classes ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Buddhists ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total.....	102	133	31	0	·17	·23	111	139	30	2	·17	·24

Remarks.

There were 139 deaths during the month ; 76 from fever, 6 from bowel-complaints, 6 from injuries and 51 from other causes (as detailed in the previous page.)

The number of deaths in April 1879, as compared with those in March 1879, are as follows :—

Of Musalmans 19 against 21, Hindus 118 against 90, Native Christians 2 against none, being 28 more than previous month, and 41 less than the corresponding month of last year.

Age.

Classes.	Number died during the month.	Born dead.	Under 1 year.	2 to 5 years.	6 to 12 do	12 to 20 years inclusive.	21 to 30 do	31 to 40 do	41 to 50 do	51 to 60 do	Above 60 years of age.	Total.
Europeans ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Indians ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Musalmans ...	19	...	2	1	3	3	2	1	4	3	...	19
Hindus ...	118	1	9	14	13	10	18	11	19	7	16	118
Native Christians ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	2
Other Classes ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Buddhists ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	139	1	11	15	16	13	22	12	23	10	16	139

Resolution.—Approved.

II. Schedule of fees proposed to be levied for licenses, registration and permissions to be granted under section 240 of the Bangalore Municipal Regulations of 1871.

Resolution.—The Commissioners consider it desirable that a schedule of fees to be levied for licenses granted under the provision of the section above quoted be drawn out, and further resolve that a sub-committee comprised of the following gentlemen be appointed for the purpose :—

Municipal Commissioners.

1. Mr. B. Marri Gangaiya.
2. ,, A. S. Raghavachar.
3. ,, A. Srinivasachar.
4. Mr. Khazi Abed Jafar Sheriff.
5. ,, C. Muttusami Naidu.

N. KRISHNA RAO,
For Offg. President, Town Muni. Commn.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

PROCLAMATION.

The 19th April 1879.

Whereas a part of the defalcation in the Chief Commissioner's Treasury consists of twenty court fees stamp labels, of value a hundred rupees each, and no clue has been obtained regarding the same, it is hereby notified for public information that a reward of rupees one hundred will be paid by Government to any person or persons affording information leading to the recovery or detection of th said missing stamps.

L. RICKET
Dy.

The 11th June 1879.

It is hereby notified that the right of cutting grass in the Cubbon Park, the Government House compound, and in the grounds adjoining to the Maha Raja's Palace, will be sold to the highest bidder at public auction to be held in the Cubbon Park, on Wednesday the 25th June. The sale will commence at 8 o'clock. A. M.

The grass will be sold in three convenient lots with the right of cutting till the 31st December 1879.

For further particulars, apply to Mr. Battersby, Sub-Overseer at the Park, or to the undersigned.

J. CAMERON,
Supt., Govt. Gardens.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDICIAL ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER, BANGALORE.

Insolvency Case No. 5 of 1879.

In the matter of Chapter XX of the Code of Civil Procedure, and in the matter of the petition of Pompathi Raju of Bangalore.

Notice is hereby given that a petition with schedule attached was filed in this Court by the said Pompathi Raju on the 12th June 1879, praying for the benefit of the provisions of the said Chapter XX of the Code of Civil Procedure, and to be declared an insolvent under section 351 of the said Code; and that the matter of the above petition and schedule will be heard on Thursday the 17th day of July 1897, at 11 forenoon, at which time the said insolvent is required to appear in person before this Court and then and there abide such order as the Court shall make on his behalf; and that all persons claiming to be creditors of the said Pompathi Raju are at liberty to appear and oppose the said application.

Given under my hand and seal, this 14th day of June 1879.

VENKAT VARDAIENGAR,
Judicial Asstt. Commr.

NUNDYDROOG DIVISION.

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th June 1879.

Sessions for the Bangalore District will be held at Bangalore on the 7th July 1879 and following days.

The cases mentioned below are posted for trial :—

Magisterial No.	Session No.	Names of Prisoners.	Committing Magistrates.	Sections charged under.	Date of Committal.
364-79	20 of 1879	1. Doddiga. 2. Kadernavaz Khan. 3. Krishna.	Amildar and 2nd Class Magistrate, Bangalore Taluk.	511, 457 & 75, I. P. C.	19th May 1879.
439-79	21	Samuel *alias* Putta ...	Sar Amin and 1st Class Magistrate, Town and Cantonment... ...	380 & 75	22nd do

The Magistrates above named are hereby directed to cause all parties connected with the above noted cases to be in attendance at Bangalore before the Sessions Court on the 7th July 1879 a M.

All cases committed prior to 7th July 1879 will be taken up for trial in addition to the above.

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
District and Sessions Judge.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 5th June 1879.

Open tenders will be received by the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, for the lease, till 31st March 1880, of the undermentioned Forest produce, either for the whole District or for Taluks separately.

2. The Deputy Commissioner reserves to himself the right to reject any offer without assigning any reason.

3. The lease amount will be payable ⅓ on acceptance of tender, ⅓ on 1st September, ⅓ on 1st January 1880; failure to pay up any instalment may be declared by Deputy Commissioner as cancelment of contract.

1. Gallnuts, *viz.*, alalekayi and tarekayi.
2. Soapnuts.
3. Amrayi (within the limits of Unreserved Forests).
4. Other jungle produce.

C. J. PEARSE,
Dy. Commr.

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th May 1879.

It is notified for general information that a reward of Rs. 20 is offered by the Amildar of the Sorab Taluk for such information as will lead to the discovery of the property, including the Sorab Taluk Magistrate's seal, of which he was robbed in the dacoity that took place at Sige Matté Kanase, Shikarpur Taluk, on the 9th May 1879.

V. N. NARASIMMAIENGAR,
Deputy Commissioner.

KADUR DISTRICT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

IN THE COURT OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER, KADUR.

The 13th June 1879.

Execution Case No. 2 of 1879.

Syed Amir Ali Saib of Hassan .. .. Plaintiff.

Versus.

Benki Nawab Nasim Saib .. .. Defendant.

NOTICE.

In satisfaction of the amount of the decree obtained by the plaintiff against the defendant in original suit No. 1 of 1876, on the file of the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, the right, title and interest of the defendant Benki Nawab Nasim Saib in the undermentioned coffee gardens will be sold by public auction at Chikmagalur, on the 16th day of July 1879. For particulars of the boundaries of the gardens, &c., *vide* detailed statement published in Kanarese.

				Acres.	Guntas.	Yards.
1.	One-sixth share in the Sampigekan Lingadahalli Magni,	Tarikere	Taluk .	303	28	92
2.	Nimbekul	do	do ..	247	37	43
3.	Kamanadurgakan	do	do ..	65	5	3
4.	Mastikal	do	do ..	7	25	95

J.

The 10th June 1879.

It is hereby notified to depositors in the Mysore Government Savings' Bank, Chikmagalur, that their Pass Books should be presented on an early date at the Kadur District Treasury for adjustment of annual interest up to 31st March 1879.

E. CHITAMBRAM IYER,
Treasury Officer.

SEASON REPORTS FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1879.

Bangalore District.

Rain-fall.—The fall of rain as gauged at the head-quarters of each taluk was as follows :—

	Inches.	Cents.		Inches.	Cents.
Bangalore	5	90	Kankanhalli . ..	1	50
Hoskote .. .	2	26	Magadi	2	70
Devanhalli	5	71	Closepet	1	.75
Dodballapur ..	7	35	Anekal	4	32
Nelamangala .	2	50			

Two hundred and one large and 260 small tanks received from 2 to 4 months' supplies of water.

Crops.—Vaisak paddy and sugar-cane are in good condition, and the former is being harvested in some places. Sesamum and harka were sown, and dry lands ploughed.

Health.—The public health has been generally good, but fever and ague prevailed in some places.

Mortality.—No accounts received from the taluks as yet: *vide* instructions contained in Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 10382—207, dated 13th February 1879.

Cattle.—The mortality among cattle numbered 1,263 against 916 in April; of these 58 were killed by wild beasts.

Lands.—Lands assessed at Rs. 505—9—6 were taken up for cultivation; and the assessment of those resigned amounted to Rs. 1,024—11—7.

L. RICKETTS,
Dy. Commissioner.

Túmkúr District.

Rain-fall.—The total quantity of rain gauged at the head-quarters of the District was 5 inches and 69½ cents during the month under reference.

Weather.—The weather was warm till the 20th, but pretty cool after the rains of the 20th and 21st.

Crops.—Vaisak paddy crop still on the ground was benefited by the late rains, and is in good condition. Seeds sown during the month were harka, sáme and castor-oil seed in Túmkúr, jola, green-gram and black-gram in the Chiknayakanhalli and Honnavalli Taluks with sesamum and coriander in [illegible] tion in the latter taluk. Paddy was harvested in the Taluks of Koratagere, Maddagiri and Chiknayakanhalli.

Health.—The health of the District is generally good. Fever decreasing. The number of deaths reported from all causes was 1,031 during the month of April 1879, against 444 in the month of March. The highest ratio of mortality was in the Maddagiri and Sira Taluks due chiefly to fever.

Cattle.—Loss of cattle from all causes was 173 against 220 shown in the previous month.

Lands.—Lands assessed at Rs. 3,531—14—9 were taken up for cultivation, while those relinquished were assessed at Rs. 763—6—0. These resignations were tendered about the end of April in taluks [illegible]han those in which the lands were situated, and were disposed of during the month under review.

[illegible].—Prices of food grains stationary.

K. SESHADRI IYER,
Dy. Commissioner.

Shimoga District.

Rain.—The quantity of rain gauged in the several taluks of the District is as follows :—

	Inches.	Cents.		Inches.	Cents.
Shimoga.. ..	8	2	Sorab	7	44
Channagiri ..	8	51	Ságar	11	7
Honnali	10	92	Nagar	25	42
Shikarpur ..	5	88	Kavaledurga ..	16	60

The average reading of the thermometer at Shimoga was 83·09 at 9-30 A. M., and 88·35 at 3-30 P. M.

Crops.—Paddy was sown to a small extent in all the taluks, and has sprouted. The heavy rains in the Kavaledurga Taluk, when paddy was about to germinate, slightly injured the seeds.

Lands.—Lands assessed at Rs. 3,191—6—0 were newly taken up for cultivation against lands assessed at Rs. 3,039—4—0 relinquished.

Health.—Generally good.

Cattle.—The reported mortality among cattle was 362.

Prices.—Almost stationary.

V. N. NARSIMMAIENGAR,
Dy. Commissioner.

Kadur District.

Rain.—Rain fell generally throughout the District during the month.

The following table shews the rain-fall at head-quarters and the surrounding estates during the month :—

Station or Estate.	Inches.	Cents.	Station or Estate.	Inches.	Cents.
Chikmagalur (head-quarters) ..	10	48	Barkodu	17	45
Santaveri	15	97	Quord Hitalu (Koppa) ..	21	60
Balur..	33	67	Ambadikan (do) ..	22	25
Alikan	33	32	Arbidikul	22	95
Nemar	32	90	Karehadalu .. }	20	28
Mylamaney	13	81	Balehonnur .. }		

Crops.—Seeds sown.—Kodé paddy in the malnád taluks.

Gid ragi, sugar-cane and coffee crops are doing well in the Chikmagalur, Tarikere, Koppa and Lakvalli Taluks.

Health.—The health of the District was generally good. Fever prevailed in some parts of the Tarikere Taluk.

Live-stock.—The condition of the live-stock has been reported to be good. The loss among cattle was 485 in this against 514 last month. "Kalbayi jwara" was prevalent in some parts of the Lakvalli Taluk.

Land.—Lands assessed at Rs. 881—10—4 were newly taken up for cultivation, while Rs. 8,653—15—0 relinquished.

Prices.—There was a slight rise in the price of food grains during the month, attributable to the markets being scantily supplied on account of heavy rain.

J. LACEY,
Dy. Comr

Coorg.

Wet land.—Ploughing for the Kartika crop continues. In Yelsavirshime Taluk the plants are about 6 inches in height.

The Vaisak crop which was reaped but not stacked, has been damaged by the heavy rains which commenced very early this year.

Dry land.—Ragi sowing has commenced.

Cardamoms.—The cardamom pods have formed and prospects are said to be good.

Coffee.—The coffee is looking well. Labor from Mysore is coming in slowly.

Mortality.—The number of deaths amongst the population of the Province was 309, against 968 in the same month of last year, and is classified as follows :—

Diarrhœa ..	..	..	17	*Taluks.*	
Small-pox	..	..	3	Mercara ..	.. 57
Fever ..	..	..	279	Padinalknad	.. 63
Accidents ..	..	..	2	Yedenalknad	.. 41
Other diseases	..	..	8	Kiggatnad	.. 26
				Nanjarajpatna	.. 58
				Yelsavirshime	.. 36
				Towns.	
				Mahadeopet ..	.. 16
				Virarajendrapet ..	.. 12
		Total....	309	Total....	309

Of the above, there were 112 males, 127 females and 70 children of the following sects:—Christians 4 ; Coorgs 51; Hindus 231 ; Muhammadans 9 ; Other Classes 14 ; total 309.

Cattle.—The mortality amongst the cattle was 824 against 324 in the same month of last year, and is classified as follows :—

Bulls 173 ; cows 195 ; calves 164 ; he-buffaloes 107 ; she-buffaloes 111 ; calves 74 ; total 824.

Prices.—Risen.

Rain-fall.—Mercara.

			Inches.	Cents.
	In May 1879.	..	24	62
	Total rain-fall ..	..	25	39
Somavarpete.				
	In May 1879.	..	24	90
	Total rain-fall ..	..	25	49

H. G. THOMSON,
Superintendent.

Deaths registered in the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore for the Week ending 2nd May 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males. .. 72,236 / Females.. 70,277

Total.... 142,513

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	...	..
Fevers	11	14	25
Bowel-complaints ...	4	4	8
Suicide	...	...	..
Wounding	...	...	...
Accident	...	1	1
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	...	...	...
All other Causes ...	15	20	35
Total.....	30	39	69
Births during the Week ...	33	23	56

Deaths registered in the Town of Mysore for the Week ending 2nd May 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males .. 29,081 / Females .. 28,734

Total.... 57,815

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	...	...
Fevers	5	8	13
Bowel-complaints	1	7	8
Suicide	...	...	...
Wounding	...	...	...
Accident	...	1	1
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts ...	...	...	...
All other Causes	...	...	...
Total.....	6	16	22
Births during the Week ...	...	...	...

Deaths registered in the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore for the Week ending 9th May 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males .. 72,236 / Females .. 70,277

Total.... 142,513

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	..	...
Fevers	11	9	20
Bowel-complaints	2	6	8
Suicide	...	...	...
Wounding	...	..	...
Accident	2	1	3
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	...	...	...
All other causes	6	13	19
Total.....	21	29	50
Births during the week ...	22	31	53

Deaths registered in the Town of Mysore for the Week ending 9th May 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males .. 29,081 / Females .. 28,734

Total.... 57,815

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	...	...
Fevers	8	6	14
Bowel-complaints	3	6	9
Suicide	...	1	1
Wounding	...	...	..
Accident	2	...	2
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	...	...	...
All other causes	...	...	...
Total.....	13	13	26
Births during the week. ...	....	1	1

12th June 1879.

J. HOUSTON, M. D., *Surgeon-Major,*
For Dy. Surgeon General, I. M. D.,
Mysore Dn. & C. D.

Abstract of Meteorological Reports received from Head-Quarters of Districts in the Province of Mysore, from 16th to 31st May 1879.

District.	Thermometer. Averages for the half month.						Thermometer.		Rain.		Wind.
	9-30 A. M.			3-30 P. M.							
	Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.	Difference.	Dry bulb.	Wet bulb.	Difference.	Maximum.	Minimum.	Inches.	Cents.	
Kolar	77	...	...	81	...	...	82	77	5	14	...
Túmkúr ...	74	63	11	76	67	9	82	60	4	86	S. E. & W.
Mysore*... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Hassan	...	58	...	...	63	...	71	64	6	72	S. W.
Shimoga ...	79	61	18	81	62	19	...	75	7	40	S. W.
Kadur ...	74	67	7	71	66	4	78	58	8	89	N. E. & S. W.
Chitaldroog ...	79	...	...	83	...	...	...	...	7	96	S. W.

* Information not received.

MADRAS RAILWAY.

REDUCTION OF THIRD CLASS PASSENGER FARE.

The 29th May 1879.

NOTICE is hereby given that on and after the 1st July 1879, the Third Class fare for passengers will be reduced from 3 pies to 2 pies per mile, and will be charged by all Trains running on the Madras Railway except by the Mail Trains.

2. Third Class passengers will be able to perform the following journeys without halting (except for the midday meal) at the reduced rate of 2 pies per mile, *viz*:—

From	Madras	to	Erode	(243 miles)	and *vice versa*.
,,	,,	,,	Bangalore	(217 miles)	,,
,,	,,	,,	Cuddapah	(162 miles)	,,
,,	Cuddapah	,,	Jollarpett	(208 miles)	,,

3. The Trains carrying passengers at 2 pies per mile will halt one hour for meals at the following Stations, *viz* :—

7 0 A. M.	Train from	Madras		at Vellore.
6 15 A. M.	,,	,,	Erode	,, Jollarpett.
8 0 A. M.	,,	,,	Bangalore	
8 15 A. M.	,,	,,	Madras	,, Arconum.
5 20 A. M.	,,	,,	Jollarpett	
4 55 A. M.	,,	,,	Jollarpett	,, Salem.
8 5 A. M.	,,	,,	Pothanoor	,, Erode.
9 0 A. M.	Train from	Pothanoor		at Palghaut.
7 15 A. M.	,,	,,	Beypoor	
9 40 A. M.	,,	,,	Arconum	,, Tirupatty.
8 0 A. M.	,,	,,	Cuddapah	
3 45 A. M.	,,	,,	do	,, Arconum
8 15 A. M.	,,	,,	do	,, Tadputri.
6 0 A. M.	,,	,,	Bellary	

A. M. SAUNDERS,
Agent and Manager.

LOST—

The following currency Note :—

No.	Value.	Claimant.
B—59 37512	100 Rs.	Captain, H. H. Kelly, Station Staff Officer, French Rocks.

d of Rs. 20 is offered by the claimant for the recovery of the above Note.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore.—1879.

THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, JUNE 28, 1879.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART II.

Notifications by the Judicial Commissioner, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARETMNT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 16th June 1879.

The undermentioned persons have been enrolled as 2nd Grade Pleaders in the Courts of Mysore, under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

108. Mysore Venkatramaiya .. Proposing to practise in the Courts of the Nagar Division.
109. B. Raghavendra Rao .. Do.
110. Jadayda Bistappa .. Do.

The 17th June 1879.

The undermentioned gentleman has been enrolled as an Advocate in the Court of the Judicial Commissioner of Mysore, under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

Mr. S. Biligiri Iyengar.

The 20th June 1879.

The undermentioned persons have been enrolled as 2nd Grade Pleaders in the Courts of Mysore, under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

111. Ramachendra Rao Narasimha .. Proposing to practise in the Courts of the Nagar Division.
112. T. N. Subramanya Sastri .. Proposing to practise in the Courts of the Nundydroog Division.
113. Krishna Pandit .. Do.

The 21st June 1879.

The undermentioned gentleman has been enrolled as an Advocate in the Court of the Judicial Commissioner of Mysore, under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

Mr. P. Anandacharlu.

The 24th June 1879.

The undermentioned person has been enrolled as 2nd Grade Pleader in the Courts of Mysore under the Rules of 18th February 1879 :—

114. B. Kasturi Rangachar. .. Proposing to practise in the Courts of the Nagar Division.

J. D. SANDFORD,
Judicial Commissioner.

REVENUE SURVEY AND SETTLEMENT DEPT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 547. *Dharwar, the 14th June* 1879.

Captain D. Cowie, Assistant Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, availed himself of the privilege leave granted him in Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 328 of 21st March 1879, published at page 94 of *Mysore Gazette* of the 22nd March 1879, on the 4th February 1879 before noon, and returned to duty on the 4th May 1879 before noon.

W. C. ANDERSON,
Survey & Settlement Commr.

INAM DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 5. *The 2nd June* 1879.

With reference to this Office Notification No. 3 of the 15th May 1879, it is hereby notified, for public information, that the investigation into the validity of the tenure on which the [redacted] the kayamgutta, jodi and inam villages are held in the Mysore taluk, will be made at Mysore by Mr. Syed Nasruddin, Assistant Superintendent of Inam Settlements, from the 1st to the 31st July 1879.

2. All parties interested in the inams in the above taluk are therefore hereby directed to appear before the Assistant Superintendent between the above dates, either in person or by agent, and to produce all sannads and documents in support of their claim to the inams and villages, failing which their inams and villages will be attached from the 1st August 1879, and finally resumed after one year from that date.

R. A. COLE,
Supt. of Inam Settlements.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 54. *The 25th June* 1879.

Under advice from the Assistant Accountant General in charge of Money Order Department, Bombay, the District Treasury Officers in Mysore are informed that a new Money Order Office was opened at Pánchgani in the Satara District, Bombay Presidency, on the 16th instant, and that it will be open two days a week, *viz.*, Thursdays and Saturdays.

H. HUDSON,
Controller, Money Order Offices,
Mysore Circle.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 22nd June 1879.

R. L. Campbell, Assistant Engineer, delivered over, and Mr. E. H. Clementson, Assistant took charge of No. II District, I Division, of the Mysore State Railway, on the afternoon of [illegible].

W. HENDERSON,
Engineer-in-Chief, Mysore State Railway.

BANGALORE MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

The 13th June 1879.

It is hereby notified, under the provisions of section 100 of the Bangalore Municipal Regulations of 1871, for the information of the Native community of the Town of Bangalore, that the burning and burial ground situated to the east of Mavalli Tank is from and after the date of this certificate closed, and the public are strictly warned from causing any interment or cremation to be made therein. In lieu of the aforesaid ground, the burning and burial ground, as described below, has been established for use and which ground has also been portioned off, in convenient lots, for the different castes, and the Settis and Yajamans will be held responsible for any misappropriation of the sites thus defined:

On the North by Sunakal Tank.
" " South by Gurusami's field.
" " East by a rock and chunam kiln.
" " West by fields belonging to Balappa, Ramasami and Mutanna.

J. H. ORR,
President, Town Muni. Commission.

POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 21st May 1879.

The fee for the registration of articles addressed to places abroad is now 4 annas, except in a few cases mentioned in the margin, in which it is at present 5 annas. A uniform fee of 4 annas is hereby prescribed in all cases in which registration is available to places abroad.

Viz., the registration of letters sent through the United Kingdom to—
Cape Colony.
Natal.
St. Helena.
Certain places in the West Indies, *Viz.*:—
Antigua, Bahamas, Barbadoes, Cariacou, Dominica, Grenada, Montserrat, Nevis, St. Christopher's or St. Kitt's, St. Lucia, St. Vincent Tobago, Tartola, Turk's Island.

Simla, the 30th May 1879.

Consequent upon the admission into the Universal Postal Union of certain islands of the British West Indies, in addition to Guiana, Jamaica and Trinidad (already in the Union), the rates and conditions of postage (as given below), applicable to the latter, will be applicable also to the former, with effect from the 1st July 1879. The names given below include all the Union States of the British West Indies, both those already in the Union and those which are about to enter it:—

	Each Letter.		Each Post Card.	Printed papers including books, &c.		Legal and Commercial Documents, each Packet.				Samples, each Packet; per 2 ozs.
	Per ½ oz.	Registration Fee.		Each Newspaper per 4 ozs.	Each Packet per 2 ozs.	Not exceeding 4 ozs.	6 ozs.	8 ozs.	Per 2 ozs. additional.	
Jamaica, Trinidad, British Guiana, Antigua, Dominica, Montserrat, Nevis, St. Christopher's or St. Kitt's and the Virgin Isles—	As.	As.	As.	As.	As.	As.	As.	As.	As.	As.
Viâ Brindisi through the United Kingdom ..	C5	4	2	2	2	4	6	8	?	
Viâ Southampton through the United Kingdom ..	3	4	1½	1	1	2	3	4		

Simla, the 31st May 1879.

Hitherto it has been the practice to affix postage stamps to parcels which the sender desires to prepay, but serious inconvenience has been found to arise from the stamps so affixed adhering imperfectly to the cloth, wax-cloth, tin, or other materials commonly used by the public for covering parcels. Fraud has also been found to result from the re-use of stamps which have become detached from the parcels to which they were affixed.

With effect from the 1st July 1879, prepayment of parcel postage may be made only in cash tendered with the parcel at the Post Office window within the prescribed hours.

Receipts will be given to the senders for all parcels tendered at the window during the prescribed hours, whether prepaid in cash or unpaid, the amount of prepayment, if any, being specified on the receipt.

This order applies to all parcels (inland, overland, insured, or value-payable), except those sent on the public service, which, if prepaid, must as heretofore be prepaid with service stamps.

A. M. MONTEATH,
Dir. Genl. of the Post Office of India.

Simla, the 29th May 1879.

The public are informed that, with effect from the 1st July 1879, the rules appertaining to value-payable parcels (see Postal Guide of 1st April 1879, page 14), will be applicable to registered book packets: that is the sender of a registered book packet may, at the time of posting it, declare the value of the contents for realization from the addressee and payment to him.

E. R. DOUGLAS,
Asstt. Dir. Genl. of the Post Office of India.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

NOTIFICATION.
The 13th June 1879.

Statement shewing the particulars of Chattrams and Musafarkhanas in the Bangalore District for which grants of lands have been made under the Rules prescribed in the Chief Commissioner's Circular No. 15 of 28th July 1846.

Number.	Taluk.	The place where Chattrams or Musafarkhanas are situated.	Name of the Inamdar.	Inam Land.								Amount of Jodi.			Remarks.
				Wet.		Dry.		Garden.		Total.					
				Acres.	Guntas.	A.	G.	A.	G.	A.	G.				
1	Bangalore.	Yalahanka ...	Masthan Saib ..	...	...	86	14	2	..	88	14	8	12	...	
		Krishnarajpur	Srinivasa Rao ..	2	10	244	36	...	...	247	6	11	...	...	
		Yesavanchapur	Nanjappa ...	7	19	315	24	...	29	323	32	12	6	...	
		Kengeri ...	Ramasami Chetti...	...	...	58	4	...	...	58	4	4	12	...	
		Madivala ...	Mr. Sabhapati Modaliar...	14	4	55	37	1	14	71	15	8	8	...	
			Total.....	23	33	760	35	4	3	788	31	45	6	..	
						K.	K. P. V.			K.	K. P. V				
	...halli	Chikjala ...	D. Appaiya ...	...	...	12	... ...	...	.. ...	12	... ...	8	11	8	
			Total.....	...	...	12	... ...	...	... ...	12	... ...	8	11	8	

N. KRISHNA RAO,
For Dy. Commr.

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PROCLAMATION.

The 19th April 1879.

Whereas a part of the defalcation in the Chief Commissioner's Treasury consists of twenty court fees stamp labels, of value a hundred rupees each, and no clue has been obtained regarding the same, it is hereby notified for public information that a reward of rupees one hundred will be paid by Government to any person or persons affording information leading to the recovery or detection of the said missing stamps.

L. RICKETTS,
Dy. Commr.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 5th June 1879.

Open tenders will be received by the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, for the lease, till 31st March 1880, of the undermentioned Forest produce, either for the whole District or for Taluks separately.

2. The Deputy Commissioner reserves to himself the right to reject any offer without assigning any reason.

3. The lease amount will be payable $\frac{1}{3}$ on acceptance of tender, $\frac{1}{3}$ on 1st September, $\frac{1}{3}$ on 1st January 1880; failure to pay up any instalment may be declared by Deputy Commissioner as cancelment of contract.

1. Gallnuts, *viz.*, alalekayi and tarekayi.
2. Soapnuts.
3. Amrayi (within the limits of Unreserved Forests).
4. Other jungle produce.

C. J. PEARSE,
Dy. Commr.

KADUR DISTRICT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 21st June 1879.

Under section 23 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, S. B. Tirumalachari, Acting Amildar and 3rd Class Magistrate of the Banavar Taluk, is invested with the following additional powers:—

(*b*). (1.) Power to hold inquests (section 135).

(2.) Power to entertain complaints of offences in cases in which he has jurisdiction to try or to commit for trial (section 141).

J. LACEY,
District Magistrate.

The 10th June 1879.

It is hereby notified to depositors in the Mysore Government Savings' Bank, Chikmagalur, that their Pass Books should be presented on an early date at the Kadur District Treasury for adjustment of annual interest up to 31st March 1879.

E. CHITAMBRAM IYER,
Treasury Office

CHITALDROOG DISTRICT.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDICIAL ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER, CHITALDROOG.

Miscellaneous Case No. 6 *of* 1879.

In the matter of Chapter XX of the Code of Civil Procedure, and in the matter of the petition of Macha Somakka of Nayikanhatti, Dodéri Taluk.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition with schedule attached was filed in this Court by the said Macha Somakka on the 27th May 1879, praying for the benefit of the provisions of the said Chapter XX of the Code of Civil Procedure, and to be declared an insolvent under section 351 of the said Code; and that the matter of the above petition and schedule will be heard on Thursday the 17th day of July 1879, at 11 forenoon, at which time the said insolvent is required to appear in person before this Court and then and there abide such order as the Court shall make on her behalf; and that all persons claiming to be creditors of the said Macha Somakka are at liberty to appear and oppose the said application.

Given under my hand and seal of the Court, this 23rd day of June 1879.

M. MUDDUKRISHNA NAIDU,
Offg. Judicial Asstt. Commr.

COORG.

IN THE COURT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF COORG.

The 7th June 1879.

Notice is hereby given that application has this day been made to the Court of the Superintendent of Coorg for a grant of letters of administration to the estate of the late Mr. Herbert Taylor, who died at Dover, Kent, England, on the 20th day of February 1879, to Mrs. Ellen Anne Taylor, and that the fourteenth day of July 1879 has been appointed by the Court for the hearing of the said application.

H. G. THOMSON,
Superintendent.

Deaths registered in the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore for the Week ending 16*th May* 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males. ... 72,236 / Females.. 70,277 } Total.... 142,513

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	...	...
Fevers	18	8	26
Bowel-complaints ...	...	1	1
Suicide	...	...	..
Wounding	...	...	...
Accident	3	...	3
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	...	...	...
All other causes ...	9	9	18
Total.....	30	18	48
ring the Week ...	30	33	63

Deaths registered in the Town of Mysore for the Week ending 16*th May* 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males . 29,081 / Females .. 26,734 } Total.... 57,815

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	...	...
Fevers	2	1	3
Bowel-complaints	6	6	12
Suicide	...	...	...
Wounding	...	...	...
Accident	...	...	...
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts ...	...	...	...
All other causes	...	...	...
Total.....	8	7	15
Births during the Week ...	2	1	3

Deaths registered in the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore for the Week ending 23rd May 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males .. 72,236 / Females .. 70,277

Total.... 142,513

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	...	...
Fevers	16	12	28
Bowel-complaints	3	1	4
Suicide	...	...	..
Wounding	...	...	...
Accident	...	1	1
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	...	...	...
All other causes	10	18	28
Total.....	29	32	61
Births during the week. ...	40	19	59

20th June 1879.

Deaths registered in the Town of Mysore for the Week ending 23rd May 1879.

Estimated Population. { Males .. 29,081 / Females .. 28,734

Total.... 57,815

Diseases.	M.	F.	Total.
Cholera	...	...	...
Small-pox	...	..	...
Fevers	6	3	9
Bowel-complaints	3	4	7
Suicide	...	...	...
Wounding	1	...	1
Accident	...	...	...
Snake-bite or killed by wild beasts.	...	...	...
All other causes	...	...	...
Total.....	10	7	17
Births during the week ...	2	3	5

J. HOUSTON, M. D., *Surgeon-Major,*
For Dy. Surgeon General, I. M. D.,
Mysore Dn. & C. D.

MADRAS RAILWAY.

REDUCTION OF THIRD CLASS PASSENGER FARE.

The 29th May 1879.

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2. Third Class passengers will be able to perform the following journeys without halting (except for the midday meal) at the reduced rate of 2 pies per mile, *viz*:—

From	Madras	to	Erode	(243 miles)	and *vice versa.*
,,	,,	,,	Bangalore	(217 miles)	,,
,,	,,	,,	Cuddapah	(162 miles)	,,
,,	Cuddapah	,,	Jollarpett	(208 miles)	,,

3. The Trains carrying passengers at 2 pies per mile will halt one hour for meals at the following Stations, *viz* :—

7 0 A. M.	Train from	Madras	at Vellore.	9 0 A. M.	Train from Pothanoor
6 15 A. M.	,, ,,	Erode	,, Jollarpett.	7 15 A. M.	,, ,, Beypoor — at Palghaut.
8 0 A. M.	,, ,,	Bangalore		9 40 A. M.	,, ,, Arconum
8 15 A. M.	,, ,,	Madras	,, Arconum.	8 6 A. M.	,, ,, Cuddapah — ,, Tirupatty.
5 20 A. M.	,, ,,	Jollarpett		3 45 A. M.	,, ,, do ,, Arconum.
4 55 A. M.	,, ,,	Jollarpett	,, Salem.	8 15 A. M.	,, ,, do
8 5 A. M.	,, ,,	Pothanoor	,, Erode.	6 0 A. M.	,, ,, Bellary — ,, Tadputri.

A. M. SAUNDERS.
Agent and

LOST—

The following Currency Note :—

No.	Value.	Claimant.
B/59 37512	100 Rs.	Captain H. H. Kelly, Station Staff Officer, French Rocks.

A reward of Rs. 20 is offered by the claimant for the recovery of the above Note.

Now ready.

FOURTH EDITION, officially revised and corrected to the 25th April 1879 ; *royal* 8vo., *limp covers, with copious Indices.*

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THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, MAY 17, 1879.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Acts of the Governor General of India in Council, &c.

GENERAL.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 5. *The 29th April* 1879.

The following Act (No. I of 1879, the Indian Stamp Act) which is in force in Coorg, as well as the Rules framed under it, are republished for general information.

By Order,

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
For Offg. Secretary.

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 17th January 1879, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT NO. I OF 1879.

THE STAMP ACT, 1879.

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An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to Stamps.

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be called "The Indian Stamp Act, 1879:"

Short title.

It extends to the whole of British India;

Local extent.

And it shall come into force on the first day of April 1879.

Commencement.

2. On and after that day, the Acts specified in the third schedule shall be repealed to the extent specified in the third column of the same schedule. But all rules made under the General Stamp Act, 1869, and then in force shall, so far as they are consistent with this Act, be deemed to have been made hereunder. And all references made to the General Stamp Act, 1869, in enactments passed subsequently thereto, shall be deemed to be made to this Act.

Repeal of enactments.

3. In this Act, unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context,—

Interpretation-clause.

(1.) "Banker" includes a bank and any person acting as a banker:

"Banker."

(2.) "Bill of exchange" includes a hundi:

"Bill of exchange."

(3.) "Bill of lading" means any instrument signed by the owner of a vessel or his agent, acknowledging the receipt of goods therein described, and undertaking to deliver the same at a place and to a person therein mentioned or indicated :

"Bill of lading."

(4.) "Bond" means—

(*a*) any instrument whereby a person obliges himself to pay money to another, on condition that the obligation shall be void if a specified act is performed, or is not performed, as the case may be ;

"Bond."

(*b*) any instrument attested by a witness and not payable to order or bearer, whereby a person obliges himself to pay money to another ; and

(*c*) any instrument so attested whereby a person obliges himself to deliver grain or other agricultural produce to another :

(5.) "Chargeable" means, as applied to an instrument executed or first executed after this Act comes into force, chargeable under this Act, and, as applied to any other instrument, chargeable under the law in force in British India when such instrument was executed or, where several persons executed the instrument at different times, first executed :

"Chargeable."

(6.) "Cheque" means a bill of exchange drawn on a banker and payable on demand :

"Cheque."

(7.) "Chief Controlling Revenue-Authority" means, in the Presidency of Fort St. George and the territories respectively under the administration of the Lieutenant-Governors of Bengal and the North-Western Provinces, the Board of Revenue : in the Presidency of Bombay, outside Sind and the limits of the town of Bombay, a Revenue Commissioner : in Sind, the Commissioner : in the Panjab, the Financial Commissioner ; and elsewhere, the Local Government or such officer as the Local Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint in this behalf by name or in virtue of his office :

"Chief Controlling Revenue Authority."

(8.) "Collector" means, within the limits of the towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, the Collector of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, respectively, and, without those limits, the Collector of a District, and includes a Deputy Commissioner and any officer whom the Local Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint in this behalf by name or in virtue of his office :

"Collector."

(9.) "Conveyance" means any instrument by which property (whether moveable or immoveable) is transferred on sale :

"Conveyance."

(10.) "Duly stamped," as applied to an instrument, means stamped, or written upon paper bearing an impressed stamp, in accordance with the law in force in British India when such instrument was executed or first executed :

"Duly stamped."

(11.) "Instrument of partition" means any instrument whereby co-owners of any property divide or agree to divide such property in severalty, and includes also a final order for effecting a partition passed by any Revenue-authority :

"Instrument of partition."

(12.) "Lease" means a lease of immoveable property and includes also

"Lease."

(*a*) a patta,

(*b*) a kabuliyat or other undertaking in writing, not being a counterpart of a lease, to cultivate, occupy or pay or deliver rent for, immoveable property,

(*c*) any instrument by which tolls of any description are let, and

(*d*) any writing on an application for a lease intended to signify that the application is granted :

(13.) "Mortgage-deed" includes every instrument whereby, for the purpose of securing money advanced, or to be advanced, by way of loan, or an existing or future debt, or the performance of an engagement, one person transfers, or creates, to another, a right over specified property :

"...ge-deed."

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6. Where, in the case of any sale, lease, mortgage or settlement, several instruments are employed for completing the transaction, the principal instrument only shall be chargeable with the duty prescribed for the conveyance, lease, mortgage or settlement in the first schedule, and each of the other instruments shall be chargeable with a duty of one rupee instead of the duty (if any) prescribed for it in that schedule.

Several instruments used in single transactions.

The parties may determine for themselves which of the instruments so employed shall, for the purposes of this section, be deemed to be the principal instrument.

7. Any instrument comprising or relating to several distinct matters shall be chargeable with the aggregate amount of the duties with which separate instruments, each comprising or relating to one of such matters, would be chargeable under this Act.

Instruments relating to several distinct matters.

Subject to the provisions of the first clause of this section, an instrument so framed as to come within two or more of the descriptions in the first schedule shall, where the duties chargeable thereunder are different, be chargeable only with the highest of such duties; but nothing herein contained shall render chargeable with duty exceeding one rupee a counterpart or duplicate of any instrument chargeable with duty and in respect of which the proper duty has been paid.

Instruments coming within several descriptions in schedule I.

8. The Governor General in Council may, by order published in the *Gazette of India*,

Power to reduce or remit rates of duty.

(*a*) reduce or remit, whether prospectively or retrospectively, in the whole or any part of British India, the duties with which any instruments or any particular class of instruments, or any of the instruments belonging to such class, or any instruments when executed by or in favour of any particular class of persons, or by or in favour of any members of such class, are chargeable, and

(*b*) cancel or vary such order to the extent of the powers hereby given.

B.—Of Stamps and the Mode of using them.

9. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Act, all duties with which any instruments are chargeable shall be paid, and such payment shall be indicated on such instruments, by means of stamps—

Duties how to be paid.

(*a*) according to the provisions herein contained, or

(*b*) when no such provision is applicable thereto—as the Governor General in Council may by rule direct.

The rules made under this section may, among other matters, regulate—

(1) in the case of each kind of instrument—the description of stamps which may be used,

(2) in the case of instruments stamped with impressed stamps—the number of stamps which may be used,

(3) in the case of hundis—the size of the paper on which they are written.

10. The following instruments may be stamped with adhesive stamps, namely :—

Use of adhesive stamps.

(*a*) instruments chargeable with the duty of one anna except parts of bills of exchange payable otherwise than on demand and drawn in sets;

(*b*) bills of exchange, cheques and promissory notes drawn or made out of British India;

(*c*) entry as an advocate, vakil or attorney on the roll of a High Court;

(*d*) notarial acts; and

(*e*) transfers by endorsement of shares of public companies and associations.

11. Whoever affixes any adhesive stamp to any instrument chargeable with duty and which has been executed by any person, shall, when affixing such stamp, cancel the same so that it cannot be used again,

Cancellation of adhesive stamps.

and whoever executes any instrument on any paper bearing an adhesive stamp shall, at the time of execution, unless such stamp has been already cancelled in manner aforesaid, cancel the same so that it cannot be used again.

Any instrument bearing an adhesive stamp which has not been cancelled so that it cannot be used again shall, so far as such stamp is concerned, be deemed to be unstamped.

12. Every instrument written upon paper stamped with an impressed stamp, shall be written in such manner, that the stamp may appear on the face of the instrument and cannot be used for or applied to any other instrument.

How instruments stamped with impressed stamps are to be written.

13. No second instrument chargeable with duty shall be written upon a piece of stamped paper upon which an instrument chargeable with duty has already been written: provided that nothing in this section shall prevent any endorsement which is duly stamped or is not chargeable with duty being made upon any instrument for the purpose of transferring any right created or evidenced thereby, or of acknowledging the receipt of any money or goods the payment or delivery of which is secured thereby.

Only one instrument to be on same stamp.

14. Every instrument written in contravention of section twelve or thirteen, shall be deemed to be unstamped.

Instrument written contrary to section 12 or 13 deemed unstamped.

15. Where the duty with which an instrument is chargeable, or its exemption from duty, depends in any manner upon the duty actually paid in respect of another instrument, the payment of such last-mentioned duty shall, if application be made in writing to the Collector for that purpose, and on production of both the instruments, be denoted upon such first-mentioned instrument in such manner as the Governor General in Council may by rule prescribe.

Denoting duty.

C.—Of the Time of stamping Instruments.

16. All instruments chargeable with duty and executed by any person in British India shall be stamped before or at the time of execution.

Instruments executed in British India.

17. Every instrument chargeable with duty executed only out of British India, and not being a bill of exchange, cheque or promissory note, may be stamped within three months after it has been first received in British India; or, where such instrument cannot, with reference to the description of stamp prescribed therefor, be duly stamped by a private person, it may be taken within the said period of three months to the Collector, and he shall stamp the same, in such manner as the Governor General in Council may by rule prescribe, with a stamp of such value as the person so taking such instrument may require and pay for.

Instruments other than bills, cheques and notes executed out of British India.

18. The first holder in British India of any bill of exchange, cheque or promissory note drawn or made out of British India shall, before he presents the same for acceptance or payment, or endorses, transfers or otherwise negotiates the same in British India, affix thereto the proper stamp and cancel the same:

Bills, cheques and notes drawn out of British India.

Provided that if, at the time any such bill, cheque or note comes into the hands of any holder thereof in British India, the proper adhesive stamp is affixed thereto and cancelled in manner prescribed by section eleven, and such holder has no reason to believe that such stamp was affixed or cancelled otherwise than by the person and at the time required by this Act, such stamp shall, so far as relates to such holder, be deemed to have been duly affixed and cancelled. But nothing contained in this proviso shall relieve any person from any penalty incurred by him for omitting to affix or cancel a stamp.

D.—Of valuations for duty.

19. Where an instrument is chargeable with *ad valorem* duty in respect of an amount expressed in pounds sterling, pounds currency, francs or dollars, such duty shall be calculated on the value of such money in the currency of British India according to the following scale:—

Conversion of amount expressed in certain currencies.

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One pound sterling or pound currency is equivalent to ten rupees :

One hundred francs are equivalent to forty rupees :

One Mexican or China dollar is equivalent to two rupees four annas.

Conversion of amount expressed in other foreign currencies.

20. Where an instrument is chargeable with *ad valorem* duty in respect of any money expressed in any other foreign or colonial currency, such duty shall be calculated on the value of such money in the currency of British India according to the current rate of exchange on the day of the date of the instrument.

Stock and marketable securities how to be valued.

21. Where an instrument is chargeable with *ad valorem* duty in the respect of any stock or of any marketable security, such duty shall be calculated on the value of such stock or security according to the average price thereof on the day of the date of the instrument.

Effect of statement of rate of exchange or average price.

22. Where an instrument contains a statement of current rate of exchange, or average price, as the case may require, and is stamped in accordance with such statement, it shall so far as regards the subject-matter of such statement, be presumed, until the contrary is proved, to be duly stamped.

Instruments reserving interest.

23. Where interest is expressly made payable by the terms of an instrument, such instrument shall not be chargeable with the duty higher than that with which it would have been chargeable had no mention of interest been made therein.

How transfer in consideration of debt, or subject to future payment, &c., to be charged.

24. Where any property is transferred to any person in consideration, wholly or in part, of any debt due to him, or subject either certainly or contingently to the payment or transfer of any money or stock, whether being or constituting a charge or incumbrance upon the property or not, such debt, money or stock is to be deemed the whole or part, as the case may be, of the consideration in respect whereof the transfer is chargeable with *ad valorem* duty.

Valuation in case of annuity, &c.

25. Where an instrument is executed to secure the payment of an annuity or other sum payable periodically, or where the consideration for a conveyance is an annuity or other sum payable periodically, the amount secured by such instrument, or the consideration for such conveyance (as the case may be), shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be—

(*a*) where the sum is payable for a definite period so that the total amount to be paid can be previously ascertained—such total amount ;

(*b*) where the sum is payable in perpetuity or for an indefinite time not terminable with any life in being at the date of such instrument or conveyance—the total amount which, according to the terms of such instrument or conveyance, will or may be payable during the period of twenty years next after the date of such instrument or conveyance ; and

(*c*) where the sum is payable for an indefinite time terminable with any life in being at the date of such instrument or conveyance—the total amount which will or may be payable as aforesaid during the period of twelve years next after the date of such instrument or conveyance.

Stamp where value of subject-matter is indeterminate.

26. Where the amount or value of the subject-matter of any instrument chargeable with *ad valorem* duty cannot be, or (in the case of an instrument executed before this Act comes into force) could not have been ascertained, at the date of its execution or first execution, nothing shall be claimable under such instrument more than the highest amount or value for which, if stated in an instrument of the same description, the stamp actually used would, at the date of such execution, have been sufficient.

's affecting duty to be set forth in in-

27. The consideration (if any) and all other facts and circumstances affecting the chargeability of any instrument with duty, or the amount of the duty with which it is chargeable, shall be fully and truly set forth therein.

28. (*a*.) Where any property has been contracted to be sold for one consideration for the whole, and is conveyed to the purchaser in separate parts by different instruments, the consideration shall be apportioned in such manner as the parties think fit, so that a distinct consideration for each separate part is set forth in the conveyance relating thereto, and such conveyance shall be chargeable with *ad valorem* duty in respect of such distinct consideration.

Direction as to duty in case of certain conveyances.

(*b*.) Where property contracted to be purchased for one consideration for the whole, by two or more persons jointly, or by any person for himself and others, or wholly for others, is conveyed in parts by separate instruments to the persons by or for whom the same was purchased, for distinct parts of the consideration, the conveyance of each separate part shall be chargeable with *ad valorem* duty in respect of the distinct part of the consideration therein specified.

(*c*.) Where a person having contracted for the purchase of any property, but not having obtained a conveyance thereof, contracts to sell the same to any other person, and the property is in consequence conveyed immediately to the sub-purchaser, the conveyance shall be chargeable with *ad valorem* duty in respect of the consideration for the sale by the original purchaser to the sub-purchaser.

(*d*.) Where a person having contracted for the purchase of any property, but not having obtained a conveyance thereof, contracts to sell the whole, or any part, thereof, to any other person or persons, and the property is in consequence conveyed by the original seller to different persons in parts, the conveyance of each part sold to a sub-purchaser shall be chargeable with *ad valorem* duty in respect only of the consideration paid by such sub-purchaser, without regard to the amount or value of the original consideration, and the conveyance of the residue (if any) of such property to the original purchaser shall be chargeable with *ad valorem* duty in respect only of the excess of the original consideration over the aggregate of the considerations paid by the sub-purchasers :

Provided that the duty on such last mentioned conveyance shall in no case be less than one rupee.

(*e*.) Where a sub-purchaser takes an actual conveyance of the interest of the person immediately selling to him, which is chargeable with *ad valorem* duty in respect of the consideration paid by him, and is duly stamped accordingly, any conveyance to be afterwards made to him of the same property by the original seller shall be chargeable with a duty equal to that which would be chargeable on a conveyance for the consideration obtained by such original seller ; or where such duty would exceed five rupees with a duty of five rupees.

E.—Duty by whom payable.

29. In the absence of an agreement to the contrary, the expense of providing the proper stamp shall be borne—

Duties by whom payable.

(*a*) in the case of any instrument described in numbers 2, 11, 13, 14, 15, 24, 28, 29, 30, 44, 53, 54, 55, 57, and 60 (*a*) and (*b*) of the first schedule—by the person drawing, making or executing such instrument :

(*b*) in the case of a policy of insurance—by the insured :

(*c*) in the case of a conveyance—by the grantee : in the case of a lease or agreement to lease—by the lessee or intended lessee :

(*d*) in the case of a counterpart of a lease—by the lessor :

(*e*) in the case of an instrument of partition—by the parties thereto in proportion to their respective shares in the property comprised therein, or when the partition is made in execution of an order passed by a Revenue-authority, in such proportion as such authority directs :

(*f*) in the case of an instrument of exchange—by the parties in equal shares : and

(*g*) in the case of a certificate of sale—by the purchaser of the property to which such certificate relates.

CHAPTER III.

ADJUDICATION AS TO STAMPS.

30. When any instrument, whether executed or not, and whether previously stamped or not, is brought to the Collector, and the person bringing it applies to have the opinion of that officer as to the duty (if any) with which it is chargeable, and pays a fee of such amount (not exceeding five rupees and not less than eight annas) as the Collector may in each case direct, the Collector shall determine the duty (if any) with which, in his judgment, the instrument is chargeable :

Adjudication as to proper stamp.

and may for that purpose require to be furnished with an abstract of the instrument, and also with such affidavit or other evidence as he may deem necessary to prove that all the facts and circumstances affecting the chargeability of the instrument with duty, or the amount of the duty with which it is chargeable, are fully and truly set forth therein, and may refuse to proceed upon any such application until such abstract and evidence have been furnished accordingly :

Collector may call for abstract and evidence.

Provided that no evidence furnished in pursuance of this section shall be used against any person in any civil proceeding, except in an enquiry as to the duty with which the instrument to which it relates is chargeable ; and every person by whom any such evidence is furnished shall, on payment of the full duty with which the instrument to which it relates is chargeable, be relieved from any penalty he may have incurred under this Act by reason of the omission to state truly in such instrument any of the facts or circumstances aforesaid.

Proviso.

31. When an instrument brought to the Collector under section thirty is in his opinion one of a description chargeable with duty and

Certificate by Collector.

(*a*) the Collector determines that it is already fully stamped, or

(*b*) the duty determined by the Collector under section thirty, or such a sum as, with the duty already paid in respect of the instrument, is equal to the duty so determined, has been paid,

the Collector shall certify by endorsement on such instrument that the full duty (stating the amount) with which it is chargeable has been paid.

When such instrument is in his opinion not chargeable with duty, the Collector shall certify in manner aforesaid that such instrument is not so chargeable.

Any instrument upon which an endorsement has been made under this section shall be deemed to be duly stamped, or not chargeable with duty, as the case may be ; and if chargeable with duty, shall be receivable in evidence or otherwise, and may be acted upon and registered as if it had been originally duly stamped :

Nothing in this section shall authorize the Collector to endorse—

any instrument executed or first executed in British India and brought to him after the expiration of one month from the date of its execution or first execution (as the case may be) ;

any instrument executed or first executed out of British India and brought to him after the expiration of three months after it has been first received in British India ; or

any instrument chargeable with the duty of one anna, or any bill of exchange or promissory note, when brought to him after the drawing or execution thereof on paper not duly stamped.

32. Every payment of a fee under section thirty shall be made in stamps, or cash, as the Governor General in Council may by rule direct.

Payment of fees under section 30 how made.

CHAPTER IV.

INSTRUMENTS NOT DULY STAMPED.

33. Every person having by law or consent of parties authority to receive evidence, and

Examination and impounding of instru-

every person in charge of a public office except an officer of Police,

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before whom any instrument chargeable in his opinion with duty is produced or comes, in the performance of his functions, shall, if it appears to him that such instrument is not duly stamped, impound the same.

For that purpose every such person shall examine every instrument so chargeable and so produced or coming before him, in order to ascertain whether it is stamped with a stamp of the value and description required by the law in force in British India when such instrument was executed or first executed.

Provided that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to require any Magistrate or Judge of a Criminal Court to examine or impound any instrument coming before him in the course of any proceeding other than a proceeding under chapter forty or chapter forty-one of the Code of Criminal Procedure, or chapter eighteen of the Presidency Magistrates Act :

Provided also that, in the case of a Judge of a High Court, the duty of examining and impounding any instrument under this section may be delegated to such officer as the Court appoints in this behalf.

The Local Government may from time to time, in cases of doubt, determine who shall be deemed to be, for the purpose of this section, persons in charge of public offices.

34. No instrument chargeable with duty shall be admitted in evidence for any purpose by any person having by law or consent of parties authority to receive evidence, or shall be acted upon, registered or authenticated by any such person or by any public officer, unless such instrument is duly stamped :

Instruments not duly stamped inadmissible in evidence, &c.

Proviso.

Provided that—

1st, any such instrument, not being an instrument chargeable with a duty of one anna only or a bill of exchange or promissory note, shall, subject to all just exceptions, be admitted in evidence on payment of the duty with which the same is chargeable or (in the case of an instrument insufficiently stamped) of the amount required to make up such duty, together with a penalty of five rupees, or when ten times the amount of the proper duty or deficient portion thereof exceeds five rupees, of a sum equal to ten times such duty or portion.

Instruments admissible on payment of duty and penalty,

2nd, nothing herein contained shall prevent the admission of any instrument in evidence in any proceeding in a Criminal Court other than a proceeding under chapter forty or chapter forty-one of the Code of Criminal Procedure, or chapter eighteen of the Presidency Magistrates Act ;

and in certain criminal proceedings.

3rd, when an instrument has been admitted in evidence, such admission shall not, except as provided in section fifty, be called in question at any stage of the same suit or proceeding on the ground that the instrument has not been duly stamped.

Admission of instrument not to be questioned.

35. When the person impounding an instrument under section thirty-three has by law or consent of parties authority to receive evidence and admits such instrument in evidence upon payment of a penalty as provided by section thirty-four, he shall send to the Collector an authenticated copy of such instrument, together with a certificate in writing, stating the amount of the duty and penalty levied in respect thereof, and shall send such amount to the Collector, or to such person as he may appoint in this behalf.

Instruments impounded how dealt with.

In every other case, the person so impounding an instrument shall send it in original to the Collector.

36. When a copy of an instrument is sent to a Collector under the first paragraph of section thirty-five, he may, if he thinks fit, upon application made to him in this behalf, refund any portion of the penalty in excess of five rupees which has been paid in respect of such instrument, or

Collector's power to refund penalty paid under section 35, 1st para.

when such instrument has been impounded only because it has been written in contravention of section twelve, or section thirteen, he may refund the whole penalty so paid.

37. When the Collector impounds any instrument under section thirty-three or receives any ment sent to him under the second clause of section thirty-fiv adopt the following procedure :—

Collector's power to stamp instruments impounded.

(*a.*) If he is of opinion that such instrument is duly stamped, or is not chargeable with duty, he shall certify by endorsement thereon that it is duly stamped, or that it is not so chargeable (as the case may be), and shall upon application made to him in this behalf deliver such instrument to the person from whose possession it came into the hands of the officer impounding it, or as such person may direct.

(*b.*) If the Collector is of opinion that such instrument is chargeable with duty and is not duly stamped, he shall require the payment of the proper duty or the amount required to make up the same, together with a penalty of five rupees; or if ten times the amount of the proper duty or of the deficient portion thereof exceeds five rupees, then such penalty, not less than five rupees and not more than ten times the amount of such duty or portion, as he thinks fit:

Provided that, when such instrument has been impounded only because it has been written in contravention of section twelve or section thirteen, the Collector may, if he thinks fit, remit the whole penalty prescribed by this section.

Every certificate under clause (*a*) of this section shall for the purposes of this Act, be conclusive evidence of the matters stated therein.

Nothing in this section applies to an instrument chargeable with a duty of one anna only, or to a bill of exchange or promissory note.

Instruments unduly stamped by accident.

38. If any instrument chargeable with duty and which is not duly stamped is produced by any person of his own motion before the Collector within one year from the date of its execution or first execution, and such person brings to the notice of the Collector the fact that such instrument is not duly stamped, and offers to pay to the Collector the amount of the proper duty, or the amount required to make up the same, and the Collector is satisfied that the omission to duly stamp such instrument has been occasioned by accident, mistake or urgent necessity, he may, instead of proceeding under sections thirty-three and thirty-seven, receive such amount and proceed as next hereinafter prescribed.

Nothing in this section applies to an instrument chargeable with a duty of one anna only or to a bill of exchange or promissory note.

Endorsement of instruments on which duty has been paid under section 34, 37 or 38.

39. When the duty and penalty (if any) leviable in respect of any instrument have been *paid under* section thirty-four, section thirty-seven or section thirty-eight, the person admitting such instrument in evidence, or the Collector (as the case may be), shall certify by endorsement thereon that the proper duty or (as the case may be) the proper duty and penalty (stating the amount of each) have been levied in respect thereof, and the name and residence of the person paying them.

Every instrument so endorsed shall thereupon be admissible in evidence, and may be registered and acted upon and authenticated as if it had been duly stamped, and shall be delivered on his application in this behalf to the person from whose possession it came into the hands of the officer impounding it, or as such person may direct:

Provided that no instrument which has been admitted in evidence upon payment of duty and a penalty under section thirty-four shall be so delivered before the expiration of one month from the date of such impounding, or if the Collector has certified that its further detention is necessary and has not cancelled such certificate.

Provided also that nothing in this section shall affect the Code of Civil Procedure, section 144, clause 3.

Prosecution for offence against stamp-law.

40. The payment of a penalty under this chapter in respect of an instrument shall not bar the prosecution of any person who appears to have committed an offence against the stamp-law in respect of such instrument:

Proviso.

But no such prosecution shall be instituted in the case of any instrument in respect of which such a penalty has been paid, unless it appears to the Collector that the offence was committed with an intention of evading payment of the proper duty.

rsons paying duty or penalty may ame in certain cases.

41. When any duty or penalty has been paid, under section thirty-four, section thirty-seven or section thirty-eight, by any person in respect of an instrument, and by agreement, or under the provisions of section twenty-nine or any other enactment in force at the time such instrument was executed, some other

person was bound to bear the expense of providing the proper stamp for such instrument, the first-mentioned person shall be entitled to recover from such other person the amount of the duty or penalty so paid; and for the purpose of such recovery any certificate granted in respect of such instrument under section thirty-nine shall be conclusive evidence of the matters therein certified.

Remission of penalty paid under section 34 or 37.

42. When any penalty is paid under section thirty-four or thirty-seven, the Chief Controlling Revenue-Authority may, upon application in writing made within one year from the date of the payment, refund such penalty wholly or in part.

Non-liability for loss of instrument sent under section 35.

43. If any snstrument sent to a Collector under the second paragraph of section thirty-five be lost, destroyed or damaged during transmission, the person sending the same shall not be liable for such loss, destruction or damage.

Copy may be made of instrument so sent.

When any instrument is about to be so sent, the person from whose possession it came into the hands of the person impounding the same may require a copy thereof to be made at the expense of such first-mentioned person and authenticated by the person impounding such instrument.

Power of payee to stamp bills, notes and cheques received by him unstamped.

44. When any bill of exchange or promissory note chargeable with the duty of one anna, or any cheque, is presented for payment unstamped, the person to whom it is so presented may affix thereto the necessary adhesive stamp, and upon cancelling the same in manner hereinbefore provided may pay the sum payable upon such bill, note or cheque, and may charge the duty against the person who ought to have paid the same, or deduct it from the sum payable as aforesaid, and such bill, note or cheque shall, so far as respects the duty, be deemed good and valid.

But nothing herein contained shall relieve any person from any penalty he may have incurred in relation to such bill, note or cheque.

CHAPTER V.

REFERENCE AND REVISION.

Procedure where Collector feels doubt as to duty chargeable.

45. If any Collector acting under section thirty, section thirty-seven or section thirty-eight feels doubt as to the amount of duty with which any instrument is chargeable, he may draw up a statement of the case, and refer it, with his own opinion thereon, for the decision of the Chief Controlling Revenue-Authority, and such Authority shall consider the case and send a copy of its decision to the Collector, and he shall proceed to assess and charge the duty (if any) in conformity with such decision.

Reference by Revenue-Authority to High Court.

46. The Chief Controlling Revenue-Authority may state any case referred to it under section forty-five or otherwise coming to its notice and refer such case with its own opinion thereon, if the case arises in the territories for the time being administered by the Governor of Fort Saint George in Council or the Governor of Bombay in Council—to the High Court of Judicature at Madras or Bombay as the case may be: if it arises in the North-Western Provinces or Oudh—to the High Court of Judicature for the North-Western Provinces: if it arises in the territories for the time being administered by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Panjab—to the Chief Court of the Panjab: if it arises in the Central Provinces—to the High Court of Judicature at Bombay; and if it arises in any other part of British India—to the High Court of Judicature at Fort William.

Every such case shall be decided by not less than three Judges of the High Court or Chief Court to which it is referred, and in case of difference the opinion of the majority shall prevail.

Power of Court to call for further particulars.

47. If the High Court or Chief Court is not satisfied that the statements contained in the case are sufficient to enable it to determine the questions raised thereby, the Court may refer the case back to the Revenue-Authority by which it was stated, to make such additions thereto or alterations therein as the Court may direct in that behalf.

48. The High Court or Chief Court, upon the hearing of any such case, shall decide the questions raised thereby and shall deliver its judgment thereon containing the grounds on which such decision is founded: and it shall send to the Revenue-Authority by which the case was stated, a copy of such judgment under the seal of the Court and the signature of the Registrar, and the Revenue-Authority shall, on receiving such copy, dispose of the case conformably to such judgment.

Procedure in disposing of reference.

49. If any Court other than a Court mentioned in section forty-six feels doubt as to the amount of duty to be paid in respect of any instrument under the first proviso to section thirty-four, the Judge may draw up a statement of the case and refer it with his own opinion thereon for the decision of the High Court or Chief Court to which, if he were the Chief Controlling Revenue Authority, he would under section forty-six refer the same, and such Court shall deal with the case as if it had been referred under section forty-six, and send a copy of its judgment under the seal of the Court and the signature of the Registrar to the Judge making the reference, who shall, on receiving such copy, dispose of the case conformably to such judgment.

Reference by other Courts to High Court.

References made under this section, when made by a Court subordinate to a District Court, shall be made through the District Court, and when made by any subordinate Revenue Court shall be made through the Court immediately superior.

50. When any Court in the exercise of civil or revenue jurisdiction makes any order admitting any instrument in evidence as duly stamped or as not requiring a stamp, or upon payment of duty and a penalty under section thirty-four, the Court to which appeals lie from, or references are made by, such first-mentioned Court may, of its own motion or on the application of the Collector, take such order into consideration; and if it is of opinion that such instrument should not have been admitted in evidence without the payment of duty and penalty under section thirty-four, or without the payment of a higher duty and penalty than those paid, may record a declaration to that effect, and determine the amount of duty with which such instrument is chargeable, and may require any person in whose possession or power such instrument then is to produce the same, and may impound the same when produced.

Revision of certain decisions of Courts regarding the sufficiency of stamps.

When any declaration has been recorded under this section, the Court recording the same shall send a copy thereof to the Collector and, where the instrument to which it relates has been impounded or is otherwise in the possession of such Court, shall also send him such instrument; and thereupon the Collector may, notwithstanding anything contained in the order admitting such instrument in evidence, or in any certificate granted under section thirty-nine, or in section forty, prosecute any person for any offence against the stamp-law which the Collector considers him to have committed in respect of such instrument:

Provided that no such prosecution shall be instituted where the amount (including duty and penalty) which according to the determination of such Court was payable in respect of the instrument under section thirty-four is paid to the Collector, unless he thinks that the offence was committed with an intention of evading payment of the proper duty:

Provided also that, except for the purposes of such prosecution, no declaration made under this section shall affect the validity of any order admitting any instrument in evidence, or of any certificate granted under section thirty-nine.

CHAPTER VI.

ALLOWANCES FOR SPOILED STAMPS AND STAMPS NO LONGER REQUIRED.

51. Subject to such rules as may be made by the Governor General in Council as to the evidence which the Collector may require, allowance shall be made by the Collector for impressed stamps spoiled in the cases hereinafter mentioned, namely:—

Allowance for spoiled stamps.

The stamp on any paper inadvertently and undesignedly spoiled, obliterated or by any means unfit for the purpose intended, before any instrument written thereon is executed by any

(*b.*) The stamp used or intended to be used for any bill of exchange, cheque or promissory note, signed by or on behalf of the drawer or intended drawer, but not delivered out of his hands to the payee or intended payee, or any person on his behalf, or deposited with any person as a security for the payment of money, or in any way negotiated, issued or put in circulation, or made use of in any other manner, and which, being a bill of exchange or cheque, has not been accepted by the drawee, and provided that the paper on which any such stamp is impressed does not bear any signature intended as or for the acceptance of any bill of exchange or cheque to be afterwards written thereon:

(*c.*) The stamp used or intended to be used for any bill of exchange, cheque or promissory note signed by, or on behalf of, the drawer thereof, but which from any omission or error has been spoiled or rendered useless, although the same, being a bill of exchange or cheque, may have been presented for acceptance or accepted or endorsed, or, being a promissory note, may have been delivered to the payee, provided that another completed and duly stamped bill of exchange, cheque or promissory note is produced identical in every particular, except in the correction of such omission or error as aforesaid, with the spoiled bill, cheque or note:

(*d.*) The stamp used for any of the following instruments, that is to say:—

(1) an instrument executed by any party thereto, but afterwards found by a competent Court to be absolutely void in law from the beginning:

(2) an instrument executed by any person, but afterwards found unfit, by reason of any error or mistake therein, for the purpose originally intended:

(3) an instrument executed by any party thereto, but which, by reason of the death of any person, by whom it is necessary that it should be executed, without having executed the same, or of the refusal of any such person to execute the same, or to advance any money intended to be thereby secured, cannot be completed so as to effect the intended transaction in the form proposed:

(4) an instrument executed by any party thereto, which, for want of the execution thereof by some material party, and his inability or refusal to sign the same, is in fact incomplete and insufficient for the purpose for which it was intended:

(5) an instrument executed by any party thereto which, by reason of the refusal of any person to act under the same, or by the refusal or non-acceptance of any office thereby granted, totally fails of the intended purpose:

(6) an instrument executed by any party thereto which becomes useless in consequence of the transaction intended to be thereby effected being effected by some other instrument duly stamped:

(7) an instrument executed by any party thereto which is inadvertently and undesignedly spoiled, and in lieu whereof another instrument made between the same parties and for the same purpose is executed and duly stamped:

Provided that in the case of an executed instrument—

(*a*) such instrument is given up to be cancelled:

(*b*) the application for relief is made within six months after the date of the instrument or, if it is not dated, within six months after the execution thereof by the person by whom it was first or alone executed, except where from unavoidable circumstances any instrument for which another instrument has been substituted cannot be given up to be cancelled within the aforesaid period, and in that case within six months after the date of execution of the substituted instrument, and except where the spoiled instrument has been sent out of British India, and in that case within six months after it has been received back in British India:

Provided also that, in the case of stamped paper not having any executed instrument written the application for relief is made within six months after the stamp has been spoiled as aforesai

52. When any person has inadvertently used, for an instrument chargeable with duty, a stamp of a description other than that prescribed for such instrument by the rules made under this Act, or a stamp of greater value than was necessary, or has inadvertently used any stamp for an instrument not chargeable with any duty, or when any stamp used for an instrument has been inadvertently rendered useless under section fourteen owing to such instrument having been written in contravention of the provisions of section twelve, the Collector may, on application made within six months after the date of the instrument or, if it is not dated, within six months after the execution thereof by the person by whom it was first or alone executed, and upon the the instrument, if chargeable with duty, being re-stamped with the proper duty, cancel and allow as spoiled the stamp so misused or rendered useless.

Allowance for misused stamps.

53. In any case in which allowance is made for spoiled or misused stamps, the Collector may give in lieu thereof (*a*) other stamps of the same description and value, or, (*b*) if required, and he thinks fit, stamps of any other description to the same amount in value, or (*c*) at his discretion, the same value in money, deducting one anna for each rupee or fraction of a rupee.

Allowance under sections 51 and 52 how to be made.

54. When any person is possessed of a stamp which has not been spoiled or rendered unfit or useless for the purpose intended, but for which he has no immediate use, the Collector shall repay to such person the value of such stamp in money, deducting one anna for each rupee or portion of a rupee, upon such person delivering up the same to be cancelled, and proving to the Collector's satisfaction that it was purchased by such person with a *bonâ fide* intention to use it, and that he has paid the full price thereof, and that it was so purchased within the period of six months next preceding the date on which it is so delivered.

Allowance for stamps not required for use.

CHAPTER VII.

SUPPLEMENTAL PROVISIONS.

55. The Local Government, subject to the control of the Governor General in Council, may make rules consistent herewith for regulating the supply and sale of stamps and stamped papers, the persons by whom alone such sale is to be conducted, and the duties and remuneration of such persons.

Powers to make rules relating to sale of stamps.

56. The Governor General in Council may make rules consistent herewith to carry out generally the purposes of this Act.

Power to make rules generally to carry out Act.

57. All powers to make appointments, rules and orders conferred by this Act may be exercised from time to time as occasion requires.

Certain powers exercisable from time to time.

All rules made under this Act other than rules made under section fifty-five shall be published in the *Gazette of India*, and all rules made under section fifty-five shall be published in the Local Gazette. All rules published as required by this section shall, upon such publication, have the force of law.

Publication of rules.

58. Any person receiving any money exceeding twenty rupees in amount, or any bill of exchange, cheque or promissory note for an amount exceeding twenty rupees, or receiving in satisfaction of a debt any moveable property exceeding twenty rupees in value shall, on demand by the person paying or delivering such money, bill, cheque, note or property, give a duly stamped receipt for the same.

Obligation to give receipt in certain cases.

59. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to affect the duties chargeable under any enactment for the time being in force relating to Court-fees.

to Court-Fees.

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60. Every Local Government shall cause this Act to be carefully translated into the principal vernacular languages of the territories administered by it. A full alphabetical index shall be added to every such translation, and the translation and index shall be printed and sold to the public at a price not exceeding four annas per copy.

Act to be trasnlated, indexed and sold cheaply.

CHAPTER VIII.

CRIMINAL OFFENCES AND PROCEDURE.

61. Any person drawing, making, issuing, endorsing or transferring, or signing otherwise than as a witness, or presenting for acceptance or payment, or accepting, paying or receiving payment of, or in any manner negotiating, any bill of exchange, cheque or promissory note without the same being duly stamped,

Penalty for executing, &c., instrument not duly stamped.

any person executing or signing otherwise than as a witness any other instrument chargeable with duty without the same being duly stamped, and

any person voting or attempting to vote under any proxy not duly stamped,

shall for every such offence be punished with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees :

Provided that, when any penalty has been paid in respect of any instrument under section thirty-four, section thirty-seven or section fifty, the amount of such penalty shall be allowed in reduction of the fine (if any) subsequently imposed under this section in respect of the same instrument upon the person who paid such penalty.

62. Any person required by section eleven to cancel an adhesive stamp and failing to cancel such stamp in manner prescribed by that section shall be punished with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

Penalty for failure to cancel adhesive stamp.

63. Any person who, with intent to defraud the Government of any duty,

Penalty for omission to comply with provisions of section 27.

(*a*) executes any instrument in which all the facts and circumstances required by section twenty-seven to be set forth in such instrument are not fully and truly set forth, or

(*b*) being employed or concerned in or about the preparation of any instrument, neglects or omits, fully and truly to set forth therein all such facts and circumstances,

shall be punished with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees.

64. Any person who, being required under section fifty-eight to give a receipt, refuses or neglects to give the same, or who, with intent to defraud the Government of any duty, upon a payment of money or delivery of property exceeding twenty rupees in amount or value, gives a receipt for an amount or value not exceeding twenty rupees, or separates or divides the money or property paid or delivered, shall be punished with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

Penalty for refusal to give receipt and for devices to evade duty on receipts.

65. Every person who—

(*a*) receives, or takes credit for, any premium or consideration for any contract of insurance and does not, within one month after receiving, or taking credit for, such premium or consideration, make or execute a duly stamped policy of such insurance ; or

Penalty for not making out policy.

(b) makes, executes or delivers out any policy which is not duly stamped, or pays or allows in account, or agrees to pay or allow in account, any money upon, or in respect of any such policy,

or making, &c., any policy not duly stamped.

shall be punished with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees.

66. Any person drawing or executing a bill of exchange or a policy of marine insurance purporting to be drawn or executed in a set of two or more, and not at the same time drawing or executing on paper duly stamped the whole number of bills or policies of which such bill or policy purports the set to consist, shall be punished with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees.

Penalty for not drawing full number of bills or marine policies purporting to be in sets.

67. Whoever, with intent to defraud the Government of duty, draws, makes or issues any bill of exchange or promissory note bearing a date subsequent to that on which such bill or note is actually drawn or made, and whoever knowing that such bill or note has been so post-dated, endorses, transfers, presents for acceptance or payment, or accepts, pays or receives payment of, such bill or note, or in any manner negotiates the same,

Penalty for post-dating bills, &c.

and whoever, with the like intent, practises or is concerned in any act, contrivance or device not specially provided for by this Act or any other law for the time being in force.

for other devices to defraud the revenue.

shall be punished with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees.

68. Any person appointed to sell stamps who disobeys any rule made under section fifty-five, and any person not so appointed who sells or offers for sale any stamp, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

Penalty for breach of rule relating to sale of stamps and for unauthorized sale.

69. No prosecution in respect of any offence punishable under this Act, or the General Stamp Act 1869, or any Act thereby repealed, shall be instituted without the sanction of the Collector or such other officer as the Local Government generally, or the Collector specially, authorizes in that behalf.

Institution and conduct of prosecutions.

The Chief Controlling Revenue-Authority, or any officer authorized by it in this behalf, may stay any such prosecution or compound any such offence.

70. No Magistrate other than a Presidency Magistrate and a Magistrate whose powers are not less than those of a Magistrate of the second class shall try any offence under this Act.

Jurisdiction of Magistrates.

71. Every such offence committed in respect of any instrument may be tried in any district or Presidency-town in which such instrument is found, as well as in any district or Presidency-town in which such offence might be tried under the law relating to criminal procedure for the time being in force.

Place of trial.

72. Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to prevent any person from being prosecuted under any other law for any act or omission which constitutes an offence against this Act, or the rules made under it :

Operation of other laws not barred.

Provided that no person shall be punished twice for the same offence.

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SCHEDULE I.

DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENT.		PROPER STAMP-DUTY.
1. ACKNOWLEDGMENT of a debt exceeding twenty rupees in amount or value, written or signed by or on behalf of a debtor in order to supply evidence of such debt in any book (other than a banker's pass-book) or on a separate piece of paper, when such book or paper is left in the creditor's possession. ..	.. .. ..	One anna.
2. ADMINISTRATION-BOND ..	.. .. ..	The same duty as a Security Bond (No. 14).
ADOPTION DEED	See *Instrument, No.* 38.	
3. AFFIDAVIT or declaration in writing on oath or affirmation made before a person authorized by law to administer an oath ..	.. .. ..	One rupee.
See Exemptions, Schedule II (*No* 1.)		
4. AGREEMENT TO LEASE ..	.. .. ..	The same duty as a Lease (No. 39).
5. AGREEMENT OR MEMORANDUM OF AN AGREEMENT..	(*a.*) If relating to the sale of any Government security, share in a Company or Association or Bill of Exchange	One anna.
	(*b.*) Whereby the owner or occupier of land in a village in the Bombay Presidency agrees to relinquish his rights therein to the Government, and to accept rights in other land in exchange for the right so relinquished ..	Four annas.
See Exemptions, Schedule II (*No.* 2.)	(*c.*) If not otherwise provided for by this Act	Eight annas.
6. APPOINTMENT, in execution of a power, whether of trustees or of property moveable or immoveable, where made by any writing not being a Will	.. .. ..	Fifteen rupees.
7. APPRAISEMENT or valuation made otherwise than under an order of the Court in the course of a suit	.. .. ..	The same duty as an award (No. 10).
See Exemptions, Schedule II (*Nos.* 3 *&* 4).		
APPRENTICESHIP DEED ..	See *Instrument, No.* 31.	
8. ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF A COMPANY ..	.. .. ..	Twenty-five rupees

SCHEDULE I—*continued.*

DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENT.		PROPER STAMP-DUTY.
9. ARTICLES OF CLERKSHIP or contract whereby any person first becomes bound to serve as a clerk in order to his admission as an Attorney in any High Court		Two hundred and fifty rupees.
ASSIGNMENT ..	See *Conveyance, No.* 21 *and Transfer, No.* 60.	
AUTHORITY TO ADOPT ..	See *Instrument, No.* 38.	
10. AWARD, that is to say, any decision in writing by an arbitrator or umpire on a reference made otherwise than by an order of the Court in the course of a suit ..	(*a.*) Where the amount or value of the property to which the award relates as set forth in such award does not exceed Rs. 1,000 ..	The same duty as a Bond (No. 13) for such amount.
	(*b.*) In any other case	Five rupees.
See Exemption, Schedule II (*No.* 6).	(*a.*) When payable on demand and the amount exceeds Rs. 20 ..	One anna.
11. BILL OF EXCHANGE OR PROMISSORY NOTE, not being a cheque, bond, bank-note or currency-note ..	(*b.*) When payable otherwise than on demand, but not more than one year after date or sight.	

		If drawn singly.	If drawn in set of two, for each part of the set.	If drawn in set of three for each part of the set.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
If the amount of the bill or note does not exceed	Rs. 200	0 2 0	0 1 0	0 1 0
If it exceeds 200 and does not exceed	400	0 4 0	0 2 0	0 2 0
„ 400	600	0 6 0	0 3 0	0 2 0
„ 600	1,000	0 10 0	0 5 0	0 4 0
„ 1,000	1,200	0 12 0	0 6 0	0 4 0
„ 1,200	1,600	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 6 0
„ 1,600	2,500	1 8 0	0 12 0	0 8 0
For every Rs. 2,500 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 2,500 up to Rs. 10,000 ..		1 8 0	0 12 0	0 8 0
For every Rs. 5 000 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 10,000 up to Rs. 30,000 ..		3 0 0	1 8 0	1 0 0
And for every Rs. 10,000 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 30,000 ..		6 0 0	3 0 0	2 0 0

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SCHEDULE I—*continued.*

DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENT.		PROPER STAMP-DUTY.
11. BILL OF EXCHANGE OR PROMISSORY NOTE, &c.—*Continued.*	(*c*) When payable at more than one year after date or sight.	The same duty as a Bond (No. 13) for the amount of such bill or note.
12. BILL OF LADING *See Exemption, Schedule II (No. 7)*	.. ..	Four annas. If a Bill of Lading is drawn in parts, the proper stamp therefor must be borne by each one of the set.
13. BOND (not otherwise provided for by this Act) *See Administration-Bond. (No. 2), Customs-Bond. (No. 24), Indemnity-Bond. (No. 28), Security-Bond. (No. 14).* *See Exemptions, Schedule II (No. 8).*	When the amount or value secured does not exceed Rs. 10 When such amount or value exceeds Rs. 10, but does not exceed 50 When such amount or value exceeds Rs. 50, but does not exceed 100 and for every Rs. 100 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 100 up to 1,000 and for every Rs. 500 or part thereof in excess of 1,000	Rs. 10 Two annas. 50 Four annas. 100 Eight annas. 1,000 Eight annas. Two rupees eight annas.
14. BOND OR MORTGAGE-DEED executed by way of security for the due execution of an office, or to account for money received by virtue thereof *See Exemptions, Schedule II (Nos. 8 and 12).*	(*a*.) When the amount secured does not exceed .. 1,000 (*b*.) In any other case	The same duty as a Bond (No. 13.) Five rupees.
15. BOTTOMRY-BOND, that is to say, any instrument whereby the master of a sea-going ship borrows money on the security of the ship to enable him to preserve the ship or prosecute her voyage		The same duty as a Bond (No. 13).
16. CERTIFICATE OF SALE, granted to the purchaser of any property sold by public auction by a Civil or Revenue Court, or Collector or other Revenue-officer		The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 9) for a consideration equal to the amount of the purchase-

SCHEDULE I—*continued.*

DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENT.			PROPER STAMP-DUTY.
17. CERTIFICATE OR OTHER DOCUMENT evidencing the right or title of the holder thereof, or any other person, either to any shares, scrip or stock in or of any Company or Association, or to become proprietor of shares, scrip or stock in or of any Company or Association.			One anna.
18. CHARTER-PARTY, that is to say, any instrument (except an agreement for the hire of a tug-steamer) whereby a vessel or some specified principal part thereof is let for the specified purposes of the charterer			One rupee.
19. CHEQUE, for an amount exceeding twenty rupees			One anna.
20. COMPOSITION-DEED, that is to say, any instrument executed by a debtor whereby he conveys his property for the benefit of his creditors, or whereby payment of a composition or dividend on their debts is secured to the creditors, or whereby provision is made for the continuance of the debtor's business, under the supervision of inspectors or under letters of license, for the benefit of his creditors			Ten rupees.
21. CONVEYANCE, not being a TRANSFER mentioned in No. 60. *See Exemptions Schedule II (Nos. 5 and 17).*	When the amount of the consideration for such conveyance as set forth therein does not exceed..	Rs. 50	Eight annas.
	When it exceeds Rs. 50 but does not exceed..	100	One rupee.
	For every Rs. 100 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 100 up to..	1,000	One rupee.
	and for every Rs. 500 or part thereof in excess of..	1,000	Five rupees.

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SCHEDUEL I—*continued.*

DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENT.		PROPER STAMP-DUTY.
CO-PARTNERSHIP ..	See *Instrument, No.* 32.	
22. COPY OR EXTRACT, certified to be a true copy or extract, by or by order of any public officer and not chargeable under the law for the time being in force relating to Court-fees ..	(*a.*) If the original was not chargeable with duty, or if the duty with which it was chargeable does not exceed one rupee ..	Eight annas.
	(*b.*) In any other case ..	One rupee.
See Exemptions, Schedule II (Nos. 9 and 10).		
23. COUNTERPART OR DUPLICATE of any instrument chargeable with duty, and in respect of which the proper duty has been paid ..	(*a.*) If the duty with which the original instrument is chargeable does not exceed one rupee ..	The same duty as is payable on the original.
	(*b.*) In any other case ..	One rupee.
24. CUSTOMS-BOND ..	.. .. ..	The same duty as a Security-Bond (No. 14).
25. DECLARATION OF ANY TRUST of or concerning any property, when made by any writing not being a will ..	.. .. ..	Fifteen rupees.
26. DELIVERY-ORDER IN RESPECT OF GOODS, that is to say, any instrument entitling any person therein named, or his assigns, or the holder thereof, to the delivery of any goods lying in any dock or port, or in any warehouse in which goods are stored or deposited on rent or hire, or upon any wharf, such instrument being signed by or on behalf of the owner of such goods, upon the sale or transfer of the property therein, when such goods exceed in value twenty rupees ..	.. .. ..	One anna.
DEPOSIT OF TITLE-DEEDS..	See *Instrument, No.* 29.	
DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP	See *Instrument, No.* 33.	
DUPLICATE	See *Counterpart, No.* 23.	

SCHEDULE I—*continued.*

DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENT.		PROPER STAMP-DUTY.
27. ENTRY AS AN ADVOCATE, VAKIL OR ATTORNEY OF THE ROLL OF ANY HIGH COURT in exercise of powers conferred on such Court by letters patent .. *See Exemption, Schedule II (No. 11.)*	In the case of an Advocate or Vakil ..	Five hundred rupees.
	In the case of an Attorney ..	Two hundred and fifty rupees.
EXCHANGE ..	See *Instrument, No.* 35.	
EXTRACT ..	See *Copy, No.* 22.	
FURTHER CHARGE ..	See *Instrument, No.* 30.	
GIFT	See *Instrument, No.* 36.	
28. INDEMNITY-BOND ..	.. .. ..	The same duty as a Security-Bond (No. 14).
INSPECTORSHIP-DEED ..	See *Composition-Deed, No.* 20.	
29. INSTRUMENT EVIDENCING AN AGREEMENT TO SECURE THE REPAYMENT OF A LOAN made upon the deposit of title-deeds or other valuable security, or upon the hypothecation of moveable property ..	(*a.*) When such loan is repayable more than three months, but not more than one year, from the date of such instrument ..	The same duty as a Bill of Exchange (No. 11 (*b*)) for the amount secured.
	(*b.*) When such loan is repayable not more than three months from the date of such instrument.	Half the duty payable on a Bill of Exchange (No. 11 (*b*)) for the amount secured.
30. INSTRUMENT IMPOSING A FURTHER CHARGE ON MORTGAGED PROPERTY ..	(*a.*) When the original mortgage is one of the description referred to in No. 44, clause (*a*), of this schedule	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 21) for a consideration equal to the amount secured by such instrument.
	(*b.*) When such mortgage is one of the description referred to in No. 44, clause (*b*), of this schedule.	The same duty as a Bond (No. 13) for the amount secured by such instrument.
31. INSTRUMENT OF APPRENTICESHIP, including every writing relating to the service or tuition of any apprentice, clerk or servant, placed with any master to learn any profession, trade or employment, except articles of clerkship (No. 9 of this schedule) .. *See Exemption, Schedule II (No. 12 (c)).*	.. .. ..	Five rupees.
32. INSTRUMENT OF COPARTNERSHIP ..	.. .. ..	Ten rupees.
33. INSTRUMENT OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP ..	.. .. ..	Five rupees.
INSTRUMENT OF DIVORCE, that is to say, any [illegible]rument by which any [illegible] effects the dissolu[illegible] his marriage ..	.. .. ..	One rupee.

SCHEDULE I—*continued*.

DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENT.	PROPER STAMP-DUTY.
35. INSTRUMENT OF EXCHANGE of any property..	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 21) for a consideration equal to the value of the property of greater value as set forth in such instrument.
36. INSTRUMENT OF GIFT (OTHER THAN A SETTLEMENT OR WILL)	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 21) for a consideration equal to the value of the property as set forth in such instrument.
37. INSTRUMENT OF PARTITION	The same duty as a Bond (No. 13) for the amount of the value of the property divided as set forth in such instrument.
38. INSTRUMENT (OTHER THAN A WILL) CONFERRING OR PURPORTING TO CONFER AN AUTHORITY TO ADOPT	Ten rupees.
INSURANCE .. See *Policy, No.* 49.	
39. LEASE. See *Agreement to lease* (*No.* 4). See *Exemptions, Schedule II* (*No.* 13)..	
(*a*) Where by such lease the rent is fixed and no premium is paid or delivered and such lease purports to be for a term—	
of less than one year ..	The same duty as a Bond (No. 13) for the whole amount payable or deliverable under such lease.
of not less than one year, but not more than three years ..	The same duty as a Bond (No. 13) for the average annual rent reserved.
exceeding three years ..	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 21) for a consideration equal to the amount or value of the average annual rent reserved.

SCHEDULE I—*continued.*

DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENT.		PROPER STAMP-DUTY.
39. LEASE,—*continued.* See *Agreement to lease* (*No.* 4). See *Exemptions, Schedule II* (*No.* 13).	(*b*) Where by such lease the rent is fixed and no premium is paid or delivered and such lease does not purport to be for any definite term ..	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 21) for a consideration equal to the amount or value of the average annual rent which would be paid or delivered for the first ten years if the lease continued so long.
	(*c*) Where the lease is granted for a fine or premium, and where no rent is reserved ..	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 21) for a consideration equal to the amount or value of such fine or premium as set forth in the lease.
	(*d*) Where the lease is granted for a fine or premium in addition to rent reserved ..	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 21) for a consideration equal to the amount or value of such fine or premium as set forth in the lease, in addition to the duty which would have been payable on such lease if no fine or premium had been paid or delivered : Provided that, when an agreement to lease is stamped with the *ad valorem* stamp required for a lease, and a lease in pursuance of such agreement is subsequently executed, the duty on such lease shall not exceed eight annas.
40. LETTER OF ALLOTMENT OF SHARES in any Company, or proposed Company, or in respect of any loan to be raised by any Company or proposed Company		One anna.
41. LETTER OF CREDIT, that is to say, any instrument by which one person authorizes another to give credit to the ... in whose favour it is ..		One anna.

SCHEDULE I—*continued.*

DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENT.		PROPER STAMP-DUTY.
42. LETTER OF LICENSE, that is to say, any agreement between a debtor and his creditors that the latter shall, for a specified time, suspend their claims and allow the debtor to carry on business at his own discretion		Ten rupees.
43. MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF A COMPANY		Fifteen rupees.
44. MORTGAGE-DEED not provided for by No. 14, No. 15, No. 29 or No. 55 of this schedule. See *Exemptions, Schedule II, No. 12, and No. 14 (b).*	(*a*) When at the time of execution possession of the property or any part of the property comprised in such deed is given by the mortgagor or agreed to be given ..	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 21) for a consideration equal to the amount secured by such deed.
	(*b*) When at the time of execution possession is not given or agreed to be given as aforesaid .	The same duty as a Bond (No. 13) for the amount secured by such deed.
45. NOTARIAL ACT, that is to say, any instrument, endorsement, note, attestation, certificate or entry made or signed by a Notary Public in the execution of the duties of his office or by any other person lawfully acting as a Notary Public		One rupee.
46. NOTE OR MEMORANDUM sent by a Broker or Agent to his principal intimating the purchase or sale on account of such principal of any goods, stock or marketable security exceeding in value twenty rupees		One anna.

SCHEDULE I—*continued.*

DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENT.	PROPER STAMP-DUTY.
47. NOTE OF PROTEST BY THE MASTER OF A SHIP	Eight annas.
PARTITION .. See *Instrument, No.* 37.	
PARTNERSHIP .. See *Instrument, Nos.* 32 *and* 33.	
48. PETITION FOR LEAVE TO FILE A SPECIFICATION OF AN INVENTION, or for the extension of the term of the exclusive privilege of making or using or selling such invention in India	One hundred rupees.
49. POLICY OF INSURANCE .. *See Exemption, Schedule II (No.* 14 (*c*)).	

		If drawn singly.			If drawn in duplicate, for each part.		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
(*a*).	In the case of Sea-insurance—						
	When the amount insured does not exceed .. Rs. 1,000	0	4	0	0	2	0
	And for every further sum of Rs. 1,000 or part thereof in excess of .. 1,000	0	4	0	0	2	0
(*b*).	In the case of any other insurance—						
	When the amount insured does not exceed .. 1,000	0	6	0	0	3	0
	And for every further sum of Rs. 1,000 or part thereof in excess of.. 1,000	0	6	0	0	3	0

50. POWER-OF-ATTORNEY, not being a proxy chargeable under No. 51 ..	(*a*). When executed for the sole purpose of procuring the presentation of one or more documents for registration in relation to a single transaction ..	Eight annas.
	(*b*). When authorizing one person or more to act in a single transaction other than that mentioned in (*a*) ..	One rupee.

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SCHEDULE I—*continued.*

DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENT.		PROPER STAMP-DUTY.
50. POWER-OF-ATTORNEY, not being a proxy chargeable under No. 51—*contd.*	(*c.*) When authorizing not more than five persons to act jointly and severally in more than one transaction or generally ..	Five rupees.
	(*d.*) When authorizing more than five but not more than ten persons to act jointly and severally in more than one transaction or generally..	Ten rupees.
	(*e.*) In any other case	One rupee for each person authorized.
Explanation.—For the purposes of this number more persons than one when belonging to the same firm shall be deemed to be one person.		
PROMISSORY NOTE ..	See *Bill of Exchange, No.* 11.	
PROTEST, that is to say, any declaration in writing made by a Notary Public, or other person lawfully acting as such, attesting the dishonour of a bill of exchange or promissory note.	See *Notarial Act, No.* 45.	
PROTEST BY THE MASTER OF A SHIP, that is to say, any declaration of the particulars of her voyage drawn up by him with a view to the adjustment of losses or the calculation of averages, and every declaration in writing made by him against charterers or the consignees for not loading or unloading the ship, when such declaration is attested or certified by a Notary Public or other person lawfully acting as such ...	See *Notarial Act, No.* 45.	
51. PROXY empowering any person to vote at any one meeting of— (*a.*) Members of a company whose stock or funds is or are divided into shares and transferable : (*b.*) Municipal Commissioners : (*c*) Proprietors, Members or Contributors to the funds of any Institution	.. .. ..	One anna.

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SCHEDULE I—*continued.*

DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENT.		PROPER STAMP-DUTY.
52. RECEIPT FOR ANY MONEY OR OTHER PROPERTY THE AMOUNT OR VALUE OF WHICH EXCEEDS TWENTY RUPEES		One anna.
See *Exemptions, Schedule II (No. 15).*		
53 RE-CONVEYANCE OF MORTGAGED PROPERTY ...	(*a.*) If the consideration for which the property was mortgaged does not exceed .. Rs. 1,000	The same duty as a Convenience (No 21) for the amount of such consideration as set forth in the re-conveyance.
	(*b.*) In any other case ..	Ten rupees.
54. RELEASE, that is to say, any instrument whereby a person renounces a claim upon another person or against any specified property ...	(*a.*) If the amount or value of the claim does not exceed .. 1,000	The same duty as a Bond (No. 13) for such amount or value as set forth in the release.
	(*b.*) In any other case ..	Five rupees.
55. RESPONDENTIA-BOND, that is to say, any instrument securing a loan on the cargo laden or to be laden or board a ship and making repayment contingent on the arrival of the cargo at the port of destination		The same duty as a Bond (No. 13).
56. REVOCATION OF ANY TRUST of or concerning any property by any instrument other than a will		Ten rupees.
57. SETTLEMENT		The same duty as a Bond (No. 13) for a sum equal to the amount or value of the property settled as set forth in such ett lement.
58. SHIPPING-ORDER for or relating to the conveyance of goods on board of any vessel		One anna.
SPECIFICATION ..	See *Petition, No.* 48.	

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SCHEDULE I—*concluded.*

DESCRIPTION OF INSTRUMENT.		PROPER STAMP-DUTY.
59. SURRENDER OF LEASE ..	(*a.*) When the duty with which the lease is chargeable does not exceed five rupees ..	The duty with which such lease is chargeable.
See Exemption, Schedule II (*No.* 16)	(*b.*) In any other case . ..	Five rupees.
	(*a.*) Of shares in a Company or Association	One-quarter of the duty payable on a Conveyance (No. 21.)
	(*b.*) Of any interest secured by a Bond, Lease Mortgage-deed or Policy of Insurance—	
	1. If the duty on such Bond, Lease, Martgage-deed or Policy does not exceed five rupees	The duty with which such Bond, Lease, Mortgage-deed or Policy of Insurance is chargeable.
60. TRANSFER ..	2. In any other case	Five rupees.
See Exemptions, Schedule II (*No.* 17).	(*c.*) Of any property under the Administrator General's Act, 1874, section 31 .	Ten rupees.
	(*d.*) Of any trust-property from one trustee to another trustee without consideration ..	Five rupees.
TRUST	See *Declaration, No.* 25. *Revocation, No.* 56.	
VALUATION	See *Appraisement No.* 7.	
61. WARRANT FOR GOODS, that is to say, any instrument evidencing the title of any person therein named, or his assigns, or the holder thereof, to the property in any goods lying in or upon any dock, warehouse or wharf, such instrument being signed or certified by or on behalf of the person in whose custody such goods may be..	.. ..	Four annas.

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SCHEDULE II.

INSTRUMENTS EXEMPTED FROM STAMP-DUTY.

1. Affidavit or declaration in writing when made—

(*a*) as a condition of enlistment under the Indian Articles of War;
(*b*) for the immediate purpose of being filed or used in any Court or before the officer of any Court; or
(*c*) for the sole purpose of enabling any person to receive any pension or charitable allowance.

2. Agreement or memorandum of agreement—

(*a*) for or relating to the sale of goods or merchandize exclusively, not being a note or memorandum chargeable under No. 46 of Schedule I;
(*b*) for service in British Burma under the Chief Commissioner of that Province entered into between Natives of India emigrating to British Burma and the Superintendent of State Emigration or other Government officer acting as representative of the said Chief Commissioner;
(*c*) made by raiyats for the cultivation of the poppy for Government;
(*d*) made in the form of tenders to the Government of India for or relating to any loan;
(*e*) made regarding the occupancy of land denoted by a survey-number, and the payment of revenue therefor, under Bombay Act I of 1865;
(*f*) made under the European Vagrancy Act, 1874, section 17.

3. Appraisement or valuation made for the information of one party only, and not being in any manner obligatory between parties either by agreement or operation of law.

4. Appraisement of crops for the purpose of ascertaining the amount to be given to a landlord as rent.

5. Assignment of copyright by entry made under Act No. XX of 1847, section 5.

6. Award under Bombay Act VI of 1873, section 81, or Bombay Act III of 1874, section 18.

7. Bill of lading, when the goods therein described are received at a place within the limits of any port as defined under the Indian Ports Act, 1875, and are to be delivered at another place within the limits of the same port.

8. Bond when executed by—

(*a*) the sureties of middlemen (lambardárs or khattadárs) taking advances for the cultivation of the poppy for Government;
(*b*) headmen nominated under rules framed in accordance with Bengal Act III of 1876, section 99, for the due performance of their duties under that Act;
(*c*) any person for the purpose of guaranteeing that the local income derived from private subscriptions to a charitable dispensary or hospital or any other object of public utility shall not be less than a specified sum per mensem.

9. Copy of any paper which a public officer is expressly required by law to make or furnish for record in any public office or for any public purpose.

10. Copy of registration of emigrants furnished under section 27 or section 29 of the Indian Emigration Act, 1871.

11. Entry—

(*a*) of an advocate, vakil or attorney on the roll of any High Court, when he has previously been enrolled in a High Court established by Royal Charter;

(*b*) on the roll of any High Court, as an attorney, of an articled clerk bound as such before this Act comes into force.

12. Instruments—

(*a*) executed by persons taking advances under the Land Improvement Act, 1871, or by their sureties, as security for the repayment of such advances ;

(*b*) executed by officers of Government or their sureties to secure the due execution of an office or the due accounting for money received by virtue thereof ;

(*c*) of apprenticeship executed by a Magistrate under Act XIX of 1850 or by which a person is apprenticed by or at the charge of any public charity.

13. Leases and Counterparts—

(*a*) Leases of fisheries granted under the Burma Fisheries Act, 1875 ;

(*b*) Lease, executed in the case of a cultivator without the payment or delivery of any fine or premium, when a definite term is expressed and such term does not exceed one year, or when the annual rent reserved does not exceed one hundred rupees ;

(*c*) Counterpart of any lease granted to a cultivator.

14. Letter—

(*a*) of cover or engagement to issue a policy of insurance :

Provided that unless such letter or engagement bear the stamp prescribed by this Act for such policy, nothing shall be claimable thereunder, nor shall it be available for any purpose except to compel the delivery of the policy therein mentioned.

(*b*) of hypothecation accompanying a bill of exchange.

15. Receipt—

(*a*) endorsed on or contained in any instrument duly stamped, or exempted under this schedule, No. 18, acknowledging the receipt of the consideration-money therein expressed, or the receipt of any principal-money, interest or annuity or other periodical payment thereby secured ;

(*b*) for any payment of money without consideration ;

(*c*) for any payment of rent by a cultivator on account of land assessed to Government revenue, or (in the Presidencies of Fort St. George and Bombay) of inam-lands ;

(*d*) for pay by non-commissioned officers or soldiers of Her Majesty's Army, or Her Majesty's Indian Army, when serving in such capacity ;

(*e*) for pensions or allowances by persons receiving such pensions or allowances in respect of their service as such non-commissioned officers or soldiers, and not serving the Government in any other capacity ;

(*f*) given by holders of family-certificates in cases where the person from whose pay or allowances the sum comprised in the receipt has been assigned is a non-commissioned officer or soldier of either of the said Armies, and serving in such capacity ;

(*g*) given by a headman or lambardár for land-revenue or taxes collected by him ;

(*h*) given for money or securities for money deposited in the hands of any banker, to be accounted for :

Provided the same be not expressed to be received of, or by the hands of, any other than the person to whom the same is to be accounted for ;

Provided also, that this exemption shall not extend to a receipt or acknowledgment for any sum paid or deposited for or upon a letter of allotment of a share, or in respect of a call upon any scrip or share of or in any Company or Association, or proposed or intended Company or Association.

16. Surrender of lease when such lease is exempted from duty.

17. Transfers by endorsement—

(*a*) of a bill of exchange, cheque or promissory note ;

(*b*) of a bill of lading ;
(*c*) of a policy of insurance ;

(*d*) of mortgages of rates and taxes authorized by any Act for the time being in force in British India ;

(*e*) of securities of the Government of India ;
(*f*) of a warrant for goods (No. 61 of Schedule 1.)

General Exemption.

18. Any instrument executed by, or on behalf of, or in favour of, Government in cases where, but for this exemption, the Government would be liable to pay the duty chargeable in respect of such instrument.

SCHEDULE III.

ACTS REPEALED.

Number and year.	Subject or short title.	Extent of repeal.
XX of 1847 ..	Copyright	In section five, the words "without being subject to any stamp or duty."
X of 1866 ..	The Indian Companies Act ..	In section eleven, the words "shall bear the same stamp as if it were a deed, and."
		In section sixteen, the words "they shall bear the same stamp as if they were contained in a deed."
XVIII of 1869 ..	The General Stamp Act ..	The whole.
VII of 1871 ..	The Indian Emigration Act ..	In sections twenty-seven and twenty-nine, the words "which shall not require a stamp."
XIX of 1873 ..	The North-Western Provinces Land-Revenue Act, 1873 ..	In section one hundred and eighty-three, the words "stamped or."
II of 1874 ..	The Administrator General's Act	In section thirty-one, the words "bearing a stamp of ten rupees and."
IX of 1874 ..	The European Vagrancy Act ..	In section seventeen, the words "may be on unstamped paper and."
XV of 1876 ..	Bombay Municipal Debentures ..	In section two, the words "and no such indorsement shall be chargeable with any stamp-duty."

D. FITZPATRICK,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

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FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

SEPARATE REVENUE—STAMPS.

Simla, the 11th April 1879.

No. 62.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections nine, fifteen, seventeen, thirty-two, fifty-one, and fifty-six of the Indian Stamp Act, 1879, the Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to make the following Rules :—

(*A*).—*Preliminary.*

1. These Rules shall come into force throughout British India on the 15th of April 1879, and on and from that day the Notifications noted on the margin shall be cancelled.

No. 3908, dated 19th June 1874.
No. 1510, dated 14th March 1871.
No. 2623, dated 1st September 1876.
No. 1385, dated 21st March 1879.

2. All words and expressions used in these Rules and defined in the Indian Stamp Act, 1879, shall be deemed to have the meaning attached to them respectively by the said Act.

3. There shall be three kinds of stamps for indicating the payment of duty on instruments under the Indian Stamp Act, 1879, namely—

(1) Impressed stamps—that is to say, sheets of paper bearing the impression of stamps of different values engraved thereon and sold to the public for use by them in accordance with these Rules.

(2) Adhesive stamps sold to the public for use by them in the case of instruments mentioned in section ten of the said Act.

(3) Stamped labels—to be affixed only by Government officers in the manner hereinafter prescribed.

(*B*).—*Of Impressed Stamps.*

4. All instruments chargeable with duty, except hundís, may be written on impressed stamps, and except as provided by section ten of the said Act and by these Rules, shall be so written.

5. When any instrument is to be written on an impressed stamp, if the amount of duty with which such instrument is chargeable does not exceed five hundred rupees, a single impressed stamp shall be used, unless—

where the application for the required stamp is made at a treasury, the officer in charge of such treasury, or,

where such application is made to a stamp-vendor, the vendor,

certifies that he is unable to furnish a single stamp of the required amount.

When the amount of duty chargeable in respect of any instrument exceeds five hundred rupees, or a treasury-officer or stamp-vendor has certified that he is unable to furnish a single stamp of the value required, the number of stamps used for indicating the payment of duty shall not exceed the number which the treasury-officer or the stamp-vendor certifies in either case to be the smallest number which he can furnish so as to make up the required amount :

Provided that no certificate made by a stamp-vendor under this Rule shall be of any effect when there is at the date of the certificate a public treasury at which stamps are kept for sale situate within two miles from the place where such vendor sells stamps.

When under this Rule two or more impressed stamps are used to make up the amount of duty chargeable in respect of any instrument, a portion of such instrument shall be written on each stamp so used.

(C).—Of Stamped Labels.

6. Stamped labels may be affixed to the following instruments, namely—
(1) Administration-bonds :
(2) Affidavits :
(3) Appointments made in execution of a power :
(4) Articles of Association of a Company :
(5) Articles of clerkship :
(6) Bills of lading :
(7) Charter-parties :
(8) Declarations of trust :
(9) Instruments evidencing an agreement to secure the repayment of a loan made upon the deposit of title-deeds or other valuable security, or upon the hypothecation of moveable property :
(10) Memoranda of Association of Companies :
(11) Notes of protest :
(12) Petitions for leave to file specification of an invention, &c. :
(13) Policies of insurance ;
(14) Revocations of trust :

and the following—when written in the English language—

(15) Agreements or memoranda of agreements which, in the opinion of the officer empowered to affix the stamp, cannot conveniently be written on impressed stamps :
(16) Awards :
(17) Bills of exchange payable otherwise than on demand and drawn in British India :
(18) Bonds :
(19) Composition-deeds :
(20) Conveyances :
(21) Instruments imposing a further charge on mortgaged property :
(22) Instruments of apprenticeship :
(23) Instruments of co-partnership :
(24) Instruments of dissolution of partnership :
(25) Instruments of exchange :
(26) Leases :
(27) Letters of license :
(28) Mortgage-deeds :
(29) Reconveyances of mortgaged property :
(30) Releases :
(31) Settlements :
(32) Transfers of the description mentioned in No. 60 of the First Schedule of the said Act.

7. The following officers are empowered to affix stamped labels to the instruments mentioned in Rule six, namely—

(*a*) the Collectors of Calcutta and Karachi ;
(*b*) the Superintendents of Stamps at Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, Rangoon, Maulmain and Akyab;
(*c*) the Commissioner of Stamps, North-Western Provinces ;
(*d*) the Superintendent of Stamps, Panjab ; and
(*e*) the Superintendent of Stamps (Political Resident), Aden.

8. Every such officer shall, upon any instrument mentioned in Rule six being brought to him before it is executed, and application being made to him for that purpose, affix thereto a stamped label of such value as the applicant may desire and pay for, and deface such label by means of a stamping-machine before returning the instrument to the applicant.

When the value of the stamp amounts to twenty rupees or upwards, such officer shall, besides so defacing the label, attach his usual signature to the instrument immediately under the label.

9. Hundís other than hundís which can be stamped with an adhesive stamp under section ten of the said Act shall be written on paper supplied for sale by the Government and to which stamped labels have been affixed by one of the officers mentioned in Rule seven, clause (*b*), and defaced by him in manner provided by Rule eight.

10. Every sheet of such paper shall be of a size not less than $8\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$ inches, and no plain paper shall be joined to it.

11. The payment of duty on instruments (other than Bills of Exchange, Cheques and Promissory Notes) executed out of British India and requiring to be stamped after their receipt in British India shall be indicated only by stamped labels.

When any such instrument is brought to the Collector under section seventeen of the said Act, the Collector shall send the instrument to one of the officers mentioned in Rule seven, stating the amount of duty paid in respect of such instrument; and such officer shall stamp the instrument in the manner prescribed by Rule eight and return the same to the Collector for delivery to the person by whom it was produced.

(D).—Miscellaneous.

12. When it is necessary under section fifteen of the said Act to denote upon one instrument the payment of duty in respect of another, such payment shall be denoted by an endorsement under the hand of the Collector on the former instrument.

13. Every payment made under section thirty of the said Act shall be made in cash.

14. The Collector shall require every person claiming a refund or renewal under Chapter VI of the said Act, or his duly authorized agent, to make an oral deposition on oath, or to put in an affidavit, setting forth the circumstances under which the claim has arisen. The Collector may also, if he thinks fit, call for the evidence of witnesses in support of the statement set forth in the deposition or affidavit of the claimant or his agent.

R. B. CHAPMAN,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore.—1879.

THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, JUNE 28, 1879.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Acts of the Governor General of India in Council, &c.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

JUDICIAL.

Simla, the 10th June 1879.

No. 132*I-J.*—The Governor General in Council is pleased to extend the provisions of Act IV of 1879 (the Indian Railway Act, 1879) to the Province of Mysore, subject to the following modifications, *viz*:—

The second paragraph of section one, and the third paragraph of section two, and in section three, in the definition of Railway Administration, the words "or a Native State," and in section fifty the words "a Presidency Magistrate and," shall be omitted.

A. C. LYALL,
Secretary to the Government of India.

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 13th March, 1879, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT NO. IV OF 1879.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY ACT, 1879.

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An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to Railways in India.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to Railways in India; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Preamble.

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

Short title.

1. This Act may be called "The Indian Railway Act, 1879 :"

Local extent.

It extends to the whole of British India and, so far as regards subjects of Her Majesty the Empress of India, to the dominions of Princes and States in India in alliance with Her said Majesty ;

Commencement.

And it shall come into force on the first day of July, 1879.

Repeal of Acts.

2. On and from that day, the Acts specified in the first schedule hereto annexed shall be repealed.

All rules made, notifications published and powers conferred under any of such Acts, or any enactment thereby repealed, shall (so far as they are consistent herewith) be deemed to have been respectively made, published and conferred under this Act.

Nothing in the Carriers Act, 1865, shall apply to carriers by railway.

Interpretation-clause.

3. In this Act, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context,—

"Railway."

"Railway" means a railway for the public conveyance of passengers or goods.

It includes—

(*a*) all land within the fences or other boundary-marks prescribed under section fifty-two ;

(*b*) all lines of rail, sidings or branches worked over for the purposes of, or in connection with, a Railway ;

(*c*) all stations, offices, warehouses, fixed machinery and other works constructed for the purposes of, or in connection with, a Railway ;

(*d*) all vessels and rafts used for the purpose of carrying on the traffic of a Railway.

In section four, "Railway" includes a Railway under construction, and in the remaining part of this section and in the following sections (namely), six, eight, sixteen, twenty-five, thirty, thirty-three, thirty-four, forty to forty-six (both inclusive), fifty-two and fifty-three, "Railway" includes a Railway under construction and a Railway not used for the public conveyance of passengers or goods :

"Railway-administration."

"Railway-administration" means in the case of a Railway worked by Government or a Native State, the Manager of such Railway, and in the case of a Railway worked by a Company or private individual, such Company or individual :

"Railway-servant."

"Railway-servant" means any person employed by a Railway-Administration, to perform any function in connection with a Railway,

and in section twenty-five, last clause, sections twenty-six, twenty-seven, thirty-eight, and forty-two includes any person employed to perform any such function by any other person in execution of a contract into which he has entered with a Railway-Administration.

Right to use locomotives.

4. It shall be lawful, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, to use on every Railway locomotive engines or other motive power, and carriages and wagons to be drawn or propelled thereby.

CHAPTER II.

DUTIES OF THE RAILWAY-ADMINISTRATION.

Railway when to be opened.

5. No Railway or portion or extension of, or addition to, a Railway shall be opened for the public conveyance of passengers until the Railway-Administration has given to the Governor General in Council notice in writing of the intention of opening the same and until an officer appointed by the Governor General in Council to inspect such Railway, portion, extension or addition has, after inspection thereof, reported in writing to the Governor General in Council that in his opinion the opening of the same would not be attended with danger to the public using the same.

Accidents to be reported.

6. Every Railway-Administration shall, within forty-eight hours after the occurrence upon the Railway of—

(*a*) any accident attended with loss of human life or serious injury to person or property,

(*b*) any accident of a description usually attended with such loss or injury, and

(*c*) any accident of any other description which the Governor General in Council may, from time to time, direct to be notified,

give notice thereof to the Local Government;

and the Station-master nearest to the place at which the accident occurs, or, where there is no Station-master, the officer in charge of the section of the Railway on which the accident occurs, shall without unnecessary delay give notice in writing or by telegraph of such accident to the nearest Magistrate and to the officer in charge of the Police-station in the jurisdiction of which the accident occurs or to such other Magistrate and Police-officer as the Local Government from time to time appoints in this behalf.

Returns of accidents.

7. Every Railway-Administration shall make up and deliver to the Governor General in Council a return of accidents occurring in the course of the public traffic upon the Railway, whether attended with personal injury or not, in such form and manner, and at such intervals of time, as the Governor General in Council from time to time directs.

General rules for working Railway.

8. Every Railway-Administration shall make general rules for the following purposes (that is to say):

(*a*) for regulating the mode in which, and the speed at which, carriages and wagons used on the Railway are to be moved or propelled;

(*b*) for regulating the maximum number of passengers which each carriage and compartment may carry, and the mode in which such number shall be denoted thereon;

(*c*) for regulating the provision to be made for the accommodation and convenience of passengers;

(*d*) for declaring what shall be deemed to be, for the purposes of this Act, dangerous goods; and

(*e*) generally for regulating the travelling upon, and the use, working and management of, the Railway;

and may, from time to time, alter any such rules.

Penalty for breach of rules.

Any such rule may contain a provision that any person committing a breach of it shall be liable to a fine which may extend to fifty rupees, or, in default of payment of such fine, to simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to two months.

No such rule shall take effect unless it is consistent with this Act and until it has received the sanction of the Governor General in Council.

Notification of rules.

All rules made under this section shall be published in the *Gazette of India*, and shall be otherwise notified to the Railway-servants and the public in such manner as the Governor General in Council, from time to time, directs.

to cancel rules.

The Governor General in Council may at any time cancel any such rule.

9. An abstract of this Act, and a copy of the Time-tables and Tariff of charges which may, from time to time, be published for any Railway by any Railway-Administration, shall be exhibited in some conspicuous place at each station of such Railway, so that they may be easily seen and read.

Copy and translation of Act, &c., to be shewn at stations.

All such documents shall be so exhibited in English and in the principal vernacular language of the district in which the station is situate, and in such other language, if any, as the Governor General in Council may direct.

CHAPTER III.

CARRIAGE OF PROPERTY.

10. Every agreement purporting to limit the obligation or responsibility imposed on a carrier by Railway by the Indian Contract Act, 1872, sections 151 and 161, in the case of loss, destruction or deterioration of, or damage to, property shall, in so far as it purports to limit such obligation or responsibility, be void unless—

Special contract limiting liability.

(*a*) it is in writing signed by, or on behalf of, the person sending or delivering such property, and

(*b*) is otherwise in a form approved by the Governor General in Council.

11. When any property mentioned in the 2nd schedule hereto annexed is contained in any parcel or package delivered to a carrier by Railway, the carrier shall not be liable for loss, destruction or deterioration of, or damage to, such property, unless at the time of delivery the value and nature thereof have been declared by the person sending or delivering the same, and an increased charge for the safe conveyance of the same, or an engagement to pay such charge, has been accepted by some Railway-servant specially authorized in this behalf.

No liability for loss of gold, silver, &c., unless value declared and increased charge accepted.

When any property of which the value and nature have been declared under this section has been lost, destroyed or damaged, or has deteriorated, the compensation recoverable for such loss, destruction, damage or deterioration shall not exceed the value so declared.

12. A carrier by Railway shall in no case be answerable for loss, destruction or deterioration of or damage to any passenger's luggage, unless a Railway-servant has booked and given a receipt for the same.

No liability for un-booked luggage.

13. In any suit against a carrier by Railway for compensation for loss, destruction or deterioration of, or damage to, property delivered to a Railway-servant, it shall not be necessary for the plaintiff to prove in what manner such loss, destruction, deterioration or damage was caused.

Plaintiffs not required to prove negligence.

14. If any person fails to pay on demand any sum due by him to a carrier by Railway for conveyance of any property by Railway, or for the custody of any property or for demurrage or wharfage in respect of the same, the Railway-Administration may detain the whole or any part of such property or, if the same have been removed from the Railway, any other property of such person then on such Railway or thereafter coming into the possession of the Railway-Administration;

Lien for money due for carriage, &c., of property.

and may also sell by public auction, in the case of perishable property at once, and in the case of other property on the expiration of at least fifteen days' notice thereof published in one or more of the local newspapers or, where there are no such newspapers, in such manner as the Local Government may, from time to time, direct, sufficient of such property to produce the sum payable as aforesaid, and all charges and expenses of such detention, notice and sale, or, if such person fails to remove from the Railway within a reasonable time any property so detained, the whole of such property;

and may out of the proceeds of the sale, retain the sum so payable, together with all charges and expenses aforesaid, rendering the surplus, if any, of such proceeds, and so much of the property (if any) as remains unsold, to the person entitled thereto;

or such carrier may recover any such sum by suit.

15. The owner or person having the care of any property which has been carried upon any Railway, or is brought into any station or warehouse for the purpose of being carried upon a Railway, shall, on demand by any Railway-servant appointed in this behalf by the Railway-Administration, deliver to him an exact account in writing signed by such owner or person of the quantity and description of such property.

Written account of property to be given on demand.

16. No passenger shall take with him on a Railway, and no person shall deliver or tender for carriage upon any Railway, any dangerous luggage or goods without giving notice of their nature to a Railway-servant, or, in the case of luggage or goods delivered or tendered for carriage, distinctly marking their nature on the outside of the package containing the same.

Dangerous goods.

Any Railway-servant may refuse to carry upon a Railway any luggage or parcel which he suspects to contain dangerous goods, and may require such luggage or parcel to be opened to ascertain the fact previously to carrying the same ;

and in case any such luggage or parcel is received for the purpose of being carried upon a Railway, any Railway-servant may stop the transit thereof until he is satisfied as to the nature of its contents.

CHAPTER IV.

CARRIAGE OF PASSENGERS.

17. Every person desirous of travelling on a Railway shall, upon payment of his fare, be furnished with a ticket specifying in English and the principal vernacular language of the district in which the ticket is issued, the class of carriage for which and the place from and place to which, the fare has been paid and the amount of such fair ;

Passengers on payment of fares to be furnished with tickets.

and every passenger shall, when required, shew his ticket to any Railway-servant duly authorized to examine the same, and shall deliver up such ticket upon demand to any Railway-servant duly authorized to collect tickets.

Tickets to be shewn and given up on demand.

18. At the intermediate stations, the fares shall be deemed to be accepted and the tickets furnished only upon condition that there be room in the train for which the tickets are furnished.

Fares and tickets at intermediate stations.

In case there is not room for all the passengers to whom tickets have been furnished, those who have obtained tickets for the longest distance shall have the preference ; and those who have obtained tickets for the same distance shall have the preference according to the order in which they have received their tickets :

Preferential right of ticket holders.

Provided that all officers and troops of Her Majesty on duty and all other persons on the business of the Government who, by virtue of any contract with the Government or, in the case of a Railway worked by Government, of any direction of the Governor General in Council, are entitled to be conveyed on a Railway in preference to, or in priority over, the public, shall be entitled to such preference and priority without reference to the distance for which, or the order in which they have received their tickets.

Proviso.

Any passenger to whom a ticket has been furnished at any station and for whom there is no room shall, on returning the ticket within a reasonable time after its issue, be entitled to have his fare at once refunded.

19. Except with the permission of the Railway-Administration or of such officer as it appoints in this behalf, no person shall enter any carriage used on any Railway for the purpose of travelling therein without having first paid his fare and obtained a ticket.

Fares to be prepaid.

20. Any passenger found suffering from an infectious disease in a Railway-carriage or in any place on a Railway may, if his remaining in such carriage or place is likely to spread the infection of such disease, be removed from such carriage "place by any Railway-servant;

Power to remove persons suffering from infectious disease.

v passenger so removed who has paid his proper fare to or at the place at which he is so removed entitled, on returning his ticket, to have such fare refunded.

CHAPTER V.

OFFENCES AND PROCEDURE.

(*A*).—*Offences by the Railway-Administration.*

Penalty for opening Railway in contravention of section 5.

21. Any Railway-Administration opening, in contravention of section five, any Railway, or any portion or extension of, or addition to, a Railway, shall forfeit to Government the sum of one thousand rupees for every day during which the same continues open in contravention of that section.

For omitting to report accident.

22. Any Railway-Administration omitting to give notice as required by section six, shall forfeit to Government the sum of one hundred rupees for every day during which such omission continues.

For not sending return of accidents or making rules under section 8, or exhibiting copy under section 9.

23. Any Railway-Administration failing to deliver any return mentioned in section seven within fourteen days after the same ought to be delivered, or to make or notify any rules as required by section eight, or to exhibit any abstract or copy mentioned in section nine in manner required by that section, shall forfeit to Government the sum of fifty rupees for every day during which such failure continues.

(*B*).—*Offences by Railway-servants.*

For omitting to give notice of accident.

24. Any Station-master or other person omitting to give notice as required by section six, shall be punished with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

For drunkenness or breach of duty.

25. Any Railway-servant who is in a state of intoxication whilst actually employed upon a Railway in the discharge of any duty, or who negligently omits to perform his duty, or who performs the same in an improper manner,

shall be punished with fine which may extend to fifty rupees ;

or if the duty in any of the cases aforesaid be such that the negligent omission or improper performance thereof would be likely to endanger the safety of any person travelling or being upon such Railway, such servant shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine, or with both.

For endangering the safety of persons.

26. If any Railway-servant in the discharge of his duty endangers the safety of any person—

(*a*) by disobeying any general rule sanctioned and published and notified in the manner prescribed by section eight ; or

(*b*) by disobeying any rule or order not inconsistent with the general rules aforesaid, and which such servant was bound by the terms of his employment to obey, and of which he had notice ; or

(*c*) by any rash or negligent act or omission,

he shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

For receiving bribes.

27. Every Railway-servant shall be deemed a "public servant" within the meaning of sections 161, 162, 163, 164, and 165 of the Indian Penal Code.

Amendment of Penal Code, section 161.

In the definition of legal remuneration contained in the said section 161, the word "Government" shall, for the purposes of this section, be deemed to include any employer of a Railway-servant as such.

For compelling passengers to enter carriages already full.

28. Any Railway-servant who compels or attempts to compel any passenger to enter a carriage or compartment containing the maximum number of passengers denoted, thereon in accordance with a rule made and notified under section eight shall be punished with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

(C).—Offences by Persons generally.

29. Any person required under section fifteen to give an account of the quantity and description of any property who neglects or refuses to give such account,

For not giving account of goods or giving false account.

or who wilfully gives a false account,

shall be punished with fine which may extend to five rupees for every maund (of 3,200 tolahs) of such property ; and such fine shall be in addition to any charge to which such property may be liable.

30. Whoever, in contravention of section sixteen, takes with him any dangerous goods on a Railway, or delivers or tenders any such goods for the purpose of being carried upon a Railway, shall be punished with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees.

For taking dangerous goods on Railway or delivering such goods without notice.

31. Any passenger travelling on a Railway without a proper ticket or having such a ticket and not shewing or delivering up the same when so required under section seventeen, shall be liable to pay the fair of the class in which he is found travelling, from the place whence the train originally started, unless he can prove that he has travelled a less distance only, in which case he shall be liable to pay the fare of the class aforesaid only from the place whence he has travelled.

For travelling without ticket or not shewing or delivering up ticket.

Every such fare shall, on application by a Railway-servant to a Magistrate, and on proof of the passenger's liability, be recoverable from such passenger as if it were a fine, and shall, when recovered, be paid to the Railway-Administration.

32. Any person who defrauds, or attempts to defraud, any carrier by Railway—

For evading payment of fare.

(*a*) by travelling, or attempting to travel, on any Railway without having previously paid his fare ;

(*b*) by riding or attempting to ride in or on a carriage, or by a train, of a higher class than that for which he has paid his fare ;

(*c*) by using or attempting to use a ticket on any day for which such ticket is not available ;

(*d*) by continuing his journey in or upon any carriage beyond the place to which he has paid his fare, without previously paying the fare for the additional distance ;

or who, in any other manner whatever, attempts to evade the payment of his fare,

or who wilfully alters or defaces his ticket so as to render the date, number or other material portion thereof illegible,

For altering ticket.

shall be punished with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and shall also be liable to pay the fare (if any) which he ought to have paid ; and such fare shall be recoverable in manner provided by section thirty-one and shall, when recovered, be paid to the Railway-Administration.

33. Any passenger who gets into or upon, or attempts to get into or upon, or quits, or attempts to quit, any carriage upon any Railway, while such carriage is in motion, shall be punished with fine which may extend to twenty rupees ;

For entering carriage in motion.

and any passenger who rides, or attempts to ride, on the steps, or any other part of a carriage, upon any Railway, except on those parts which are intended for the accommodation of passengers,

For riding on the steps.

shall be punished with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

34. Any person who, without the permission of the Railway-Administration, rides or attempts to ride upon any locomotive-engine or tender upon any Railway ; or in or upon any vehicle not appropriated to the carriage of passengers,

For riding on engine, tender, &c.

shall be punished with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

35. Any person who, without the consent of his fellow-passengers, if any, in the same compartment, smokes in or upon any Railway-carriage, except in a carriage or compartment specially provided for the purpose, shall be punished with fine which may extend to twenty rupees ;

For smoking.

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and any person who persists in so smoking (except as aforesaid) after being warned by any Railway-servant to desist may, in addition to incurring the liability above-mentioned, be removed by any Railway-servant from any such carriage, and from the premises of the Railway, and where he has paid his fare and obtained a ticket, shall forfeit such fare and ticket.

36. Any person who is in a state of intoxication, or who commits any nuisance or act of indecency in any Railway-carriage, or upon any part of any Railway ;

For intoxication or nuisance.

or who wilfully and without lawful excuse interferes with the comfort of any passenger, or extinguishes any lamp in any Railway-carriage,

shall be punished with fine which may extend to fifty rupees ; and may be removed by any Railway-servant from any such carriage, and also from the premises of the Railway, and where he has paid his fare and obtained a ticket, shall forfeit such fare and ticket.

37. If any carriage, compartment, room or place be reserved by the Railway-Administration for the exclusive use of females, any male person who without lawful excuse enters such carriage, compartment, room or place knowing the same to be reserved as aforesaid, or remains therein after having been informed of its having been so reserved, shall be punished with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees,

For entering carriage or room reserved for females.

and may be removed therefrom; and also from the premises of the Railway, by any Railway-servant, and, where he has paid his fare and obtained a ticket, shall forfeit such fare and ticket.

38. Whoever wilfully obstructs or impedes any Railway-servant in the discharge of his duty, shall be punished with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

For obstructing Railway-servant in his duty.

39. Any passenger wilfully entering a carriage or compartment containing the maximum number of passengers which has been denoted thereon in accordance with a rule made and notified under section eight, shall be punished with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

For entering carriage already full.

40. Any person who without authority or reasonable excuse makes, alters, shews, hides, removes or extinguishes any signal or light upon any Railway, or upon any engine, carriage, wagon or other vehicle upon a Railway,

For removing signals or injuring carriage, &c.

or who negligently damages any engine, carriage, wagon or other vehicle belonging to a Railway, or any warehouse, building, machine, fence or other thing so belonging,

or who needlessly interferes with the means of communication provided in any train between the guard and the engine-driver or passengers,

shall be punished with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

41. Any person who unlawfully enters upon a Railway shall be punished with fine which may extend to twenty rupees ; and if any person so entering refuses to leave such Railway on being requested to do so by any Railway-servant, or by any other person on behalf of the Railway-Administration, he shall be punished with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and may be immediately removed from such Railway by such servant or other person as aforesaid.

For trespass.

For refusing to leave on request.

42. The owner or person in charge of any bulls, cows, bullocks, calves, elephants, camels, buffaloes, horses, mares, geldings, ponies, colts, fillies, mules asses, pigs, rams, ewes, sheep, lambs, goats and kids straying on any Railway provided with fences suitable for the exclusion of such animals, shall be punished with fine which may extend to ten rupees for each animal, in addition to any amount that may be recovered under the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871.

For cattle-trespass within Railway-fences.

Whenever any such animals are wilfully and unlawfully driven, or knowingly and unlawfully permitted to be, on any Railway provided with fences suitable for the exclusion of such animals,

For wilfully driving cattle on fenced Railway;

and whenever any such animals are wilfully driven, or knowingly permitted to be, on any Railway not so provided, otherwise than for the purpose of lawfully *crossing the Railway, or for any other lawful purpose,*

On unfenced Railway.

the person in charge of such animals, or if he cannot be identified, then the owner of the said animals, shall be punished with fine which may extend to fifty rupees for each animal, in addition to any amount that may be recovered under the same Act.

All fines imposed under this section may, if the convicting Magistrate so direct, be recovered in manner provided by section twenty-five of the said Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, and may be appropriated in whole or in part in compensation for loss or damage proved to his satisfaction.

Recovery of fines and payment of compensation.

The expression "Public Road" in sections eleven and twenty-six of the same Act shall be deemed to include a Railway. And any Railway-servant may exercise the powers of seizure provided by the said section eleven.

Amendment of Act I of 1871, ss. 11 and 26.

43. Whoever knowing or having reason to believe that any engine or train is approaching along a Railway opens any gate which the Railway-Administration has set up on either side of the Railway across any road for the use or accommodation of any person, or passes or attempts to pass, or drives or takes, or attempts to drive or take, any vehicle, animal or other thing, across the Railway ;

For opening or not properly shutting gates.

and whoever at any time, in the absence of a gate-keeper, omits to shut and fasten such gate as soon as he and any vehicle, animal or other thing under his charge have passed through the same,

shall be punished with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

44. Whenever any minor under twelve years of age unlawfully—

For minors obstructing line or throwing stones at train.

(*a*) places or throws, or attempts to place or throw, upon or across a Railway any wood, stone or other thing, or

(*b*) removes or displaces, or attempts to remove or displace, any rail, sleeper, spike, key or other thing belonging to the permanent way of a Railway, or

(*c*) throws or causes to fall, or attempts to throw or cause to fall, against, into or upon any engine, tender, carriage or other vehicle used upon a Railway any wood, stone or other thing,

such minor shall be deemed guilty of an offence, and the convicting Magistrate may, in his discretion, direct either that the minor, if a male, shall be punished with whipping, or that the father or guardian of the minor shall, within such reasonable time as the Magistrate may fix, execute a bond binding himself, in such penalty as the Magistrate may direct, to prevent the minor from repeating such offence.

The amount of such bond, if forfeited, shall be recoverable as if it were a fine.

Any person neglecting or refusing to execute a bond when required under this section so to do shall be punished with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

45. Whoever wilfully does any act, or wilfully omits to do what he is legally bound to do, intending by such act or omission to endanger, or knowing that he is thereby likely to endanger, the safety of any person travelling or being upon any Railway, shall be punished with transportation (or in the case of an European or American, penal servitude) for a term of not less than seven years or with imprisonment for a term which may extend to ten years.

For wilful act or omission endangering persons on Railway.

46. Whoever rashly or negligently does any act, or omits to do what he is legally bound to do, and such act or omission is likely to endanger the safety of any person travelling or being upon a Railway, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine, or with both.

For rash or negligent act.

47. Every driver or conductor of an omnibus, carriage or other vehicle shall, while in or upon any station-yard or other premises forming part of a Railway, obey the reasonable directions of any Railway-servant duly authorized in this behalf ; and every person offending against this section shall be punished with fine

Disobedience of omnibus, &c., drivers Railway-servants.

ay extend to twenty rupees.

(*D*).—*Arrest of Offenders.*

Arrest for offences punishable under this Act of offender whose name is unknown, &c.

48. If any person commits any offence punishable under this Act and there is reason to believe that he will abscond or his name and address are unknown, and he refuses to give his name and address, or there is reason to believe that the name or address given by him is incorrect, any Railway-servant or Police-officer or any other person whom such Railway-servant or Police-officer may call to his aid, may, without any warrant or written authority, arrest and detain such offender until he can be taken before a Magistrate, or give sufficient security for his appearance before such Magistrate, or is otherwise discharged by due course of law.

Arrest for offences against certain sections.

49. Every person committing any offence mentioned in sections eight, twenty-five, twenty-six, thirty-six, thirty-seven, thirty-eight, forty-four, forty-five and forty-six may be arrested without any warrant or written authority by any Railway-servant or Police-officer, or by any other person whom such servant or officer may call to his aid ;

and every person so arrested shall, without unnecessary delay, be taken before a Magistrate authorized to punish him or to commit him for trial.

(*E*).—*Jurisdiction.*

Magistrates having jurisdiction.

50. No Magistrate other than a Presidency Magistrate and a Magistrate whose powers are not less than those of a Magistrate of the second class shall try any offence under this Act.

Place of trial.

Any person committing any offence against this Act or the rules made under it, shall be triable for such offence in any place in which he may be found or which the Local Government may, from time to time, notify in this behalf, as well as in any other place in which he might be tried under any law for the time being in force.

Every notification under this section shall be published in the local official Gazette and a copy thereof shall also be exhibited in some conspicuous place at each of such Railway-stations as the Local Government may direct, so that it may be easily seen and read.

(*F*).—*Saving of other Criminal Laws.*

Saving of prosecutions under other laws.

51. Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to prevent any person from being arrested, prosecuted or punished under any other law for any act or omission which constitutes an offence against this Act or the rules made under it :

Provided that no person shall be punished twice for the same offence.

CHAPTER VI.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Power of Government to make rules as to fences, gates and bars.

52. The Governor General in Council, or the Local Government with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, may, from time to time, make rules requiring—

(*a*) that boundary-marks or fences be provided for any Railway or any part thereof, and for roads constructed in connection therewith ;

(*b*) that gates or bars be erected at places where any Railway crosses a road on the level ; and

(*c*) that persons be employed to open and shut such gates or bars ;

and may by such rules determine what kind of fences shall, for the purposes of section forty-two, be deemed to be suitable for the exclusion of cattle,

and direct that any Railway-Administration wilfully neglecting or violating any rule made under this section, shall forfeit to Government a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees for every such neglect or violation, or, when such neglect or violation is continuous, for every day during which it contin-

53. The Governor General in Council may, from time to time by notification in the *Gazette of India*, declare what Government or other Authority shall be deemed to be, for the purposes of this Act, the Local Government in respect of the whole or any part of a Railway.

Power to declare Local Government in respect of any Railway.

54. The Governor General in Council may, by notification, extend this Act or any portion thereof to any tramway worked by steam.

Power to extend Act to steam-tramways.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

ACTS REPEALED.

(*See section* 2.)

Number and year.	Title.
XVIII of 1854 ...	... An Act relating to Railways in India.
XXXI of 1867 ...	... An Act to render penal certain offences committed by servants of Railway Companies.
XIII of 1870 ...	... An Act to apply the provisions of Act No. XVIII of 1854 to Railways belonging to, or worked by, Government.
XXV of 1871 ...	... An Act to amend the Railway Act.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

(*See section* 11.)

(*a*) Gold or silver, coined or uncoined, manufactured or unmanufactured ;

(*b*) plated articles ;

(*c*) cloths and tissue and lace of which gold or silver forms part ;

(*d*) precious stones, jewellery, trinkets ;

(*e*) watches, clocks or time-pieces of any description ;

(*f*) Government securities ;

(*g*) Government stamps :

(*h*) bills of exchange, hundis, promissory notes, bank-notes, orders or other securities for payment of money ;

(*i*) maps, writings, title-deeds ;

(*j*) paintings, engravings, lithographs, photographs, carvings, sculpture and other works of art ;

(*k*) glass, china, marble ;

(*l*) silks in a manufactured or unmanufactured state, and whether wrought up or not wrought up with other materials ;

(*m*) shawls ;

(*n*) lace ;

(*o*) opium ;

(*p*) ivory, ebony, sandalwood, sandalwood-oil ;

(*q*) musical and scientific instruments.

D. FITZPATRICK,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore.—1879.

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THE
MYSORE GAZETTE.
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☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART IV.

Miscellaneous Papers.

DIRECTIONS HOW TO USE THE ENGLISH PLOUGH.

To keep the Plough in working order.

I. On receipt of the plough, notice carefully how the share (gula) is fixed on. It will be found tight and in a line with all the parts it touches.

II. If the share becomes at all loose when working, it should be tightened *at once.*

III. When the share has worn to two-thirds of its original size, it must be replaced by a new one. It is not intended to be mended, and ploughing will become too hard for the cattle if pieces of iron are patched on for the purpose.

IV. If the share becomes bent, it must be taken off the plough to be straightened.

V. The spare share sent with the plough should be kept as a pattern, and others made like it for use, by a blacksmith.

VI. A new share so made must be fitted to the plough, not the plough altered to fit the share.

VII. The wheel should have its axle greased frequently.

VIII. The unpainted parts of the plough should be greased over when the plough is not likely to be used for some time.

IX. The plough should be moved from field to field on its wheel, no other part touching the ground.

To set the Plough.

(*a.*) For dry land, or wet land when not puddled.

I. Raise the wheel and fix it the depth the plough is required to go, but do not fix it to plough deeper than the land is soft.

II. When ploughing, be careful the plough touches the bottom of the furrow *in* its *whole length* and that it is not the point *only* that is in the ground.

III. Use the wheel whenever it does not clog with mud, as it makes the plough lighter for the cattle to draw and easier for the ploughman to guide.

(*b.*) For wet land when reduced to puddle.

IV. Take off the wheel and its fixings and set the plough to go deep or light as required, by putting the peg that fixes the bridle in front, into a higher or lower hole as may be found suitable. The peg if placed in a lower hole will prevent the plough going too deep; if placed in a higher hole it will tend to sink the point.

To train men and cattle to work the Plough.

I. Under the most favorable conditions, the English plough should plough a furrow 8 inches deep by 10 inches wide, but until the ploughmen and the cattle have been using the plough for some months, this sized furrow should not be attempted.

II. On first trying the plough, the wheel should be raised above the surface of the ground and fixed so that the plough will not penetrate the ground more than three inches.

III. Only land that is soft, either from a recent fall of rain or from a previous ploughing, should be at first attempted.

IV. One man should hold the plough handles and guide the plough, while the second guides the cattle.

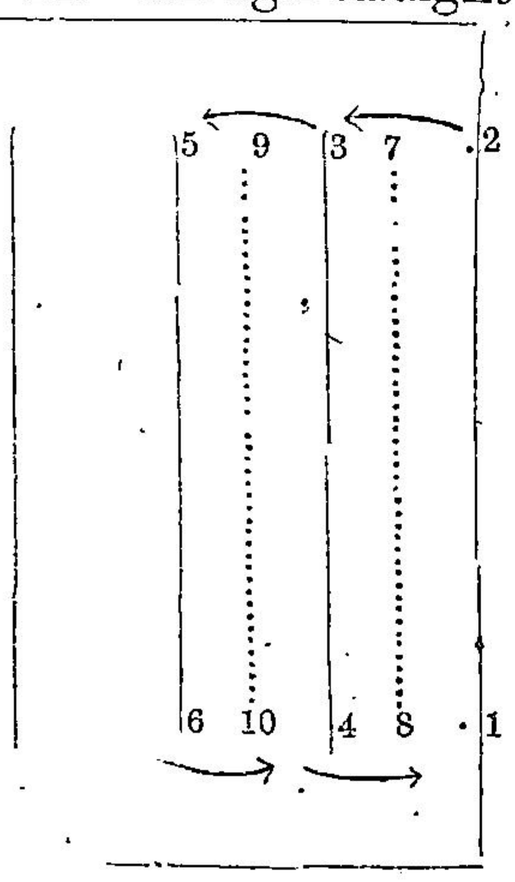
V. The cattle should be driven *very slowly* and not frightened.

VI. As only one man is required to drive both plough and cattle when the ploughman understands the use of the plough, and the cattle are accustomed to pull it, the latter must be taught to be guided by means of two ropes, an end of one rope fastened to the nose rope of one bullock and the other to the nose rope of the second. The other ends of the ropes held with the plough-handles must be in the hands of the ploughman. One rope to each bullock is sufficient.

To plough a field with the English Plough.

I. First set the plough only deep enough to make a mark, say 1½ inches or 2 inches deep.

II. Plough straight lines from 1 to 2, 3 to 4 and 5 to 6 and so on until the whole field is marked out. The marks to be ploughed straight, equi-distant, and not less than 5 or over 10 yards apart.

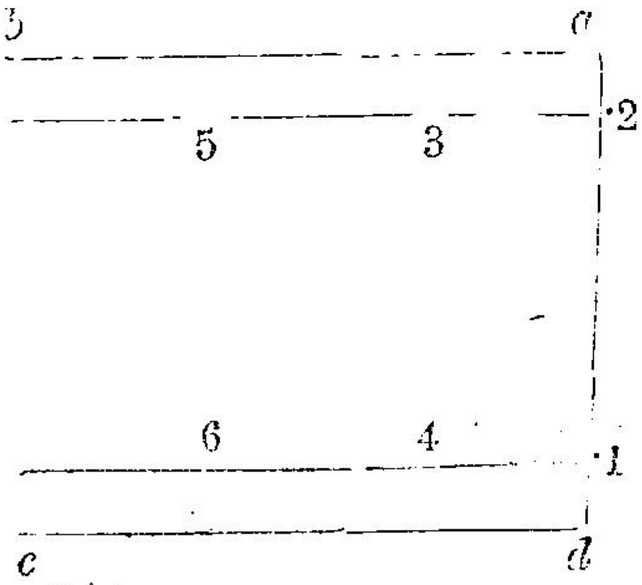


Next re-set the plough to plough as deep as it is intended to plough the whole field.

Now commence at 1 and plough to 2. Turn the plough on its left side when 2 is reached, and do not plough round. Re-commence ploughing at 3 and plough to 4. Turn the plough on its side again when 4 is reached, and return to 1. Then plough furrow after furrow up and down from 1 to 2 and from 3 to 4 until the whole is finished. When this first piece is ploughed, commence a second at 4 and plough to 3 and plough out the piece between 3 and 5 and 6 and 4 in the same way as the first piece; and so on all until the field is finished.

The reason for the first marking out a field and then finishing it piece by piece is that the first furrow is much harder to plough than the others, and it is easier to make the bullocks walk straight if the marking out is shallow than if deep.

III. When the whole of the pieces up and down the field are finished, there will remain the ends where the plough and bullocks were turned unploughed.



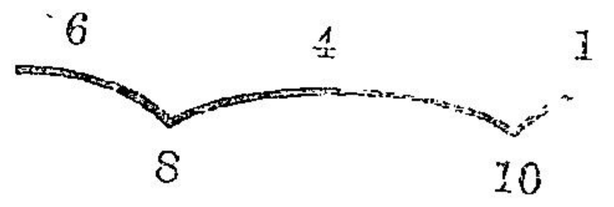
To plough these, begin first at one corner (*a*) and plough to (*b*.)

Then come down the field as far as is necessary which will be about 2 yards, and plough straight through 5 and 3 to 2. Turn to the left and continue until the head land is finished.

Plough the other end of the field in the same way.

To keep a field level.

I. When the field has been ploughed as described, it is evident open furrows will remain where each piece was finished, *viz.*, between 7 and 8, and between 9 and 10. If at any future time the field is ploughed in the same direction, these furrows will become deeper, until at length the land assumes this shape:



II. To avoid this. The second time a field is ploughed in the same direction, the ploughman should begin at 8, plough to 7, and turn sharp round to the right (instead of as usual to the left) and plough back to 8, so as to gather the earth into the low furrow, and keep on turning to the right until the piece is finished with open furrows from 4 to 3 and 2 to 1.

The land will then assume the same level it had before it was touched.

To sub-soil Plough.

I. This means to disturb the land below where the plough usually penetrates.

II. To sub-soil plough. Plough a deep furrow with the English plough and along this plough with a native plough as deeply as possible, which will stir soil to a foot deep without bringing it to the surface.

Do this furrow by furrow, the native plough closely following the English, until the field is finished.

III. If this be tried, it will be found of great advantage in deep clay lands or red soils, and will much increase the crop, especially in a dry season.

F. E. HARMAN,
Supt. of Govt. Experimental Farm.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore,—1879.

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☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART IV.

Miscellaneous Papers.

No 1.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India, in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce, dated Calcutta, the 4th February 1879.

[Agriculture and Horticulture.]

Read—

Despatch from the Secretary of State, dated the 7th February 1878, No. 29 (Statistics and Commerce).
Letter to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, and the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, and to the Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces, British Burma, and Mysore, Nos. 97—102, dated the 21st March 1878.
Letter from the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 196—3 R., dated the 11th April 1878.
Letter from the Chief Commissioner of British Burma, No. 707—269, dated the 11th April 1878.
Letter from the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, No. 1358 A., dated the 20th May 1878, and enclosure.
Letter from the Government of Bombay, No. 3066, dated the 17th June 1878.
Letter from the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, No. 2868—136, dated the 22nd July 1878, and enclosures.
Letter from the Government of Madras, No. 1425, dated the 4th September 1878, and enclosures.

Read also—

Letter from the Government of Bengal, No. 584, dated the 23rd February 1877.
Letter to the Government of Bengal, No. 91, dated the 4th May 1877.
Letter from the Government of Bengal, No. 1595, dated the 26th May 1877.

Observations.

In his despatch dated the 7th February 1878, the Secretary of State noticed an experiment at the Nagpur Model Farm in 1876-77, where, in consequence of irrigation and manuring, Jelalia wheat produced 1,600 lbs., and white-eared wheat 2,200 lbs. acre, the average yield per acre in the country being only about 400 lbs. The the produce at Nagpur was estimated at Rs. 60, while the cost of cultivation, ir expenses, was given at Rs. 10 per acre. His Lordship desired to be informe

are taken in the above and other provinces to impart to the agricultural community generally the lessons to be learnt from the operations of the model and experimental farms;" and observed, "as in many cases these farms appear to involve financial loss, it is the more important that their results, when satisfactory, should be utilized to the utmost for the general good of the country."

2. A copy of this despatch was circulated on the 21st March 1878 to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, and the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, and to the Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces, British Burma, and Mysore, with a request for a report in connection with the farms maintained under their orders.

3. In Mysore, the Chief Commissioner states that no general steps have hitherto been taken in the direction indicated, the condition of the province during the past two or three years having forbidden any such measures. Mr. Harman, the Superintendent of the Bangalore Farm, has recently been authorized to make tours in the province twice in the year, once in the summer when the *ragi* crops are being sown, and again during the winter months when the crops are being reaped, in view to his acquiring practical experience in the native systems of agriculture and imparting to the ryots by personal communication and by experiments the benefits of deep ploughing, as also the advantages to be gained by the use of improved seed. The Chief Commissioner has also under consideration a scheme for placing one or two plots of land in each district under the charge of a village patel or other suitable person, who would cultivate the land in accordance with instructions from Mr. Harman. "By this means," the Chief Commissioner observes, "it is hoped that the ryots will have an opportunity, which the location of the Government Farm at Bangalore does not afford them, of judging of the results to be obtained by a better system of farming." Since these remarks were written, however, it has been decided to abolish the Bangalore Farm and to transfer the services of Mr. Harman to the Bombay Presidency.

4. In Burma, the only Government Farm is one established at Myouktoung in the Arakan Hill Tracts for the purpose of growing and curing tobacco. As regards the cultivation of tobacco on the low lands lying along the banks of rivers, the natives have but little to learn: the farm was started with a view of testing the capabilities of soil in up-land tracts, and more especially for the purpose of teaching the people an improved method of curing the leaf; but there has not been time to judge of the results as yet.

5. Mr. Buck, Director of Agriculture and Commerce, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, in reporting on the subject, refers to that portion of the minute recorded by Sir John Strachey in November 1874, proposing the formation of a Department of Agriculture in the North-Western Provinces, in which it was suggested that a good means of reaching the agricultural community would be by experiments in the estates under the Court of Wards. This suggestion, it is said, has been carried into effect, though not to so great an extent as was desired, in consequence of the drought of 1877. To some estates, however, improved English ploughs, improved sugar-mills, and selected seeds were sent; and in some districts, where the local officers took an interest in agricultural matters, seed and implements were distributed to estates other than those administered by the Court of Wards. As a further means of introducing improvements to the notice of the agriculturists, Mr. Buck lays great stress on the advantages of agricultural fairs; and he proposes to give greater encouragement to such fairs in future years. No attempts seem to be made by the Local Government to bring directly to the notice of the natives the results of the experiments conducted on the State Farms.

There are two Government Farms in the Bombay Presidency, one at Bhadgaon
sh and the other at Salaru in Sind. At Salaru nothing has as yet been done in
irection; but the Superintendent proposed making a tour in the cold weather
which he would acquire and diffuse useful information. He is to report

the results of his first tour, in order that the Government of Bombay may be in a position to judge of the desirability of repeating the experiment.

At Bhadgaon, too, little appears to have been attempted. The Superintendent reports that instruction is imparted through farm apprentices, farm servants, and visitors. The system of apprentices, if carefully worked, would no doubt prove useful; but nothing can be expected from farm servants as a means of imparting agricultural information to the native community. Mr. Stormont, the Superintendent, recently visited Madras and Bangalore, under authority from the Government of Bombay, with a view to ascertain the system followed on the farms at those places; and he was instructed to report the result of his enquiries on his return to Khandesh.

The Local Government has also, after consultation with Mr. Robertson of the Sydapet Farm, decided on commencing a system of agricultural education in the Deccan, and probably, in due course, the Bhadgaon Farm will be made subsidiary to the scheme of instruction.

7. In the Central Provinces, Major Macdougall, the Superintendent of the Nagpur Farm, proposes to publish the results of "any decidedly successful experiment" in the *Rural Gazette*, a paper printed in Hindi, Mahrathi, and Urdu by the Educational Department, of which a copy is sent to every Government School in the Central Provinces. The Chief Commissioner approves of this proposal; but such a means of making known the operations of the farm seems scarcely to be what is required, the record of these experiments being useful to the agricultural community only when they can be followed and explained on the farm on which they have been tried.

8. In the Madras Presidency, good and useful work is being done under the supervision and guidance of Mr. Robertson, the Superintendent of Government Farms. Attached to the Sydapet Farm, on which experiments of various kinds are tried, is an Agricultural College, in which a complete course of agricultural instruction is afforded, and which is intended eventually to accommodate upwards of one hundred students. In view to a further diffusion of information, Mr. Robertson has proposed the establishment of small agricultural experimental stations all over the Presidency, each being placed in charge of a trained agriculturist, who is also to conduct an elementary agricultural class. This scheme is, however, at present in abeyance for want of funds.

Recently, a very interesting ploughing competition was held at the Sydapet Farm, in which European, American and native ploughs were used, the competitors as well as the visitors from different parts of the country being very numerous. Such open competitions as these afford an efficient means of interesting neighbouring cultivators in the methods and processes of the improved system of agriculture practised on the farm. The public reports shew that the exhibition was watched with very great interest and was completely successful.

9. From the facts summarised above, it may be said generally that only in the North-Western Provinces and Madras is any real effort being made to teach agricultural reform to the people. In the North-Western Provinces, a Department of Agriculture and Commerce has been created, with a Director at its head, whose special duty it is to organize the collection of agricultural and commercial statistics; to direct experiments for agricultural improvement in model farms and elsewhere; to watch and report on the progress of trade, and to suggest in what directions it may be developed, or hindrances to its prosperity removed; and to investigate facts connected with the condition of the agricultural classes. The scope and objects of the Department are clearly explained in minute recorded by Sir John Strachey in November 1874, to which the attention Local Governments and Administrations was drawn in the letter from this D dated the 11th August 1875, Nos. 11—426-433, regarding the collection of statistics.

In Madras there is a Department, which, though not as yet formally recognized as a Department of Agriculture, is practically one, with an efficient and well qualified Director at its head; but its expansion has hitherto been greatly impeded by various causes, not the least among which has been the want of funds.

10. In other provinces very little is being done, nor as matters stand can much be expected. Experimental farms indeed, when they stand alone, are of comparatively small utility. To be really useful they should be part of a system of agricultural instruction; they should be attached to a school where sound agricultural instruction is conveyed in class, and they should be the field for carrying into practice in the presence of students the theories of which the reasons have been explained to them in the class-room. If the students are taken from the classes dependent on the land for their living, satisfactory progress in the diffusion of agricultural instruction under such a system will soon be apparent. It is with much satisfaction that the Government of India has watched the recognition of these principles in Madras and the efforts that are being made there gradually to mature a complete system for their application in practice. The scheme for action in the same direction which has just been proposed by His Excellency the Governor of Bombay is also gratifying as indicating the interest taken in the matter by the Government of that Presidency. In other provinces much cannot be expected under the present system, though, defective as it is, the farms, if they are carefully and intelligently managed, intelligently supervised, and placed on a substantial and permanent basis, must gradually do good, and the Government of India desire again to commend the subject very earnestly to the attention of Local Governments and Administrations. Bengal especially is a province which is singularly deficient in opportunities for agricultural instruction, while it is perhaps of all Indian provinces the one where a reform of practice is most needed. It is also the province of whose agricultural resources and capacities the governing body knows least. It is a matter of more than ordinary importance that the cultivating and wealthy land-owning community in this great province should be taught to realize the advantages of a better agricultural practice, and that steps should be taken to remove the reproach which now exists that the very elements of agricultural information, such as the average yield of particular crops in particular soils, are wholly absent. Efforts in this direction were made some years ago by Sir George Campbell; but these efforts, though well intentioned, were frustrated by radical errors in the selection of sites for farms, as well as in the selection of Superintendents. The results were so unsatisfactory that the farms were broken up one after the other, the last being abolished in 1877, on the ground that all the attempts which had been made to teach agriculture to the people of the country had ended in failure. This conclusion was not accepted by the Government of India, and it is desirable in connection with the present question that the views then expressed to the Government of Bengal should be brought prominently before other Local Governments and Administrations. In the letter from the Government of India to the Government of Bengal dated the 4th May 1877, No. 91, it was said:—

"His Excellency in Council is by no means prepared to admit that, because it is not necessary at present to teach to the natives on a scientific basis all the technicalities of the highest farming, there is therefore no opening for instruction of a highly useful, if of a more modest kind, adapted to the present educational and agricultural standard of the country. His Excellency in Council is unable to agree with His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor in the opinion that the attempts of the Government to teach agriculture to the people have failed everywhere. Where these attempts have failed, as at Poosah, failure has been the result of inefficient management; but where ordinary care and attention have been intelligently given to the subject, it is unquestionable that, as at Sydapet in the Madras Presidency for [illegible]tance, good results have ensued.

[illegible]. It is not necessary to employ specially qualified agricultural chemists for the purposes contem- Government in the establishment of model or experimental farms. The objects of the [illegible]ave been frequently stated, but they have been well and briefly summarised by Sir John [illegible]ollowing extract from his Minute of the 28th November 1874, proposing the creation Agriculture and Commerce in the North-Western Provinces:—

"'The object of these model farms should be three-fold: first, to obtain complete information, based on actual facts, as to the average productiveness of different crops on the different classes of soil on which they are ordinarily cultivated, and the cost of cultivation; secondly, to establish and prove to the native agriculturists the advantages to be gained from small improvements, such as they are able themselves to carry out under existing conditions, such as deeper ploughing, economical use of canal water, selection of seed, &c.; thirdly, to make experiments as to staples and industries which it may be possible to introduce if new, or to familiarize and improve if already existing in the country. The extension of sericulture, the improvement of indigenous fibres, and the manufacture of a finer class of tobacco, may be mentioned among the objects of such experiments.'"

"It is to these objects that attention should be particularly directed. It is evident that lessons in such matters, especially under the second head, and instructions in such details (important though they are) as the proper storage and application of the manures ordinarily employed in the country, shewing experimentally how they may be made to retain all their fertilizing elements, of which much is now wasted, the proper treatment and breeding of live stock, the improvement of the implements employed, and other similar matters, may as successfully be imparted by an energetic man of fair intelligence, possessing an adequate practical knowledge of modern farming (and consequently having such knowledge of agricultural chemistry as is essential to the successful pursuit of modern farming), as by a professional chemist of high scientific attainments.

"The Governor General in Council is convinced that lessons of this kind are urgently needed, and that if measures for the elementary instruction in such matters of the agricultural community are persevered in by the Local Governments (without whose cordial co-operation nothing can be done), they cannot fail after a reasonable time to have very considerable effect upon the cultivators in the neighbourhood for the Government farm and through them upon others further away."

11. The excellent results which have followed the creation of a Department of Agriculture and Commerce, in the North-Western Provinces, in the impulse which has been given by it to agricultural enquiry and improvements, indicate perhaps the best form in which Government action can be directed to the promotion of the objects in view. With the establishment of such a Department in each province (and it is maintained in the North-Western Provinces entirely from provincial funds) the extension of the system, whether by agricultural instruction in schools, or by practical teaching in experimental farms, or where means are available by a combination of both, could be regulated under efficient control and advice according to the particular requirements or circumstances of each province. From this point of view the Governor General in Council will be glad to learn that the matter has again received from the Government of Bengal and other Local Governments and Administrations the consideration which its importance merits, and he would wish to be informed at an early date of the results of that consideration.

ORDER.—Ordered, that the above Resolution be communicated for information and guidance to the Local Governments and Administrations noted in the margin, and for information to the Secretary of State for India.

Government of Madras.
" " Bombay.
" " Bengal.
" " the North-Eastern Provinces and Oudh.
" " the Punjab.
Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.
" " " British Burma.
" " " Assam.
" " " Ajmere.
" " " Mysore and Coorg.
Resident at Hyderabad.

ORDERED also, that a copy, with a copy of the letter from the Government of Madras, dated the 4th September 1878, No. 1425, and enclosures, be forwarded to the Famine Commission, and that the Resolution be published in the *Supplement to the Gazette of India*.

(True Extract.)

A. O. HUME.
Secretary to the Govt. of

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore—1879.

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THE

MYSORE GAZETE.

Published by Authority.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, MARCH 29, 1879.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART IV.

Miscellaneous Papers.

REPRESENTATION OF INDIA AT THE PARIS EXHIBITION OF 1878.

No. 2.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India, in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce, dated Calcutta, the 4th March 1879.

(INDUSTRY, SCIENCE, AND ART.)

Read the following papers on the subject of the representation of India at the Paris Exhibition of 1878, and of the measures which were adopted for contributing thereto specimens of Indian woods and forest products and of the raw produce of the country :—

Despatch from the Secretary of State, No. 21 (Statistics and Commerce), dated the 31st January 1877.

Despatch to the Secretary of State, No. 4 (Industry, Science, and Art), dated the 23rd March 1877.

Despatch from the Secretary of State, No. 6 (Revenue-Forests), dated the 8th March 1877.

Resolution of the Government of India, No. 856 (Political), dated the 26th April 1877.

Despatch from the Secretary of State, No. 60 (Statistics and Commerce), dated the 26th April 1877.

Circular letter to the Local Governments and Administrations, No. 1—63-73 (Industry, Science, and Art), dated the 21st July 1877.

Circular letter to the Local Governments and Administrations, No. 24—983-994 (Forests), dated the 15th August 1877.

Despatch from the Secretary of State, No. 93 (Statistics and Commerce), dated the 5th 1877.

Read also the following communications from the Secretary of State, referring to the position occupied by India at the Exhibition and the prizes awarded to the Indian Government and private exhibitors from India :—

Telegram dated the 4th May 1878.
Despatch No. 99, (Statistics and Commerce), dated the 23rd May 1878.
Despatch No. 204 (Statistics and Commerce), dated the 5th December 1878.

RESOLUTION.

The Paris International Exhibition of 1878 having been brought to a close, and the prizes awarded, the Governor General in Council desires to place on record briefly the results of the arrangements adopted for the collection and transmission of the articles exhibited by this country, and to acknowledge the services rendered by the officers entrusted with the duty of carrying out those arrangements.

2. Early in 1877, when the French Government invited the co-operation of the India Office in the representation of India at the proposed Exhibition, Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India remarked that it was undesirable for India to be represented at exhibitions like that to be held at Paris to the same extent and at so great a cost as on previous occasions. The Government of India concurred in the view expressed by the Marquis of Salisbury with the more readiness that His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales had agreed to lend his collection, which would sufficiently represent the higher class of Indian art manufacture, and because a collection of the raw products of India, similar to that supplied to the late Philadelphia Exhibition, was to be contributed by the India Museum in London. Under these circumstances, it was considered unnecessary to take any action in the direction of representing India at the Exhibition beyond communicating, as desired by the Secretary of State, with His Highness the Maharaja of Kashmir and other native chiefs, leaving it to them to contribute to the Exhibition if, of their own accord, they should desire to do so.

3. It was soon ascertained, however, that the surplus stores in the India Museum were inadequate to supply a suitable collection of products for the Exhibition, and that many important groups could not be exhibited unless fresh specimens were supplied. Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, therefore, in his letter of the 26th April, asked for contributions from India, leaving it to the Government of India to determine what articles should be sent to supplement those already available at the India Museum, and observing only that if, without any meterial increase of cost, a larger quantity of articles than was actually needed for the Exhibition could be procured for meeting similar requirements of museums and institutions in England, it would be desirable to take the opportunity of replenishing the stores of the India Museum.

4. The Government of India asked for a specification of the articles required to supplement the collection at the India Museum; but as there was little time to spare, if a useful collection was to be made, a reply to this reference was not awaited, and steps were at once taken for the preparation in India of a list of products to be collected and for the prompt collection of good samples of them. The plan of operations was simple: the Government of India placed the whole matter in the hands of two selected officers—Brandis, the Inspector General of Forests, and Mr. J. E. O'Conor, Assistant Secretary [illegible]s Department. To the former was assigned the duty of arranging for the collection

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of woods and other forest products, of which there were few or none in the India Museum; and to the latter was entrusted the duty of arranging for a similar collection of the raw products of the country. Both were empowered to correspond direct with Local Governments and Administrations, and on their suggestion each Government nominated a special officer to carry on the local work, these corresponding direct with Dr. Brandis and Mr. O'Conor, respectively. The results of this arrangement, both in point of economy and as regards absolute excellence of the specimens collected, are, in the opinion of the Governor General in Council, sufficient evidence of the efficiency of the system adopted. It seems clear from the experience acquired on this occasion that, whether it is desired to make only collections of primary material, or to make also collections representative of the art-manufactures of India, the appointment of one officer specially qualified by taste and knowledge for the conduct of such work will ensure much more satisfactory and expeditious results than the elaborate machinery hitherto resorted to of local and central committees and sub-committees, and that the work will be more cheaply done.

5. The collections which were made by the local officers with the help of the classified lists prepared by the two officers selected by the Government of India were sent to Calcutta in small lots from time to time, and there the specimens were sorted, prepared, classified, labelled, catalogued, packed, and despatched,—those of forest produce under the supervision of Dr. Brandis and Mr. J. S. Gamble, his Personal Assistant, now Officiating Conservator of Forests, Bengal; and those of raw produce by Mr. O'Conor. The contributions of raw produce from the Madras and Bombay Presidencies were, however, an exception to the rule: these were sent direct from Madras and Bombay, in order to save time and prevent delay which would have precluded their exhibition at Paris. The work of collection, classification, and transmission of the articles received was conducted under difficult conditions, arising mainly out of the shortness of the period during which it had to be accomplished, but the final results were quite satisfactory, the collection sent being fairly, and for many groups of raw products almost exhaustively, representative of the productions of British India and Burma. The number of wood specimens exhibited was 650, this number including 370 different species. This collection has now been presented to the French National Forest School at Nancy, where for ten years past a large proportion of the forest officers in India have received their professional education under the care of the Director and Professors of that excellent institution.

6. The awards numbered fifty-six altogether, comprising two *grands prix* (diplômes d'honneur), 10 gold medals, 15 silver medals, 20 bronze medals, and 9 honourable mentions distributed as shewn in the annexure to the letter from the Prince of Wales.

7. Mr. O'Conor was one of those whose exertions mainly contributed to the success of the Exhibition so far as the raw products of the country are concerned, and the Governor General in Council is pleased to transfer one of the gold medals awarded to himself personally by the International Jury, and to present it to that gentleman as the officer of the Government of India whose services specially merit recognition. The gold medal for carpets was probably awarded on account of a contribution made by the Jubbulpore School of Industry, and if this is the case it will be sent through the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces to Colonel Ward, the Superintendent, for deposit in the school. The diplomas and rest of the medals conferred on Government, excepting those awarded personally, which will be forwarded to the persons to whom they were awarded, should be deposited in the Indian Museum at Calcutta.

8. The collections made by Mr. Buck with the help of Mr. Duthie, Superintendent of the Botanical Gardens, Saharanpur, and that by Mr. Colin Browning, Inspector

of Education in the Central Provinces, reflect much credit on those officers, and His Excellency in Council desires that the thanks of the Government of India may be conveyed to them.

9. The Forest Department has already received its full meed of recognition. To Dr. Brandis, as representing the collective labors of the forest officers under the Government of India, the Jury awarded one gold medal, and to Colonel Beddome, similarly representing Madras, another. From the Bombay Presidency most contributions arrived too late for the Exhibition, but were utilized in the preparation of additional sets of wood specimens which were distributed among the offices of Conservators of Forests and other public institutions in Europe and America in accordance with the desire of the Secretary of State. The Governor General in Council has no doubt that the Governments of Madras and Bombay will fully acknowledge the credit due to such of their officers as were employed in getting up the collection. It remains for His Excellency in Council to express his acknowledgments to the forest officers employed in the provinces under the Government of India. From the Punjab, Mr. Baden-Powell, the Conservator, and the officers under his orders, sent a large, varied, carefully-named, and selected collection, which included among others a number of interesting specimens from the inner arid Himalaya, got together by the Reverend Mr. Heyde of the Moravian Mission, Lahoul. The collections from Bengal, prepared under the orders of the Conservator, Dr. Schlich, arrived mostly in good time, and furnished a large number of interesting specimens from parts of the country, the forest resources of which are not generally known. Mr. Greig, the Conservator of Forests in the North-Western Provinces, furnished specimens from the forests in Dehra Dún, Jaunsar, and Kumaun, but larger collections which had been made were not sent down to Calcutta, as the logs were unseasoned. From Oudh, a few well seasoned pieces were received, but the remainder did not arrive till after the specimens for the Exhibition had left Calcutta. The contributions of Mr. Gustav Mann from Assam, of Captain Doveton from the Central Provinces, of Mr. Drysdale from Berar, and of Major Seaton and Mr. Ribbentrop from Burma, included some fine and well-seasoned pieces of useful kinds of trees and specimens of minor forest produce. Good specimens of sandalwood from Mysore were received from Captain van-Someren, the Conservator, but specimens of other timbers could not be forwarded in time for the Exhibition on account of the difficulty experienced in getting carriage owing to the famine. The important collection of Major-General Barwell, the Chief Commissioner of the Andamans, served to shew the numerous handsome and useful timbers which are procurable in those islands. The logs and pieces thus contributed by the various provinces were received in the rough at the workshop which had been established in Calcutta, and there, under the supervision of Messrs. Gamble and Smythies, they were prepared and finished into specimens. To these gentlemen likewise the thanks of Government are due for the great skill and indefatigable energy with which they have accomplished their portion of the work under singularly difficult circumstances.

10. The collections of specimens representing arts manufacture sent from India were made in a semi-official way by various local authorities in direct communication with Lord Northbrook, the Chairman of the Indian Section of the British Commission. The Governor General in Council is gratified to find from the 5th paragraph of the letter from His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales that their exertions have been appreciated. He also desires here to record his acknowledgments of the services rendered in connection with the Indian collections by Sir Cunliffe Owen, Colonel Pearson, and Messrs. Purdon Clarke, Birdwood, and Waterfield, whose exertions have already secured the approbation of His Royal Highness.

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ORDER.—Ordered, that the above Resolution and the despatch from the Secretary of State, No. 204, dated the 5th December 1878, with the enclosed letters and the list of awards made by the International Jury, be published for general information in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*, and that copies of these papers be communicated to the several local Governments and Administrations quoted in the margin.

Madras.	Central Provinces.
Bombay.	British Burma.
Bengal.	Mysore and Coorg.
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	Assam.
Punjab.	Hyderabad.
	Ajmere.

Ordered, that a copy of these papers be sent to Dr. Brandis and Mr. O'Conor.

Ordered, that copies of the papers published be forwarded to the Foreign and Home Departments for communication, respectively, to His Highness the Maharaja of Kashmir and to the Chief Commissioner of the Andamans.

A. O. HUME,

Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 204, dated India Office, London, 5th December 1878.

From—*Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India.*

To—*The Government of India.*

I forward herewith, for your Excellency's information and for such measures as you may think fit to take, a copy of a letter* from His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, dated the 31st October, and of the reply thereto† relative to the awards which have been made to India in connection with the Paris Exhibition.

* And enclosure.

† Dated 30th November 1878.

Dated Marlborough House, Pall Mall, London, 31st October 1878.

From—*His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.*

To—*Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India.*

The International Jury of the Paris Universal Exhibition having completed their labors, I have the satisfaction to submit, for the information of the Secretary of State for India in Council, the accompanying list of awards made to India.

2. The following are the principal, *viz.*,—

Two diplomas of honor (*Grand Prix*), both awarded to Lord Lytton: one on account of the great progress made in India in the cultivation of tea; the other in acknowledgment of the personal interest taken by His Excellency in the production of raw silk for the European market, and especially for the improvement in the culture and preparation of the tasar and other wild silks of India.

Ten gold medals: two to Lord Lytton for wheat and other cereals and vegetable products; one to the Government of India for carpets; one to Mr. H. Lock, of the Calcutta Museum, for a collection of native teas; one each to Dr. Brandis and Colonel Beddome for the collections of forest produce; one to Dr. Bidie for a collection of

ary products; one to His Highness the Maharajah of Kashmir; one to Hajee Mooktar Shah, Master Craftsman to His Highness the Maharajah of Kashmir; and one to the Murree Brewery Company for beers,—in all forty-five awards, two "Grand Prix," nine gold, fifteen silver, twenty bronze medals, and nine honorable mentions.

3. Thus, in the International competition of the present year,—the most severely contested of all that have preceded it,—the Indian Empire has taken two of the highest prizes for articles in which China has hitherto monopolised the markets of the world.

Eighteen awards (including the *Grand Prix* and gold medal) have been made for Indian teas, a distinction which it may be hoped will serve to stimulate the growing demand for them.

4. The remarkable interest taken in the Indian wild silks at the present Exhibition is principally due to the experiments made for the Government of India by Mr. Thomas Wardle, of Leek. He has now shewn that they can be spun as fine as Chinese silk and dyed of any color. It is, therefore, probable that they will become merchantable wherever silk is woven or worn.

To mark their sense of the far-reaching effects that are likely to result from these improvements, the International Jury have awarded a *Grand Prix* to Lord Lytton and a silver medal to Mr. A. O. Hume.

5. This is also the proper occasion for me to request Your Lordship to convey to the Viceroy and Governor General of India, and to the Governors of Madras and Bombay, and the respective Lieutenant-Governors of the Provinces my best thanks for the cordial assistance given by them, at my request, in the preparation of the various collections of art manufactures in India by the Royal Commission. Of the officers who acted under their orders, I would name Dr. Brandis and Lieutenant-Colonel Michael, C. S. I., as deserving of special notice for their services.

6. To Colonel Pearson, who acted under the orders of the Secretary of State in Council, the efficiency of the arrangements of forest products is mainly due. I have also been particularly indebted to Mr. George Birdwood, C. S. I., for the selection he recommended of manufactures to supplement the exhibition of my own collection of Indian presents, as well as for his admirable hand-book on the art manufactures of India. I have also to express the great obligations the Royal Commission has been under to Mr. Henry Waterfield, your Secretary in the Statistical and Commercial Department, as the channel of their communications with the India Office, and for his cordial co-operation at all times with Mr. P. Cunliffe-Owen, C. B.

7. The duties of Mr. P. Cunliffe-Owen and of Mr. C. Purdon Clarke in connection with the Indian Court have been of so exceptionable a nature, that, though they are officers of the Royal Commission, I feel it my duty to submit their names also to your Lordship. Mr. Clarke's design for the central pavilion secured the success of the Indian Exhibition. The excellent manner in which Mr. Cunliffe-Owen has disbursed the grant made by Your Lordship in Council for the purposes of the British Indian Section, and his general direction of it as Executive Secretary of the Royal Commission, will not fail to meet with your commendation. India has been represented at Paris this year with a completeness and splendour never before reached, and the effect produced throughout Europe has been quite unprecedented.

It is too well recognized to need my impressing it on your Lordship's attention how has been due to Mr. Cunliffe-Owen.

THE INDIAN EMPIRE.

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LIST OF AWARDS.

Name.	Address.	Award.	Awarded for—
Class 20.			
School of Art, Bombay	Bombay ...	Bronze ...	Art pottery.
Class 21.			
Government of India	..	Gold ...	Carpets.
Burnett, A. C. ...	...	Bronze ...	Ditto.
Class 24.			
Watson and Company	Bombay ...	Bronze ...	Gold and Silversmiths work.
Class 25.			
Holm, George	Bradford ...	Bronze ...	Benares brass-work.
Class 34.			
Lord Lytton, Governor General of India..	Calcutta ...	Grand Prix, diplôme d'honneur ...	Silk culture.
Hume, A. O.	...	Silver ...	Collaborateur.
Birdwood, G.	India Office, London...	Bronze ...	Ditto.
His Highness the Maharaja of Kashmir.	...	Special gold medal of honour ...	For the encouragement of local industries.
Hadji Mooktar Shah, Head Manufacturer of His Highness the Maharaja of Kashmir	Sreenuggur, Kashmir.	Gold ...	Shawls.
Sandoo Nakash	Kashmir ...	Silver ...	Ditto.
Ahnut But	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
Mookun Ram	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto
Mookte Malik	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
Moostapha Katsheer	Ditto ...	Bronze ...	Ditto.
Mohumad Yousoof	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
Chumba Mull Devee Sahay ...	Amritsar ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
Gaffar Goo	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
Dauvergne, H.	Kashmir ...	Silver ...	Collaborteur.
Class 38.			
Commission for India	...	Bronze ...	Clothing.
Class 39.			
Watson and Company	Bombay ...	Ditto ...	Jewellery.
Class 43.			
Government of India	Calcutta ...	Ditto ...	Mineral collection.
Class 44.			
Beddome, Colonel	...	Gold ...	Forest specimens.
Brandis, Dr., Inspector General of Forests	...	Ditto ...	Ditto.

Name.	Address.	Award.	Awarded for—
Class 46.			
Government of India ...	... Calcutta	... Gold	... Vegetable substances.
Bidie, Dr. G.	... Madras	... Ditto	... Ditto.
Kanny Lall Day ...	... Calcutta	... Silver	... Drugs.
Class 69.			
Government of India ...	... Ditto	... Gold	... Cereals.
Economic Museum ...	... Madras	... Silver	... Ditto.
Class 74.			
Lord Lytton, Governor General of India.	Calcutta	... Grand Prix, diplôme d'honneur	Tea culture.
H. H. Locke, Economic Museum ...	Ditto	... Gold	... Collection of teas.
Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Company ...	Hyelburgh	... Silver	... Teas.
Assam Tea Company ...	Assam and London	... Ditto	... Ditto.
Berners and Doyne ...	Amgytie estate	... Ditto	... Ditto.
Kousanie Tea Company ...	Kumaun	... Ditto	... Ditto.
Williamson, Magor and Company	Darjeeling	... Ditto	... Ditto.
Burrell, A. ...	2 Jermyn Street, London.	Bronze	... Ditto.
Gowhatty Tea Company ...	Assam	... Ditto	... Ditto.
Stapleton, R. and Company	Sibsagor	... Ditto	.. Ditto.
Duncan Brothers ...	Cachar	... Ditto	... Ditto.
Robert and Charriol ...	Ditto	... Ditto	... Ditto.
Colonial Tea Company ...	Durrung	... Ditto	... Ditto.
Lulcherri Company ...	Sylhet	... Honourable mention	... Ditto.
Lloyd and Company ...	Darjeeling	... Ditto	... Ditto.
Moran and Company ...	Ditto	... Ditto	... Ditto.
Telwarri Tea Company ...	Gulwah	... Ditto	... Ditto.
Lalla Mook Company (C. Jackson)	Hylakandy, Cachar	... Ditto	... Ditto.
Minchin Brothers ...	Aska, Ganjam	... Silver	.. Ditto.
Manokjee Pongiagi ...	Bombay	... Honourable mention	... Sugar.
Newson, Wm., and Company	Calcutta	.. Bronze	... Condiments.
Wyeed, S. F. ...	Kurrachee	... Ditto	... Pickles.
Newson, Wm., and Company	Calcutta	... Honourable mention	... Ditto.
Wyeed, S. F. ...	Kurrachee	... Ditto	... Preserves.
Government of India ...	Calcutta	... Ditto	... Ditto.
Class 75.			
Murree Brewery Company	Murree Hills	... Gold	... Beers.
Minchin Brothers ..	Aska, Ganjam	... Silver	... Spirits.

Dated India Office, London, 30th November 1878.

From—Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India.

To—His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of Your Royal Highness' letter, dated the 31st ultimo, forwarding a list of awards made to India by the International Jury of the Paris Exhibition, and expressing your Royal Highness' thanks for services rendered to the Royal Commission by the Governor General of India and others.

I desire, in reply, to convey to your Royal Highness the gratification felt by myself and the Council of India at the manner in which the Jury have signified their sense of the ... occupied by India at the Exhibition; and I am confident that the Government of ... whom a copy of Your Royal Highness' letter will be communicated, will fully ... feelings.

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THE

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PART IV.

Miscellaneous Papers.

No. 1.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India, in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, dated Calcutta, the 28th February 1879.

(FIBRES AND SILK.)

Read the Resolution of the Government of India on the subject of the development of an industry in the silk of the tasar worm, No. 5—156-165, dated the 23rd November 1875.

Read the following papers containing such further information as has been gathered in connection with the production of tasar cocoons, and the processes of reeling and dyeing the silk in compliance with the request made in the foregoing Resolution :—

Letter from the Government of Madras, No. 662, dated the 13th February 1877, and enclosure.

Letters from the Government of Bombay, No. 113, dated the 11th January 1876, and enclosures, No. 1791, dated the 12th June 1877, and No. 1381, dated the 29th April 1878, and enclosure.

Letter from the Government of Bengal, No. 712, dated the 8th March 1877.

Letter to the Government of Bengal, No. 119, dated the 18th September 1878

Letter from the Chief Commissioner of Oudh, No. 1094, dated the 28th March 1876.

Letter from the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, No. 2746 A., dated the 27th November 1877, and enclosure.

Letters from the Government of the Punjab, No. 1287, dated the 6th November 1876, and enclosures, No. 266S., dated the 25th July 1877, and enclosure, and No. 488, dated the 20th April 1878, and enclosures.

Letters from the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, No. 1185—49, dated the 29th March 1876, and No. 2417—98, dated the 28th June 1876, and enclosure.

Letter from the Chief Commissioner of British Burma, No. 320—14, dated the 28th October 1876.

Letter from the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 2231—188G., dated the 23rd January 1878, and enclosures.

Letter from the Chief Commissioner of Assam, No. 256, dated the 9th February 1877.

Letter from the Resident at Hyderabad, No. 11, dated the 20th May 1876, and enclosures.

Read the following despatches from the Secretary of State, having reference to the experiments made under the instructions of Mr. T. Wardle of Leek, Staffordshire, with the tasar silk of India:—

No. 25 (Revenue), dated the 22nd March 1877, and enclosure.

No. 61 (Revenue), dated the 29th August 1878, and enclosures.

Read also two letters from M. Rondot, Delegate from the Chamber of Commerce of Lyons to the Paris Exhibition, and President of the Jury of Silk Industry, soliciting information connected with wild silks, including tasar, in India.

RESOLUTION.

In the Resolution of the 23rd November 1875, the Government of India stated the facts regarding the production of tasar silk so far as they were known to it, as well as the steps taken or under consideration in reference to the utilization of this article and the development of a regular industry. The general conclusion which seemed to be justified by the information before it was that the domestication of the tasar worm offered no prospect of remuneration even if the process were in itself possible; but that if certain difficulties arising from natural conditions connected with the collection of the worm in its wild or in a semi-domesticated state could be overcome, and that if the silk could be satisfactorily reeled and dyed,—for difficulties had been encountered in connection with both processes,—a regular and extensive export trade from India to Europe, either in the shape of cocoons or as raw silk, would spring up; for it seemed certain that European manufacturers would take the raw produce if laid down at reasonable prices.

2. The first step to be taken, however, was to procure further information. It was obviously premature to take any measures having in view the creation of a regular industry without first obtaining definite information on important points on which information was wanting either wholly or in part. Such points were: the exact cost at which the raw material could be collected or produced in commercial quantities, both in the wild and semi-domesticated state; the cost of reeling the silk; the weight of silk in proportion to cocoon; the degree in which the filaments would bear *croissure*; and the consequent ultimate value of the silk in the market. As a first step towards the obtainment of such data, the Government of Bombay and the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces were requested to collect a quantity of cocoons in order that careful experiments might be made with them in this country, as also under the direction of Her Majesty's Secretary of State in some of the leading filatures in France and Italy. This was done, and the results of the experiments undertaken by Mr. Wardle under the direction of the Secretary of State

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with the cocoons thus supplied are now before the Government of India and are stated in his reports attached to this Resolution. No experiments were made in this country, the gentlemen to whom cocoons were supplied for the purpose having pronounced them to be old and unfit for reeling, especially in this country, where the special machinery and appliances required for this purpose are not available. This is of little consequence, however, considering the success of the experiments in Europe, and having regard to the fact that in all probability filatures in India for tasar silk will not be required, and that only a trade in cocoons will prove remunerative.

3. At the same time that these cocoons were collected in the Central Provinces, the other Local Governments and Administrations were invited to make proposals and suggestions in the matter.

4. The result of the enquiries and experiments made in India has not on the whole advanced matters very far. In the Bombay Presidency the experiments undertaken by Major Coussmaker for the semi-domestication of the worm were interrupted by the drought and famine. They have since been renewed, but as yet with inconclusive results. These are stated in a letter from Major Coussmaker, from which the following paragraphs are extracted :—

* * * * * * * * *

"2. My former experiments, as well as those conducted by Mr. Woodrow, had proved that it was a mistake to attempt to rear these worms on twigs, either those cut from road-side trees, or from those which had received some care and attention in a garden, and that the plan most likely to succeed was to feed them on shrubs in localities where they could be protected from their enemies, and, if need be, from unfavorable weather. With this view, I began to collect young plants.

"3. I had noticed in 1876 that the tasar worm throve well on *Lagerstræmia indica*, an ornamental shrub, fairly abundant in the cantonment of Poona; this is a plant which throws up a good many suckers during the monsoon, and I soon got a few plants together. I took a house which was well supplied with shade and water, and my gardener managed to collect 172 plants between December and July, many of them only a few inches high, but some were large enough to be of use. There were also in the ground six bushes, and my first care, when I came in from the districts, was to cut them all back to the hard wood, and apply to their roots a fair amount of manure. The consequence was that as soon as the rain commenced the plants shot most freely into leaf.

"4. Mr. Woodrow had not been able to save any seed cocoons, but I had found three female cocoons in the districts, and the Marathi woman, who had been my chief assistant in looking after these worms before, had collected twelve. I soon had several moths from these cocoons, and found, as I had noticed before, that there was no difficulty in getting an abundant supply of fertile eggs. Hardly any females were wasted; it was only necessary to put them out over-night on any bush, and it was almost a certainty to find them paired at daybreak. I found that it was not necessary to tether them; they rarely moved from the twig on which I placed them. As fast as the young worms hatched out, I put the trays containing them among the leaves of the plants and in a few hours they commenced feeding. The weather was everything I could desire, showery with a few breaks of fine weather; the bushes were full of young shoots, and the worms throve as I have never seen them thrive before. I tied bamboo screens together and covered over the plants as they stood in the open. The worms changed their skins at intervals of 4 to 5 days instead of 5 to 8, as had been the case when I reared them indoors on gathered food, and they spun their cocoons in 28 to 35 days instead of 40 to 50, as I had noted before. The moths came out of these cocoons in 27 to 30 days, and their eggs proved fertile, producing caterpillars which grew as fast and as large as the first. The only difference that I observed was that the 'cement' of the cocoons of the later crops was less uniformly white; this may have been due to the changes in the weather or the quality of the leaf, some shrubs having been eaten off three and four times this monsoon.

"5. The *Lagerstræmia* bush proved an excellent food; it flushed so quickly that a plant 2 feet high, after being fed off quite bare, cut back, and re-potted, was again in thick leaf in a fortnight, and the same batch of worms stripped it again. In changing the plants, and in daily examining the cages, a few accidents occurred; but 100 worms yielded 71 cocoons.

"6. I enclósed an old *Carissa carandas*, which had neither been pruned nor manured, with bamboo screens, and liberated 50 worms there. In the course of a month I gathered 31 cocoons, a little larger than those of the *Lagerstræmia*, but much harder and yellower. The caterpillars seemed to thrive a little better on this bush, and completely stripped it, but the tree did not recover quickly, and did not yield another supply of food the whole monsoon.

"7. I put six worms on to a young *Zizyphus jujuba* tree in my garden, but neither enclosed it, pruned it, nor manured it. It had a great deal of leaf and flower on it, and the worms ate both. They grew very large and healthy, being in every stage of their existence a little ahead of some of the same batch feeding on *Lagerstræmia*. Five cocoons were spun here, larger than any that I had gathered from off the other trees.

"8. I let the majority of the moths fly away, for as soon as the male has left her, the female is quite ready to go and look for suitable trees to deposit her eggs on. I had not enough food for more than 100 worms at a time in my own compound, and almost every attempt which I made at bringing them up elsewhere, unsheltered by the screens, failed. Crows, squirrels, and other enemies carried them off, and I hardly got a single cocoon; but in my own compound I continued to rear a few at a time, changing them from one tree to another as I found it expedient. The result of the experiments which I made shewed me plainly that plants in the ground with or without screens over them, gave the most suitable food; that it mattered not whether the young shoots were eaten down by the caterpillars or cut off by the pruning shears. The *Lagerstræmia* never sprouted again, and it was only the very limited supply of food which I had that prevented me rearing many more worms.

"9. From the single experiment I have mentioned, *Carissa* does not seem to recover quickly. *Zizyphus* seems to grow very fast, principally at the extremities of its long straggling branches; but as I only had one tree in my compound, I could not be sure about its usual habit of growth.

"10. I baked some of the cocoons gathered from each of these three trees and sent them home to Mr. Wardle, asking him to give me an opinion on the qualities of the respective fibres. I had all the burst and injured cocoons cleaned, and sent them, together with those which Mr. Woodrow had on hand, to the Alliance Mills in Bombay to be converted into yarn. I have kept some fifty seed cocoons for next year's experiments.

"11. I have got together a good many plants for next season's experiments—353 *Lagerstræmia indica*, 10 *Lagerstræmia parviflora*, 13 *Conocarpus latifolia*; plants and cuttings all rooted and in leaf: also 136 *Carissa carandas*, 135 *Zizyphus jujuba*, 105 *Pentaptera tomentosa*, seedlings. There are besides 3 *Zizyphus* bushes in the compound, and if my gardener will but take care of these during my eight months' absence from Poona, I hope to resume my experiments under better auspices.

"12. The past season has been very favorable for tasar worms. Mr. Lyle, who was cultivating them to a small extent at Dapuri in 1876, tells me that some of the men who were under him then came to him lately and asked him whether he wanted any more cocoons as they had seen several. He happened to be on the spot and sent a man to see how many he could collect within three hours. He came back with 300, and said that he had heard that some people had been taking them into Poona for sale, presumably to the native physicians. I myself have already found many more casually this year in the districts than I usually do."

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5. In Madras, in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, in Burma, and in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, as also in Mysore, there would seem at present to be no prospect of establishing any traffic in the cocoons or raw silk of the undomesticated worm.

6. The late Chief Commissioner of Assam thought that any attempt to foster the [illegible]de in Sylhet would prove unsuccessful, and refrained from offering any suggestions

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beyond drawing attention to the existing and old-established silk industries of Assam, which in his opinion might have opened up a wide field for private enterprise were it not for the extraordinary delays that exist in communications between the province and the rest of India. Government have under consideration the question of improving the facilities for communicating with Upper Assam. It is hoped that when the contemplated improvement is effected, Colonel Keatinge's expectations will to some extent be realized; for there is at least as great a demand in the European markets for the cocoon of the eria and moonga worm as there is for that of the tasar.

7. In Bengal the tasar worm appears to abound in various localities generally, in all the tree and scrub jungle lying south and west of a line marking the southern and western limit of the continuous cultivation of the Gangetic alluvial and of the Orissa littoral. Whether the insect is of one or of several species, is a matter of doubt, and the season and mode of breeding and collecting appear to vary with the locality where it is found. The price of cocoons, it is alleged, ranges from Rs. 6 to Rs. 10 per kahan (1 kahan=16 pans of 80 cocoons each, *i. e.*, 1,280 cocoons); and in regard to its yield, one kahan makes in Bankurah two pairs of dhotis, in Sooree 15 chittacks of silk, and in the Southal Pergunnahs from 1½ to 2 seers. These and other more detailed particulars, furnished by the Government of Bengal, though admittedly incomplete and unauthenticated in some respects, are useful as far as they go, and the Government of India will be glad to be informed of the measures which are being taken to gather further particulars as well as of their results. The Lieutenant-Governor's opinion on the proposal made by Mr. J. Deveria, to the effect that the State should undertake the rearing of tasar cocoons in the jungle mahals of Chota Nagpore for sale to reelers and exporters is also awaited.

8. From the Punjab, some samples of tasar silk, reeled from cocoons produced in the Hoshiarpur district by the Deputy Commissioner, were reported on by the authorities whom the Government of India consulted as fairly successful. Some specimens of cloth, which were also received from Hoshiarpur, were found to have been very creditably manufactured.

9. The Secretary of State, in acknowledging in his despatch No. 25, dated the 22nd March 1877, the receipt of the cocoons gathered in the Central Provinces, has forwarded a report by Mr. T. Wardle, from which it appears that although the cocoons, when made over to the filatures in France and Italy, were found to be very old and imperfect, the reelers spoke most hopefully of the results that might be attained with fresher cocoons properly gathered and prepared. Mr. Wardle, too, said that he was prepared to dye tasar silk as reeled in Europe by his improved processes in almost any color, even to very pale shades.

10. The first part of a further report from Mr. Wardle has meanwhile been received under cover of the Secretary of State's despatch No. 61, dated the 29th August 1878; as also some samples of tasar silk displayed at the Paris Exhibition, as prepared under Mr. Wardle's instructions. These specimens, which can be seen at the office of this Department by persons interested in the matter, are far superior to anything ever yet seen of the same kind, the organzine especially being remarkable for its excellence. The grége is softer, cleaner, and altogether better than the best raw tasar silk as yet reeled. It is clear from these samples that such difficulties as existed in the reeling of this silk have been completely overcome. Mr. Wardle's process produces silk so fine as to be capable of adaptation to any purpose for which mulberry silk is used. Excellent results have also been obtained in the spinning of tasar thread and the weaving of fabrics from spun silk. Mr. Wardle's experiments with the dyeing of the silk have also been quite successful. On the whole it is certain now that there is no inherent obstacle to the utilization of silk for manufacturing purposes.

11. The main question now to be answered is that of cost. Whether silk of this kind will be extensively consumed, depends upon the price at which it can be placed in the market. Mr. Wardle states that the cost of marking organzine and tram from the cocoons is 20 francs the kilogramme, *viz.*, 10 francs for reeling and 10 francs for throwing. This is double the price at which ordinary tasars are now sold, and it is not easy to say whether purchasers will be found for the improved product, greatly superior as it is, though it seems that the price is susceptible of reduction. As yet the only indication of the prices likely to be given for tasar silk is an offer made by M. David, a silk manufacturer of St. Etienne, who expresses his readiness to take one or two thousand kilogrammes of cocoons delivered at Marseilles at the price of one franc the kilogramme. This price, it is clear, is much too low, for according to the information before the Government, cocoons could not profitably be laid down in Europe at less than three or four times the sum mentioned. This, however, is a matter which admits of local verification, and it should form the subject of enquiry.

12. The results obtained by Mr. Wardle, as well as by others working independently, are so important and so full of promise as regards the manufacture of this silk and the utilization of the manufacture for apparel and other purposes, that it is eminently desirable to thoroughly investigate the question of production. Information on this subject has been sought from various quarters, but the information in the possession of Government is not sufficient to enable it to furnish precise answers, yet it is necessary, if the attention of capitalists is to be attracted to the development of this industry, that full information should be forthcoming. M. Natalis Rondot, a delegate from the Chamber of Commerce of Lyons to the Paris Exhibition, and President of the Jury in the Silk Section, has written to the Government of India, asking for information on the following points, not only as regards the tasar worm but also as regards other undomesticated worms:—

(1) an enumeration of the different kinds of wild worms ;
(2) the districts from which each kind is obtained, and in what quantities ;
(3) the species of worm from which each kind of silk is manufactured ;
(4) the trees on which the worms feed ;
(5) the uses to which the silk is put by the natives ;
(6) the markets where they are to be purchased ;
(7) the probable prices of dry cocoons of each kind and of the silk as reeled by the natives ;
(8) the probable quantities retained for local consumption and available for exportation to European silk mills ;
(9) and the out-turn in money value of the silks woven in India, which M. Rondot thinks must be considerable, especially if tasar and other similar silks commonly worn by the natives are taken into account.

13. M. David, of St. Etienne, also asks for information on the following points:—

(1) the nature of the chemical agent used by natives to soften the cocoon ;
(2) whether the natives can reel a cocoon more than a year old ;
(3) the length of time elapsing from the spinning of the cocoon and the emergence of the moth.
(4) whether the dark and light colored cocoons which are found mixed in the bales sent from India are of different varieties, and whether they are found in the same localities ;
(5) also, whether it would be possible to obtain bales containing only light colored cocoons.

14. Some information, but of a vague and general kind, exists on a good many of the points enumerated by M. Rondot, and the Governor General in Council desires that an effort may be made to cause such specific information as is obtainable with special reference to the quantity obtainable and the prices on the spot, to be furnished with as little delay as possible. It is also much to be desired that particulars of manufacture should be furnished as far as possible.

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The particulars of the out-turn of the filatures in Bengal are unknown; for, though the quantities exported and their values are ascertainable, Government is unable to say how much of the out-turn of the filatures (there are a great many native filatures) is kept in the country, or what it is worth. Of the small local native reeling (small separately, but large in the aggregate), no more is known than of the handloom village weaving of cotton. In Assam and Burma, silk reeling and weaving are a domestic occupation of the women of the house; in other provinces it is a trade. In Bombay, there are two mills worked by steam in which silk is woven, but the extent of their operations is unknown. In short, no precise statistical account of the silk industry in India is extant, though there is a good deal of information of a more or less vague and general character. As regards silk production, Mr. Geoghegan's account of silk in India contains practically all the information that Government possesses, although for some years past much attention has been paid to the production of tasar silk. The same is to be said of the other kinds of wild silk. These are all separately distinguished and shewn in Mr. Geoghegan's book, in the section given to the wild silk producers, as well as in the appendix by Captain Hutton. Interesting information, though in most cases of a general character, has been furnished by the Local Governments and Administrations, but more precise information is now desirable, and the Government of India will be glad if the Government of Bengal and the Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces and Assam will take measures to collect it, and furnish a report giving a categorical reply to the enquiries of both M. Rondot and M. David.

ORDER.—Ordered, that, for the purposes indicated above, a copy of the Resolution, of the despatch from the Secretary of State, No. 61, dated the 29th August 1878, and extracts from M. Rondot's letters, be forwarded to the Government of Bengal and to the Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces and Assam; and also that they be forwarded to the Government of Bombay for communication to Major Coussmaker.

Ordered, that a copy of this Resolution, and of the despatch from the Secretary of State, No. 61, dated the 29th August 1878, be forwarded for information to the Governments and Administrations mentioned on the margin.

Madras.	British Burma.
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	Mysore and Coorg.
Punjab.	Hyderabad.

Ordered, that this Resolution and the papers read in the preamble thereof be published for general information.

(True Extract)

C. L. TUPPER,
For Secretary to the Government of India.

From the Secretary of State for India, To the Government of India, No. 61 (Revenue), dated 29th August 1878.

Referring to my predecessor's despatch No. 25 of the 22nd March 1877, I now transmit, for Your Excellency's information, copies of the first part of a further report by Mr. Thomas Wardle on tasar silk and Indian dye-stuffs, and of a memorandum thereon by Dr. Birdwood, C. S. I., together with the samples of silk referred to in the report; and also copies of a letter from Mr. Wardle, of the 31st July last, and of its enclosure, relative to an offer by M. David, of St. Etienne, to purchase 2,000 kilogrammes of tasar cocoons for the purpose of making manufacturing experiments at his own cost.

2. With regard to this latter subject, Mr. Wardle has been informed that he should be advised to procure the cocoons he requires in the ordinary course of trade from some firm in Bombay or Calcutta. I desire, however, that the informati[on]

wishes for, relative to the native method of dealing with tasar cocoons, &c., may be procured and transmitted to me at an early date for communication to him.

3. It seems impossible to attach too much importance to the improvements introduced by Mr. Wardle in the manufacture of this silk, the results of which may confidently be expected to open up a large field of enterprise for the supply of this article to the European markets, and to bring into more extended use one of the raw products of India for which there has hitherto been but a limited demand.

4. I shall address Your Excellency further on this subject upon receipt of the second part of Mr. Wardle's report.

Memorandum by DR. GEORGE BIRDWOOD, C. S. I., *dated* 10*th August* 1878, *on* MR. T. WARDLE'S *Report on Tasar Silk and Indian Dye-stuffs of* 1*st August* 1878.

It would be difficult to speak too highly of the patience, ability, and perseverance with which Mr. Wardle has carried out these experiments, or of the importance of the results obtained. These are, in brief, that he has succeeded in preparing Indian wild silk almost as fine as the finest Chinese silk, and in dyeing it almost any color.

Whereas 1,000 yards of Indian wild silk formerly weighed from 10 to 15 drachms, it can be now prepared of the weight of only 3 drachms and under, the same quantity of the finest Chinese silk weighing 2 drachms to 4 drachms. In dyeing this wild silk Mr. Wardle's success has hitherto been chiefly with the aniline dye series. The defect of these colors is that they are crude, flaring, and inharmonious, but a process has been suggested to Mr. Wardle by which it may be possible to dye silks and other stuffs with the aniline series in rich, deep and artistic tones. I would suggest that Mr. Wardle's paper should be communicated at once to the Government of India. The portion of the report still due from him, on the application of the native dye-stuffs of India to Indian wild silk and other woven fabrics, will be principally of artistic interest. The present report is of very pressing practical interest, as M. David's letter shews. For nearly 100 years the Indian Government went on endeavouring to increase the export of Indian silk by importing eggs from China and mulberry trees and expert labor from France and Italy and elsewhere, but all in vain. Even after the abolition of the Company's trading monopoly the same false and costly course was pursued, until in 1858 the attention of the Government of Bombay was officially drawn to the wild silk of the country, undoubtedly originally derived from China, and thoroughly acclimatised. Beyond ascertaining that wild silk was produced all over the Bombay Presidency, nothing was then done by Government. But Dr. MacKenzie and Captain Coussmaker and others continued to give great attention to the subject, and the result of their enthusiastic labors, combined with Mr. Wardle's long interest in their researches, has been to lead to the experiments now reported, which afford a substantial ground of hope that a staple may have at last been added to the export trade of India. In fact if the results of Mr. Wardle's experiments are confirmed, he will have succeeded in making Indian wild silk merchantable wherever silk is woven and worn.

As to M. David's letter, it may be submitted to the Government of India; but probably the better plan, in his own interest, would be for him to write to some firm in Bombay or Calcutta to send him direct the 2,000 kilogrammes of cocoons he wants.

When the second part of Mr. Wardle's report on the native dye-stuffs of India is re-ed, it might be desirable to make a comprehensive report on the whole subject of those ents.

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MR. WARDLE'S *Report on Tasar Silk and Native Dye-stuffs of India.*—(*First Part*).

Dated Leek, 1st August 1878.

I have completed the first part of my examination, and have now the honor of laying the results before the Government of India.

Last winter I received a communication from Dr. Birdwood asking me to undertake the arrangement of exhibits of Indian silks and dye-stuffs in the India Section at the Paris Exhibition.

I have done so, and the results of those exhibits form the basis of this report, especially that part which relates to the tasar and other wild silks of India.

I have not had sufficient time to examine all the dye-stuffs of India which were sent to me. In a few months the examination will be completed and will form the substance of my second report.

In dealing with the tasar cocoons sent to me, I have endeavoured, with signal success, to improve the manufacture of this silk.

This has been accomplished to an extent that will greatly increase its importance in the silk industry of Europe, as well as making it much less unyielding in its resistance to tinctorial matters.

Much of the import of tasar silk is of such low and badly reeled quality as to be totally unfit for nearly all European textile work; and even where the quality happens to be better than it usually is, it is much too coarse in thread for any but the coarsest kind of work; consequently its use is and has always been extremely circumscribed.

I shall be able to shew that there is no longer any necessity for this, nor for any obstacles to be interposed for the extended use and cultivation of this silk, and that it promises to be as useful in degree as that of the mulberry worm.

I believe also that the same may be said for several other species of Indian wild silks.

Several of the samples to illustrate this accompany my report; the rest, including the dyed specimens, are under exhibition at Paris, but shall be described here.

I have given the samples now sent the same numbers as those in the Paris Exhibition case. The report will, therefore, correspond in numbering and explanation with the monograph I have written, and which is appended to the second edition of Dr. Birdwood's Handbook of the Indian Section.

Nos. 8 and 9 are samples of tasar, organzine, and tram, illustrative of the quality and state of manufacture such as is now used in England for weaving, and a good representation of the present state of its manufacture, which gives a size of 255 deniers (15 drachms per 1,000 yards). The sizes of tasar generally used in England run from 152 deniers (9 drachms) to 255 deniers (15 drachms). These are very coarse sizes, and must necessarily be unfit to produce such fine textile work as the mulberry silk, which can be and is manufactured into organzine and tram of 21 deniers and upwards (1¼ drachms), and from which are made the finest silk fabrics.

Nos. 13 to 17 are samples reeled for the market by the natives from the cocoons in various parts of India. They shew the more or less rude and imperfect states in which is prepared for the market and for native use.

I send them only to point out the contrast between them and the next sample, 17*a*, which shews what, under proper management, this fibre is capable of. This is raw tasar silk reeled from the cocoons I received from India.

In September 1876 I proceeded, with your permission, to Italy with some of the cocoons, to have my ideas of cocoon-reeling and throwing carried out (cocoon-reeling being a branch of silk industry not practised in England), and I am glad to report that I there met with the success I anticipated. The house which I employed to make the experiments, Messrs. Gaddum and Company, were so much impressed with the importance of the results as to say to me they would send out to India a person for the purpose of collecting tasar cocoons on their own account.

I have subsequently heard of their interesting themselves in this manufacture.

This sample, 17*a*, is raw silk as wound from the cocoon, the fibres of six cocoons being wound together, forming one thread ready to be thrown into organzine or tram in the usual way, and capable of yielding sizes of from 51 deniers upwards, *i. e.*, 3 drachms and upwards, per 1,000 yards.

In addition to this greater fineness of thread, as compared with that of the present tasar silk of commerce, you will notice an almost entire absence of lumps, technically called "foul slubs," which have hitherto prevented tasar silk being substituted for the mulberry silks.

So that instead of organzine and tram of 15 drachms to 9 drachms per 1,000 yards, you have before you the improved silk capable of yielding organzine and tram of 51 deniers, or 3 drachms per 1,000 yards skein, and this with a silk primarily so much thicker in fibre than the mulberry silks.

At the end of the report, I have added a table of microscopic measurements which I have made of the thickness of the primary fibres of the mulberry silks (China, India, Italy, France, Japan, and those of the tasar and other wild silks of India). From this it will be seen that tasar silk is from three to four times thicker in fibre than the mulberry silks.

Tasar silk possesses the greatest strength and tensile power, and it has as much lustre as any silk.

No. 19 is a sample of tasar organzine (51 deniers or three drachms per 1,000 yards) manufactured in Italy from the cocoons under my own instructions and superintendence. The improvement in quality, fineness, and cleanness will be seen to be most marked, and that, instead of the coarse sizes of tasar now used, of 152 to 255 deniers (9 to 15 drachms), there may be obtained by proper management organzine and tram of excellent quality from the same cocoons of 51 deniers (3 drachms) and upwards, which can be woven into a great variety of stuffs, for which until now only the mulberry silks have been available.

The attention of all interested in or connected with silk manufacture cannot be too strongly drawn to this fact, nor can its value be overrated.

There is a most important future in store for the tasar silk industry, and as great improvements will take place as those which resulted from the introduction of proper machinery and skill many years ago in the mulberry silk district of Bengal, when it was found that Bengal silks, in place of being then almost unworkable, could be manufactured in such a way as to bring them into extended use in Europe, so as even to rival French and Italian silks. The cost of making organzine and tram from the cocoons with the improved mode is 20 francs per kilogramme—10 francs for reeling and 10 francs for throwing.

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You will observe from the samples, and from what I have just stated, that the success in improving this manufacture is complete, and that tasar silk, when properly made, is ready to take its place in all the silk textile industries where extreme fineness is not required, such, for instance, as cloths of which a material is all tasar, or mixed cloth, with tasar weft, for trimmings, braids, elastic boot webs, where silk of 3 to 6 drachms is in constant use, also for the weft or shute of ribbons, the chief obstacle to its use hitherto for this last purpose having been its foulness (slubbiness). Now this imperfection is removed, there will be an extensive demand for it in the ribbon trade.

The difference between the ordinary tasar, selling with difficulty at 3s. to 4s. per lb., and the samples I submit is due to improved methods of manufacture, which I am ready to communicate to you, and even to teach to the native workmen if that course is thought more useful.

In the meantime, however, I would strongly urge that the greatest encouragement be given to the proper gathering and collecting of tasar cocoons and the exportation of them in a compressed state, and that encouragement be given to the planting and cultivation of the most suitable trees and plants which feed the tasar worm in the likely labor centres near good roads where the cost of carriage can be minimized.

The worm feeds on the following trees and plants :—

Rhizophora calceolaris Linn.
Terminalia alata glabra. (Assun tree.)
Terminalia tomentosa. (The Saj tree.)
Terminalia Catappa. (Country Almond tree.)
Tectona grandis. (Teak tree.)
Zizyphus jujuba. (Ber tree.)
Shorea robusta. (Sal tree.)
Bombax heptapliyllum. (Semul.)
Careya sphærica.
Pentaptera tomentosa.
Pentaptera glabra.
Recinus communis. (Castor Oil plant.)
Cassia lanceolata.

I am quite sure that a very largely increased production of cocoons will meet with a ready sale, especially in France and England. Even the unwindable and pierced cocoons and waste will have a ready market, since our spinners, as I shall shew further on, can utilize all such refuse, and make excellent yarns and cloths from them.

I may mention that I took the opportunity, whilst on the jury of the Paris Exihibition to draw the attention of M. Colcombet, a juror, and M. David, two of the largest manufacturers of ribbons in St. Etienne, to the improved tasar. After thoroughly inspecting it, they said that if the Government of India could enable them to obtain cocoons, or point out how they may be obtained at about one franc per kilogramme, they would buy all that India produced, so certain were they of finding a ready sale and extended use for this, in place of the more costly silks.

M. David has since written to me asking me to obtain 2,000 kilogrammes (4,400 lbs) of tasar cocoons for experiment. He says many uses may be found for well reeled tasar, the only important question is that of an economical means of doing so.

These economical means are at hand ; for in place of the ordinary mode of reeling and throwing silk from the tasar cocoons into organzine and tram, which costs about 35 fr

per kilogramme, or 12s. 8d. per lb., it can be done by the improved mode at about 20 francs per kilogramme, or 7s. 3d. per lb., and this cost will be decreased when the cocoons are properly collected and the industry better regulated.

Not less important than manufacturing is the dyeing of tasar silk, in the investigation of which I have been so long engaged.

I am happy to be able to report that the dyeing of this silk can now be successfully accomplished in all shades of color.

The results I have exhibited at Paris in three grades. The first consists of organzine and tram of the same coarse quality as at present used in England for weaving into self-colored dress pieces, dyed in a variety of reds, blues, greens, yellows, and tertiary colors, with the dye-stuffs native to India, and with which I was furnished by the Government of India for examination.

An exposure of upwards of two months to the sunshine of Paris has only very slightly affected them, although placed in a position exposed to the direct rays of the morning and mid-day sun. The colors are not of the vivid intensity and crudeness of those produced by the aniline dyes, but they possess more tone and are fitter for all purposes of true decorative art, and possess much more permanency: but on those points I hope to treat more definitely when I have the honor of presenting my report on the dye-stuffs of India, and their applicability to tasar silk, at present under examination.

By the advice of Dr. Birdwood, I also exhibit tasar silk dyed with ordinary aniline dyes, in order to shew what could be done on it with these dyes, which in Europe have almost replaced the better and faster materials. I have therefore dyed two grades of tasar organzine in a variety of delicate shades of aniline dyes—one, the second, is the improved organzine, the third is ordinary tasar organzine of good quality.

In dyeing the *improved* organzine, a very important fact appears. The silk takes the dyes with less difficulty. I have no doubt that one of the main reasons why the natives cannot dye tasar silk will be in the fact that the methods of their rude manufacture partly destroy whatever affinity such silk has for tinctorial impregnation.

It is not unlikely that before tasar silk can be really well dyed in India, a considerable improvement must be effected in all the manufacturing operations, even from the time the cocoon becomes completed.

It would, perhaps, be hardly within the scope of this Report to go into the chemical reasons for this opinion, but they are no less important than real.

I have also to report similar success in applying printed colors upon tasar silk cloths, samples of which I send with the Report Nos. 21 and 25. It is, as far as I am aware, the first time any attempt has been made, either in Europe or in the East, to print, on wild silk cloth of any kind.

So that now printed tasar silk can be successfully used for wall damasks, curtains, furniture coverings, hangings, women's and girls' dresses, with great effect, and I would draw the attention of upholsterers and broad silk manufacturers to these specimens, and especially three under No. 55 of twill silk, made of this material from the warp and weft of Nos. 8 and 9, 255 deniers.

The fabrics made of tasar silk are very strong, most durable, and possess much lustre. Patterns printed in blue are the first successful application of indigo on silk as a print, as a pencil blue as formerly.

The tone of blue is very rich, modified to some extent by the natural ground color of the silk (which is fortunately incapable of being made vividly white), and has consequently controlled too great a brightness.

They will prove remarkably fast; in fact none of the colors are printed in aniline or any other fugitive dyes.

These fabrics are woven with organzine and tram of the coarse native-reeled and English-thrown tasar of 15 drachms per 1,000 yards, and are not really such good examples of what can be done in printing on fabrics of improved manufacture, samples of which I hope before long to submit to you, but they effectively serve the purpose of shewing that now a great variety of colors can be applied to tasar silk fabrics in printing as well as in dyeing, and I cannot conceive of any more beautiful application of them than to the walls of rooms after the manner of damask, if well designed.

I come now to treat of spinning tasar silk. This is effected after the manner of spinning cotton, wool, flax or any other short fibre that cannot be wound off in a continuous thread.

Since the important improvements which have been made in England of late years in silk spinning machinery, a new and large industry has sprung up whereby all refuse silk and unwindable cocoons of the mulberry silk manufacture are submitted to the operations of carding, combing, and spinning, and threads of beautiful regularity and silkiness are made.

I have exhibited a series to shew to what uses the waste of tasar silk and the cocoons pierced by the exit of the moth can be put after being spun in this way.

There are probably not less than forty firms in England engaged in this operation, and many more in Switzerland, France, and Italy, but it is only recently that tasar waste silk has attracted notice, and large quantities have been a drug in the market for a long time. They have been bought up, and have been spun and woven into fabrics for upholstery and dresses of surprising perfection and interest, and a demand which cannot be fully supplied has arisen for a further supply.

I send sample No. 56*a* which I have had spun and woven from unwindable cocoons out of those I received from India; also five samples, No. 57, made of tasar waste and printed in colors.

Also samples of yarns spun from tasar waste for weaving, sewing and knitting stockings.

Probably of not less importance in the future are the other wild silks of India, particularly that of the Arrindi or Eria worm of Assam, known under the following names:—

Phalæna Cynthia, (Roxburgh).
Bombyx Cynthia, (Oliver).
Samia Cynthia, (Hübner.).
Saturnia Cynthia, (Westwood).
Saturnia Arrundi, (Royle).
The Arrindi or Arrundi silk-worm moth (Roxburgh).

With this I must connect the *Attacus ricini* (Boisduval), the same insect, as far as I can gather, except that it is fed on the *Ricinus communis*, or Palma Christi plant, and is reared in a domesticated state in Assam, and over a great part of Hindustan, more especially in the districts of Dinagepur and Rangpur.

Mr. Hugon gives the following interesting particulars about it :—"The larva, when at full size, is about 3½ inches long. It spins its cocoon in four days. The hill tribes settled in the plains are fond of eating the chrysalis."

The cocoon is much smaller than that of the tasar, and is soft. The natives cannot wind the silk, but spin it like cotton. Dr. Helfer says that the insect is so productive as to give sometimes twelve broods a year, and that the worm grows rapidly, and offers no difficulty whatever for an extensive speculation.

Mr. Atkinson says the filament is so delicate as to render it impracticable to wind off the silk; it is therefore spun like cotton. The yarn thus manufactured is woven into a coarse kind of white cloth, of a seemingly loose texture, but of incredible durability, the life of one person being seldom sufficient to wear out a garment made of it.

The winding of the Eria cocoon is said to have been recently accomplished. The thickness of the Eria filament is 1—3800 of an inch.

Leaving the question as to whether it be successfully wound or not, one important consideration respecting its use presents itself, namely, its capability of being spun like cotton or wool. The great improvements made in late years in England in spinning machinery have proved that marvellous results in making an even thread from waste silk and unwindable cocoons for sewing and weaving purposes may be attained, and I will venture to predict a future for this and the produce of all unwindable silk-worm cocoons that will compensate for collection.

The industry of the natives should be stimulated to the gathering in of all kinds of wild silk cocoons, whether windable or not, for there is no doubt that those kinds which cannot be wound can be most easily spun, and there is at the present moment a request on the part of silk spinners for a larger supply of tasar silk cocoons and tasar silk waste for spinning purposes, and no doubt other silk cocoons would be gladly bought up.

A worm so prolific and yielding such exceedingly fine silk gives a large promise of future supply to the spinner. I should be glad to have your authority for a further and thorough effort to make silk marketable in Europe.

Besides the Eria worm there are also the following which furnish good silk cocoons, all of which I have exhibited in Paris :—

The *Attacus Atlas.*

The Mooga or Moonga silk (*Antheræa Assama*) giving five broods a year. I send a sample of this silk, No. 35. It promises to be useful silk under proper care.

The *Bombyx Attacus*, "Yama mai," a native of Japan, but found in India. In Japan the silk of this worm is said to be most highly prized, and reserved for the use of royalty, but this I am inclined to doubt, as the silk is of a coarseish character. This I was assured by the Japanese at the Paris Exhibition is not now the case; they shewed me several highly interesting fabrics made with it. The cocoon is of a beautiful pale green color and is easily wound. It has been reared in Europe, and a cross between it and *Bombyx Attacus pernyi* is a success in France, being so hardy that the eggs will hatch at freezing point. A successfully encouraged cultivation of it in India would make a valuable addition to our Eastern sericulture.

The thickness of the fibre is 1—950 part of an inch, being a little finer than tasar silk. also very much whiter in color, which is an advantage for dyeing.

addition to these are the following :—A silk called "Ya baine," from Prome, in t silk from Assam (*Bombyx textor*); Mezankuri silk, rare; *Actias Selene.*

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In Simla, Balfour states there are eight or nine species of *Bombyx*, probably all silk-producers.

I plead for the utilization and extended cultivation of all these wild silks, particularly the Tasar, Mooga, Eria, and Yama mai.

The difficulties of manufacturing, dyeing, and printing are, I am thankful to report, overcome.

It only remains for the Government of India, if I may presume to urge it, to give that encouragement and constant support to the increased production of the wild silk industry of India, and not to the wild silk only, but also to the mulberry silk, that has for centuries been accorded by Sovereigns and Statesmen in France to the permanent establishment and encouragement of the silk trade in that country, to make India a chief exporter of raw material, as France now is of the manufactured products.

The following table contains the series of microscopic measurements to which I referred in the earlier part of this report:—

Microscopic measurements of the diameter of the primary Fibre of Tusar Silk and other Silks.

Names of Silks or Worms producing them.		Country.	Food of larva.	Measurements of the diameter of the primary Fibre.			
				French metric scale.		English scale.	
Scientific names.	Vernacular names.			Loose silk on outside of cocoons.	Silk forming substance of cocoons.	Loose silk on outside of cocoons.	Silk forming substance of cocoons
				Mm.	L Mm.	Inch.	Inch.
Bombyx mori ...	...	China ...	Mulberry ...	...	·0125	...	$\frac{1}{2000}$
,, ,, ...	...	Japan ...	,, ...	...	·0135	...	$\frac{1}{1850}$
,, ,, white ...	...	Bengal ...	,, ...	...	·006	...	$\frac{1}{3750}$
,, ,, yellow ...	...	,, ...	,, ...	...	·0083	...	$\frac{1}{3000}$
,, ,, ...	Brutia ...	Bruitia, Asia Minor.	,, ...	...	·0115	...	$\frac{1}{2150}$
,, ,, ...	Ya-baine ...	Bengal ...	,, ...	...	·01	...	$\frac{1}{2500}$
,, ,, ...	...	Italy ...	,, ...	...	·0108	...	$\frac{1}{3300}$
,, ,, ...	...	France ...	,, ...	...	·0135	...	$\frac{1}{1850}$
,, texta ...	"Pat" silk ...	Assam ...	,, ...	...	·01	...	$\frac{1}{2500}$
Attacus ricini ...	Eria, Ailanthus...	India ...	Ricinus communis, Castor oil plant	·016	·006	$\frac{1}{1500}$	$\frac{1}{3750}$
Antheræa Assama ...	Mugah or Moonga	Assam ...	Soom and Sonhaloo trees ...	·0135	·01	$\frac{1}{1850}$	$\frac{1}{2500}$
	Aistari Polu koa.	Beerbhoom (Bengal).	...	·01	·006	$\frac{1}{2500}$	$\frac{1}{3750}$
Anthcræa Paphia ...	Tusser or Tasar.	India ...	Terminalias and other plants ...	None.	·03125	None.	$\frac{1}{800}$
Bombyx ...	Mezankuri silk (rare). ...	Sibsagar(Assam).	Mulberry ...	...	·01	...	$\frac{1}{2500}$
Actias Selene ...	...	India ...	Coriaria Nipalensis ...	·03	·02	$\frac{1}{750}$	
Attacus Atlas ...	...	...	Phyllanthus emblica ..	·03	·02	$\frac{1}{850}$	
Bombyx Attacus ...	Yama mai ...	India ...	The oak ...	·025	·026	$\frac{1}{10}$	
,, ,, Pernyi...	...	China ...	,, ,, ...	...	·025		

From MR. WARDLE, *To the Under-Secretary of State for India, dated Leek, 31st July* 1878.

Since writing my report I have received from M. David, who I am told is the largest silk manufacturer at St. Etienne, an order for 2,000 kilogrammes of tasar cocoons, for the purpose of making manufacturing experiments with this silk at his own cost.

I enclose a translated copy of part of his letter.

Will you have the kindness to inform me if the Government of India will authorize the collection of the cocoons, and supply them to M. David with the information he desires? I have no opportunity of obtaining them for him.

Copy of a letter from M. DAVID, *of St. Etienne*, to MR. WARDLE.

I offer to buy one to two thousand kilogrammes tasar cocoons delivered at Marseilles at one franc per kilogramme; these cocoons to be of the year's crop and well killed, not pierced. Kindly impress on your Bombay friends to kill the worms in the cocoons well. In case the moths come out on the road, the cocoons will be useless. A friend of mine has just received a bale of these cocoons and the moths came out of them at Marseilles.

In order to facilitate the reeling in France, kindly give me the following information :—

1st.—What is the chemical agent made use of by the natives to soften the cocoon and make it ready for reeling?

2nd.—Can the natives reel a cocoon more than a year old?

3rd.—What is the length of time elapsing from the making of the cocoon and the time of the coming out of the moth: does not that time vary greatly?

4th.—The cocoons in the bales are mixed in color, dark and light: are these different varieties, and are they found on the same spots? Would it be possible to get only light colored ones?

I shall be thankful for answers to the above questions, which will facilitate my task.

Many uses may be found for well reeled tasar. The only important question at present is that of an economical means of so doing.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore,—1879.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

POLICE NOTICE.

Monday, 7th April 1879.

HUE AND CRY.

PROCLAIMED OFFENDER.—1,000 Rupees Reward.

1. Name	..	D. Sétu Rao.
2. Father's Name	..	Vasudevachar.
3 Taluk	..	Bangalore—Before, Collegal of Coimbatore District.
4. Village	..	Do Before, Dalavaipatna.
5. Age	..	About 57 years.
6. Height	..	Short, under 5 feet.
7. Color	..	Fair.
8. General Appearance	..	Round face, slightly pock-marked. Lost front teeth. In dress and manner might be taken for a priest or Achári.
9. Caste	..	Madhva Brahman.
10. Where likely to go	..	Madras, Caroor, Conjeveram, Hydrabad.
11. Where has connections.		Madras and Caroor.
12. Province	..	Mysore.
13. Offence	..	Criminal Breach of Trust by a Public Servant in respect of moneys at the Chief Commissioner's Treasury, Section 409, Indian Penal Code.

The above sum of Rs. 1,000 will be granted for the apprehension of the said D. Sétu Rao, or for such information as shall lead to his apprehension.

By Order,

L. RICKETTS,

Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore Distr

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore—1879.

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SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE

No. 1 Published by Authority. of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, JANUARY 4, 1879.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Abstract of Season or Intermediate Reports for the Week ending 21st *December* 1878.

Bangalore District.—The crops continue to be in good condition. The season is favorable. Fever and ague are prevalent in several places. Prices falling.

Kolar District.—Vaisakhi paddy has been sown in some and is being sown in other parts of the District. Prospects continue favorable. Rice 2nd sort was sold at 10½ seers per rupee and ragi 22 seers. Fevers continue to prevail.

Tumkúr District.—State of the crops and prospects good. Prices falling. Fever is still prevalent in some parts of the District.

Mysore District.—Paddy is being harvested. Sugar-cane is thriving. Prospects good. Public health is generally good. Prices falling.

Hassan District.—Paddy, dod-ragi, sesamum, horse-gram, green and black gram are being reaped The standing crops, *viz.*, castor-oil seeds, avare, dal and Bengal-gram are in fair condition. Prospects good. Ague prevails in Arkalgúd, Attikuppa, Belur and Narsipur Taluks. Public health in the remaining taluks is good. Prices falling.

Shimoga District.—The standing crops, namely sugar-cane, horse-gram ballar, oil seed, togari and cotton, are in a very flourishing condition. The harvesting of paddy, ragi and arecanut nearly completed Bengal and green gram are being sown. Prospects good. Fever is very prevalent.

Kadur District.—All the standing crops are doing well. Reaping of paddy, ragi and bargu is continued and the sowing of Bengal-gram is nearly finished Prospects continue favorable. Fever and ague are prevalent. Prices falling. Cattle are free from foot and mouth diseases.

Chitaldroog District.—Standing crops are in a healthy condition. Prospects good. Public health improving. Prices falling.

Coorg.—Rain-fall, nil. Prospects good. Health good.

By Order,

W. J. CUNINGHAM
For Se

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore—1879.

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SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE

Published by Authority.

No. 2 of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, JANUARY 11, 1879.

MINUTE BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY ON THE MYSORE FAMINE.

Mr. C. A. ELLIOTT's Report upon the Mysore Famine will be laid before my honourable colleagues in the Government of India; it will be forwarded to Her Majesty s Government; and it will be published as soon as possible. When I directed the preparation of this report, there was ground for fearing that parts of Northern India might be afflicted by severe famine in 1878-79; and I was desirous that a history of the difficulties, failures, and successes in the Mysore Famine should be in hands of authorities who might have to deal with a similar calamity in Upper India. The rainy season of 1878 has, however, ended much more favourably than it began. I hope that in no part of India will famine have to be combated in the year 1879. But I believe the present history of the Mysore Famine will be of the greatest use to Indian authorities who may hereafter have to contend against a similar calamity.

2. The country of Mysore contained, at the census of 1871, a population of 5,055,000, nine tenths of whom live by the land. In ordinary years it produces about 25 per cent more food than its population can consume; its land is held by a body of well-to-do peasant proprietors, who in average years have a comfortable surplus income; 15 per cent of its cultivated land is irrigated, mainly from tanks; it is connected with the coast by a railway, and it is traversed by a net-work of fairly good roads; it had prospered for many years, although either the early or the latter rainfall was occasionally scanty over a part of the province. Mysore had not been visited by famine for fifty years. It seemed, therefore, as if the province and the people were in as good condition for withstanding a famine as any Indian province or population can ever be. In one respect, however, Mysore was at a disadvantage; it possessed only 60 miles of railway, passing through a corner of one district and into the heart of another; six districts out of the eight, into which the province is divided, had thus no railway communications at all. The beginning of the recent calamity was the partial failure of the rains in 1875; the rainfall was from one-third to two-thirds of the average; much of the food crop was lost; but the stocks of food in Mysore have always been large; and this failure caused only temporary or occasional distress, for the price of food did not rise to double the ordinary rates. In the year 1876 the rainfall again was very short; barely a third of the ordinary harvest was reaped; matters were aggravated by the fact that crops had failed in the adjacent districts of Madras and Bombay; and the middle of December 1876 famine had begun. In the months of April and May the usual spring showers came, and hope revived. But the early rains of 1877 failed, famine increased in the land; and it was not until the bountiful latter rains

and October 1877 that the pressure of famine began to abate. During the eight months of extreme famine, no crops were reaped; the price of food ranged from three to six times the ordinary rates; and for the common people there were no means of earning wages outside the relief-works. Even in 1877-78, though some relief was felt, the yield of the harvest was less than half the food-crop of an ordinary year. From November 1877 till the present time of writing, the price of food has ranged at nearly three times the rate of ordinary years. Thus during the past three years, the people of Mysore have suffered from failure of harvest and famine prices, and at one time a water-famine was apprehended: but from that additional calamity the province has been spared.

3. Mr. Elliott's report shews how famine affected the country and the people of Mysore, and how the British Government of Mysore attempted to mitigate its evils. Early in the autumn of 1876, when the first year of drought was nearly over, symptoms of the coming disaster were reported to the Local Government. The poorer classes of the population began to lose heart, and multitudes moved off towards the coffee districts in the western hills, where the people of Mysore had been wont to find employment and wages for many years past. In times of famine, it has been the custom of the Indian Government to give employment and wages on public works to the destitute poor, to afford gratuitous relief to those who are unable to labour, and to make small loans to petty landholders, so as to enable them to tide over the hardest time. In one exceptional famine the Government had imported food from a distance to feed the people of the stricken province. In September 1876 relief-works were opened in parts of Mysore. In October pressure on the people increased; more relief-works were opened. The Government, after reviewing the situation and prospects, decided that private enterprise must be left to import food for the replenishment of the exhausted food-stocks, but that the State would open relief-works, would assist in giving gratuitous aid to the helpless, and would postpone its demand for land-rents. These orders unfortunately, as was proved by subsequent events, favoured recourse to small works scattered over the country, and served to support the Chief Commissioner's action in a direction that ultimately led to results not contemplated at the time when they were issued.

4. By the month of December severe famine had declared itself over an area containing about 3½ millions out of the 5 millions which constitute the population of Mysore. The Government adhered to the programme of October, which was good so far as it went. But there was a distinct failure to realize, or even to estimate, what would be the full effect of the famine on the country; and how much would have to be done and spent before favourable harvests in 1877 could give appreciable relief to the people. The objective of the Government efforts being thus undefined and indistinct, no system was devised, and no sufficient organization was created, for conducting relief operations on the necessary scale. Judging after the event, and by the light of the present report, we can see that, even if imported food and old stocks sufficed to feed the people, there must have been from 500,000 to 800,000 people of the labouring classes who could not procure food at famine prices, unless the Government paid them wages on relief-works, or otherwise provided them with the means of living, until employment in the fields was again available. The Mysore Government and its officers were, at the beginning of the crisis, much swayed by a desire to restrict expenditure as far as possible,—a sentiment which in a poor country like India is always praiseworthy, and which, in the present case, derived additional weight from the desire to transfer the Province of Mysore to its Native Prince with uncrippled resources.

5. The absence of any careful forecast of the troubles that were coming upon [M]ysore caused the Government to attempt to meet the difficulty with the same staff and [th]e organization that sufficed for ordinary times. In India, operations for the relief [o]n rural tracts have to be begun and carried on, down to the minutest detail, by [G]ent and its agents. The labour involved in such an undertaking is enormous, [a]ny staff of the Mysore Province was, without special aid and special super-

vision, quite unable to meet the requirements of the occasion. One most serious consequence was that the Government and its superior officers remained to some extent in ignorance of the condition of the country and the people, and misunderstood some of the phenomena that were reported. For instance, when it was reported that people would not come to the relief-works in a particular district, the Government did not learn until it was too late that mismanagement of the relief-works had caused the famine-stricken people either to wander off and die, or to go home and starve. An inadequate organization and an inefficient system were unfortunately prolonged by that insufficiency of information which was their natural result. The situation required that the whole power of the Government in all departments throughout the province, aided by a largely increased organization, should be directed to the relief of famine, on a system pre-arranged down to details, but with sufficient scope for personal discretion. Had this been done in December 1876, as it afterwards was done in September 1877, the facts of the Mysore Famine would have been earlier ascertained, and the necessary measures of relief could have been taken from the first. More money would indeed have been spent; but disorganization and waste would have been avoided; while many thousands of lives would have been saved.

6. Chapter III of Mr. Elliott's report tells the history of the famine from the autumn of 1876 to April 1877. From December till March matters grew worse; 500 tons of food (enough to support 900,000 people) were imported daily by railway: yet the price of food ranged, during those months, at from 13 to 15 lbs a rupee; that is to say, at four to five times the ordinary rates. When Sir Richard Temple visited Mysore, on behalf of the Supreme Government, and conferred with the Bangalore authorities, the real condition and prospects of the people had not been gauged by the Local Government. Statistics of the relief operations, which were then of old date and which now appear to have been incorrect, were placed before him; Sir Richard Temple advised in accordance with the information furnished him; and the chief change of system and organization which he then advocated was the immediate institution of a village-to-village, house-to-house relief, throughout the famine districts, in order to ascertain the real condition of the people, and prevent them dying at their houses. Orders were issued by the Local Government for acting on this suggestion; but, partly in consequence of absence of detailed instructions, and mainly because no sufficient staff for accomplishing the task was sanctioned, the village enquiry was extremely imperfect and village relief was not actually attempted.

7. During the months of December to March the numbers of people relieved were—

	On relief and other works.	By gratuitous relief.	Total.
January	31,042	6,498	37,530
February	63,348	22,462	85,810
March	69,564	23,295	92,859

But the relief given was not sufficient: the people took to wandering aimlessly from their homes where they had no food; the death-rate increased terribly; and deaths from starvation occurred. No change in the system had been made up to the month of April, when the usual spring showers fell; and it was hoped that the end of the famine had come. This hope, for which indeed there was up till the month of June some good ground, may have deterred the Local Government from reforming and strengthening the relief organization. During the months of April and May, the relief given on public works was materially contracted; while at the same time gratuitous relief was given in the shape of cooked food, at scores of central places in different parts of the province, to rapidly increasing numbers of people. As the month of June 1877 wore on, and as July was apparent that the early rains were going to fail again, and for the third cession. Panic and mortality among the people increased. The numbers

employment on the relief-works continued to decrease; but multitudes thronged the relief-kitchens where food was given to the poor. By the middle of August 1877, the famine was at its worst; the numbers relieved by the Government had been—

	On relief and other works.	By gratuitous relief at the food-kitchens.	Total.
May ..	.. 66,503	102,399	168,902
June ..	.. 56,781	110,805	167,586
July ..	.. 47,609	137,560	185,169
August ..	.. 49,200	194,083	243,283

Among the poor creatures who were wandering over the country in quest of food, the mortality was very great. During those five months there died at the relief-kitchens tens of thousands to whom help came too late; and in the streets of Bangalore, the chief city of the province, the bodies of those who had died during the night, were picked up morning after morning by the score. Money was by that time being spent on relief at the rate of nearly £100,000 a month; but the organization had not been strengthened; the expenditure had not been systematized; and the Government officers of Mysore, many of whom worked zealously to relieve the distress, and to make the Government aid go as far as possible, were unable to cope with the gigantic dimensions of the calamity. The concluding pages of Chapter IV of the report shew how and why the relief-works, which in Indian famines are and ought to be the backbone of the relief system, failed to furnish any appreciable aid to the distressed population. I am afraid that the ill-success of the Mysore relief-works must be attributed mainly to mismanagement; and I feel that the Government of India must accept its share in the responsibility for that mismanagement in a province that was under its own control, inasmuch as it did not appreciate in their proper force the facts that underlay the reported results, and did not at an earlier date insist on the application of a sufficient remedy.

8. Before passing from the consideration of the period when the famine was at its height, I would observe that, even at the worst time, private trade poured into Mysore as much grain as the railway could carry, and would have sent much more if additional means of carriage had been available. At the same time supplies of food were carried by traders up the steep ascents of the Western Ghat mountains from the Malabar coast districts into Mysore. Food was dear, to a point beyond the memory of living men; but still food was to be had by those who could pay for it. And whatever may have been the shortcomings of the relief organization, the present history of the Mysore Famine does not shake the opinion of the Government of India,—acted upon throughout 1877,—that it is best to leave private traders to import food into a famine-stricken country while it has means of communication with distant markets.

9. Chapter V of Mr. Elliott's report gives an account of the arrangements made to carry out an improved relief system on the lines laid down by the Government of India during the visit of myself and my colleague Sir Alexander Arbuthnot to Southern India in August and September 1877. In measuring the success of those operations, it must be remembered that, at the time of their commencement, there was a most favourable change in the weather; and that, after September 1877, the gloom of that great calamity which up till September 1878 continued to over-shadow Mysore, was never without some gleams of hope; gleams which, with one dark interval in February 1878, gradually brightened as the season advanced.

The first step taken in September 1877 was to reinforce the Mysore staff with trained officers and volunteers, officers from Her Majesty's army, whose duty was to direct operations; with Engineers to manage relief-works and organize famine labour; with officers to arrange famine hospitals and tend the sick. The next step was to gather the threads of famine administration into one hand, and to lay down detailed

rules for the guidance of famine officers of all grades. And the last step, which followed close upon the others, was to effect a thorough and intelligent inspection of all the famine operations throughout the country. It is now only too clear that all this ought to have been done in December 1876. The report tells of the many difficulties which were met in the management of the relief-works; in getting the people to come to these works; in employing persons in different stages of weakness, so as not to overtask them, whilst giving them some incentive to live and work; in clearing the relief-kitchens and carrying the inmates, with their consent, to the works if they were fit for labour, or to their homes if they were past work; in establishing and working a system whereby house-ridden folk were relieved at their homes; in preventing peculation; in securing for the province a moderate outturn of useful work in exchange for relief given to the able-bodied; and lastly, in helping the ryots, to recover their position and independence, by a judicious distribution of the alms sent from Great Britain, Ireland, and the British Colonies, for the aid of the famine-stricken people of Southern India. I cannot forbear acknowledging here the munificient liberality shewn by the people of England and her colonies in sending so great a sum of money, within a few months, to aid their Indian fellow-subjects. I believe that any of the generous contributors to the famine fund, who may read paragraphs 107 to 111 of this chapter of the Mysore report, will feel that their charity was judiciously administered, and that it did vast good to an important class of their fellow-subjects.

10. Mr. Elliott shews that the famine has cost the province of Mysore from 800,000 to 1,000,000 lives; that it *must* cost the Mysore treasury at least 1 million sterling, and *may* cost nearly 1¼ millions or a full year's revenue; whilst the loss of produce, live-stock, and other property during these three disastrous years cannot have been much less than 9¼ millions sterling. I accept, subject to such further light as the Famine Commission may throw on this difficult question, the conclusion that a somewhat larger expenditure on relief, judiciously administered, might have saved a large number of the lives that have been lost, and that such further expenditure should have been incurred in the material interests of the province, irrespective of other considerations. But I cannot but feel that in great famines there must be a limit to the expenditure which is practically possible for the relief of distress. The interests of the country, of the survivors, and of future generations, require that this fact should be recognized. And I fear that, when great famines come, it will not be practically possible to prevent a serious increase to the normal mortality, or so to alleviate all distress as to prevent very extreme suffering to the people. It would be premature for me to draw conclusions for guidance in future famines from Mr. Elliott's report. The Famine Commission will, no doubt, weigh fully the facts recorded therein, and I commend the report to their careful consideration.

I am deeply indebted to Mr. Elliott for his excellent report, which tells truthfully and graphically the story of much human suffering, borne with patient endurance characteristic of the people of India, and gives a faithful account of the early failure and subsequent success in relieving a great population from the dreadful effects of prolonged famine. I recognize that Mr. Elliott, when reporting on the Mysore Famine, as he was instructed to do so with fearless frankness, has been obliged to reflect upon the conduct of some of the officers who afterwards proved his valued coadjutors. But in so doing, he has, I conceive, discharged the unpleasant duty which lay upon him with much impartiality, and with all possible consideration to the persons concerned, avoiding as far as possible all matter that had not a direct and important bearing on the very painful series of events with the close of which he was deputed to deal, and of which he has become the narrator.

11. The thanks of the Government of India are due to Mr. Elliott for the ab
and energy with which he carried out their famine policy in Mysore. Though
vince and its people were new to him, he promptly mastered the position;
and directed relief operations with a patience and good sense that overcar
and with the fullest tenderness for the people in dire calamity. To Mr

the Chief Engineer, and to Mr. Wingate, the Famine Secretary, I tender the hearty acknowledgments of the Government for the skill, knowledge, and zeal they brought to bear on the difficult questions connected with the conduct of relief-works and the organization of gratuitous relief. But these three officers could have done little if they had not received full support and co-operation from Mr. Saunders, the Chief Commissioner, from the Members of the Mysore Commission, and from the many officers who were lent by other Local Governments, and by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, for relief-work in Mysore. If there was failure during the early months of the famine, all ranks of the service throughout the province took their share in the relief operations of the later months, when those operations were adequately directed on a proper system. The thanks of the Government are especially due to

Lieutenant-Colonel A. C. Hay,	Commissioner.
Captain E. S. Ludlow,	} Deputy Commissioners.
Mr. B. Krishnaiengar, C. S. I.,	
Captain Gordon Cumming,	} of the Survey Department.
Mr. Meiklejohn,	
Captain Macintire.	
Mr. E. C. Ozanne,	of the Bombay Civil Service.
Mr. C. Madaiya,	Assistant Commissioner.
Mr. C. Srinivas Iengar,	} Munsiffs.
Mr. Annaji Rao,	
Mr. B. Mari Gangaiya,	} volunteer Relief Officers of Bangalore.
Mr. Vaidyalingam Modaliar,	
Captain Bowen, R. E.,	Superintending Engineer.
Mr. Penny,	} Executive Engineers.
Lieutenant Kensington, R. E.,	

The thanks of the Government of India have already been conveyed to Mr. J. D. Gordon, C. S. I., and the Members of the Bangalore Central Relief Committee; and also to the military officers who volunteered for, and did excellent service in, the campaign against the Mysore Famine.

The 14th November 1878.

LYTTON.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

No. 3 Published by Authority. of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, JANUARY 18, 1879.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Abstract of Season or Intermediate Reports for the Week ending 11th January 1879.

Bangalore District.—The crops, *viz.*, sugar-cane, ballar, dál horse-gram, and Vaisak paddy, are in good condition. The season is favorable. Fever and ague are prevalent in many places. Prices have risen a little.

Kolar District.—State of the crops and prospects good. Fever is prevalent. Prices falling.

Túmkúr District.—State of the crops and prospects good. Fever is still prevalent. Prices have a downward tendency.

Mysore District.—Harvesting of paddy continues. Sugar-cane is thriving. Prospects favorable. Fever is prevalent in portions of Heggaddevankote and Chamrajnagar Taluks. Prices falling.

Hassan District.—Horse-gram, sesamum, oil seeds, green and black gram, and chillies were reaped. The standing crops are in good condition. Prospects good. Cold and fever are prevalent in the Taluks of Arkalgúd, Attikuppa, Harnhalli and Narsipur. The public health in other taluks is good. Prices stationary.

Shimoga District.—Standing crops are in good condition. Black and green gram are being sown. Sugar-cane is being cut. Prospects good. Fever is prevalent. Prices falling.

Kadur District.—Standing crops are in good condition. Reaping ragi and bargu and sowing Bengal gram are completed. In some parts ragi is being thrashed. Prospects continue favorable. Fever and ague are prevalent. Water-supply good. Prices falling. Markets are well supplied.

Chitaldroog District.—State of the crops and prospects good. Public health is improving. Prices stationary.

Coorg.—Reaping of rice crops continues. Want of labor for coffee and rice harvest is much felt. Fever is prevalent.

By Order,

W. J. CUNINGHAM,

For Secretary.

Prices Current of Food Grains in the Provinces of Mysore and Coorg during the Fortnight ending 15th December 1878.

QUANTITY PER RUPEE BY THE STANDARD SEERS OF 80 TOLAS, *vide* GOVERNMENT OF INDIA NO. 1—21, DATED 10TH FEBRUARY 1874.

Fortnight ending—15th December 1878. No.	Districts.	Shops.	Wheat.			Barley.			Rice, best sort.			Rice, common.			Great Millet, (jola, javar) *Holcus Sorghum.*			Bulrush Millet, (kambu, bajra) *Penicillaria Spicata.*			Lesser Millets, Ragi, &c., (kavaru, varagu, save, china, koralu, marwa, nagli, &c.) *Panicum Miliaceum, Eleusine, Coracana, &c.*			Gram.			Firewood.			Salt.			Remarks.
			Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	
1	Bangalore.	Wholesale.	...	...	10·7	8·	8 5	12·	8·2	8·2	7·	9·5	9·7	8·	16·5	16·	11·	...	...	...	19·5	16·	10·	13·5	13 5	8·	...	...	...	11·2	11·	13·5	
		Retail.	...	...	10·2	7·7	8·2	11·5	8·	8·	6·7	9·	9·5	7·7	16·2	15·5	10·7	...	...	...	18·7	15·5	9·5	13·2	13·2	7·5	84·	84·	72·	11·	10·7	13·2	
2	Kolar.	Wholesale.	8·4	8·4	6·7	...	...	...	11·3	9·4	8·8	12·7	12·7	8·9	21·3	21·3	9·2	23·3	22·6	12·4	22 9	19·8	9·5	17·3	16·5	5·7	...	...	...	12·4	12·4	14·6	
		Retail.	8·1	8·1	6·4	...	...	...	11·5	9·1	8·6	12·4	12·4	8·6	21·2	21·2	8·9	23·1	22·4	12·2	22·6	19·5	9·2	17·1	16·3	5·6	172·4	172·4	172·4	12·1	12·1	14·3	
3	Túmkúr ...	Wholesale.	8·	8·5	10·	5·5	6·	5·5	10·	9·5	6·5	11·	10·	7·5	17·	18·	10·	...	...	...	20·	19·7	10·5	11·5	13·	7·	140·	140·	150·	10·	10·	11·	
		Retail.	7·5	8·	9·5	5·2	5·7	5·	9·5	9·	6·	10·5	9·5	7·	16·5	17·	9·5	...	...	...	19·2	19·	10.	10·5	12·	6·5	130·	130·	140·	9·5	9·5	10·	
4	Mysore ...	Wholesale.	5·1	6·6	5·6	...	...	...	7·7	7·5	4·5	9·1	8·7	6·4	21·2	21·4	10·4	...	..	...	18·2	17·1	9·2	15·2	17·1	8·3	81·	81·	75·	8·1	8·7	7·5	
		Retail.	5·	6·5	5·5	...	...	...	7·6	7·4	4·4	9·	8·6	6·3	21·	21·	10·2	...	...	...	18·	16·7	9·	15·	16·7	8·1	78·	78·	72·	8·	8·6	7·3	
5	Hassan ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail.	5·5	5·	6·5	6·5	6·	6·	9·	8·5	6·5	11·	10·5	7·	...	...	7·	...	...	...	15·	16·7	7·	11·	12·5	8·	126·	126·	125·	8·	7·5	8·5	
6	Shimoga ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail	5·2	5·2	3·2	6·2	6·2	4·2	7·5	7·5	...	9·5	10·2	7·5	21·	19·2	14·7	...	...	...	20·5	21·5	14·2	14·2	13·2	4·2	480·	480·	480·	8·5	7·7	7·7	
7	Kadur ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail.	11·	10·	7·	...	...	...	10·	9·	6·	14·	12·	7·	...	...	...	...	...	...	16·	16·	8·	12·	12·	6·	60·	60·	60·	9·	8·5	10·	
8	Chitaldroog.	Wholesale.	6·	6·	8·	7·	7·	...	7·7	7·5	5·7	9·2	8·5	6·2	22·	20·	14·	23·	23·	14·	23·	22·	17·	13·2	12·5	6·5	100·	100·	100·	8·	8·	7·	
		Retail.	5·5	5·5	7·	6·	6·	...	7·	7·	5·5	8·	8·	6·	19·	18·7	13·	20·	19·5	13·	20·	19·5	14·	12·	12·	6·	100·	100·	100·	7·5	7·5	7·	
	Average ...	Wholesale.	6·9	7·4	8·2	6 8	7·2	8·7	9·1	8·4	6·5	10·3	9·9	7·4	19·6	19·3	10·9	23·1	22·8	13·2	20·7	18·9	11·2	14·1	14·5	7·1	107·	107·	108·3	9·9	10·	10·7	
		Retail.	6·8	6·9	6·9	6·3	6·4	6·7	8·8	8·2	6·2	10·4	10·1	7·1	19·1	18·8	10·6	21·5	20·9	12·6	18·7	18·	10·1	13·1	13·5	6·5	153·8	153·8	152·7	9·2	9·	9·7	
	Coorg ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail.	5·9	6·	5·9	5·9	4·8	4·2	7·6	7·6	5·5	10·9	10·8	6·9	...	...	...	...	...	...	18·9	16·8	10·1	13·9	13·4	6·	110·	110·	110·	7·5	7·2	7·7	

By Order,
T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
BANGALORE, 9*th January* 1879.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore—1879.

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SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE

Published by Authority.

No. 4 of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, JANUARY 25, 1879.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Abstract of Season or Intermediate Reports for the Week ending 18*th January* 1879.

Bangalore District.—The crops are generally in good condition. The season is favorable. Fever and ague are prevalent in many places. Prices falling.

Kolar District.—State of the crops and prospects good. Fever is still prevalent. Prices falling.

Túmkúr District.—State of the crops and prospects good. Fever is still prevalent. Prices have a downward tendency.

Mysore District.—Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects good. Public health is generally good. Prices falling.

Hassan District.—Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects good. Cold and fever are prevalent in the Taluks of Arkalgúd, Attikuppa, Harnhalli and Narsipur. The public health in other taluks is good. Prices stationary.

Shimoga District.—Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects good. Fever is prevalent. Prices falling.

Kadur District.—Standing crops are in a healthy condition. Prospects good. Fever and ague continue to prevail. Prices falling. Markets are well supplied.

Chitaldroog District.—Standing crops are in good condition in all parts of the District, except in certain localities of the Hosdurga Taluk where the crops are attacked by insects. Ragi is being thrashed in the Davangere Taluk. Prospects improved to a great extent. Public health is improving. Prices stationary.

Coorg.—No change since last report.

By Order,

W. J. CUNNINGHAM,
Offg. Secretary.

Prices Current of Food Grains in the Provinces of Mysore and Coorg during the Fortnight ending 31st December 1878.

QUANTITY PER RUPEE BY THE STANDARD SEERS OF 80 TOLAS, *vide* GOVERNMENT OF INDIA NO. 1—21, DATED 10TH FEBRUARY 1874.

Fortnight ending 31st December 1878. No.	Districts.	Shops.	Wheat.			Barley.			Rice, best sort.			Rice, common.			Great Millet, (Jola, Jawari) *Holcus Sorghum.*			Bulrush Millet, (Kambu, Bajra) *Penicillaria Spicata.*			Lesser Millets, Ragi, &c., (Kavaru, Varagu, Save, China, Koralu, Marwa, Nagli, &c.) *Panicum Miliaceum, Eleusine, Coracana, &c.*			Gram.			Firewood.			Salt.			Remarks.
			Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	
1	Bangalore.	Wholesale.	...	...	10·5	7·7	8·	12·	8·2	8·2	6·7	9·5	9·5	7·7	...	8·5	10·7	...	...	...	21·	19·5	10·	13·	13·5	8·7	...	...	...	11·2	11·2	13·5	
		Retail.	...	...	10·	7·5	7·7	11·5	8·	8·	6·5	9·2	9·	7·5	..	8·2	10·2	...	...	...	19·5	18·7	9·5	12·7	13·2	8·2	84·	84·	72·	11·	11·	13·2	
2	Kolar. ...	Wholesale.	8·4	8·4	9·1	...	...	...	11·5	11·8	8·6	13·2	12·7	8·6	21·3	1·3	9·7	24·2	23·3	12·2	22·9	22·9	9·5	17·3	17·3	6·9	....	...	...	12·4	12·4	14·6	
		Retail.	8·1	8·1	8·9	...	...	...	11·2	11·5	8·3	13·	12·4	8·4	21·2	1·2	9·5	24·	23·1	12·	22·6	22·6	9·2	17·1	17·1	6·8	172·4	172·4	172·4	12·1	12·1	14·3	
3	Túmkúr ...	Wholesale.	7·5	8·	11·	5·2	5 5	6·	10·5	10·	7·	11·5	11·	7·2	16·5	7·	9·5	...	...	...	19·7	20·	8·2	13·5	11·5	9·	140·	140·	140·	10·	10·	11·	
		Retail.	7.	7·5	1·0	4·7	5·2	5·5	10·	9·5	6·5	11·	10·5	7·	16·	6·5	9·	...	...	...	19·	19·2	7 7	13·	10·5	8·	130·	130·	130·	9·5	9·5	10·	
4	Mysore ...	Wholesale.	7·2	5·1	5·4	...	...	...	10·5	7·7	4·4	11·2	9·1	5·4	20·4	1·2	8·7	20.4	...	...	19·2	18·2	8·5	20·4	15·2	8·7	81·	81·	75·	8·3	8·1	8·5	
		Retail.	7·1	5.	5·2	...	...	...	10·4	7·6	4·3	11.	9·	5·2	20·	1·	8·5	20·	...	...	19·	18·	8·3	20·	15·	8·5	78·	78·	72·	8·2	8·	8 3	
5	Hassan ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail.	7·	5·5	6·2	7·5	6·5	6·7	10·5	9·	6·2	11·	11·	6·7	...	...	7·7	...	...	...	19·	15·	7·7	17·	11·	10·	126·	126·	130·	8·	8·	8·5	
6	Shimoga ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail	5·2	5·2	3·5	6·2	6·2	4·5	8 5	7·5	...	12.2	9·5	6·5	21·	...	12·5	...	...	...	21·	20·5	11·2	11·7	14·2	6·2	480·	480·	480·	7·7	8·5	8 5	
7	Kadur ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail.	11·	11·	7·	...	...	...	12·	10·	8·5	15·	14·	10·	...	...	9·	...	...	...	20·	16·	11.5	16·	12·	10·	60·	60·	60·	9·	9·	10·	
8	Chitaldroog.	Wholesale.	6·5	6·	7·	7·	7·	...	9·	7·7	5·5	11·5	9·2	6·2	23·2	23·	14·	22·	23·	14·	24·2	23·	17·	13·2	13·2	6·	100·	100·	100·	8 5	8·	8·	
		Retail.	6·	5·5	6·	6·5	6·	...	8·7	7·	5·5	11.	8·	6·	21·7	19·	13·	19.2	20.	13·	22·7	20·	14·	12·	12·	6·	100·	100·	100·	8·	7·5	8·	
	Average ...	Wholesale.	7·4	6·9	8·6	6·6	6·8	9·	9·9	9·1	6·4	11·4	10·3	7·	20·3	19·6	10·5	22·2	23·1	13·1	21·4	20·7	10·6	15·5	14·1	7·9	107·	107·	105·	10·1	9 9	11·1	
		Retail.	7·3	6·8	7·1	6·5	6·3	7·	9·9	8·8	6·5	11·7	10·4	7·2	20·	19·1	9·9	21·1	21·5	12·5	20 3	18·7	9·9	14·9	13·1	8·	153·8	153·8	152·	9·2	9·2	10 1	
	Coorg ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail.	6·	5·9	6·2	5·2	5·9	5·3	7·6	7·6	5·9	11·4	10·9	7·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	19·8	18 9	10·2	14·3	13·9	7·8	110·	110·	110·	7·7	7·5	8·6	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
BANGALORE, 13*th January* 1879.

NOTE.—The half yearly "Average Wage Return" will follow.

By Order,
T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

PROVINCE OF MYSORE.

Rain-fall and Season Report for the month of November 1878.

Districts.	Total Rain-fall in all the Talukas of the District.				Particulars of supply of water by rain to tanks.				Kandayam Lands newly taken up for cultivation and for which Razinamas have been tendered.								Seeds sown in November 1878.	State of Crops in November 1878.	Crops harvested in November 1878.
					No. of tanks supplied with water.		No. of tanks not supplied with water.		Kandayam of lands newly taken up for cultivation.				Kandayam of lands for which Razinamas have been tendered.						
	In November 1877.		In November 1878.		In November 1877.	In November 1878.	In November 1877.	In November 1878.	In November 1877.			In November 1878.			In November 1877.	In November 1878.			
	I.	C.	I.	C.	No.	No.	No.	No.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	P.			
angalore...	3	53	1	74	625	30	1,124⅞	1,719⅞	1,200	1	10	732	13	5	0	0 0	6	0	Vaisak paddy.	Generally in good condition.	Ragi, paddy, samé, sajje and gram.
olar ..	5	44		30	0	0	3,366¾	3,366¾	2,965	11	0	1,584	6	7	0	0 0	0	0	Vaisak paddy.	Good.	Paddy, samé and harka.
úmkúr ..	3	48	1	11	0	1,114⅝	1,340⅝	226	4,196	0	6	2,051	3	11	0	0 0	0	0	Paddy and javari.	Good.	Ragi, harka, navane, samé, castor seed, baragu, paddy, korle and chillies.
lysore ...	17	24½	4	94	2	739	1,226	489	390	13	9	375	12	1	0	0 0	0	0	In Gundlupet, cotton ballar and Bengal-gram. „ Malvalli, Bengal-gram, and coriander.	Good.	Green gram, alasandi, samé, ragi, black-gram, harka, castor seeds, and paddy.
lassan ...	7	36	3	25	2,944½	2,931½	1,528	1,541	954	11	1	173	0	1	0	0 0	0	0	Bengal-gram in Attikappi, Channarayapatna and Narsipur. Paddy coriander and Bengal-gram in Harnhalli.	Generally in good condition.	Ragi, paddy, coffee, castor seeds, navane, baragu, horse-gram, and chillies.
himoga ...	10	40	3	30½	0	1,187	4,868	3,681	573	6	9	140	10	0	0	0 0	0	0	In Shimoga and Channagiri Bengal-gram. „ Honnali, Bengal-gram, wheat and javari, „ Shikarpur, Bengal and green-gram.	All crops good. Arecanut suffers from Koleroga.	Paddy, ragi, green-gram, javari, arecanut and cardamoms.
dur ...	10	80	2	27	0	408	3,080	2,672	1,133	7	10	500	1	6	0	0 0	0	0	Bengal-gram in Tarikere and Banavar. Wheat, Bengal and horse-gram and paddy in Chikmagalur.	Paddy, Horse-gram, castor-seeds, sesamum, sugar-cane, ragi, ballar, tuvar, chillies and coffee, good. Arecanut suffers from Koleroga.	Ragi, javari, baragu, paddy, samé, wheat, black-gram chillies, harka, sesamums, 1st and 2nd sort, and coffee.
	9	10½	7	13	1	355	997	644	524	0	0	2,240	12	0	0	0 0	0	0	In Chitaldroog, Bengal-gram. „ Davangere, Bengal-gram and white javari. „ Pavagada, javari and paddy.	Generally good.	Ragi, javari, paddy, navane, samé and horse-gram.
	28	4½	3,572½	6,765⅕	17,531¼	14,339⅜	11,938	4	9	7,798	11	7	0	0 0	6	8 0					

uary 1879.

By Order,
W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Offg. Secretary.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore.—1879.

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SUPPLEMENT TO THE 251

MYSORE GAZETTE.

No. 5 Published by Authority. of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1879.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Abstract of Season or Intermediate Reports for the Week ending 25th January 1879.

Bangalore District.—Rain-fall 28 cents in Bangalore. Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects good. Fever and ague are prevalent in many places. Prices falling.

Kolar District.—State of the crops and prospects good. Fever is still prevalent. Prices falling.

Túmkúr District.—State of the crops and prospects good. Fever is still prevalent. Prices have a downward tendency.

Mysore District.—Rain-fall 22 cents in Mysore. Standing crops are thriving. Prospects good. Public health generally good. Prices stationary.

Hassan District.—No change.

Shimoga District.—Standing crops are reported to be in good condition. Sugar-cane, oil seed and Bengal-gram are being harvested. Vaisak paddy is being sown. Prospects good. Fever is prevalent. Prices falling.

Kadur District.—State of the crops and prospects good. Fever and ague are prevalent. Prices falling.

Chitaldroog District.—Standing crops are in healthy condition. Prospects good. Public health is good. Prices have risen a little.

Coorg.—Harvesting rice crop has been completed. Thrashing has commenced. Picking coffee continues. Fever is prevalent.

By Order,

W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Offg. Secretary.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore—1879.

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SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

No. 6 of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1879.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Abstract of Season or Intermediate Reports for the Week ending 1st *February* 1879.

Bangalore District.—Crops are in good condition. Prospects good. Fever and ague are prevalent in many places. Prices stationary.

Kolar District.—No change.

Túmkúr District.—No change.

Mysore District.—Standing crops are thriving. Prospects good. Public health is good. Prices falling.

Hassan District.—No change.

Shimoga District.—No change.

Kadur District.—Standing crops are in good condition. The cutting of sugar-cane continues. Prospects good. Fever and ague are prevalent. Prices stationary.

Chitaldroog District.—The crops are healthy. Ragi is being thrashed in many parts of the District. Prospects good. Public health is good. The exportation of grain is on the increase. Prices stationary.

Coorg.—No change.

By Order,

W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Offg. Secretary.

Prices Current of Food Grains in the Provinces of Mysore and Coorg during the Fortnight ending 15th January 1879.

Fortnight ending 15th January 1879.

No.	Districts.	Shops.	Quantity per Rupee by the Standard Seers of 80 Tolas, *vide* Government of India No. 1—21, dated 10th February 1874.																													Remarks.
			Wheat.			Barley.			Rice, best sort.			Rice, common.			Great Millet, (jola, javar) *Holcus Sorghum.*			Bulrush Millet, (kambu, bajra) *Penicillaria Spicata.*			Lesser Millets, Ragi, &c., (kavaru, varagu, save, china, koralu, marwa, nagli, &c.) *Panicum Miliaceum, Eleusine, Coracana, &c.*			Gram.			Firewood.			Salt.			
			Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1877.	
1	Bangalore.	Wholesale.	...	...	10·2	8·	7·7	11·5	8·2	8·2	6·5	10·5	9·5	7·5	17·	..	...	...	...	...	21·	21·	10·5	15 5	13·	9·7	...	...	...	11·2	11·2	12·5	
		Retail.	...	...	9·7	7·7	7·5	11·	8·	8·	6·2	10·2	9·2	7·2	16·7	...	...	...	...	...	20·2	19·5	9·7	15·2	12·7	9·2	84·	84·	72·	11·	11·	12·	
2	Kolar. ...	Wholesale.	8·4	8·4	9·4	...	...	...	11·	11·5	8·3	13·8	13·2	8·2	25·6	21·3	9·7	24·3	24·2	12·2	25 1	22·9	9·5	18·5	17·3	10·	...	...	...	12·4	12·4	11·3	
		Retail.	8·1	8·1	9·1	...	...	...	10·7	11·2	8·	13·3	13·	8·1	25·3	21·2	9·5	24·	24·	12·	24·3	22·6	9·2	18·3	17·1	9·7	172·4	172·4	172·4	12·	12·1	11·	
3	Túmkúr ...	Wholesale.	7·5	7·5	10·5	5·2	5 2	6·	11·5	10·5	6·5	13·	11·5	6·7	16·5	16·5	9·5	...	...	...	21·	19·7	10·2	20·	13·5	9·5	140·	140·	140·	10·5	10·	9·5	
		Retail.	7·	7·	10·	5·	4·7	5·5	11·	10·	6·	12·5	11·	6·5	16·	16·	9·	...	...	...	20·2	19·	9·5	19·	13·	9·	130·	130·	130·	10·	9·5	9·	
4	Mysore ...	Wholesale.	7·2	7·2	6·	...	...	...	10·5	10·5	6·5	11·1	11·2	6·7	20·4	20·4	9·6	20·4	20·4	...	18·2	19·2	10·	20·4	20·4	11·4	81·	81·	75·	8·2	8·3	8·7	
		Retail.	7·1	7·1	5·6	...	...	...	10·4	10·4	6·3	11·	11·	6·5	20·	20·	9·4	20·	20·	...	18·	19·	9·6	20·	20·	11·	78·	78·	72·	8·	8·2	8·5	
5	Hassan ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail.	6·2	7·	6·	7·7	7·5	6·7	11·5	10·5	6·5	12·5	11·	6·7	...	...	6·7	...	...	...	19·7	19·	8·	19·7	17·	10·	128·	126·	129·	7·7	8·	8·5	
6	Shimoga	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail	5·2	5·2	3·7	6·2	6·2	4·7	8·5	8·5	5·2	13·2	12·2	8·5	21·	21·	13·7	...	...	...	21·	21·	13·5	15·2	11·7	11·2	480·	480·	480·	8·5	7·7	8·5	
7	Kadur ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail.	11·	11·	7·	...	...	...	13·	12·	8·	16·	15·	9·	...	...	...	...	...	...	20·	20·	10·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8	Chitaldroog.	Wholesale.	6·5	6·5	7·	7·	7·	...	10·	9·	5·5	11·	11·5	6·2	23·2	14·	30·	22·	14·	27·5	24·2	17·	17·	13·2	6·	100·	100·	100·	10·	8·5	8·	
		Retail.	6·	6·	7·	6·5	6·5	...	8·7	8·7	5·5	10·2	11·	6·	21·7	13·	26·7	19·2	13·	27·	22·7	15·	14·7	12·	6·	100·	100·	100·	8·2	8·	8·	
	Average ...	Wholesale.	7·4	7·4	8·6	6·7	6·6	8·7	10·2	9·9	6·7	11·9	11·4	7·1	20·3	10·7	24·9	22·2	13·1	22·6	21·4	11·4	15·3	15·5	9·3	107·	107·	105·	10·5	10·1	10·	
		Retail.	7·2	7·3	7·3	6·6	6·5	7·	10·2	9·9	6·5	12·4	11·7	7·3	20 ·	10·2	23·6	21·1	12·5	21·4	20·3	10·6	17·3	14·9	9·5	154·	153·8	151·9	9·2	9·2	9·4	
	Coorg ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail.	6·1	6·	6·1	5·3	5·2	5·3	8·2	7·6	7·2	12·5	11·4	9·1	...	...	...	...	...	...	19·7	19·8	10·7	16·2	14·3	11·3	110·	110·	110·	7·8	7·7	8·4	

Mysore Chief Commissioner's Office,
Bangalore, 29*th January* 1879.

By Order,
W. J. Cuningham,
Offg. Secretary.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore—1879.

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SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE

No. 7 Published by Authority. of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1879.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Abstract of Season or Intermediate Reports for the Week ending 8th February 1879.

Bangalore District.—Vaisak paddy and other remaining crops are in good condition. Prospects good. Fever and ague are prevalent in many places. Prices have risen a little.

Kolar District.—State of the crops and prospects good. Fever is still prevalent. Prices stationary.

Túmkúr District.—State of the crops and prospects good. Fever is still prevalent. Prices falling.

Mysore District.—Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects good. Public health is generally good. Prices stationary.

Hassan District.—Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects good. Fever and dysentery are prevalent in Hassan, Harnhalli and Narsipur Taluks. Prices stationary.

Shimoga District.—Sugar-cane, ballar, Bengal-gram, dal, &c., are being harvested. Vaisak paddy doing well. Prospects good. Fever is prevalent. Prices rising.

Kadúr District.—Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects good. Public health is good. Prices stationary.

Chitaldroog District.—White javari, chenna, wheat, togari and cotton crops are healthy in all parts. Prospects improved. Fever is prevalent in parts of the Davangere, Budihal, Hiriyur, Hosdurga and Chitaldroog Taluks. Prices falling.

Coorg.—Thrashing of rice crops and picking coffee continue. Fever is still prevalent.

By Order,

W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Offg. Secretary.

PROVINCE OF MYSORE.

Rain-fall and Season Report for the month of December 1878.

Districts.	Total Rain-fall in all the Talukas of the District.				Particulars of supply of water by rain to tanks.				Kandayam Lands newly taken up for cultivation and for which Razinamas have been tendered.						Seeds sown in December 1878.	State of Crops in December 1878.	Crops harvested in December 1878.
					No. of tanks supplied with water.		No. of tanks not supplied with water.		Kandayam of lands newly taken up for cultivation.				Kandayam of lands for which Razinamas have been tendered.				
	In December 1877.		In December 1878.		In December 1877.	In December 1878.	In December 1877.	In December 1878.	In December 1877.		In December 1878.		In December 1877.	In December 1878.			
	I.	C.	I.	C.	No.	No.	No.	No.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			
1 Bangalore...	...	95	1	28	0	0	1,749 7/8	1,749 7/8	1,666	6 1	781	12 11	0 0 0	0 0 0	Vaisak paddy and sugar-cane.	In good condition.	Samé, harka, ragi and paddy.
2 Kolar ..	...	...	1	19	0	0	3,366 3/4	3,366 3/4	2,378	2 8	1,220	13 7	0 0 0	0 0 0	Paddy, coriander, onions and garlic.	Do	Paddy, horse-gram, sessamum, harka, ragi, samé, sajje, sugar-cane and tuvar.
3 Túmkúr ..	2	14	1	16	0	0	1,340 5/8	1,340 5/8	1,876	13 3	368	10 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	Paddy, coriander, Bengal-gram, and wheat.	Thriving.	Ragi, harka, navane, castor-oil seeds, paddy, horse-gram, and sessamum.
4 Mysore ...	6	76	...	14	2	736	1,226	492	362	4 7	150	10 11	0 0 0	0 0 0	Nil.	Ballar, horse-gram, tuvar, &c, good.	Paddy, castor seed, sugar-cane, green-gram, black-gram, tadagani and harka.
5 Hassan ...	1	17	...	90	2,944 1/2	2,931 1/2	1,528	1,541	348	5 4	79	12 4	0 0 0	0 0 0	Nil.	Ballar, castor-seed plants, chillies, tuvar, paddy, sugar-cane, coffee, Bengal-gram, good.	Castor seeds, paddy, horse-gram, ballar, gingelly and sessamum.
6 Shimoga ...	9	32	...	30	0	0	4,868	4,868	146	0 0	877	12 0	0 0 0	147 0 0	In Channagiri, Bengal-gram. „ Sorab, Bengal, green and Black-gram.	In Channagiri, Shikarpur, Sorab, Ságar and Nagar, good.	Sugar-cane, horse-gram, navane, arecanut, paddy, Bengal-gram, oil seeds, and ragi.
7 Kadur ...	9	67	1	34	0	0	3,239	3,080	2,486	14 2	156	3 5	0 0 0	0 0 0	Bengal-gram in Chikmagalur and Banavar. Wheat, and coriander in Chikmagalur.	Generally good.	Ragi, javari, samé, navane, paddy, baragu, horse-gram, chillies, coffee, and arecanut.
8 Chitaldroog.	10	57 1/2	...	10	11	0	987	999	657	8 0	211	8 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	In Dodéri and Budihal, paddy. „ Dodéri and Pavagada, javari. „ Dodéri, wheat and Bengal-gram.	In good condition.	Ragi, paddy, samé, navane, castor seeds, and horse-gram.
Total.....	40	58 1/2	6	41	2,957 1/2	3,667 1/2	18,305 1/4	17,437 1/4	9,922	6 1	3,787	3 11	0 0 0	147 0 0			

Dated 10th February 1879.

By Order,
W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Offg. Secretary.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore, 1879.

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SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE

No. 8 Published by Authority. of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1879.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Abstract of Season or Intermediate Reports for the Week ending 15th February 1879.

Bangalore District.—Crops are in good condition. Prospects good. Fever and ague are prevalent in many places. Prices rising.

Kolar District.—No change in prospects of season and state of the crops. Health good, though fever still prevalent.

Tumkúr District.—State of the crops and prospects good. Public health is good. Prices falling.

Mysore District.—Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects good. Fever is still prevalent. Prices stationary.

Hassan District.—Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects good. Cold and fever prevailed in parts of Narsipur, Attikuppa, Harnhalli and Arkalgúd Taluks. Prices stationary.

Shimoga District.—Ballar, dal, sugar-cane, horse-gram, &c., are being harvested. Vaisak paddy doing well. Prospects good. Fever is prevalent. Prices rising.

Kadur District.—No change.

Chitaldroog District.—Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects good. Fever is prevalent in many parts of the District. Prices stationary.

Coorg.—No change.

By Order,

W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Offg. Secretary.

Prices Current of Food Grains in the Provinces of Mysore and Coorg during the Fortnight ending 31*st January* 1879.

Fortnight ending 31st January 1879. No.	Districts.	Shops.	Quantity per rupee by the standard seers of 80 tolas, *vide* Government of India No. 1—21, dated 10th February 1874.																										Remarks.
			Wheat.			Barley.			Rice, best sort.			Rice, common.			Great Millet, (jola, javar) *Holcus Sorghum*.			Bulrush Millet, (kambu, bajra) *Penicillaria Spicata*.			Lesser Millets, Ragi, &c., (kavaru, varagu, save, china, koralu, marwa, nagli, &c.) *Panicum Miliaceum, Eleusine, Coracana, &c.*			Gram.			Firewood.			Salt.			
			Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	
1	Bangalore.	Wholesale.	...	...	9·2	7·7	8·	11·	8·5	8·2	6·5	11·	10·5	7·2	17·	17·	...	...	...	...	21·5	21·	10·7	17·5	15·5	11·2	...	...	...	11·2	11·2	11·2	
		Retail.	...	...	8·7	7·5	7·7	10·5	8·2	8·	6·2	10·7	10.2	7·	16·5	16·7	...	...	...	...	20·7	20·2	10·2	17·	15·2	10·7	84·	84·	72·	11·	11·	10·7	
2	Kolar. ...	Wholesale.	8·4	8·4	9·4	...	...	...	11·8	11·	8·3	14·1	13·8	8·1	...	25·6	10·2	24·3	24·3	11·3	25·1	25·1	9·7	23·1	18 5	10·5	...	...	...	12·4	12·4	11·3	
		Retail.	8·1	8·1	9·1	...	...	...	11·3	10·7	8·	13·8	13·3	7·8	...	25·3	10·	24·	24·	11·1	24·8	24·8	9·5	22·8	18·3	10·2	172·4	172·4	172·4	12·1	12·	11·	
3	Túmkúr ...	Wholesale.	7·5	7·5	10·	5·5	5 2	5·5	12·2	11·5	6·5	13·5	13·	7·5	17·5	16·5	9·5	...	...	..	24·5	21·	10·	22·	20·	11·	140·	140·	140·	11·	10·5	8·5	
		Retail.	7·	7·	9·5	5·2	5·	5·	11·7	11·	6·	13·	12·5	7·	17·	16·	9·	...	...	...	23·5	20·2	9·5	21·	19·	10 5	130·	130·	130·	10·5	10·	8·	
4	Mysore ...	Wholesale.	6·4	7·2	4·4	...	...	...	10·6	10·5	6·4	11·4	11·1	7·2	22·4	20·4	9·6	...	20·4	...	22·4	18·2	9·2	21·4	20·4	11·3	81·	81·	75·	9·	8·2	7·5	
		Retail.	6·2	7·1	4·2	...	...	...	10·4	10·4	6·2	11·2	11·	7·	22·	20·	9·4	..	20·	...	22·	18·	9·	21·	20·	11·	78·	78·	72·	8·6	8·	7·3	
5	Hassan ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10·5	125·	128·	136·	10·	7·7	7·2	
		Retail.	8·	6·2	7·2	9·5	7 7	7·7	11·5	11·5	7·2	12·5	12·5	8·5	...	...	10·	...	...	...	20·	19·7	8·5	20·	19·7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	Shimoga ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12·7	480·	480·	480·	8·5	8·5	7 7	
		Retail	5·2	5·2	4·2	6·2	6·2	5·2	8·5	8·5	6·7	12·5	13·2	8·5	21·	21·	14·7	...	...	...	21·	21·	13·2	15·7	15·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	Kadur ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11·	60·	60·	60·	8·5	8.5	9·	
		Retail.	12·	11·	8·	...	...	...	12·	13·	8·	16·	16·	9·	...	...	...	...	...	...	20·	20·	10·	16·	16·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8	Chitaldroog.	Wholesale.	6·5	6·5	8·	7·	7·	...	9·5	10·	6·5	10·5	11·	7·	18·	23·	13·	22·	30·	14·	20·	27·5	12·	22·	17·	12·	100·	100·	100·	9·	10·	8·	
		Retail.	6·	6·	7·	6·5	6·5	...	9·2	8·7	6·	10·	10·2	6·5	17·5	22·	12·	21·	26·7	13·	19·7	27·	11·	21·	14·7	10·	100·	100·	100·	8·2	8·2	8·	
	Average ...	Wholesale.	7·2	7·4	8·2	6·7	6·7	8·2	10·5	10·2	6·8	12·1	11·9	7·4	18·7	20·5	10·6	23·1	24·9	12·6	22·7	22·6	10·3	21·2	18·3	11·2	107·	107·	105·	10·5	10·5	9·3	
		Retail.	7·5	7·2	7·2	7·	6·6	7·1	10·3	10·2	6·8	12·5	12·4	7·7	18·8	20·2	10·8	22·5	23·6	12·	21·5	21·4	10·1	19·3	17·3	10·3	153·7	154·	152·8	9·7	9·2	8·6	
	Coorg ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail.	6·1	6·1	6·1	5·4	5·3	5·7	8·5	8·2	7·9	12·7	12·5	9·5	...		...	...	...	...	20·2	19·7	10·8	20·2	16·2	12·8	110·	110·	110·	8·2	7·8	8·2	

Mysore Chief Commissioner's Office,
Bangalore, 14*th February* 1879.

By Order,
W. J. Cuningham,
Offg. Secretary.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore—1879.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE

No. 11 Published by Authority. of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, MARCH 15, 1879.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Abstract of Season or Intermediate Reports for the Week ending 1st *March* 1879.

Bangalore District.—Rain-fall 1 inch 42 cents. The crops are in good condition. The Amildar of Dodballapur reports that in a few places rats are destroying the young Vaisak paddy crops. Prospects on the whole good. Fever and ague are prevalent in several places. Prices stationary.

Kolar District.—State of the crops and prospects good. Fever is prevalent. Prices falling.

Tumkúr District.—Report not received.

Mysore District.—State of the crops, prospects and public health good. Prices falling.

Hassan District.—Rain-fall 30 cents. No change in prospects since last report. Prices falling.

Shimoga District.—Rain-fall 10 cents. Vaisak paddy is in a flourishing condition. Fever is prevalent. Prices stationary.

Kadur District.—Rain-fall 94 cents. No change. Prices falling.

Chitaldroog District.—The standing crops are in good condition. Fever and ague prevailed in some places. Prices falling.

Coorg.—Rain-fall 19 cents. No change.

Abstract of Season or Intermediate Reports for the Week ending 8*th March* 1879.

Bangalore District.—The crops are in good condition, but in some places in the Dodballapur and Anekal Taluks rats, it is said, are destroying the crops. Fever and ague are prevalent in some places. Prices stationary.

Kolar District.—State of the crops is reported to be satisfactory. Public health good. Prices stationary.

Túmkúr District.—Report not received.

Mysore District.—State of the crops and prospects good. Fever is prevalent. Prices stationary.

Hassan District.—Rain-fall 42 cents. No change in prospects. Prices falling.

Shimoga District.—Rain-fall 10 cents. Prospects good. Prices stationary. Malarial fever and cough are said to be prevalent.

Kadur District.—No change since last report.

Chitaldroog District.—Crops are in good condition except in certain parts of Dodéri, Davangere and Chitaldroog Taluks, where they have been partially destroyed by rats. In Hosdurga Taluk the paddy crops are attacked with disease. Fever prevailed in many parts of the District. Prices falling. In a later report, it is said that heavy showers of rain accompanied with hail-stones fell in certain villages of Dódéri Taluk; several trees were blown down and damage caused to crops and live-stock.

Coorg.—No change.

By Order,

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY.
For Offg.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore—1879.

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SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE

No. 12 Published by Authority. of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, MARCH 22, 1879.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Abstract of Season or Intermediate Reports for the Week ending 15*th March* 1879.

Bangalore District.—Crops in good condition. Fever and ague are prevalent in some places. Prices falling.

Kolar District.—No change during the week. Public health good. Prices stationary.

Tumkur District.—State of crops and public health good. Prices falling.

Mysore District.—State of crops good. Fever is prevalent. Prices rising.

Hassan District.—Vaisak paddy has been transplanted in the Hassan Taluk, and is doing tolerably well. Mentya and castor oil crops are in good condition in the Taluks of Arkalgúd and Narsipur. Ague continued to prevail in the Taluks of Attikuppa, Arkalgúd, Harnhalli and Narsipur. Prices stationary.

Shimoga District.—Sugar-cane, oil seed and horse-gram are being harvested. Vaisak paddy is reported to be in good condition. Malarial fever and coughs are prevalent. Prices stationary.

Kadur District.—No change since last report. Prices stationary.

Chitaldroog District.—In some parts, javari, chenna, togari and wheat crops were harvested. The remaining crops are reported on to be healthy. Health of the population was bad, fever being prevalent in many parts of the District. Prices stationary.

Coorg.—Prospects good. Health improving.

By Order,

T. R. A. Thumboo Chetty,
For Offg. Secretary.

Prices Current of Food Grains in the Provinces of Mysore and Coorg during the Fortnight ending 15th February 1879.

Fortnight No.	Districts.	Shops.	Quantity per Rupee by the Standard Seers of 80 Tolas, *vide* Government of India No. 1—21, dated 10th February 1874.																											Remarks.
			Wheat.			Barley.			Rice, best sort.			Rice, common.			Great Millet, (Jola, Javar) *Holcus Sorghum.*			Bulrush Millet, (Kambu, Bajra) *Penicillaria Spicata.*			Lesser Millets, Ragi, &c., (Kavaru, Varagu, Save, China, Koralu, Marwa, Nagli, &c.) *Panicum Miliaceum, Eleusine, Coracana, &c.*			Gram.			Firewood.			Salt.			
			Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	
1	Bangalore.	Wholesale.	...	...	8·5	7·7	7·7	10·2	8·7	8·5	6·5	10·5	11·	7·2	...	17·	11·2	...	...	...	21·2	21·5	11·	19·2	17·5	10·2	...	...	...	11·5	11·2	10·7	
		Retail.	...	...	8·2	7·5	7·5	10·	8·5	8·2	6·2	10·2	10·7	7·	...	16·5	10·7	...	...	...	20·7	20·7	10·5	19·	17·	10·	84·	84·	72·	11·2	11·	10·5	
2	Kolar. ...	Wholesale.	8·4	8·4	9·4	...	...	...	11·8	11·8	7·8	14·1	14·1	7·8	...	...	9·7	24·3	24·3	11·3	24·	25·1	9·5	26·6	23·1	12·3	...	...	...	12·4	12·4	11·3	
		Retail.	8·1	8·1	9· 1	...	...	...	11·3	11·3	7·5	13·8	13·8	7·5	...	...	9·5	24·	24·	11·1	23·7	24·8	9·3	26·3	22·8	12·	172·4	172·4	172·4	12·1	12·1	11·	
3	Túmkúr ...	Wholesale.	7·5	7·5	9·	5·5	5·5	...	11·5	12·2	6·5	13·	13·5	7·	17·5	17·5	...	...	...	...	25·	24·5	9·5	22·	22·	10·5	140·	140·	140·	10·5	11·	9·	
		Retail.	7·	7·	8·5	5·2	5·2	...	11·	11·7	6·	12·5	13·	6·7	17·	17·	...	...	...	...	24·2	23·5	9·	21·	21·	10·	130·	130·	130·	10·	10·5	8·5	
4	Mysore ...	Wholesale.	7·2	6·4	3·3	...	...	...	11·2	10·6	6·7	11·6	11·4	7·7	25·4	22·4	10·	...	..	...	24·2	22·4	9·4	21·	21·4	12·5	81·	81·	78·	8·2	9·	7·7	
		Retail.	7·	6·2	3·1	...	...	...	11·	10·4	6·5	11·4	11·2	7·5	24·4	22·	9·6	...	...	...	23·6	22·	9·2	20·	21·	12·1	78·	78·	75·	8·	8·6	7·3	
5	Hassan ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail.	7·2	8·	6·	8·5	9·5	7·2	11·5	11·5	7·	13·	12·5	7·5	...	...	10·	...	...	...	21·	20·	8·5	20·	20·	11·5	130	125·	130·	9·	10·	7·2	
6	Shimoga ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail	6·2	5·2	4·2	8·5	6·2	5·2	8·5	8·5	5·2	12·5	12·5	8·5	21·	21·	13·7	...	...	...	24·7	21·	13·7	16·2	15·7	13·7	480·	480·	480·	8·5	8·5	7·5	
7	Kadur ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail.	12·	12·	8·	...	...	...	14·	12·	8·5	18·	16·	9·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	22·	20·	10·	16·	16·	11·	60·	60·	60·	9·	8·5	10·	
8	Chitaldroog.	Wholesale.	6·5	6·5	8·	7·	7·	...	9·5	9·5	6·5	10·7	10·5	7·5	17·5	18·	14·	20·5	22·	14·	20·	20·	11·	18·	22·	14·	100·	100·	100·	8·	9·	8·	
		Retail.	6·	6·	7·	6·5	6·5	...	9·	9·2	6·	10·	10·	7·	17·	17·5	12·	20·	21·	12·	19·5	19·7	10·	18·	21·	12·	100·	100·	100·	8·	8·2	8·	
	Average ...	Wholesale.	7·4	7·2	7·6	6·7	6·7	10·2	10·5	10·5	6·8	12·	12·1	7·4	20·1	18·7	11·2	22·4	23·1	12·6	22·9	22·7	10·1	21·4	21·2	11·9	107·	107·	103·	10·1	10·5	9·3	
		Retail.	7 6	7·5	6·8	7·2	7·	7·5	10·6	10·3	6·6	12·7	12·5	7·6	19·8	18·8	10·9	22·	22·5	11·5	22·4	21·5	10·	19·6	19·3	11·5	154·3	153·7	152·4	9·5	9·7	8 7	
	Coorg ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail.	5·7	6·1	5·5	5·3	5·4	5·5	8·8	8·5	7·6	13·4	12·7	9·3	...	...	...	...	...	...	20·7	20·2	10·8	20·5	20·2	11·7	110·	110·	110·	8·6	8·2	7·6	

15th February 1879.

Mysore Chief Commissioner's Office,
Bangalore, *7th March* 1879.

By Order,
T. R. A. Thumboo Chetty,
For Offg. Secretary.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore—1879.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

No. 12 Published by Authority. of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, MARCH 22, 1879.

Notifications by the Chief Commissioner of Mysore.

சீப்கமீஷனரால் கொடுக்கப்பட்ட இஸ்தியார்நாமா.

முனிசிபல்.

இஸ்தியார்நாமா.

1879ஆ பிப்ரவரிமீ 27உ.

நம். 287.

இதனால் சகல ஜனங்களுக்கும் தெரியப்படுத்துவது யாதெனில், பெங்களூர் கண்டோன்மென்ட் முனிசிபாலிடியின் 65 நெம்பருள்ள பைலாவுக்கு அடியிற்கண்டிருப்பதை சேர்க்கும்படி சீப்கமீஷனருடைய அங்கீகாரத்தைப்பெற்றபடியால் பிரசுரப்படுத்தப்பட்டிருக்கின்றன.

பெங்களூரைச்சார்ந்த தண்டில் பண்டிகைகளுக்காவது சடங்குகளுக்காவது பகிரங்கமான இடங்களிலாவது பாதைகளிலாவது 5 சதுர அடிகளுக்கு மேலான கொஞ்சகாலத்திற்குறிய பந்தலை போடுகிற யாதாமொருவர் ஒரு ரூபாய் லைசன்ஸ் பீ கொடுக்கவேண்டும். அதுவுமல்லாமல் மேற்கண்டதுடன் செயர்க்கப்படுகிற ஒவ்வொரு 5 சதுர அடிகளுக்கும் ஒவ்வொரு ரூபாய் கொடுக்கவேண்டும். அப்படி 5 சதுர அடிகளுக்கு குறைவுபட்டிருக்கிற யெல்லா பந்தல்களும் இந்த சகாய சட்டத்திற்கு தவிர்க்கப்பட்டிருக்கின்றன. முனிசிபல் அத்துக்குள் யெந்த இடத்திலாவது 5 சதுர அடிகளுக்கு மேலான பரப்புள்ள இடத்தை மூடிக்கொள்ளும்படியான கொஞ்சகாலத்திற்கிருக்கும்படியான பந்தலை போட்டுக்கொள்ளுவதற்கு கொடுக்கும்படியான விண்ணப்பங்கள் ஒவ்வொருதடவையும் பந்தலை போடுகிற இடத்தையும் பருமானத்தையும் பந்தலின் ஒழுங்கையும் காண்பிக்கிற ஒரு பிளானுடன் வரவேண்டும். இந்த பைலாவை மீரி நடப்பவர்கள் மாஜிஸ்டிரேட்டின் முன் குற்றஞ் சாட்டப்பட்டு 20 ரூபாயிக்கு மேற்படாத அபராதத்திற்கு உட்படுத்தப்படுவார்கள்.

By Order;
T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
For Offg.

اعلان

اشتہار مرقومۃ الذیل جناب ڈاکٹر جے یچ آر صاحب بہادر پریسیڈنٹ بنگلور اور کنٹونمنٹ میونسپل کمیشن کی آفیس سے کارخانۂ قاسم الاخبار مین بغرض اندراج اخبار آیا سو واسطے اطلاع خاص و عام کے درج اخبار کیا جاتا ہے

اشتہار

مورخہ ۲۰ فروری ۷۹ء

اس اشتہار سے خاص و عام کو یہ اطلاع دیجاتی ہے کہ بی لا نمبر ۶۵ بنگلور کنٹونمنٹ میونسپالٹی حسب منظوری جناب چیف کمشنر صاحب بہادر مرقومۃ الذیل اضافہ کیا گیا

نمبر ۶۵ - وہ شخص جو پبلک روڈون سے کہتی ایک پبلک روڈ پر جو لشکرگاہ بنگلور مین واقع ہین تیوہارون یا دوسرے جلسون کے باعث ایسا عارضی منڈہا طیار کرے جس سے مربع ۵ فٹ زمین مقید ہو جاوی یک روپیہ بطور لینس فیس دینا ہوگا اسی بدستور ہر یک ۵ مربع فٹ کے لئے ایک روپیہ زاید فیس لیجاویگی ان تمامی منڈہون سے جنکی وسعت ۵ مربع فٹ سے کم ہو فیس نہین لیجاویگی اسی طرح عارضی منڈہے حدود میونسپل مین تعمیر کرنیکی درخواستون کے ساتھ جنکی وسعت ۵ سکوٹر فٹ سے زیادہ ہو ہر ایک درخواست کے ہمراہ ایک نقشہ روانہ کرنا ہوگا جس سے مقام اور دوسرے مقدمات معلوم ہوویں - اس بے لا کے مخالف کو میجسٹریٹ صاحب تقصیر مند تصور کیئے بعد ایسا جریمانہ ڈالینگے جو بیس روپیون سے زیادہ نہو - فقط

دستخط

جے یچ آر

پریسیڈنٹ

بنگلور ٹون اور کنٹونمنٹ

"By Order,"

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,

For Offg. Secretary.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore,—1879.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE

No. 13 Published by Authority. of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, MARCH 29, 1879.

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OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Abstract of Season or Intermediate Reports for the Week ending 22nd March 1879.

Bangalore District.—Rain-fall gauged in Cantonment 3 inches 15 cents. Crops in good condition. Fever and ague prevalent in some places. Price of ragi has fallen.

Kolar District.—One inch 54 cents rain at head-quarters. Damage has been caused by rats to the standing Vaisak paddy crops in some parts of the District. Prospects on the whole good.

Túmkúr District.—Three cents rain. State of crops and public health good. Prices falling.

Mysore District.—Seventy-five cents rain. Cotton and sugar-cane crops thriving. Health good. Prices almost stationary.

Hassan District.—Twelve cents rain. The Vaisak paddy crops in the Hassan Taluk and castor oil plants in the Arkalgúd, Harnhalli, and Narsipur Taluks are doing well. The price of rice has risen sliglitly, while that of ragi fell.

Shimoga District.—Vaisak paddy in good condition. Sugar-cane, oil-seed, Bengal-gram, &c., are being harvested. Prices stationary. Fever prevalent.

Kadur District.—Prices rising. Water supply fair. Cattle are doing well.

Chitaldroog District.—Crops in good condition except in parts of the Hosdurga and Budihal Taluks, where the paddy crop has been attacked with disease. The bili jola crop in the Dodéri Taluk damaged to the extent of ¼th by rats. Cotton and cocoanut crops suffered slightly. Prices rising.

Coorg.—Rain-fall 1 inch 80 cents. Agricultural prospects good. Fever prevalent.

By Order,

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
For Offg. Secretary.

PROVINCE OF MYSORE.

Rain-fall and Season Report for the month of January 1879.

	all nks ct.		Particulars of supply of water by rain to tanks.				Kandayam Lands newly taken up for cultivation and for which Razinamas have been tendered.										Seeds sown in January 1879.	State of Crops in January 1879.	Crops harvested in January 1879.
			No. of tanks supplied with water.		No. of tanks not supplied with water.		Kandayam of lands newly taken up for cultivation.				Kandayam of lands for which Razinamas have been tendered.								
	In Jan. 1878.	In January 1879.	In January 1878.	In January 1879.	In January 1878.	In January 1879.	In January 1878.			In January 1879.			In January 1878.			In January 1879.			
	I.	C.	I.	C.	No.	No.	No.	No.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.			
....	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,749 7/8	1,749 7/8	162	8	2	228	14	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	Vaisak paddy and sugar-cane.	In good condition.	Kártik paddy, sáme, hárka, sugar-cane, and horse-gram.
r ..	...	...	...	22	...	...	3,366 3/4	3,366 3/4	1,407	2	1	291	4	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	Vaisak paddy, sugar-cane, chillies and Bengal-gram.	Do	Horse-gram, sesamum, paddy, harka, tuvar, sugar-cane, and ballar.
akúr ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,340 5/8	1,340 5/8	3,483	2	3	1,335	14	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	Paddy and javari.	Do	Paddy, castor-oil seeds, horse-gram, sesamums, ballar and tuvar.
sore ...	...	...	1	37½	...	111	1,228	1,117	299	11	6	22	15	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	Nil.	Sugar-cane, castor-oil seeds, ballar, paddy and mulberry good.	Sugar-cane, in Ashtagram, ballar and tuvar in Mandya, paddy and castor seeds in Malvalli.
san ...	...	...	...	48	2,944½	2,931½	1,528	1,541	755	7	2	11	15	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	Kár-paddy in Hassan.	Kár-paddy, Bengal-gram, sugar-cane, castor-oil-seeds, &c, good.	Ballar, castor seeds, coffee, tuvar, horse-gram, and sesamums.
moga ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,868	4,868	27	12	0	81	8	0	0	0	0	9	8	0	Paddy in Channagiri and Nagar, sugar-cane in Shikarpur.	Generally good.	Sugar-cane in Shimoga, Channagiri, Shikarpur, Sorab and Nagar, Bengal-gram in Channagiri, arecanut in Sorab, Ságar, Nagar and Kavaledurga. Paddy in Ságar, Nagar, and Kavaledurga. Ragi in Nagar.
tur ...	...	...	...	48	...	...	3,080	3,080	670	4	10	111	15	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	Paddy in Chikmagalur.	Cotton, sugar-cane, javari, Bengal-gram, wheat, ballar and onions good.	Ragi, javari, paddy, Bengal-gram, ballar, horse-gram, and sugar-cane.
taldroog ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	999	999	226	8	0	74	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Paddy in some parts of Dodéri, Budihal, and Pavagada Taluks.	Bengal-gram, paddy, sugar-cane, and javari good.	Bengal-gram in Chitaldroog and Hankuppa. Castor-oil seeds in Dodéri, and Budihal. Ballar, tuvar in Budihal. Paddy in Hosdurga.
otal.....	...	...	2	55½	2,944½	3,042½	18,159¼	18,062¼	7,032	8	0	2,161	14	4	0	0	0	9	8	0			

Dated 22nd March 1879.

By Order,
T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
For Offg. Secretary.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore.—1879.

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SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

No. 13 Published by Authority. of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, MARCH 29, 1879.

Notifications by the Chief Commissioner of Mysore.

சீப்கமீஷனரால் கொடுக்கப்பட்ட இஸ்தியார்நாமா.

முனிசிபல்.

இஸ்தியார்நாமா.

நம். 287. 1879ஆவ பிப்ரவரிமீ 27உ.

இதனல் சகல ஜனங்களுக்கும் தெரியப்படுத்துவது யாதெனில், பெங்களூர் கண்டோன்மென்ட் முனிசிபாலிடியின் 65 நெம்பருள்ள பைலாவுக்கு அடியிற்கண்டிருப்பதை சேர்க்கும்படி சீப்கமீஷன்ருடைய அங்கிகாரத்தைப்பெறறபடியால் பிசுரப்படுத்தப்பட்டிருக்கின்றன.

பெங்களூரைச்சார்ந்த தண்டில் பண்டிகைகளுக்காவது சடங்குகளுக்காவது பகிரங்கமான இடங்களிலாவது பாதைகளிலாவது 5 சதுர அடிகளுக்கு மேலான கொஞ்சகாலத்திற்குறிய பந்தல் போடுகிற யாதாமொருவர் ஒரு ரூபாய் லைசன்ஸ் பீ கொடுக்கவேண்டும். அதுவுமல்லாமல் மேற்கண்டதுடன் செயர்க்கப்படுகிற ஒவ்வொரு 5 சதுர அடிகளுக்கும் ஒவ்வொரு ரூபாய் கொடுக்கவேண்டும். அப்படி 5 சதுர அடிகளுக்கு குறைவுப்பட்டிருக்கிற யெல்லா பந்தல்களும் இந்த சகாய சட்டத்திற்கு தவிர்க்கப்பட்டிருக்கின்றன. முனிசிபல் அத்துக்குள் யெந்த இடத்திலாவது 5 சதுர அடிகளுக்கு மேலான பரப்புள்ள இடத்தை மூடிக்கொள்ளும்படியான கொஞ்சகாலத்திற்கிருக்கும்படியான பந்தல் போட்டுக்கொள்ளுவதற்கு கொடுக்கும்படியான விண்ணப்பங்கள் ஒவ்வொருதடவையும் பந்தல் போடுகிற இடத்தையும் பருமானத்தையும் பந்தலின் ஓழுங்கையும் காண்பிக்கிற ஒரு பிளானுடன் வரவேண்டும். இந்த பைலாவை மீரி நடப்பவர்கள் மாஜிஸ்டிரேட்டின் முன் குற்றஞ் சாட்டப்பட்டு 20 ரூபாயிக்கு மேற்படாத அபராதத்திற்கு உட்படுத்தப்படுவார்கள்.

By Order,
T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
For Offg. Secretary.

اعلان

اشتہار مرقومۃ الذیل جناب ڈاکٹر جے یچ آر صاحب بہادر پریسیڈنٹ بنگلور اور کنٹونمنٹ میونسپل کمیشن کی آفیس سے کارخانۂ قاسم الاخبار مین بغرض اندراج اخبار آیا سو واسطے اطلاع خاص و عام کے درج اخبار کیا جاتا ہے

اشتہار

مورخۂ ۲۰ فروری سنہ ۷۹ع

اس اشتہار سے خاص و عام کو یہ اطلاع دیجاتی ہے کہ بی لا نمبر ۶۵ بنگلور کنٹونمنٹ میونسپالٹی حسب منظوری جناب چیف کمشنر صاحب بہادر مرقومۃ الذیل اضافہ کیا گیا

نمبر ۶۵ وہ شخص جو پبلک روڈون سے کتنی یک پبلک روڈ پر جو لشکرگاہ بنگلور مین واقع ہین تیوہارون یا دوسرے جلسون کے باعث ایسا عارضی منڈہا طیار کرے جس سے مربع ۵ فٹ زمین مقید ہو جاوے یک روپیہ بطور لینس فیس دینا ہوگا اسی بدستور ہر یک ۵ مربع فٹ کے لئے ایک روپیہ زاید فیس لیجاویگی ان تمامی منڈہون سے جنکی وسعت ۵ مربع فٹ سے کم ہو فیس نہین لیجاویگی اسی طرح عارضی منڈہے حدود میونسپل مین تعمیر کرنیکی درخواستونکے ساتھ جنکی وسعت ۵ سکوتر فٹ سے زیادہ ہو ہر یک درخواست کے ہمراہ ایک نقشہ روانہ کرنا ہوگا جس سے مقام اور دوسرے مقدمات معلوم ہووین - اس بی لا کے مخالف کو مجسٹریٹ صاحب تقصیر مند تصور کئے بعد ایسا جریمانہ ڈالینگے جو بیس روپیون سے زیادہ نہو فقط

دستخط

جے یچ آر پریسیڈنٹ

بنگلور ٹون اور کنٹونمنٹ

By Order,
T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
For Offg. Secretary.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore,—1879.

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SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

No. 14 Published by Authority. of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, APRIL 5, 1879.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Abstract of Season or Intermediate Reports for the Week ending 29th March 1879.

Bangalore District.—Crops in good condition. Prospects of season good. Prices have fallen. Fever and ague still prevalent in some places.

Kolar District.—Crops in same condition as in last week. Season hopeful. Health good.

Túmkúr District.—Crops in good condition. Prices falling. Fever still prevalent.

Mysore District.—Cotton and sugar-cane crops thriving. Public health generally good. Prices stationary.

Hassan District.—The state of crops and prospects good. Public health is also reported to be good, except in Arkalgúd and Harnhalli Taluks where fever and dysentery were prevalent. Prices stationary.

Shimoga District.—Vaisak paddy crop in good condition. All dry crops have been harvested. Public health good. Prices stationary.

Kadur District.—Prices rising. Markets fairly supplied. Cattle in good condition.

Chital-droog District.—Crops in good condition. Some have been harvested. The early grown paddy crop in the head-quarters hobli of the Budihal Taluk sown on about 53 acres of land has been entirely destroyed from disease which caused the grain to fall off before getting ripe. Small insects which probably caused the damage were found in some parts of the field.

Coorg.—Agricultural prospects good. Fever prevalent.

By Order,

T. R. A. Thumboo Chetty,
For Offg. Secretary.

Prices Current of Food Grains in the Provinces of Mysore and Coorg during the Fortnight ending 28th February 1879.

Fortnight ending 28th February 1879.	No.	Districts.	Shops.	Quantity per Rupee by the standard seers of 80 tolas, *vide* Government of India No. 1—21, dated 10th February 1874.																													Remarks.
				Wheat.			Barley.			Rice, best sort.			Rice, common.			Great Millet, (Jola, Javar) *Holcus Sorghum.*			Bulrush Millet, (Kambu, Bajra) *Penicillaria Spicata.*			Lesser Millets, Ragi, &c., (Kavaru, Varagu, Save, China, Koralu, Harwa, Nagli, &c.) *Panicum Miliaceum, Eleusine, Coracana, &c.*			Gram.			Firewood.			Salt.			
				Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	
28th February 1879.	1	Bangalore.	Wholesale.	...	...	8·5	7·7	7·7	10·7	9·	8·7	6·2	10·	10·5	6·7	...	...	...	...	...	...	21·5	21·2	10·7	18·7	19·2	10·5	...	...	...	11·5	11·5	10·5	
			Retail.	...	...	8·2	7·5	7·5	10·2	8·7	8·5	6·	9·7	10·2	6·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	21·	20·7	10·2	18·5	19·	10·2	84·	84·	72·	11·2	11·2	10·2	
	2	Kolar. ...	Wholesale.	7·4	8·4	9·4	...	...	5·8	11·8	11·8	7·8	14·1	14·1	7·8	...	...	9·2	24·3	24·3	10·4	24·5	24·	9·5	26·6	26·6	14·	...	...	...	12·4	12·4	11·3	
			Retail.	7·1	8·1	9·1	...	...	5·5	11·3	11·3	7·5	13·8	13·8	7·5	...	...	8·9	24·	24·	10·1	24·2	23·7	9·3	26·3	26·3	13·6	172·4	172·4	172·4	12·1	12·1	11·	
	3	Túmkúr ...	Wholesale.	8·	7·5	8·	6·	5·5	...	10·5	11·5	6·	11·	13·	6·5	...	17·5	10·	...	...	...	16·	25·	9·7	21·	22·	10·	140·	140·	140·	10·5	10·5	9·	
			Retail.	7·5	7·	7·	5·5	5·2	...	10·	11·	5·7	10·5	12·5	6·2	...	17·	9·	...	...	...	15·2	24·2	9·1	20·	21·	9·5	130·	130·	130·	10·	10·	8·5	
	4	Mysore ...	Wholesale.	6·4	7·2	3·2	...	...	...	10·5	11·2	6·	12·	11·6	6·2	23·6	25·4	10·	...	...	...	26·	24·2	9·4	20·	21·	11·5	84·	81·	75·	8·2	8·2	7·3	
			Retail.	6·3	7·	3·1	...	...	...	10·4	11·	5·6	11·6	11·4	6·1	23·4	24·4	9·7	...	...	...	25·6	23·6	9·3	19·6	20·	11·4	81·	78·	72·	8·	8·	7·2	
	5	Hassan ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Retail.	7·7	7·2	6·2	9·	8·5	7·2	13·2	11·5	6·5	17·5	13·	7·2	...	...	9·	...	...	...	25·	21·	9·5	22·	20·	11·5	128·	130·	125·	9·2	9·	8·	
	6	Shimoga ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Retail.	6·2	6·2	4·5	8·5	8·5	5·2	8·5	8·5	6·2	12·5	12·5	8·7	21·	21·	15·2	...	...	...	24·7	24·1	15·7	16·2	16·2	15·5	480·	480·	480·	8·5	8·5	7·5	
	7	Kadur ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Retail.	12·	12·	8·	...	...	...	14·	14·	8·5	18·	18·	9·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	22·	22·	11·	16·	16·	11·	60·	60·	60·	9·	9·	9·	
	8	Chitaldroog.	Wholesale.	6·5	6·5	8·	7·	7·	...	10·	9·5	6·5	11·	10·7	7·	18·	17·5	13·	20·	20·5	13·	21·	20·	11·	18·	18·	14·	100·	100·	100·	10·	8·	8·	
			Retail.	6·	6·	7·	6·5	6·5	...	9·5	9·	6·	10·	10·	6·5	17·	17·	12·	20·	20·	12·	20·	19·5	10·	16·	18·	12·	100·	100·	100·	9·	8·	8·	
		Average ...	Wholesale.	7·1	7·4	7·4	6·9	6·7	8·2	10·4	10·5	6·5	11·6	12·	6·8	20·	20·1	10·5	22·1	22·4	11·7	21·8	22·9	10·1	20·9	21·4	12·	108·	107·	105·	10·5	10·1	9·2	
			Retail.	7·5	7·6	6·6	7·4	7·2	7·	10·7	10·6	6·5	12·9	12·7	7·3	20·	19·8	10·6	22·	22·	11·	22·2	22·4	10·5	19·3	19·6	11·8	154·4	154·3	151·4	9·6	9·5	8·7	
		Coorg ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Retail.	5·8	5·7	6·5	5·4	5·3	5·4	8·8	8·8	7·5	14·2	13·4	9·1	...	...	...	...	...	...	22·7	20·7	12·2	21·5	20·5	12·2	110·	110·	110·	8·4	8·6	7·4	

Mysore Chief Commissioner's Office,
Bangalore, 21*st March* 1879.

By Order,
T. R. A. Thumboo Chetty,
For Offg. Secretary.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore—1879.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

No. 14 Published by Authority. of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, APRIL 5, 1879.

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Notifications by the Chief Commissioner of Mysore.

சீப்கமீஷனரால் கொடுக்கப்பட்ட இஸ்தியார்நாமா.

முனிசிபல்.

இஸ்தியார்நாமா.

1879ஆ பிப்ரவரிமீ 27உ.

நம். 287.

இதனால் சகல ஜனங்களுக்கும் தெரியப்படுத்துவது யாதெனில், பெங்களூர் கண்டோன்மெண்ட் முனிசிபாலிடியின் 65 நெம்பருள்ள பைலாவுக்கு அடியிற்கண்டிருப்பதை சேர்க்கும்படி சீப்கமீஷனருடைய அங்கீகாரத்தைப்பெற்றபடியால் பிரசுரப்படுத்தப்பட்டிருக்கின்றன.

பெங்களூரைச்சார்ந்த தண்டில் பண்டிகைகளுக்காவது உடங்குகளுக்காவது பகிரங்கமான இடங்களிலாவது பாதைகளிலாவது 5 சதுர அடிகளுக்கு மேலான கொஞ்சகாலத்திற்குறிய பந்தலை போடு[illegible]மொருவர் ஒரு ரூபாய் லைசன்ஸ்பீ கொடுக்கவேண்டும். அதுவுமல்லாமல் [illegible]துடன் செயர்க்கப்ப[illegible] சதுர அடிகளுக்கும் ஒவ்வொரு ரூபாய் கொ[illegible]வேண்டும். அப்படி 5 சதுர அடிகளுக்கு குரைவுபட்டிருக்கிற யெல்லா பந்தல்களும் இந்சகாய சட்டத்திற்கு தவிர்க்கப்பட்டிருக்கின்றன. முனிசிபல் அத்துக்குள் யெந்த இடத்திலா 5 சதுர அடிகளுக்கு மேலான பரப்புள்ள இடத்தை மூடிக்கொள்ளும்படியான கொஞ்ச[illegible]த்திற்கிருக்கும்படியான பந்தலை போட்டுக்கொள்ளுவதற்கு கொடுக்கும்படியான வி[illegible]ங்கள் ஒவ்வொருதடவையும் பந்தலை போடுகிற இடத்தையும் பருமானத்தையும் பந்தலி[illegible]ழுங்கையும் காண்பிக்கிற ஒரு பிளானுடன் வரவேண்டும். இந்த பைலாவை மீரி நடப்பவர் மாஜிஸ்டிரேட்டின் முன் குற்றஞ் சாட்டப்பட்டு 20 ரூபாயிக்கு மேற்படாத அபராதத்திற்கு உட்படுத்தப்படுவார்கள்.

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By Order,
T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
For Offg. Secretar

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اعلان

اشتہار مرقومہ الذیل جناب ڈاکسر جے ٹی آر صاحب بہادر پریسیڈنٹ بنگلور کنٹونمنٹ میونسپل کمیشن کی آفیس سے کارخانۂ قاسم الاخبار میں بغرض اندراج اخبار آیا تھا واسطے اطلاع خاص عام کے درج اخبار کیا جاتا ہے

اشتہار

مورخہ ۲۰ فروری ۷۹ع

اس اشتہار سے خاص و عام کو یہ اطلاع دی جاتی ہے کہ بیلا نمبر ۶۵ بنگلور کنٹونمنٹ میونسپالٹی حسب منظوری جناب چیف کمشنر صاحب بہادر مرقومۃ الذیل اضافہ کیا گیا۔ نمبر ۶۵ وہ شخص جو پبلک روڈون سے کسی یک پبلک روڈ پر جو شکرگاہ بنگلور میں واقع ہیں تیو ماروں یا دوسرے جلسوں کے باعث ایسا عارضی مندرجہ طیار کرے جس سے مربع ۵ فٹ زمین مقید ہو جاوی یک روپیہ بطور لیسنس دینا ہوگا اسی بدستور ہر یک ۵ مربع فٹ کے لئے ایک روپیہ زاید فیس لیجاویگی ان تمامی مندرجہ سے جنکی وسعت ۵ مربع فٹ سے کم ہو فیس نہیں لیجاویگی اسی طرح عارضی مندرجہ ہے حدود میونسپل میں تعمیر کرنیکے درخواستوں کے ساتھ جنکی وسعت ۵ سکوئر فٹ سے زیادہ ہو ہر یک درخواست کے ہمراہ ایک نقشہ روانہ کرنا ہوگا جس سے مقام اور دوسرے مقدمات معلوم ہو ویں۔ اس بے لا کے مخالف کو مجسٹریٹ صاحب تقصیر مند تصور کرکے بعد ایسا جرمانہ ڈالینگے جو بیس روپیوں سے زیادہ نہو۔ فقط۔

دستخط

جے ٹی آر ۰ پریسیڈنٹ

بنگلور کنٹونمنٹ

By Order,
T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
For Offg. Secretary.

Mysore Government Press. [illegible]—1879.

SUPPLEMENT
TO THE
MYSORE GAZETTE.

SATURDAY,
12th *April* 1879.

Prices Current of Food Grains in the Provinces of Mysore and Coorg during the Fortnight ending 15*th March* 1879.

QUANTITY PER RUPEE BY THE STANDARD SEERS OF 80 TOLAS, *vide* GOVERNMENT OF INDIA NO. 1—21, DATED 10TH FEBRUARY 1874.

Fortnight ending 15th March 1879. No.	Districts.	Shops.	Wheat.			Barley.			Rice, best sort.			Rice, common.			Great Millet, (jola, javar) *Holcus Sorghum.*			Bulrush Millet, (kambu, bajra) *Penicillaria Spicata.*			Lesser Millets, Ragi, &c., (kavaru, varagu, save, china, koralu, marwa, nagli, &c.) *Panicum Miliaceum, Eleusine, Coracana, &c.*			Gram.			Firewood.			Salt.			Remarks.
			Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	
1	Bangalore.	Wholesale.	...	...	8·5	8·	7·7	10·2	9·	9·	6·2	10·2	10·	6·7	16·2	...	...	...	...	...	23·	21·5	10·2	19·	18·7	10·2	...	...	...	11·5	11·5	10·5	
		Retail.	...	...	7·7	7·7	7·5	10·	8·7	8·7	6·	10·	9·7	6·5	15·7	...	...	...	...	...	22·5	21·	9 7	18·7	18·5	10·	84·	84·	72·	11·2	11·2	10·2	
2	Kolar. ...	Wholesale.	7·4	7·4	9·1	...	...	...	11·8	11·8	6·6	13·3	14·1	7·3	...	...	9·5	24·3	24·3	11·3	25·	24·5	9 3	25·3	26·6	12·8	...	...	...	12·4	12·4	11·3	
		Retail.	7·1	7·1	8·9	...	...	...	11·3	11·3	6·4	13·	13·8	7·?	...	...	9·2	24·	24·	11·1	24·7	24 2	9·	25·	26·3	12·5	172·4	172·4	172·4	12·1	12·1	11·	
3	Túmkúr ...	Wholesale.	7·5	8·	8·	6·5	6·	...	10·5	10·5	6·	11·5	11·	6·5	...	...	9·5	...	...	...	16·7	16·	9·1	22·	21·	9·	140·	140·	140·	10·5	10·5	9·	
		Retail.	7·	7·5	7·5	6·	5·5	...	10·2	10·	5·7	11·	10 5	6·2	...	...	9·	...	...	...	16·	15·2	8·4	21·	20·	8·5	130·	130·	130·	10·	10·	8·5	
4	Mysore ...	Wholesale.	6·4	6·4	3·3	...	...	...	10·4	10·5	6·2	12·	12·	6·4	23·6	23·6	10·2	...	..	...	25·	26·	10·1	21·3	20·	11·6	84·	84·	75·	8·2	8·2	7 7	
		Retail.	6·3	6·3	3·1	...	...	...	10·3	10·4	6·	11·6	11·6	6·2	23·4	23·4	10·	...	...	...	24·6	25·6	9·6	21·	19·6	11·4	81·	81·	72·	8·	8·	7·5	
5	Hassan ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail.	8·7	7·7	6·	8·7	9·	7·	11·7	13·2	6·5	15·	17·5	7·2	...	...	8·	...	...	...	23·5	25·	8·5	22·	22·	10·	135·	128·	130·	9·2	9 2	8·5	
6	Shimoga ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail	5·2	6·2	4·2	6·2	8·5	5·2	8·5	8·5	5·7	12·7	12·5	8·5	21·	21·	14·7	...	...	...	27·2	24·7	14·7	15·7	16·2	14·7	480·	480·	480·	8·5	8·5	8·5	
7	Kadur ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	14·	14·	6·5	17·	18·	7·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail.	12·	12·	6·	...	...	...	14·	14·	6·5	17·	18·	7·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	24·	22·	12·	16·	16·	9·	60·	60·	60·	8·	9·	9·	
8	Chitaldroog.	Wholesale.	5·5	6·5	7·	6·	7·	...	8·5	10·	6·	12·	11·	6·5	19·	18·	12·	20·	20·	13·	27·5	21·	12·	18·	18·	12·	100·	100·	100·	8·5	10·	8·	
		Retail.	5·	6·	6·	5·5	6·5	...	8·	9·5	5·5	11·	10·	6·	18·	17·	11·	20·	20·	12·	26·5	20·	11·	17·	16·	11·	100·	100·	100·	8·	9·	8·	
	Average ...	Wholesale.	6·7	7·1	7·2	6·8	6·9	10·2	10·	10·4	6·2	11·8	11·6	6·7	19·6	20·8	10·3	22·1	22·1	12·1	23·4	21·8	10·1	21·1	20·9	11·1	108·	108·	105·	10·2	10·5	9·3	
		Retail.	7·3	7·5	6·2	6·8	7·4	7·4	10·3	10·7	6·	12·7	12·9	6·9	19·5	20·5	10·3	22·	22·	11·5	23·6	22·2	10 4	19·5	19·3	10·9	155·3	154·4	152·	9·4	9·6	8 9	
	...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail.	6·3	5·8	6·3	5·4	5·4	5·7	9·7	8·8	6·9	14·2	14·2	8·7	...	...	...	...	...	...	22·8	22·7	11·3	20·5	21·5	11·9	110·	110·	110·	8·5	8·4	7·9	

CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
BANGALORE, 25*th March* 1879.

By Order,
T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
For Offg. Secretary.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

No. 15 Published by Authority. of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, APRIL 12, 1879.

Notifications by the Chief Commissioner of Mysore.

சீப் கமீஷனரால் கொடுக்கப்பட்ட இஸ்தியார்நாமாக்கள்.

முனிசிபல்.

இஸ்தியார்நாமாக்கள்.

1879ஆம் பிப்ரவரிமீ 27உ.

நம். 287.

இதனால் சகல ஜனங்களுக்கும் தெரியப்படுத்துவது யாதெனில், பெங்களூர் கண்டோன்மென்ட் முனிசிபாலிடியின் 65 நெம்பருள்ள பைலாவுக்கு அடியிற்கண்டிருப்பதை சேர்க்கும்படி சீப்கமீஷனருடைய அங்கீகாரத்தைப்பெற்றுப்படியால் பிரசுரப்படுத்தப்பட்டிருக்கின்றன.

பெங்களூரைச்சார்ந்த தண்டில் பண்டிகைகளுக்காவது சடங்குகளுக்காவது பகிரங்கமான இடங்களிலாவது பாதைகளிலாவது 5 சதுர அடிகளுக்கு மேலான கொஞ்சகாலத்திற்குறிய பந்தல் போடுகிற யாதாமொருவர் ஒரு ரூபாய் லீசன்ஸ் பீ கொடுக்கவேண்டும். அதுவுமல்லாமல் மேற்கண்டதுடன் செயர்க்கப்படுகிற ஒவ்வொரு 5 சதுர அடிகளுக்கும் ஒவ்வொரு ரூபாய் கொடுக்கவேண்டும். அப்படி 5 சதுர அடிகளுக்கு குறைவுபட்டிருக்கிற யெல்லா பந்தல்களும் இந்த சகாய சட்டத்திற்கு தவிர்க்கப்பட்டிருகின்றன. முனிசிபல் அத்துக்குள் யெந்த இடத்திலாவது 5 சதுர அடிகளுக்கு மேலான பரப்புள்ள இடத்தை மூடிக்கொள்ளும்படியான கொஞ்சகாலத்திற்கிருக்கும்படியான பந்தல் போட்டுக்கொள்ளுவதற்கு கொடுக்கும்படியான விண்ணப்பங்கள் ஒவ்வொருதடவையும் பந்தல் போடுகிற இடத்தையும் பருமானத்தையும் பந்தலின் ஒழுங்கையும் காண்பிக்கிற ஒரு பிளானுடன் வரவேண்டும். இந்த பைலாவை மீரி நடப்பவர்கள் மாஜிஸ்டிரேட்டின் முன் குற்றஞ் சாட்டப்பட்டு 20 ரூபாயிக்கு மேற்படாத அப்ராதத்திற்கு உட்படுத்தப்படுவார்கள்.

1879ஆம் ஏப்ரல் மீ 2உ.

நம். 3.

இதனடியிற் தோன்றும் பரிஷ்காரம் செய்யப்பட்ட 39வது நம்பர் பைலா நிபந்தனையானது பெங்களூர் ஷாருக்கு ஜாரி செய்யப்பட்டு சகல ஜனங்களுக்கும் தெரியும்படியாக இதனால் பிரசுரஞ் செய்யப்பட்டிருக்குறது.

சுவர்களுக்கு கோபிங்கட்டுதல் ரிபேர்செய்யல்.

தங்கள் வீடு முதலானவைகளுக்கு வர்ணம் பூசுவதற்காகிலும் விழுந்துப்போன சுவர்கள் அல்லது கேட்டு கம்பங்கள் ரிபெர்செய்வதற்காகிலும் அவர்களுடைய கம்பௌண்ட்களின் அல்லது வாசல்களின் சுவர்களுக்கு வர்ணம் பூசுவதற்காகிலும் செங்கல்லிலாவது வோட்டிலாவது கோபிங் கட்டுவதற்காகிலும் நோடிஸ் குடுத்தபிறகு உபேட்சிக்கப்பட்ட வீட்டு சொந்தக்காரர்கள் மாஜிஸ்ட்ரேட் முன் தப்புஸ்தாபிக்கப்பட்டு இருவது ரூபாயிக்கு மேற்படாத அபாதத்திற்குட்படுத்தப்படுவார்கள்.

By Order,
T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
For Offg. Sec

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اعلان

اشتہار مرقومۃ الذیل جناب ڈاکٹر جے یچ آر صاحب بہادر پریسیڈنٹ بنگلور کنٹونمنٹ میونسپل کمیشن کی آفیس سے کارخانہ قاسم الاخبار مین بغرض اندراج اخبار آیا سو واسطے اطلاع خاص و عام کے درج اخبار کیا جاتا ہے

اشتہار

مورخہ ۲۰ فروری ۷۹ء — اس اشتہار سے خاص و عام کو یہہ اطلاع دی جاتی ہے کہ بیلا نمبر ۶۵ — بنگلور کنٹونمنٹ میونسپالٹی مین حسب منظوری جناب چیف کمشنر صاحب بہادر مرقومۃ الذیل اضافہ کیا گیا —

نمبر ۶۵ — وہ شخص جو پبلک روڈون سے کسی ایک پبلک روڈ پر جو لشکرگاہ بنگلور مین واقع ہین تیوہارون یا دوسرے جلسونکے باعث ایسا عارضی منڈہا طیار کرے جس سے مربع ۵ فٹ زمین مقید ہو جاوے ایک روپیہ بطور لینس فیس دینا ہوگا اسی بدستور ہر یک ۵ مربع فٹ کے لیئے ایک روپیہ زاید فیس لیجاویگی ان تمامی منڈہونسے جنکی وسعت ۵ مربع فٹ سے کم ہو فیس نہین لیجاویگی اسی طرح عارضی منڈہا ہے حدود میونسپل مین تعمیر کرنیکی درخواستونکے ساتھ جنکی وسعت ۵ سکوئر فٹ سے زیادہ نہو — ہر یک درخواست کے ہمراہ ایک نقشہ روانہ کرنا ہوگا جس سے مقام اور اور دوسرے مقدمات معلوم ہووین اس بیلا کے مخالف کو میجسٹریٹ صاحب تقصیر مند تصور کئے بعد ایسا جریمانہ ڈالینگے جو بیس روپیون سے زیادہ نہو فقط

تاریخ — ۲ اپریل ۷۹ء نمبر — ۳ نیچے نمود ہوا سو بیلا — نمبر — ۳۹

درست کیا ہوا بیلا کے حکم نامہ بنگلور شہر کے واسطے جاری کر کر تمامی لوگونکو معلوم کراتے ہین —

دیوارنکو اوپر چھٹی اور دیوارونکو داغ دوزی کرانا

اپنے اپنے گہرونکو رنگ لگانے کے واسطے یا گر گئے سو دیواران یا گیٹ کے کہامان کے ٹین درست کرنے کے واسطے بہی اُن اُن کے اہاتیونکا یا انگ لونکے دیوارونکو رنگ لگانیکے واسطے اور اینٹونسے یا کہپرلونسے پر چہت بندنیکے واسطے بہی نوٹس دیئے بعد اس حکم کو عدول کئے ہوئے گہرونکے مالکان اس بیلا کے مخالف کو میجسٹریٹ صاحب تقصیر مند تصور کئے بعد ایسا جریمانہ ڈالینگے جو بیس روپیونسے زیادہ نہو فقط

By Order,
T. R. A. Thumboo Chetty,
For Offg. Secretary.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore—1879.

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SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

No. 16 of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1879.

Notifications by the Chief Commissioner of Mysore.

சீப் கமீஷனரால் கொடுக்கப்பட்ட இஸ்தியார்நாமாக்கள்.

முனிசிபல்.

இஸ்தியார்நாமாக்கள்.

1879ஆம் பிப்ரவரிமீ 27உ.

நம். 287.

இதனால் சகல ஜனங்களுக்கும் தெரியப்படுத்துவது யாதெனில், பெங்களூர் கண்டோன்மெண்ட் முனிசிபாலிடியின் 65 நெம்பருள்ள பைலாவுக்கு அடியிற்கண்டிருப்பதை சேர்க்கும்படி சீப்கமீஷனருடைய அங்கிகாரத்தைப்பெற்றபடியால் பிரசுரப்படுத்தப்பட்டிருக்கின்றன.

பெங்களூரைச்சார்ந்த தண்டில் பண்டிகைகளுக்காவது சடங்குகளுக்காவது பகிரங்கமான இடங்களிலாவது பாதைகளிலாவது 5 சதுர அடிகளுக்கு மேலான கொஞ்சகாலத்திற்குறிட்டபந்த மேற்கண்டதுடன் செயர்க்கப்படுகிற ஒவ்வொரு 5 சதுர அடிகளுக்கும் ஒவ்வொரு ரூபாய் கொடுக்கவேண்டும். அப்படி 5 சதுர அடிகளுக்கு குறைவுபட்டிருக்கிற யெல்லா பந்தல்களும் இந்த சகாய சட்டத்திற்கு தவிர்க்கப்பட்டிருக்கின்றன. முனிசிபல் அத்துக்குள் யெந்த இடத்திலாவது 5 சதுர அடிகளுக்கு மேலான பரப்புள்ள இடத்தை மூடிக்கொள்ளும்படியான விண்ணகாலத்திற்கிருக்கும்படியான பந்தலை போட்டுக்கொள்ளுவதற்கு கொடுக்கும்படியான விண்ணப்பங்கள் ஒவ்வொருதடவையும் பந்தலை போடுகிற இடத்தையும் பருமானத்தையும் பந்தலின் ஒழுங்கையும் காண்பிக்கிற ஒரு பிளானுடன் வரவேண்டும். இந்த பைலாவை மீரி நடப்பவர்கள் மாஜிஸ்டிரேட்டின் முன் குற்றஞ் சாட்டப்பட்டு 20 ரூபாயிக்கு மேற்படாத அபராதத்திற்கு உட்படுத்தப்படுவார்கள்.

1879ஆம் எப்ரல்மீ 2உ.

நம். 3.

இதனடியிற் தோன்றும் பரிஷ்காரம் செய்யப்பட்ட 39வது நம்பர் பைலா நிபந்தனையானது பெங்களூர் ஜில்லாருக்கு ஜாரி செய்யப்பட்டு சகல ஜனங்களுக்கும் தெரியும்படியாக இதனால் பிரசுரஞ் செய்யப்பட்டிருக்குறது.

சுவர்களுக்கு கோபிக்கட்டுதல் நிபேர்செய்யல்.

தங்கள் வீடு முதலானவைகளுக்கு வர்ணம் பூசுவதற்காகிலும் விழுந்துப்போன சுவர்கள் அல்லது கேட்டு கம்பங்களை நிபெர்செய்வதற்காகிலும் அவர்களுடைய கம்பௌண்ட்களின் அல்லது வாசல்களின் சுவர்களுக்கு வர்ணம் பூசுவதற்காகிலும் செங்கல்லிலாவது வோட்டிலாவது கோபிங் கட்டுவதற்காகிலும் மேடிஸ் குடுத்தபிறகு உபேட்சிக்கப்பட்ட வீட்டு சொந்தக்காரர்கள் மாஜிஸ்ட்ரேட் முன் தப்புஸ்தாபிக்கப்பட்டு இருவது ரூபாயிக்கு மேற்படாத அபாதத்திற்குட்படுத்தப்படுவார்கள்.

By Order,

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
For Offg. Secreta

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اعلان

اشتہار مرقومہ الذیل جناب ڈاکٹر بیچے آر صاحب بہادر پریسیڈنٹ بنگلور کنٹونمنٹ میونسپل کمیشن کی افسیس سے کارخانہ قاسم الاخبار میں بغرض اندراج اخبار آیا سو واسطے اطلاع خاص عام کے درج اخبار کیا جاتا ہے

اشتہار

اس اشتہار سے خاص عام کو یہ اطلاع دیجاتی ہے کہ بیلا نمبر ۶۵ بنگلور معرخہ ۲۰ فروری ۷۹ع کنٹونمنٹ میونسپالٹی میں حسب منظوری جناب چیف کمشنر صاحب بہادر مرقومۃ الذیل اضافہ کیا گیا

نمبر ۶۵ وہ شخص جو پبلک روڈون سے کسی بیک پبلک روڈ پر جو لشکر گاہ بنگلور میں واقع ہیں تیو کارون یا دوسرے جلسونکے باعث ایسا عارضی مندا طیار کرے جس سے مربع ۵ فٹ زمین مقید ہوجاوے ایک روپیہ بطور لیسنس فیس دینا ہوگا اسی بدستور ہر یک ۵ مربع فٹ کے لئے یک روپیہ زاید فیس لیجاویگی ان تمامی مندا ہونے جنکی وسعت ۵ مربع فٹ سے کم ہو فیس نہیں لیجاویگی اسی طرح عارضی مندا ہے حدود میونسپل میں تعمیر کرنیکی درخواستونکے ساتھ جنکی وسعت ۵ سکوئر فٹ سے زیادہ نہو — ہر یک درخواست کے ہمراہ یک نقشہ روانہ کرنا ہوگا جس مقام اور دوسرے مقدمات معلوم ہوں اس بیلا کے مخالف کو میجسٹریٹ صاحب تقصیر مند تصور کرنے بعد ایسا جرمانہ ڈالینگے جو بیس روپیون سے زیادہ نہو فقط

نیچے نمود ہوا ہے سو بیلا نمبر ۳۹

تاریخ ۲ — اپریل ۷۹ع — نمبر ۳

درست کیا ہوا بیلا کے حاکم نامہ بنگلور شہر کے واسطے جاری کہ کہ تمامی لوگونکو معلوم کراتے ہیں دیوارونکا اوپر پر چھتی اور داغ دوزی کرانا اپنے اپنے گھرونکو رنگ لگانے کے واسطے یا گرگیے سو دیواران اور گریڈ کے کامان کے تئیں درست کرنیکے واسطے یا اپنے یا اپنے پاکیہ پلیونے آور پر چھتی بندینے کے واسطے بھی اور ان کے اماتیونکو یا انگ لوگونکے دیوارونکو رنگ لگانیکے واسطے بھی ہی نوٹس دیے کہ حکم کو عدول کیے ہوئے گھرونکے مالکان اس بیلا کے مخالف کو میجسٹریٹ صاحب تقصیر مند تصور کرنے بعد ایسا جرمانہ ڈالینگے جو بیس روپیونسے زیادہ نہو فقط

By Order,
T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
For Offg. Secretary.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore—1879.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

No. 17 Published by Authority. of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, APRIL 26, 1879.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Abstract of Season or Intermediate Reports for the Week ending 19th April 1879.

Bangalore District.—Twenty-six cents of rain gauged in the Cantonment. The crops are in good condition, but in many places destroyed by rats. Fever and ague are still prevalent in some places. Prices of ragi and horse-gram have slightly risen.

Kolar District.—State of the crops good. Prospects promising. Public health generally good. Prices stationary.

Tumkúr District.—State of crops and prospects good. Fever still prevalent.

Mysore District.—One inch thirty-eight cents rain. Cotton and sugar-cane crops thriving. Public health good. Prices stationary.

Hassan District.—One inch twenty-four cents rain. The paddy crop in the Hassan Taluk in fair condition. Prospects assuring. Health good, except in Arkalgúd Taluk where cold and fever prevail. Prices stationary. Cattle disease prevails in the Hassan and Arkalgúd Taluks.

Shimoga District.—Sixty-seven cents rain. Vaisak paddy in good condition. Prospects good. Prices stationary. Fevers prevalent.

Kadur District.—Fifty-four cents rain. Sugar-cane being planted in some parts. Prospects and public health good. Prices stationary. Markets fairly supplied. Cattle in healthy condition.

Chitaldroog District.—Paddy crops healthy except in the Dodéri and Pavagada Taluks where they have been attacked with disease. Sugar-cane being milled throughout the District. Fever still prevalent.

Coorg.—Rain-fall nil. Agricultural prospects good. Fever still prevalent.

By Order,

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
For Offg. Secretary.

Prices Current of Food Grains in the Provinces of Mysore and Coorg during the Fortnight ending 31st March 1879.

Fortnight ending—	No.	Districts.	Shops.	QUANTITY PER RUPEE BY THE STANDARD SEERS OF 80 TOLAS, *vide* GOVERNMENT OF INDIA NO. 1—21, DATED 10TH FEBRUARY 1874.																											Remarks.
				Wheat.			Barley.			Rice, best sort.			Rice, common.			Great Millet, (jola, javar) *Holcus Sorghum.*			Bulrush Millet, (kambu, bajra) *Penicillaria Spicata.*			Lesser Millets, Ragi, &c., (kavaru, varagu, save, china, koralu, marwa, nagli, &c.) *Panicum Miliaceum, Eleusine, Coracana, &c.*			Gram.			Firewood.			Salt.			
				Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	
31st March 1879.	1	Bangalore.	Wholesale.	6·5	...	8·2	7·	8·	10·2	9·	9·	6·2	10·2	10·2	6·7	18·	16·2	10·5	...	...	...	24·5	23·	10·5	20·2	19·	10·2	...	...	...	11·	11·5	10·5	
			Retail.	6·2	...	7·7	6·7	7·7	10·	8·7	8·7	6·	9·7	10·	6·5	17·5	15·7	10·	...	...	...	24·	22·5	10·	19·7	18·7	10·	84·	84·	84·	10·7	11·2	10·	
	2	Kolar.	Wholesale.	...	7·4	8·4	4·9	...	...	11·8	11·8	6·6	12·3	13·3	7·3	...	...	9·5	24·3	24·3	10·4	27·	25·	9·5	26 6	25·3	12·1	...	...	...	12·4	12·4	11·3	
			Retail.	...	7·1	8·1	4·6	...	...	11·3	11·3	6·4	12·	13·	7·	...	...	9·2	24·	24·	10·1	26·8	24·7	9·3	26 2	25·	11·9	172·4	172·4	172·4	12·1	12·1	11·	
	3	Túmkúr ...	Wholesale.	7·5	7·5	9·	6·5	6·5	6 5	10·5	10·5	6·	11·5	11·5	6 5	...	...	9·5	...	...	...	17·2	16·7	9·	22·	22·	8·	140·	140·	140·	10·5	10·5	8·5	
			Retail.	7·	7·	8·5	6	6·	6	10·2	10·2	5·7	11·	11·	6·2	...	...	9·	...	...	...	16·5	16·	8·5	21·	21·	7·5	130·	130·	130·	10·	10·	8·	
	4	Mysore ...	Wholesale.	6·4	6·4	3·4	...	...	...	10·2	10·4	6·3	10·4	12·	6·5	23·6	23·6	...	...	...	...	27·2	25·	10·1	23·	21·3	11·3	84·	84·	78·	8·1	8·2	7·7	
			Retail.	6·3	6·3	3·3	...	...	...	10·	10·3	6·2	10·3	11·6	6· 4	23·4	23·4	...	...	...	...	27·	24·6	10·	22·6	21·	11·	81·	81·	75·	8·	8·	7·6	
	5	Hassan ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Retail.	7·	8 7	6·	8·7	8·7	6·	12·2	11·7	6·	15·	15·	6·5	...	...	8·	...	...	...	25·5	23·5	8 5	22·	22·	9·	140·	135·	128·	9·5	9·2	9·	
	6	Shimoga ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Retail.	5 2	5·2	4·2	6·2	6 2	5·2	8·5	8·5	5·2	13·7	12.7	7·5	21·	21·	14·2	...	...	...	29·7	27·2	14·2	15·7	15·7	12·7	480·	480·	480·	8·5	8·5	8·5	
	7	Kadur ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Retail.	10·	12·	6·	...	...	...	13·	14·	6·5	16·	17·	7·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	36·	24·	10·	14·	16·	9·	60·	60·	60·	9·	8·	9·	
	8	Chitaldroog.	Wholesale.	5·5	5·5	7·	6·	6·	7	8·5	8·5	6·	12·	12.	6·5	19·	19·	12·	20·	20·	12·	27·7	27·5	12·	18·	18·	12·	100·	100·	100·	8·5	8·5	8·	
			Retail.	5·	5·	6·	5·5	5·5	6	8·	8·	5·5	11·	11·	6·	18·	18·	11·	20·	20·	11·	27·	26 5	11·	17·	17·	11·	100·	100·	100·	8·	8·	8·	
		Average ...	Wholesale.	6·5	6·7	7·2	6·1	6·8	7·9	10·	10·	6·2	11·3	11·8	6·7	20·2	19·6	10·4	22·1	22·1	11·2	24·7	23·4	10·2	23·	21·1	10·7	108·	108·	106·	10·1	10·2	9·2	
			Retail.	6·7	7·3	6·2	6·3	6·8	6·6	10·2	10·3	5·9	12·1	12·7	6·7	20·	19·5	10·2	22·	22·	10·5	26·6	23·6	10 2	19·8	19·5	10·3	155·9	155·3	153·7	9·5	9·4	8·9	
		Coorg ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Retail.	6·2	6·3	6·2	5·9	5·4	5·7	9·4	9·7	6·9	14·3	14·2	8·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	24·2	22·8	11·2	21·8	20·5	11·2	110·	110·	110·	8·7	8·5	8·2	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
BANGALORE, 9*th. April* 1879.

By Order,
T. R. A[illegible]THUMBOO CHETTY,
For Offg. Secretary.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore—1879.

MYSORE GAZETTE, APRIL 26, 1879.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

No. 17 Published by Authority. of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, APRIL 26, 1879.

Notifications by the Chief Commissioner of Mysore.

சீப் கமீஷனரால் கொடுக்கப்பட்ட இஸ்தியார்நாமா.

முனிசிபல்.

இஸ்தியார்நாமா.

1879 ௵ ஏப்ரல் ௴ 2 உ.

நம். 3.

இதனடியிற் தோன்றும் பரிஷ்காரம் செய்யப்பட்ட 39வது நம்பர் பைலா நிபந்தனையானது பெங்களூர்ஷாருக்கு ஜாரி செய்யப்பட்டு சகல ஜனங்களுக்கும் தெரியும்படியாக இதனால் பிரசுரஞ் செய்யப்பட்டிருக்குரது.

தங்கள் வீடு முதலானவைகளுக்கு வர்ணம் பூசுவதற்காகிலும் விழுந்துப்போன சுவர்கள் அல்லது கேட்டு கம்பங்களை ரீபெர்செய்வதற்காகிலும் அவர்களுடைய கம்பௌண்ட்களின் அல்லது வாசல்களின் சுவர்களுக்கு வர்ணம் பூசுவதற்காகிலும் செங்கல்லினாலாவது வோட்டினாலாவது கோபிங் கட்டுவதற்காகிலும் னோடிஸ் குடுத்தபிரகு உபேட்சிக்கப்பட்ட வீட்டு சொந்தக்காரர்கள் மாஜிஸ்ட்ரேட் முன் தப்புஸ்தாபிக்கப்பட்டு இருவது ரூபாயிக்கு மேற்படாத அபராதத்திற்குட்படுத்தப்படுவார்கள்.

[illegible]வர்களுக்கு கோபிங்கட்டுதல் ரீபெர்செய்யல்.

اشتہار نامہ

مورخہ ۲ - اپریل ۷۹ ع نمبر ۳ اس اشتہار سے خاص عام کو یہ اطلاع دیجاتی ہے کہ بیلا نمبر ۳۹ بنگلور کنٹونمنٹ میونسپالٹی مین حسب منظوری جناب چیف کمشنر صاحب بہادر مرقومۃ الذیل اضافہ کیا گیا سو بیلا نمبر ۳۹ درست کیا ہوا بیلا کے حکم نامہ بنگلور شہر کے واسطے جاری کر کر تمامی لوگونکو معلوم کراتے ہین دیوارنکے اوپر پر چہٹی اور داغ دوزی کرانا اپنے اپنے گہرونکو رنگ لگانیکے واسطے یا گر گئے سو دیواران اور کیٹ کے کہامان کے تئین درست کرنیکے واسطے بہی اوران ان کے احاطیونکو یا انگنونکے دیوارونکو رنگ لگانیکے واسطے یا ایٹونسے یا کہپریلونسے بہی پر چہٹی بندنیکے واسطے بہی نوٹس دیئے بعد اس حکم کو عدول کئے ہوئے گہرونکے مالکان اس بیلا کے مخالف کو مجسٹریٹ صاحب تقصیر مند تصور کر ایسا جریمہ ڈالینگے جو بیس روپیونسے زیادہ نہو فقط

By Order,
T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY
For Offg.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore.—1879

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SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

No. 18 Published by Authority. of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, MAY 3, 1879.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Abstract of Season or Intermediate Reports for the Week ending 26th April 1879.

Bangalore District.—Crops in good condition. Prospects favorable. Fever and ague still prevalent in some places. Prices stationary.

Kolar District.—The Vaisak paddy crops suffered in some places from ravages of rats, and in others from want of water in tanks. Rain much needed. Fevers still prevailing. Prices stationary.

Tumkur District.—State of crops and prospects of season good. Fever abating slightly.

Mysore District.—Four cents rain. Sugar-cane and cotton crops are thriving. Prospects of season and public health good. Prices stationary.

Hassan District.—No change in the state of crops or prospects. Cold and fever more or less prevalent in all taluks except Belur and Manjarabad, where the public health is good. Cattle disease prevails in the Hassan, Manjarabad and Arkalgúd Taluks. Prices stationary.

Shimoga District.—The standing crops, Vaisak paddy and sugar-cane, are in good condition. Fevers and ophthalmia prevalent. Cattle in good condition. Prices stationary.

Kadur District.—The planting of sugar-cane is going on in some parts, while in others the land is being prepared for receiving the seed. Rain eagerly expected. Public health good. Prices stationary.

Chitaldroog District.—The remaining paddy and sugar-cane crops in good condition. Fever and ague prevail in many parts of the District. Prices stationary. There was rain in two Taluks, 60 cents in Budihal and 25 in Hosdurga.

Coorg.—Rain-fall nil. Agricultural prospects good. Health improving.

By Order,

T. R. A. Thumboo Chetty,
For Offg. Secretary.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore—1879.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

No. 18 of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, MAY 3, 1879.

Notifications by the Chief Commissioner of Mysore.

சீப் கமீஷனராள் கொடுக்கப்பட்ட இஸ்தியாற்நாமா.

முனிசிபல்.

இஸ்தியார்நாமா.

1879 வது எப்ரல் மீ 2உ

நம். 3. இதனடியிற் தோன்றும் பரிஷ்காரம் செய்யப்பட்ட 39வது நம்பர் பைலா நிபந்தனையா னது பெங்களூர்ஷாருக்கு ஜாரி செய்யப்பட்டு சகல ஜனங்களுக்கும் தெரியும்படியாக இதனு ல் பிரசுரஞ் செய்யப்பட்டிருக்குறது.

தங்கள் வீடு முதலானவைகளுக்கு வர்ணம் பூசுவதற்காகிலும் விழுந்துப்போன சுவர்கள் அல்லது கேட்டு கம்பங்களை நிபெர்செய்வதற்காகிலும் அவர்களுடை

சுவர்களுக்கு கோபிங்கட்டுத ய கம்பௌளண்ட்களின் அல்லது வாசல்களின் சுவர்களுக்கு வர்ணம்

ல் நிபேர்செய்யல். பூசுவதற்காகிலும் செங்கல்லிலாவது வோட்டிலாவது கோபிங் க ட்டுவதற்காகிலும் ஜைடிஸ் குடுத்தபிரகு உத்தேசிக்கப்பட்ட வீட்டு சொந்தக்காரர்கள் மாஜிஸ்ட்ரேட் முன் கய்புஸ்தாசெய்யப்பட்டு இருவது ரூபாயிக்கு மேற்படாத் அபராதத்திற்குட்படுத்தப்படுவார்கள்.

اشتہار نامہ

۲ - اپیریل سنہ ۷۹ نمبر ۳ اس اشتہار سے خاص عام کو یہ اطلاع دیجاتی ہے کہ بیلا نمبر ۳۹ بنگلور کنٹونمنٹ سپالیٹی مین حسب منظوری جناب چیف کمشنر صاحب بہادر مرقومۃ الذیل اضافہ کیا گیا سو بیلا نمبر ۳۹ درست کیا ہوا کے حکم نامہ بنگلور شہر کے واسطے جاری کر کر تمامی لوگونکو معلوم کراتے ہین دیوارنکے اوپر پر چھٹی اور داغ دوزی کرانا نے گھرونکو رنگ لگانیکے واسطے یا گر گئے سو دیواران اور کیٹ کے کہامان کے تئین درست کرنیکے واسطے ہی اوران ان کے یونکو یا انگنونکے دیوارونکو رنگ لگانیکے واسطے یا ایٹونیے یا کیریلونیے ہی پر چھٹی بندنیکے واسطے ہی نوٹس بدا اس حکم کو عدول کئے ہوے گھرونکے مالکان اس بیلا کے مخالف کو مجسٹریٹ صاحب تقصیر مند تصور رالیسا جریمانہ الینکے جو بیس روپیونسے زیادہ نہو فقط

By Order,

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETT
For Offr

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore—187

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SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

No. 19 Published by Authority. of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, MAY 10, 1879.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Abstract of Season or Intermediate Reports for the Week ending 3rd May 1879.

Bangalore District.—The crops are in good condition. [illegible] crops in the Dodballapur, Hoskôte [illegible]. Prices stationary. Fever and ague prevalent.

[illegible]—No change in the state of the crops. A slight earthquake was felt at 4 P. M. on [illegible] at Bagepalli and the surrounding villages. No damage was done. Public health indifferent. The price of ragi has risen slightly.

Tumkûr District.—Prospects of season and state of crops good. Fever abating slightly.

Mysore District.—Early sowings require rain. Cotton and sugar-cane crops are thriving. Prospects of season favorable. Public health good. The price of ragi has risen slightly, while that of rice has fallen.

Hassan District.—Thirteen cents of rain fell at Hassan. The paddy crop below some of the tanks in the Hassan Taluk is withering, owing to an insufficient supply of water. In the Arkalgûd and Attikuppa Taluks, the paddy crop is doing well, but in the former taluk black and green-gram are suffering from want of rain. The price of ragi has fallen, but that of rice remains stationary.

Shimoga District.—Eighty-nine cents of rain fell at the District head-quarters. The Vaisak paddy crops and the sugar-cane crops are thriving. In some parts of the District the ryots have commenced agricultural operations. Prospects good. Prices stationary. Public health bad, malarial fevers, whooping cough and ophthalmia being very prevalent.

Kadur District.—One inch nineteen cents of rain fell at the head-quarters of the District. The planting of sugar-cane continues. Prospects favorable. Public health generally good. Prices stationary.

Chitaldroog District.—Paddy, javari and navane crops were harvested in the Dodéri and Pavagada Taluks. Sugar-cane was milled in some parts of the Chitaldroog Taluk. The remaining crops are healthy in all parts of the District. Fever and ague prevalent. No rain fell in any part except Hiriyur where 10 cents were gauged. Cattle have been attacked with mouth and hoof disease in all parts Sheep in the Hosdurga Taluk have been attacked with an eruption called "Bobbe Roga."

Coorg.—Rain-fall 92 cents. Agricultural prospects good. Health improving.

By Order,

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
For Offg. Secr

Current of Food Grains in the Provinces of Mysore and Coorg during Fortnight ending 15th April 1879.

QUANTITY PER RUPEE BY THE STANDARD SEERS OF 80 TOLAS, *vide* GOVERNMENT OF INDIA NO. 1—21, DATED 10TH FEBRUARY 1874.

Fortnight No.	Districts.	Shops.	Wheat.			Barley.			Rice, best sort.			Rice, common.			Great Millet, (jola, javar) *Holcus Sorghum.*			Bulrush Millet, (kambu, bajra) *Penicillaria Spicata.*			Lesser Ragi, (varagu, korale, nagli, &c.) *Miliaceum, Coracan*			Gram.			Firewood.			Salt.			Remarks.
			Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	
1	Bangalore.	Wholesale.	5·7	6·5	8·2	7·5	7·	9·2	9·	9·	6·5	10·2	10·2	7·	17·	18·	9·7	...	...	...	27·	2	11·7	20·5	20·2	10·5	...	...	...	11·	11·	10·5	
		Retail.	5·5	6·2	8·	7·2	6·7	8·2	8·7	8·7	6·2	9·7	9·7	6·7	16·2	17·5	9·5	...	...	...	28·2		11·5	20·	19·7	10·2	84·	84·	81·	10·5	10·7	10·2	
2	Kolar. ...	Wholesale.	...	...	8·4	4·9	4·9	...	11·3	11·8	6·6	12·3	12·3	7·3	...	...	9·7	24·3	24·3	10·4	29·4	2	10·3	26·6	23·6	12·8	...	...	...	12·4	12·4	11·3	
		Retail.	...	...	8·1	4·6	4·6	...	11·	11·3	6·4	12·	12·	7·	...	...	9·5	24·	24·	10·1	23·1		9·9	26·2	26·2	12·5	172·4	172·4	172·4	12·1	12·1	11·	
3	Túmkúr ...	Wholesale.	7·5	7·5	8·5	6·5	6·5	6·2	10·5	10·3	6·5	11·2	11·5	7·	...	...	10·5	...	...	...	17·5		9·5	23·	22·	10·	140·	140·	140·	10·5	10·5	9·	
		Retail.	7·	7·	8·	6·	6·	6	10·	10·2	6·2	11·	11·	6·7	...	...	10·	...	...	...	16·7		9·	22·	21·	9·5	130·	130·	130·	10·	10·	8·5	
4	Mysore ...	Wholesale.	6·4	6·4	3·3	...	...	...	10·2	10·2	6·5	10·4	10·4	6·7	23·4	23·6	...	...	...	...	27·3	2	9·6	23·	23·	12·3	84·	84·	78·	8·2	8·1	8·1	
		Retail.	6·3	6·3	3·1	...	...	...	10·	10·	6·4	10·3	10·3	6·6	23·	23·4	...	...	...	...	27·	2	9·4	22·6	22·6	12·1	81·	81·	75·	8·	8·	7·7	
5	Hassan ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail.	7·	7·	6·5	8·7	8·7	6·5	11·2	12·2	6·	12·5	13·	6·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	22·		9·	18·	22·	10·	140·	140·	130·	7·	9·5	8·	
6	Shimoga ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail	4·2	5·2	4·7	5·2	6·2	5·7	9·7	8·5	5·2	12·5	13·7	7·7	21·	21·	13·7	...	...	...	31·5		13·7	16·7	15·7	12·5	480·	480·	480·	9·2	8·5	8·5	
7	Kadur ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail.	9·	10·	6·	...	...	...	13·	13·	6·5	15·	16·	7·	...	...	...	...	...	...	32·		9·	16·	14·	8·5	60·	60·	60·	9·	9·	9·	
8	Chitaldroog.	Wholesale.	6·5	5·5	7·	7·5	6·	7·	10·5	8·5	6·	12·5	12·	6·5	18·7	19·	12·	20·	20·	12·	31·5	1	13·	16·5	18·	12·	100·	100·	100·	10·	8·5	8·	
		Retail.	6·	5·	6·	7·	5·5	6·	10·	8·	5·5	12·	11·	6·	18·	18·	11·	20·	20·	11·	31·5		12·	16·	17·	11·	100·	100·	100·	10·	8·	8·	
	Average ...	Wholesale.	6·5	6·5	7·1	6·6	6·1	7·5	10·3	10·	6·4	11·3	11·3	6·9	19·7	20·2	10·5	22·1	22·1	11·2	24·5	7	10·8	21·9	22·	11·5	108·	108·	106·	10·4	10·1	9·4	
		Retail.	6·4	6·7	6·3	6·4	6·3	6·5	10·3	10·2	6·	11·9	12·1	6·8	19·5	20·	10·7	22·	22·	10·9	25·	6	10·4	19·7	19·8	10·8	155·9	155·9	153·9	9·5	9·5	8·9	
	Coorg ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail.	6·2	6·2	6·7	6·2	5·9	5·8	9·7	9·4	6·9	14·7	14·3	8·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	11·1	22·3	21·8	11·2	110·	110·	110·	9·9	8·7	8·5	

15th April 1879.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
BANGALORE, 28*th April* 1879.

By Order,
T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
For Offg. Secretary.

Mysore Government Press, Bang[illegible]—1879.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

No. 19 Published by Authority. 394 of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, MAY 10, 1879.

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Notifications by the Chief Commissioner of Mysore.

சீப் கமீஷனரால் கொடுக்கப்பட்ட இஸ்தியார்நாமா.

முனிசிபல்.

இஸ்தியார்நாமா.

1879 ௵ ஏப்ரல் ௴ 2 ௳.

நம். 3. இதனடியிற் தோன்றும் பரிஷ்காரம் செய்யப்பட்ட 39வது நம்பர் பைலா நிபந்தனையா
னது பெங்களூர்ஷாருக்கு ஜாரி செய்யப்பட்டு சகல ஜனங்களுக்கும் தெரியும்படியாக இதனு
ல் பிரசுரஞ் செய்யப்பட்டிருக்குரது.

சுவர்களுக்கு கோபிங்கட்டுத
ல் ரிபேர்செய்யல்.

தங்கள் வீடு முதலானவைகளுக்கு வர்ணம் பூசுவதற்காகிலும் விழுந்துப்போன சுவர்க
அல்லது கேட்டு கம்பங்களை ரிபெர்செய்வதற்காகிலும் அவர்களுடை
ய கம்பௌண்ட்களின் அல்லது வாசல்களின் சுவர்களுக்கு வர்ண
பூசுவதற்காகிலும் செங்கல்லினாலாவது வோட்டினாலாவது கோபிங்
ட்டுவதற்காகிலும் னோடிஸ் குடுத்தபிரகு உ[illegible]ட்சிக்கப்பட்ட வீட்
சொந்தக்காரர்கள் மாஜிஸ்ட்ரேட் முன் தப்புஸ்தாபிக்கப்பட்டு இருவது ரூபாயிக்கு மேற்பட
அபராதத்திற்குட்படுத்தப்படுவார்கள்.

اشتہارنامہ

ایپریل سنہ ۷۹ع نمبر ۳ اس اشتہار سے خاص عام کو یہ اطلاع دیجاتی ہے کہ بیلا نمبر ۳۹ بنگلور کنٹونمنٹ
ہین حسب منظوری جناب چیف کمشنر صاحب بہادر مرقومۃ الذیل اضافہ کیا گیا سو بیلا نمبر ۳۹ درست کیا ہوا
مہ بنگلور شہر کے واسطے جاری کر کر تمامی لوگونکو معلوم کراتے ہین دیوارنکے اوپر پر چہٹی اور داغ دوزی کرانا
ورنگ لگانیکے واسطے یا گر گئے سو دیواران اور کیٹ کے کہامان کے تئین درست کرنیکے واسطے بہی اوران ان کے
نگ لونکے دیوارونکو رنگ لگانیکے واسطے یا ایٹونسے یا کہپریلونسے بہی پر چہٹی بندنیکے واسطے بہی نوٹس
س حکم کو عدول کئے ہوئے گہرونکے مالکان اس بیلا کے مخالف کو مجسٹریٹ صاحب تقصیر مند تصور
ا جریما ڈالینگے جو بیس روپیونسے زیادہ نہو فقط

By Order,

T. R. A. THUMBOO CH[illegible]

For O[illegible]

284 395

SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

No. 20 Published by Authority. of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, MAY 17, 1879.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Abstract of Season or Intermediate Reports for the Week ending 10*th May* 1879.

Bangalore District.—Ninety cents of rain were gauged in the Cantonment. Rain also fell in other parts of the District. Injury to Vaisak paddy crops still continue to be committed by rats in the Dodballapur, Hoskote and Anekal Taluks. Prospects favorable. Fever and ague in some places, otherwise the health of the public is good. Prices stationary.

Kolar District.—Forty cents rain at head-quarters. Copious showers also fell in the District The Vaisak paddy crop in the Shrinivaspur Taluk has been injured by the fall of hail. Elsewhere fields are commenced to be ploughed for sowing. Fevers still prevail. The price of ragi has risen, that of rice is stationary.

Tumkur District.—Eighty-three and a half cents of rain fell at head-quarters. State of crops and prospects of season good. Public health improving.

Mysore District.—Twenty-six cents of rain at Mysore. Sugar-cane and cotton crops thriving. Prospects and public health good. Prices stationary.

Hassan District.—Rain-fall 2 inches and 1 cent at Hassan. The paddy crop is good, and is being reaped in some parts of the Hassan Taluk. Ploughing has commenced. Prospects favorable. Ague prevails in the Hassan, Arkalgúd, Attikuppa and Haranhalli Taluks. Price of ragi fell, while that of rice remained stationary.

Shimoga District.—Fifty-two cents of rain fell at head-quarters. The sugar-cane and Vaisak paddy crops are thriving. Prospects good. Fever prevalent. Cattle are in good condition. Prices stationary.

Kadur District.—One inch 39 cents rain fell at Chikmagalur. Gid-ragi has been sown to a small extent. Sugar-cane crops are thriving. Ryots are engaged in ploughing. Prospects favorable. Public health generally good. Prices stationary. Cattle are doing well.

Chitaldroog District.—Eighty-five cents of rain fell at Chitaldroog. Rain also fell in Davangere and Budihal. The paddy crops are healthy. Navane and javari crops were harvested in the Dodéri Taluk. Fever and ague prevail in many parts of the District. Prices risen.

Coorg.—Rain-fall 27 cents. Agricultural prospects good. Health improving.

By Order,

C. RANGACHARLU,
Revenue Secretary.

...es Current of Food Grains in the Provinces of Mysore and Coorg during the Fortnight ending 30th April 1879.

Fortnight ending 30th April 1879.	No.	Districts.	Shops.	Quantity per Rupee by the standard seers of 80 Tolas, vide Government of India No. 1—21, dated 10th February 1874.																									Remarks.
				Wheat.			Barley.			Rice, best sort.			Rice, common.			Great Millet, (Jola, Javar) *Holcus Sorghum.*			Bulrush Millet, (Kambu, Bajra) *Penicillaria Spicata.*			Lesser Millets, Ragi, &c., (Kavaru, Varagu, Save, China, Korali, Marwa, Nagli, &c.) *Panicum Miliaceum, Eleusine, Coracana, &c.*			Gram.			Firewood.			Salt.			
				Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	
	1	Bangalore.	Wholesale.	5·7	5·7	6·2	7·2	7·5	8·5	8·5	9·	6·5	10·5	10·2	7·5	...	17·	11·5	...	...	...	23·	27·2	11·7	20·2	20·5	11·7	...	...	...	11·5	11·	10·5	
			Retail.	5·5	5·5	6·	7·	7·2	8·5	8·2	8·7	6·2	9·2	9·7	7·2	...	16·2	11·	...	...	...	24·5	25·2	11·2	19·	20·	11·5	34·	34·	34·	11·	10·5	10·2	
	2	Kolar. ...	Wholesale.	...	...	8·4	6·2	4·9	...	11·3	11·3	7·2	13·3	12·6	7·8	...	...	10·8	26·1	24·3	11·3	23·4	23·1	10·5	26·6	26·6	12·8	...	...	...	12·4	12·4	11·3	
			Retail.	...	...	8·2	6·	4·6	...	11·	11·	7·	13·	12·	7·3	...	...	10·5	25·9	24·	11·1	23·1	23·1	10·3	26·2	26·2	12·5	172·4	172·4	172·4	12·1	12·1	11·	
	3	Tumkur ...	Wholesale.	7·	7·5	8·5	6·5	6·5	5·5	10·5	10·5	6·5	11·	11·2	7·	...	...	9·5	...	...	...	17·	17·5	9·7	23·	23·	10·5	140·	140·	140·	10·5	10·5	8·5	
			Retail.	6·5	7·	8·	6·	6·	5·	10·	10·	6·	10·5	11·	6·7	...	...	9·	...	...	...	16·	16·7	9·2	22·	22·	10·2	130·	130·	130·	10·	10·	8·	
	4	Mysore ...	Wholesale.	3·6	6·1	4·2	...	...	...	10·	10·2	6·3	11·5	10·4	6·6	28·6	23·4	...	...	...	...	27·2	27·2	9·5	24·	23·	11·5	84·6	84·	78·	8·2	8·2	7·5	
			Retail.	3·5	6·3	4·	...	...	...	9·6	10·	6·1	11·4	10·3	6·5	28·4	23·	...	...	...	...	27·	27·	9·4	23·6	22·6	11·3	81·6	81·	75·	8·	8·	7·3	
	5	Hassan ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Retail.	6·	7·	6·	6·5	8·7	6·2	10·	11·2	6·2	11·	12·5	5·5	...	...	8·	...	...	...	22·	22·	9·	20·	18·	9·	140·	140·	135·	8·	7·	7·	
	6	Shimoga ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Retail.	4·2	5·2	4·7	5·2	5·2	5·7	9·7	9·7	5·2	12·5	12·5	7·7	21·	21·	12·	...	...	...	31·2	31·5	14·2	16·7	16·7	12·5	480·	480·	430·	9·5	9·2	7·5	
	7	Kadur ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Retail.	8·	9·	9·	...	...	...	13·	12·	6·	13·	15·	7·	...	...	...	...	...	...	32·	32·	10·	16·	16·	9·	64·	64·	64·	9·	9·	9·	
	8	Chikkmagalur.	Wholesale.	6·5	6·5	6·	7·5	7·5	6·	9·5	10·5	5·5	11·5	12·5	6·5	19·	18·7	...	20·	20·	11·	21·	21·5	10·5	17·	16·5	11·	104·	104·	100·	10·	10·	8·	
			Retail.	6·	6·	5·	7·	7·	6·	9·2	10·	5·5	11·2	12·	6·	18·	18·	...	20·	20·	10·	20·	21·5	10·	16·	15·	10·	140·	140·	100·	10·	10·	8·	
		Average ...	Wholesale.	5·7	6·5	6·2	6·3	6·6	6·7	10·	10·3	6·4	11·6	11·	7·1	23·8	...	...	23·	22·1	11·	21·9	21·5	10·4	22·2	21·9	11·5	108·	108·	103·	10·5	10·4	9·2	
			Retail.	5·3	6·1	6·3	6·3	6·5	5·9	10·	10·3	6·	11·5	11·2	6·5	22·5	...	...	22·9	22·	10·3	25·3	25·7	10·4	19·9	19·7	10·7	156·	155·9	154·5	9·7	9·5	8·5	
		Coorg ...	Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Retail.	6·3	6·2	5·5	6·4	6·2	5·8	9·5	9·7	6·6	12·	14·7	6·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	25·9	25·6	11·1	23·4	22·3	10·9	110·	110·	110·	9·8	9·9	8·	

Mysore Chief Commissioner's Office,
Bangalore, 12th May 1879.

By Order,
C. Rangacharlu,
Revenue Secretary.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore—1879.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

No. 22 Published by Authority. of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, MAY 31, 1879.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Abstract of Season or Intermediate Reports for the Week ending 24th May 1879.

Bangalore District.—Rain fell throughout the District. Four inches and 30 cents were registered in the Cantonment. Crops in good condition. Lands are being ploughed for dry cultivation. Fever and ague prevalent in some places. Price of ragi has fallen.

Kolar District.—Four inches fifty-four cents of rain at head-quarters. Copious showers also fell throughout the District. Agricultural operations are actively progressing. The standing Vaisak paddy crop is still being injured by rats except in some places. Prospects encouraging. Prices have fallen.

Túmkúr District.—Four inches sixty-two cents of rain at Túmkúr. State of crops and public health good.

Mysore District.—Three inches forty-seven cents of rain fell at head-quarters. Sugar-cane and standing jola crops are thriving. Ragi, dál, &c., sown. Prospects of season and public health good. Prices stationary.

Hassan District.—Three inches ninety-three cents of rain fell at Hassan. The sowing of gid ragi has been continued in the Hassan, Arkalgúd and Belur Taluks, and paddy in the two last mentioned Taluks. The seedlings of both are doing well. The recent rains have benefited the paddy crop in the Arkalgúd Taluk reported to be withering. Fever, &c., prevalent in the Hassan, Haranhalli, Arkalgúd and Attikuppa Taluks; the public health elsewhere is good. The price of ragi has risen, but that of rice remains stationary.

Shimoga District.—Five inches seventy-seven cents rain fell at Shimogá. The Vaisak paddy crop is ripe for the sickle. The sugar-cane crop is thriving. Ryots are busily engaged in ploughing. Fever prevalent. Cattle are in good condition. Prices rising.

Kadur District.—Not received.

Chitaldroog District.—Seven inches and ten cents of rain fell at Chitaldroog. There was also rain in all the Taluks of the District. The heavy showers of the 20th and 21st appear to have been general throughout the District, causing the breaching of several tanks. The paddy and sugar-cane crops are thriving. Prospects good. Fever and ague prevalent in some parts, but on the whole the public health was good. Prices stationary.

Coorg.—Rain-fall 8 inches 39 cents. Agricultural prospects good. Fever and ague prevalent.

By Order,

C. RANGACHAR
Revenue

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore—1879.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

No. 23 Published by Authority. of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, JUNE 7, 1879.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Abstract of Season or Intermediate Reports for the Week ending 31st *May* 1879.

Bangalore District.—One inch thirty-eight cents rain at Bangalore. Vaisak paddy crops are being harvested in some places. Ploughing continues. Prospects favorable. Fever and ague prevalent. Prices slightly risen.

Kolar District.—Sixty cents of rain at head-quarters. Lands are being ploughed for dry cultivation. Prospects promising. Fever still prevalent. Prices stationary.

Tumkur District.—Twenty-four cents rain. Prospects of season and public health good.

Mysore District.—Sixty cents rain. The sugar-cane crops are thriving. Castor oil seed, jola, ragi, harka and tuvar have been sown. Prospects of season and public health good. Prices stationary.

Hassan District.—One inch seventy-one cents of rain at Hassan. Gid ragi and paddy are being sown. The seedlings of both are thriving. Fever, &c., prevalent in the Hassan, Arkalgúd, Attikuppa and Haranhalli Taluks, and dysentery in the last mentioned Taluk. The public health elsewhere is good. The only change in the market is a fall in the price of rice by ½ seer per rupee.

Shimoga District.—One inch nine cents of rain. The Vaisak paddy crop is being cut. The sugar-cane crop is thriving. Ploughing is continued. The monsoon set in rather early and heavy showers of rain have fallen. Tanks have received a good supply of water. Fever and bowel-complaints prevalent.

Kadur District.—One inch forty cents rain at Chikmagalur. There was plenty of rain throughout the District. Paddy is being sown in the Malnad Taluks, and fields are being ploughed in the Maidan Taluks. Gid ragi promises a good crop. Fever still prevails in some parts of the Lakvalli Taluk. ices stationary.

taldroog District.—Twenty-one and half cents of rain. Paddy, navane and javari were har- ghing operations have commenced in all parts of the District. Prospects of season er and ague prevail in many parts.

es two cents. Agricultural prospects good. Fever still prevalent.

By Order,

C. RANGACHARLU,
Revenue Secretary.

t Press, Bangalore—1879.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

No. 24 Pub'lished by Authority. of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, JUNE 14, 1879.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Abstract of Season or Intermediate Reports for the Week ending 7th June 1879.

Bangalore District.—Ninety-six cents of rain gauged at Bangalore. Ploughing in progress. Prospects favorable. Fever and ague still prevalent in some parts of the District. Vaisak paddy harvested in some places. Prices rising.

Kolar District.—Twelve cents of rain at head-quarters. Vaisak crops harvested. Prospects favorable. Public health generally good though fever still prevails. Prices slightly fallen.

Tumkúr District.—Fifty-seven cents of rain. Prospects of season and public health good.

Mysore District.—Thirty-seven and half cents of rain. Sugar-cane thriving. Jola, castor oil seed, tuvar and sessamum have germinated. Prospect of season and public health good. Prices slightly risen.

Hassan District.—Twenty-seven cents of rain at Hassan. The young crops, both wet and dry generally, are doing well, except in Hassan where they are not thriving owing to incessant rain. Sessamum, jola and oil seed were sown in Attikuppa and Narsipur. Prospects favorable. Ague prevails in the Hassan, Arkalgúd and Attikuppa Taluks. The public health in other parts of the District is good on the whole. Prices stationary.

Shimoga District.—Ninety-two cents of rain at Shimoga. Vaisak paddy has sustained damage from the heavy fall of rain. Ploughing continues. Prospects good. Tanks have had a two months' supply of water. Ryots stand in need of slight cessation of rain for sowing seed. Supari crop has benefited much from the late showers. Fever, bowel-complaints, guinea-worm and ulcers prevalent. Condition of cattle and pasturage abundant. Prices rising.

District.—Thirty-two cents of rain at Chikmagalur. Ragi, sugar-cane and paddy crops thriv- and Chikmagalur Taluks. Kodé paddy in the Múdgere Taluk is doing well. Elsewhere ploughed for sowing. Prospects of season cheering. Fever and dysentery prevail in the kere Taluks. The rest of the District is healthy. Prices stationary.

t.—Thirty-two cents of rain at Head-quarters. Paddy crop in good condition. igorously carried on in all parts of the District. Seeds were sown in some parts. Fever and ague prevalent. Prices slightly risen.

nts. May crop injured by heavy rain. Prospects of coming crop good.

By Order,

T. SRINIVASAIENGAR,
For Revenue Secretary.

s, Bangalore—1879.

Prices Current of Food Grains in the Provinces of Mysore and Coorg during the Fortnight ending 15th May 1879.

QUANTITY PER RUPEE BY THE STANDARD SEERS OF 80 TOLAS, *vide* GOVERNMENT OF INDIA NO. 1—21, DATED 10TH FEBRUARY 1874.

Fortnight ending— No.	Districts.	Shops.	Wheat.			Barley.			Rice, best sort.			Rice, common.			Great Millet, (Jola, Javar) *Holcus Sorghum.*			Bulrush Millet, (Kambu, Bajra) *Penicillaria Spicata.*			Lesser Millets, Ragi, &c., (Kavaru, Varagu, Save, China, Koralu, Marwa, Nagli, &c.) *Panicum Miliaceum, Eleusine, Coracana, &c.*			Gram.			Firewood.			Salt.			Remarks.
			Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	Present Fortnight.	Past Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight in 1878.	
1	Bangalore,	Wholesale.	6·	5·7	6·7	7·5	7·2	7·2	9·2	8·5	6·7	10·5	10·5	7·7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25·2	25·	11·2	20·2	20·2	11·2	...	...	...	11·5	11·5	10·7	
		Retail.	5·7	5·5	6·5	7·2	7·	7·	9·	8·2	6·5	10·	9·2	7·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24·7	24·5	11·	19·7	19·	11·	84·	84·	84·	11·	11·	10·5	
2	Kolar. ...	Wholesale.	...	...	8·4	6·6	6·2	...	11·5	11·3	8·	13·6	13·3	8·6	...	...	1·	30·5	26·1	15·	29·4	29·4	11·3	27·6	26·6	14·	...	...	...	12·4	12·4	11·6	
		Retail.	...	...	8·1	6·4	6·	...	11·2	11·	7·8	13·3	13·	8·4	....	...	0·8	29·6	25·9	14·8	23·1	29·1	11·	27·3	26·2	13·6	172·4	172·4	172·4	12·1	12·1	11·3	
3	Túmkúr ...	Wholesale.	6·5	7·	8·	6·5	6 5	6·	10·5	10·5	7·	12·	11·	7·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	16·7	17·	9·	23·	23·	10·5	140·	140·	140·	10·5	10·5	8·5	
		Retail.	6·	6·5	7·5	6·	6·	5·5	10·	10·	6·5	11·5	10 5	7·	...	...	5	...	...	...	16·	16·	8·5	22·	22·	10·	130·	130·	130·	10·	10·	8·	
4	My[illegible] ...	Wholesale.	3·6	3·6	3·2	...	...	...	11·	10·	6·3	12·	11·5	6·6	28·4	28·6	...	...	...	...	25·8	27·2	9 5	22·4	24·	11·2	84·6	84·6	78·	8·2	8·2	8·1	
		Retail.	3·5	3·5	3·1	...	...	...	10·4	9·6	6·1	11·4	11·4	6·5	23·	23·4	...	...	...	...	25·	27·	9·4	22·	23·6	11·	81·6	81·6	75·	8·	8·	7·7	
		Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Retail.	5·5	6·	5·7	6·	6·5	6·2	10·5	10·	6·	11·	11·	6·	...	...	...	...	...	...	25·5	22·	...	19·	20·	10·	132·	140·	132·	7·5	8·	6·	
		Wholesale.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		[illegible]ail.	4·2	4·2	4·2	5·2	5·2	5·2	9·5	9·7	6·2	12·5	12·5	7·7	21·	21·	12·5	...	...	...	29·7	32·2	14·2	14·7	16·7	11·5	480·	480·	480·	8·5	9·5	7·7	
		[illegible]le.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			9·	9·	6·	...	...	...	12·	12·	6·5	14·	13·	7·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	30·	32·	9·	15·	16·	8·5	60·	60·	60·	10·	9·	9·	
			5·5	6·5	6·	7·	7·5	6·	8·5	9·5	6·5	10·5	11·5	7·5	19·	19·	9·	23·	20·	10·	25·	21·	9·	18·5	17·	10·	100·	100·	100·	10·	10·	7·	
				6·	5·5	6·	7·	5·5	8·	9·2	6·2	10·	11·2	7·	18·	18·	9·	22·	20·	10·	24·	20·	9·	18·	16·	10·	100·	100·	100·	10·	10·	7·	
				6·7	6·5	6·9	6·8	6·4	10·1	10·	6·9	11·7	11·6	7·6	23·7	23·8	9·7	26·7	23·	12·5	24·4	23·9	10·	22·3	22·2	11·4	108·2	105·2	106·	10·5	10·5	9·2	
					5·3	6·1	6·3	5·9	10·1	10·	6·5	11·7	11·5	7·2	22·3	22·5	10·2	25 8	22·9	12·4	25·5	25·3	10·2	19·7	19·0	10·7	155·	156·	154·2	9·6	9·7	8·4	
						...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
						5·7	6·4	5·8	9·5	9·5	6·9	14·	14·2	7·9	...	...	...	...	...	...	25·7	25·9	10·8	20·7	20·4	10·7	110·	110·	110·	8·9	9·8	7·8	

FFICE,

By Order,

C. RANGACHARLU,
Revenue Secretary.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore—1879.

THE MYSORE GAZETTE.

PART I.

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SUPPLEMENT TO THE

MYSORE GAZETTE.

No. 26 Published by Authority. of 1879.

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, JUNE 28, 1879.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Abstract of Season or Intermediate Reports for the Week ending 21st June 1879.

Bangalore District.—Thirty-seven cents rain in the Cantonment. Slight showers in some of t Taluks. Crops in good condition. Fever and ague prevalent in some Taluks. Prices fluctuating.

Kolar District.—Fifty-four cents rain at head-quarters. Harvesting of Vaisak paddy continu Sajje and harka have been sown. Prospects encouraging. Public health good. Prices stationary.

Tumkúr District.—State of crops good. Prospects of season favorable. Public health good.

Mysore District.—Five and half cents rain at head-quarters. More wanted. Sugar-cane a dry crops are, however, thriving. Prospects of season as also public health good. Prices slightly rise

Hassan District.—Five cents rain at Hassan. The young paddy, ragi and jola crops are thrivi Gid ragi, castor oil seed and maize are being sown in the Haranhalli and Narsipur Taluks. Prospe encouraging. Ague still prevails in the Arkalgúd, Attikuppa and Háranhalli Taluks, and dysentery a in the last named Taluk. There was a slight rise in the price of rice, but that of ragi remai stationary.

Shimoga District.—One inch and one cent of rain at Shimoga. Sugar-cane and supari crops thriving. Ploughing and sowing are being carried on in all parts of the District, but the incessant ra of the Malnád have prevented sowing in these localities to a great extent. Tanks have had a gq supply of water. Prospects and public health generally good.

Kadur District.—Forty-two cents rain at Chikmagalur. The standing crops are in good condi Prospects of season very favorable. The public health is generally good, but fever still prevails in the Malnád Taluks. The condition of cattle has much improved. Prices stationary.

Chitaldroog District.—Twenty cents rain at head-quarters. Rain also fell in all parts of the District. The seeds sown during the previous week have germinated and are healthy. Ragi, javari, dál, &c., have been sown in some parts of the District. Prospects favorable. Fever prevalent. Prices stationary.

Coorg.—Rain-fall 4 inches 65 cents. Agricultural prospects good. Health improving.

By Order,

C. RANGACHARLU,
Revenue Secretary.

EMENT TO THE MYSO...

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No.	Districts.	Total Rain-fall in all the Taluks of the District. In March 1878. I.	C.	In March 1879. I.	C.	Particulars of supply of water by rain to tanks. No. of tanks supplied with water. In March 1878. No.	In March 1879. No.	No. of tanks not supplied with water. In March 1878. No.	In March 1879. No.	Kandayam of lands newly taken up for cultivation. In March 1878. Rs.	A.	P.	In March 1879. Rs.	A.	P.	Kandayam of lands for which Razinamas have been tendered. In March 1878. Rs.	A.	P.	In March 1879. Rs.	A.	P.	Seeds sown in March 1879.	State of Crops in March 1879.	Crops harvested in March 1879.
1	Bangalore...	1	84	2	45	...	205	1,750	1,545	214	11	10	3,082	5	1	2,389	3	8	[illegible]927	15	10	Sugar-cane.	Good.	Sugar-cane and potatoes.
2	Kolar ...	...	93	1	44	...	...	3,367	3,367	680	1	9	1,656	8	1	1,343	2	5	[illegible]155	9	1	Do	The Vaisak paddy is in good condition, except in places where sufficient water is not available or where damage was caused by rats.	Nil.
3	Túmkúr ..	...	97	...	47	..	1,113	1,340	226	1,020	11	11	896	5	4	1,439	8	10	4[illegible]117	11	6	Sugar-cane.	Flourishing.	Paddy, sugar-cane, javari and Bengal-gram.
4	Mysore ...	2	23	5	22	...	...	1,228	1,228	5	5	1	14	6	4	531	7	1	[illegible]165	9	10	Nil.	In Malvalli, sugar-cane is good.	Nil.
5	Hassan ...	2	64	1	86	2,944	2,931	1,528	1,541	252	12	0	18	12	8	2,690	2	1	6[illegible]45	15	3	Nil.	Kar-paddy in Hassan, paddy in Nagamangala, sugar-cane in Attikuppa and Narsipur, good.	Sugar-cane in Attikuppa.
6	Shimoga ...	...	61	...	66¼	...	...	4,868	4,868	540	9	0	124	8	0	[illegible]85	0	0	1,[illegible]7	15	4	Sugar-cane in Sorab.	Crops good in Sorab and Nagar.	Sugar-cane in Shimoga and Nagar. Bengal-gram and chillies in Sorab. Pepper in Nagar.
	Kadur ...	2	83½	...	90	...	...	3,080	3,080	6	4	7	93	12	0	260	15	4	3,[illegible]9	3	0	Sugar-cane in Chikmagalur.	Sugar-cane is in good condition.	Sugar-cane [illegible]lur and Bana[illegible]
	Chitaldroog.	1	20	...	20	...	...	998	999	413	8	0	0	0	0	87	0	0	1[illegible]41	0	0	Paddy in Budihal.	Paddy, sugar-cane, javari and cotton crops are generally good, but in some parts paddy has been damaged by rats.	Cotton in C[illegible]i, cotton [illegible]
	Total.....	13	25½	13	20¼	2,944	4,249	18,159	16,854	3,134	...	2	5,886	9	6	8,826	7	5	31[illegible]20	15	10			

By O[illegible]

C[illegible]

Dated 24th June 1879.